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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-1744
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER

8-51285

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/11	AND ENDING	12/31/11 MM/DD/YY	
A. REGISTRANT	IDENTIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM ID. NO.
LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC			
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do	not use P.O. Box No.)		
39 South LaSalle Street, Suite 716	·		
Chicago	Illinois	60603 (Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO James Buhler	(State) CONTACT IN REGAR		
		(Area Code - Tel	
B. ACCOUNTAN	I IDENTIFICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* Ryan & Juraska, Certified Public Accountants (Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)			
141 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 2250 (Address)	Chicago (City)	Illinois (State)	60604 (Zip Code)
CHECK ONE: [x] Certified Public Accountant [] Public Accountant [] Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.			
FOR OFFICIA	L USE ONLY		

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, <u>James Buhler</u>, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of <u>LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC</u> as of <u>December 31, 2011</u> are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

None	
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-	Bignature
	As many
	NVCS. Cel
	NIESICEX
	Title

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

23 day of Februar, 20

"OFFICIAL SEAL"
ALAN R. JURASKA
Notary Public, State of Illinois
My Commission Expires 08/20/12

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes)

Notary Public

- [x] (a) Facing Page.
- [x] (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- [x] (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- [x] (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- [x] (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- [] (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors.
- [x] (g) Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers pursuant to Rule 15c3-1.
- [x] (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- [x] (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Under Rule 15c3-3.
- [] (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- [] (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- [x] (I) An Oath or Affirmation.
- [x] (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- [] (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- [x] (o) Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control.
- [] (p) Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation Customers' Regulated Commodity Futures Accounts Pursuant to CFTC Rule 1.11(d)2(iv).

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see Section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES
PURSUANT TO SEC RULE 17a-5(d)

December 31, 2011



RYAN & JURASKA certified public accountants

LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES PURSUANT TO SEC RULE 17a-5(d)

December 31, 2011



RYAN & JURASKA

Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062 Fax: 312.922.0672

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2011, and the related statements of operations, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC as of December 31, 2011, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Chicago, Illinois February 21, 2012

Ryan & Juraska

Lake Forest Securities, LLC Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2011

Assets Cash Receivables from clearing organization Deposit with clearing organization Vehicle and equipment (net of accumulated	\$	63,682 80,106 59,029
depreciation of \$15,941)		8,607
	\$	211,424
Liabilities and Members' Equity Liabilities:		50.400
Commissions payable Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 	56,406 9,235
		65,641
Members' equity	 .	145,783
	\$	211,424

Lake Forest Securities, LLC

Statement of Operations

Year Ended December 31, 2011

Revenues Commissions and fees Interest	\$ 663,813 200_
	664,013
Expenses Commissions and clearing fees Employee compensation and benefits Communications and data processing Occupancy Depreciation Professional fees Other expenses	458,211 159,375 28,311 16,829 11,942 5,460 5,254
	685,382
Net loss	\$(21,369)

Lake Forest Securities, LLC Statement of Changes in Members' Equity

December	31.	20	11
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Balance at January 1, 2011	\$	208,607
Contributions		0
Withdrawals		(41,455)
Net loss		(21,369)
Balance at December 31, 2011	\$ _	145,783

Lake Forest Securities, LLC Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2011

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	\$	(21,369)
provided by operating activities: Depreciation		11,942
(Increase) decrease in operating assets: Receivable from clearing organization Deposit with clearing organization Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities:		12,243 (17)
Commissions payable		(2,507)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	_	1,935
Net cash provided by operating activities	_	2,227
Cash flows from financing activities Members' withdrawals	_	(41,455)
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(41,455)
Decrease in cash		(39,228)
Cash at beginning of the year	_	102,910
Cash at end of the year	\$_	63,682

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2011

1. Organization and Business

Lake Forest securities, LLC (the "Company"), was organized in the State of Illinois as a limited liability company on August 28, 1998. The Company is a registered securities broker-dealer with the Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"). The Company provides security execution services to retail customers primarily in the Chicago area. Customer transactions are cleared on a fully disclosed basis through another broker.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Hierarchy of GAAP

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") established the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") as the single source of authoritative accounting principles recognized by the FASB in the preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("GAAP"). The codification supersedes existing non-grandfathered, non-SEC accounting and reporting standards. The codification did not change GAAP but rather organized it into a hierarchy where all guidance within the codification carries an equal level of authority. The codification became effective for periods after July 1, 2009 and the Company adopted the ASC for the fiscal the year beginning January 1, 2010. The codification did not have a material effect on the Company's results of operations and financial condition.

Revenue Recognition and Securities Valuation

Securities transactions and related income and expenses are recorded on the trade date basis. Generally accepted accounting principles normally require an entity to record security transactions on a trade date basis, however, a majority of brokers and dealers record most securities transactions on the settlement date rather than the trade date.

Depreciation

Vehicle and equipment is being depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method. Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2011 totaled \$11,941.

Income Taxes

For income tax reporting purposes, the Company, with consent of its members, has elected under the Internal Revenue Code to be taxed as an S corporation. In lieu of corporation income taxes, the members are taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for federal income taxes has been included in the financial statements.

The Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") topic 740 during the period ended December 31, 2011, which clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in an enterprise's financial statements. FASB ASC 740 prescribes a recognition threshold and measurement attribute for the financial statement recognition and measurement of a tax position taken or expected to be taken in a tax return. FASB ASC 740 also provides guidance on de-recognition of tax benefits, classification on the balance sheet, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, continued

Income Taxes, continued

The Company continues to evaluate uncertain tax positions, if any, and income tax contingencies under FASB ASC topic 450 Accounting for Contingencies. FASB ASC 450 requires the Company to accrue for losses it believes are probable and can be reasonably estimated. Management believes the impact of FASB ASC 740 on its financial position and results of operations will have an immaterial effect on its financial statements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and the accompanying notes. Management determines that the estimates utilized in preparing financial statements are reasonable and prudent. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Fair Value Disclosure

ASC 820 requires enhanced disclosures about investments that are measured and reported at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 Inputs: Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Level 2 inputs: Other than quoted prices included with Level 1 that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 assets include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities that are not active, and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, such as models or other valuation methodologies.

Level 3 Inputs: Unobservable inputs for valuation of the asset of liability. Level 3 assets include investments for which there is little, if any, market activity. These inputs require significant management judgment or estimation.

At December 31, 2011, the Company had no assets or liabilities that were required to be disclosed in accordance with ASC 820.

4. Operating Lease Commitment

The Company leases office space under an operating lease expiring July 31, 2012. The lease requires the Company to pay its proportionate share of real estate taxes and all direct costs of operations, repair and maintenance and management of the building over a base amount. Rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$16,364.

The future minimum lease commitment required under this lease ending July 31, 2012 is \$9,219.

5. Credit Concentration

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the credit worthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty.

At December 31, 2011, the Company cleared all of its trades through a single clearing broker-dealer. The Company maintains a deposit with the clearing broker-dealer and occasionally maintains bank balances in excess of federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any such losses in these accounts. Management does not consider any credit risk associated with these assets to be significant.

6. Derivative Financial Instruments and Off-Balance Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business the Company enters into transactions in derivative financial instruments and other financial instruments with off-balance sheet risk, which include exchange-traded equity and index options and short stocks. All derivative instruments are held for trading purposes. All positions are reported in the accompanying statement of financial condition at market value and gains and losses from derivative financial instruments are included in net trading gain in the statement of operations.

Options grant the purchaser, for the payment of a premium, the right to either purchase from or sell to the writer a specified instrument under agreed terms. As a writer of options, the Company receives a premium in exchange for bearing the risk of unfavorable changes in the price of the securities or money market instruments underlying the options.

Securities sold, not yet purchased, represent obligations of the Company to deliver specified securities and thereby create a liability to repurchase the securities in the market at prevailing prices. These transactions may result in off-balance sheet risk as the Company's ultimate obligation to satisfy its obligation for securities sold, not yet purchased may exceed the amount recognized in the statement of financial condition.

LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued December 31, 2011

6. Derivative Financial Instruments and Off-Balance Sheet Risk, continued

Risk arises from the potential inability of counterparties or exchanges to perform under the terms of the contracts ("credit risk") and from changes in the values of securities, interest rates, currency exchange rates or equity index values ("market risk"). The Company is subject to credit risk to the extent any broker with which it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations on its behalf. The company attempts to minimize its exposure to credit risk by monitoring brokers with which it conducts investment activities. In management's opinion, market risk is substantially diminished when all financial instruments are aggregated.

7. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15(c)3-1). Under this rule, the Company is required to maintain "net capital" equal to the greater of \$100,000 or 6 and 2/3 % of "aggregate indebtedness", as defined.

At December 31, 2011, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of approximately \$135,995 and \$100,000, respectively.

8. Subsequent Events

The Company's management has evaluated events and transactions through February 21, 2012, the date the financial statements were issued, noting no material events requiring disclosure in the Company's financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

Lake Forest Securities, LLC

Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers pursuant to Rule 15c3-1

December 31, 2011

Computation of net capital				
Total members' equity			\$	145,783
Deduct members' equity of not allowable for Net Capital				0
Total members' equity qualified for net capital				145,783
Deductions and /or charges: Nonallowable assets: Vehicle and equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$15,941)	\$_	8,607		(8,607)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions				137,176
Haircuts on securities: Trading and investment securities: Other securities Undue concentration	\$	1,181 0		(1,181)
Net capital			\$_	135,995
Computation of basic capital requirement				
Minimum net capital required (greater of \$100,000 or 6 3/3% of aggregate indebtedness)			_	100,000
Net capital in excess of net capital requirement			\$_	35,995
Computation of aggregate indebtedness				
Aggregate indebtedness			\$_	0
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital			%_	0

There are no material differences between the above computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited Form FOCUS Part II filing as of December 31, 2011.

Lake Forest Securities, LLC Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 December 31, 2011

The Company did not handle any customer cash or securities during the year ended December 31, 2011 and does not have any customer accounts.

Lake Forest Securities, LLC

Computation for Determination of PAIB Reserve Requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2011

The Company did not handle any customer cash or securities during the year ended December 31, 2011 and does not have any customer accounts.

Lake Forest Securities, LLC
Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
December 31, 2011

The Company did not handle any customer cash or securities during the year ended December 31, 2011 and does not have any customer accounts.



RYAN & JURASKA

Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062 Fax: 312.922.0672

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Members of LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in the following:

- 1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e)
- 2. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- 4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charges with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2011 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, FINRA and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Chicago, Illinois

February 21, 2012

Kyan & Juraska



RYAN & JURASKA

Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062 Fax: 312.922.0672

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

To the Members of LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures listed below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments for the Assessment Reconciliation ("Form SIPC-7") to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended December 31, 2011, which were agreed to by LAKE FOREST SECURITIES, LLC (the "Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, SIPC, and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Form SIPC-7. The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries, noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the Total Revenue amounts of the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2011 reported on the FOCUS for the year ended December 31, 2011 as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2011, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and work papers supporting the adjustments, noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Chicago, Illinois February 21, 2012

Piyan & Juraska

Lake Forest Securities, LLC Schedule of Assessment and Payments Form SIPIC-7

Year Ended December 31, 2011

	<u>Amount</u>	Payment Date
SIPIC-7 annual genral assessment	\$1,660	
SIPIC-6 payment	735	7/31/2011
SIPIC-7 payment	925	2/21/2012
Total payments	\$1,660_	
Overpayments (Amount due)	\$	