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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORTEC **FORM X-17A-5**

PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

	A. REGISTRANT IDEN	NTIFICATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	DZ Financial Markets LL	c	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	F BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. l	JESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	
609 Fifth Avenue			
OU) I HEH ZIVONUO	(No. and Street)		
New York	NY	10017	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
Gerhard Summerer INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA McGLADREY & PULLEN, LLP	B. ACCOUNTANT IDE	in this Report*	
	(Name - ij maiviaiai, saae aisi, j	usi, midale name)	
1185 Avenue of the Americas	New York	NY	10036
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: ⊠Certified Public Accountar	nt .		

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

^{*} Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

	en Agric		•

			Signature
			V Signature
			President
			Title
11.		REGINA CUMMINGS Notary Public, State of New York	
Whi	ug (Muni D	No. 01CU6132050	
Notary ubl	ic	Qualified in New York County	
•		Commission Expires August 22, 2013	
	e e		
This repo	ort** contains (check all applicable bo	oxes):	
	Facing page.		
	Statement of Financial Condition.		
` '	Statement of Operations.		
` '	Statement of Cash Flows.		
	Statement of Changes in Stockholder		
	Statement of Changes in Liabilities S	Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.	
	Computation of Net Capital.	eserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3	1. 3
		on or control Requirements Under Rule 15c	
		iate explanation, of the Computation of Net	
_ 0/		ne Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A	
□ (k)		d and unaudited Statements of Financial Co	
	consolidation.		
	An Oath or Affirmation.		
) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Re		
		dequacies found to exist or found to have ex	tisted since the date of the previous audit.
(o)	Independent Auditor's Report on Inte	ernal Control.	and the second of the second o

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DZ Financial Markets LLC

Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2011

ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,807,846
Interest receivable	64
Total assets	\$ 4,807,910
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	
Liabilities: Payable to Parent Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 351,108 656,809
Total liabilities	1,007,917
Commitments and Contingencies	
Member's Equity	3,799,993
Total liabilities and Member's equity	\$ 4,807,910

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 1. Nature of Business and Organization

DZ Financial Markets LLC (the "Company") is a wholly owned subsidiary of DZ BANK AG (the "Parent"). The Company is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company acts as a broker for U.S. Qualified Institutional Buyers ("QIBs") that engage in foreign and domestic securities trading and private placement activities. The Company also provides advisory services for underwriters and companies that intend to go public. All trades and placements are executed through affiliates on a delivery versus payment basis.

The Company operates under the provisions of Paragraph (k)(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC and, accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that rule. Essentially, the requirements of Paragraph (k)(2)(i) provide that a broker-dealer who carries no margin accounts, promptly transmits all customer funds and delivers all securities received in connection with its activities as a broker or dealer, does not otherwise hold funds or securities for or owe money or securities to customers, and effectuates all financial transactions between the broker or dealer and its customers through one or more bank accounts, each to be designated as a Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers of the Company, is exempted from the remaining provisions of Rule 15c3-3, including the requirement to make the reserve computations under Rule 15c3-3.

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies

<u>Use of Estimates</u>: The statement of financial condition is prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP"), which require management to make estimates and assumptions, including those regarding financial instrument valuations and certain accrued liabilities that affect the related amounts reported in the statement of financial condition and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u>: The Company defines cash and cash equivalents as highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase. From time to time, the Company's account balance held at financial institutions exceeds Federal Depository Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance coverage and, as a result, there is a concentration of credit risk related to the balance on deposit in excess of FDIC insurance coverage. The Company believes that the risk of loss is not significant. As of December 31, 2011, the Company had \$4,700,000 on deposit with a financial institution, an amount in excess of FDIC insurance coverage.

<u>Income Taxes</u>: The Company is a single-member limited liability company ("LLC") that has elected to be a disregarded entity for federal and state income tax purposes.

As an LLC, the Company's taxable income or loss is allocated to its Parent, the sole member of the Company. Therefore, no provision or liability for income taxes has been included in the statement of financial condition.

The Company follows Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") Topic 740, *Income Taxes*, which provides guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, disclosed and presented in the financial statements. This requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more likely than not" of being sustained "when challenged" or "when examined" by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold would be recorded as a tax expense and liability in the current year. Management evaluated the Company's tax positions and concluded that the Company had taken no uncertain tax positions that require adjustment to the financial statements in order to comply with the provisions of this guidance. With few exceptions, the Company is no longer subject to income tax examinations by U.S. federal, state or local tax authorities for years before 2008.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 2. Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Recent Accounting Pronouncement: In May 2011, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2011-04, Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs ("ASU 2011-04"). ASU 2011-04 amended ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, to converge the fair value measurement guidance in GAAP and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRSs"). Some of the amendments clarify the application of existing fair value measurement requirements, while other amendments change a particular principle in ASC 820. In addition, ASU 2011-04 requires additional fair value disclosures. The amendments are to be applied prospectively and are effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011. Management is currently evaluating the effect that the provisions of ASU 2011-04 will have on the Company's financial statements.

Note 3. Related Party Activities

The Company has service agreements with the Parent. The Company shares many of the same resources to benefit from infrastructural cost savings in the conduct of its business. The Parent provides office space and certain administrative services to the Company. The related payables in the amount of \$351,108 are recorded as payable to Parent on the statement of financial condition.

The Company participates in a health plan with the Parent.

Note 4. Fair Value Measurements

FASB ASC Topic 820 ("ASC 820"), Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, defines fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and provides for disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company utilizes valuation techniques to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value are categorized based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Inputs are broadly defined as assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

- <u>Level 1</u>: Unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the reporting entity has the ability to access at the measurement date. The types of financial instruments in Level 1 include listed equities and listed derivatives.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, and fair value that is determined through the use of models or other valuation methodologies. Financial instruments in this category generally include certificates of deposit, term deposits, corporate bonds and loans, less liquid and restricted equity securities, certain over-the-counter derivatives and redeemable investments in alternative investment funds. A significant adjustment to a Level 2 input could result in the Level 2 measurement becoming a Level 3 measurement.
- Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability and that include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability. The inputs into the determination of fair value are based upon the best information in the circumstances and may require significant management judgment or estimation. Financial instruments in this category generally include equity and debt positions in private companies, and nonredeemable investments in alternate investment funds.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 4. Fair Value Measurements (Continued)

In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, an investment's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. The Company's assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the investment. The following section describes the valuation techniques used by the Company to measure different financial instruments at fair value and includes the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the financial instrument is categorized.

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2011:

	December 31, 2011			
	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Certificate of deposit	\$ 4,700,000	\$ -	\$ 4,700,000	\$
Total	\$ 4,700,000	<u> </u>	\$ 4,700,000	\$ -

During 2011, there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2.

Note 5. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is subject to a class action arising out of the issuance of various securities by a counterparty to a securities underwriting ("counterparty") that is currently pending in the U.S. District Court for the Southern District of New York (the "Action"). The complaint in the Action alleges that the Company underwrote, along with others, two offerings of the counterparty notes in September 2007. In addition to the Company, several other purported underwriters are named as defendants in the Third Amended Complaint (the "Amended Complaint"). On June 4, 2010, the Company and the other defendants filed a motion to dismiss all claims in the Amended Complaint against the defendant underwriters. That motion was fully briefed as of July 13, 2010. In December 2011, the group defendants, including the Company, and the plaintiffs agreed on a settlement which is currently pending before the court and is expected to be finalized sometime in the second half of 2012. In 2011, the Company recorded a settlement expense of \$4,650,000, of which \$4,159,266 was paid by December 31, 2011. The balance of the settlement expense, \$490,734, is included in accounts payable and accrued expenses in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

The Company is also subject to two individual actions arising out of the issuance of the same securities by the aforementioned counterparty which are currently pending in the U.S. District Court for Northern California, where they had previously been dismissed for having been time bared (the "California Actions"). The plaintiffs have therefore addressed the District Court of Appeals, which will render its decision sometime in the second half of 2012. The California Actions assert claims under Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act against the Company and other underwriters based on the same September 2007 offering of counterparty notes that is at issue in the aforementioned Action. The California Actions also name several other purported underwriters as defendants. For these two plaintiffs to participate in the Action settlement described above, both California Actions would have to be withdrawn.

In accordance with FASB ASC 540, the Company's policy regarding legal and other contingencies is to accrue a liability when it is probable that a liability has been incurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. At December 31, 2011, management of the Company believes that no additional accruals are necessary.

DZ Financial Markets LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 6. Regulatory Requirements

The Company, as a registered broker-dealer and member of FINRA, is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital equal to \$100,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness (as defined), whichever is greater, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. The rule also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. As of December 31, 2011, the Company had net capital and excess net capital of \$3,799,993 and \$3,699,993, respectively. The ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .27 to 1.

Note 7. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and/or disclosure through the date the statement of financial condition was issued.

DZ Financial Markets LLC

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2011

Filed as PUBLIC information pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.