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OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: April 30, 2013
Estimated average burden
hours per response.....12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 066312

NUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	, January 1, 2011	AND ENDING	December 31, 2011
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Globa	l Wine Partners (U.S.) L	LC	OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU 899 Adams Street	JSINESS: (Do not use P.O. B Suite F	ox No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
	(No. and Street)		1 1 2 ye 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
St. Helena	California		94574
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF Mike Fisher	PERSON TO CONTACT IN I	REGARD TO THIS R	(707)967.5314
Control of the second s		*	(Area Code – Telephone Number)
B. AC	COUNTANT IDENTIFI	CATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	whose opinion is contained in	n this Report*	
Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified	Public Accountants		
	(Name - if individual, state last, f	îrst, middle name)	
9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170	Northridge	California	91324
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			
☐ Accountant not resident in U	nited States or any of its posse	essions.	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY	
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SEC 1410 (06-02)

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

_{I,} Mike Fisher	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
ny knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statem Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC	ent and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of December 31 , 20	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal of	
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
	
tate of California	
ounty of Naga	Signature MEMBER Title
ubscribed and swom to (or affirmed) before me on is 15 ⁴⁴ day of Felocuat , 2012 by	Signature
nike Fisher proved to me on	
e basis of satisfactory evidences to be the person	MEMBER
no appeared before me.	Title
dal 4 Marca latona	
Hallyn k. Wanzen La Man	
Notary Public	JACLYN K. CLAUSEN CORCORAN
	Commission # 1897575 Notary Public - California
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	Napa County
(a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition.	My Comm. Expires Jul 30, 2014
	internal on Sala Decemintary Comital
	Claims of Creditors.
	nanta Diseasiant to Disla 15a2 2
	•
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requ	of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
	Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	Statements of rinancial Condition with respect to methods of
(i) An Oath of Affirmation. X (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
	o exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous and

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC
Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (d)
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011



Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2011, and the related statements of income, changes in members' equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC as of December 31, 2011, and the results of its income and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

County asses

Oakland, California February 15, 2012

Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2011

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Receivable from related party		·		\$ 311,154 26,950 100,262
Total assets				\$ 438,366
	Liabilities and	Members' Equit	ty	,
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued	expenses			\$ 10,705
Total liabilities				 10,705
Commitments and contingenci	es			
Members' equity				
Members' equity				 427,661
Total members' eq	uity			427,661
Total liabilities and	d members' equ	ity		\$ 438,366

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Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC **Statement of Income** For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Revenues

Management and investmen	t advisory income	\$	1,262,370
Total revenues			1,262,370
Expenses	en e		
Employee compensation and	d benefits		304,318
Communication			73,558
Professional fees			29,027
Occupancyand equipment re	ental		152,554
Other operating expenses			98,750
Total expenses			658,207
Net income (loss	s) before income tax provision		604,163
Income tax provision			6,800
Net income (loss	s)	<u>\$</u>	597,363

Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC Statement of Changes in Members' Equity For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

		Members' Equity		
Balance at December 31, 2010	\$	273,571		
Member's distributions		(443,273)		
Net income (loss)		597,363		
Balance at December 31, 2011	<u>\$</u>	427,661		

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Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to the Claims of General Creditors For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

		Amou	ınt
Balance at Dec	ember 31, 2010	\$	-
Increase:			_
Decrease:			
Balance at Dec	ember 31, 2011	\$	_

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Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)	\$	597,363
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net		
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Accounts receivable \$ 43,500		
Receivable from related party 9,247		
Prepaid expense 4,300		
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses (1,961)		
Total adjustments		55,086
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating activities		652,449
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing activities Cash flow from financing activities:		-
Capital distributions (443,273)		
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) financing activities		(443,273)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		209,176
		209,170
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		101,978
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	·
	\$	101,978
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	101,978
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	<u>\$</u>	101,978

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC (the "Company") was organized in the State of California in December 2003 as MKF Capital Advisors. On August 9, 2004, the Company changed its name to Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC. The Company is a Limited Liability Company operating as a registered broker-dealer in securities under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.

The Company is also an investment banking advisory boutique focused on providing advisory services to companies and financial buyers relating to mergers and acquisitions, corporate finance matters, as well as business valuation and litigation services. The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

Effective January 1, 2008 the Company reorganized its ownership configuration whereby the single member ownership structure has been replaced with multiple owners. The restructured organization has three members who also have ownership interests in related entities, GWP US Partners LLC ("Partners") and MKF Properties LLC ("MKFP").

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For purposes relating to the statement of cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months, that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Accounts receivable are stated at face amount with no allowance for doubtful accounts. An allowance for doubtful accounts is not considered necessary because probable uncollectible accounts are immaterial.

Financial advisory fees are recognized as earned according to the fee schedule stipulated in the client's engagement contracts. Success fees are recognized upon the execution of the transactions relating to those fees.

The Company, with the consent of its Members, has elected to be a California Limited Liability Company. For tax purposes the Company is treated like a partnership; therefore, in lieu of business income taxes, the Members are taxed on the Company's taxable income. Accordingly, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements.

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date for items requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements. The evaluation was performed through February 15, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this review, the Company has determined that there were no events which took place that would have a material impact on its financial statements.

Note 2: INCOME TAXES

The Company, with the consent of its Members, has elected to be a California Limited Liability Company. For tax purposes the Company is treated like a partnership, therefore in lieu of business income taxes, the Members are taxed on the Company's taxable income. Accordingly, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements.

The Company is subject to a limited liability company gross receipts tax, with a minimum franchise tax. As of December 31, 2011, the income tax provision consists of the following:

Franchise tax	\$	800
Gross receipts tax	· 	6,000
Total income tax provision	<u>\$</u>	6,800

Note 3: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Since 2005, the Company had advanced funds for various investments to Partners. At December 31, 2011, the amount receivable from Partners for such advances was \$100,262.

The Company has entered into an operating lease agreement with MKFP for an office space and various office equipment under a noncancellable lease which commenced on January 1, 2008 and expired on December 31, 2011. Total rent expense and equipment rental for the year ended December 31, 2011 was \$152,556.

It is possible that the terms of certain of the related party transactions are not the same as those that would result for transactions among wholly unrelated parties.

Note 4: PROFIT SHARING PLAN

On March 2, 2006 the Member adopted a 401(k) Profit Sharing Plan, effective January 1, 2006, for the exclusive benefit of all eligible employees and their beneficiaries. In order to be eligible for the annual contributions, employees must have attained age twenty one (21), and have completed six (6) months of service. The Plan allows eligible employees to defer part of their income on a tax-deferred basis into the Plan. There were no employer contributions made for the year ended December 31, 2011.

Note 5: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

Note 6: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Contingencies

The Company maintains several bank accounts at financial institutions. These accounts are insured either by the Federal Deposit Insurance Commission ("FDIC"), up to \$250,000, or the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), up to \$500,000. At times during the year ended December 31, 2011, cash balances held in financial institutions were in excess of the FDIC and SIPC's insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and management believes that it has placed its cash on deposit with financial institutions which are financially stable.

Note 7: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In June of 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the "FASB") implemented a major restructuring of U.S. accounting and reporting standards. This restructuring established the Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification" or "ASC") as the source of authoritative accounting principles ("GAAP") recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. New accounting pronouncements are incorporated into the ASC through the issuance of Accounting Standards Updates ("ASUs").

For the year ending December 31, 2011, various ASUs issued by the FASB were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following ASU releases to determine relevance to the Company's operations:

ASU No.	<u>Title</u>	Effective Date
2010-29	Business Combinations (Topic 805): Disclosure of Supplementary Pro Forma Information for Business Combinations (December 2010).	After December 15, 2010
2011-04	Fair Value Measurement (Topic 820): Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IRFSs (May 2011).	After December 15, 2011

Note 7: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (Continued)

2011-05	Comprehensive Income (Topic 220): Presentation of Comprehensive Income (June 2011).	After December 15, 201	
2011-08	Intangibles - Goodwill and Other (Topic 350): Testing Goodwill for Impairment (September 2011).	After December 15, 2011	

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the Company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

Note 8: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2011, the Company had net capital of \$300,425 which was \$295,425 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$10,705) to net capital was 0.04 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

Note 9: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is a difference of \$10,704 between the computation of net capital under net capital SEC Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited FOCUS part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule		\$ 311,129
Adjustments:		•
Members' equity	\$ (10,704)	
Total adjustments		 (10,704)
Net capital per audited statements		\$ 300,425

Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 As of December 31, 2011

Computation of net capital

* **			
Members' equity	\$ 427,661		
Total members' equity		\$	427,661
Less: Non-allowable assets Accounts receivable Receivable from related party	(26,950) (100,262)		
Total non-allowable assets			(127,212)
Net capital before haircuts			300,449
Less: Haircuts on securities Haircut on money markets Total haircuts on securities	(24)		(24)
Net Capital			300,425
Computation of net capital requirements Minimum net capital requirements 6 2/3 percent of net aggregate indebtedness	\$ 714		
Minimum dollar net capital required	\$ 5,000		
Net capital required (greater of above)			(5,000)
Excess net capital		\$	295,425
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.04:1		

There was a difference of \$10,704 between net capital computation shown here and the net capital computation shown on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2011 (See Note 9).

Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC Schedule II - Computation for Determining of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2011

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i).

Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 As of December 31, 2011

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(i).

Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC
Supplementary Accountant's Report
on Internal Accounting Control
Report Pursuant to 17a-5
For the Year Ended December 31, 2011



Board of Directors Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2011, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Oakland, California February 15, 2012 Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC

Report on the SIPC Annual Assessment

Pursuant to rule 17a-5 (e) 4

For the Year Ended December 31, 2011



Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (e) (4) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the following procedures with respect to the accompanying schedule (Form SIPC-7) of Securities Investor Protection Corporation assessments and payments of Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC ("the Company") for the year ended December 31, 2011. Our procedures were performed solely to assist the Company in complying with Rule 17a-5 (e) (4), and our report is not to be used for any other purpose. The procedures we performed are as follows:

- 1. Compared listed assessment payments with respective cash disbursements records entries;
- 2. Compared amounts reported on the unaudited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2011, with the amounts reported in General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7);
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations in the Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting adjustments; and
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was computed.

Because the above procedures do not constitute an examination made in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we do not express an opinion on the schedule referred to above.

In connection with the procedures referred to above, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the amounts shown on the Form SIPC-7 were not determined in accordance with applicable instructions and forms. This report relates only to schedules referred to above and does not extend to any financial statements of Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC taken as a whole.

A

Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Oakland, California February 15, 2012

Global Wine Partners (U.S.) LLC Schedule of Securities Investor Protection Corporation Assessments and Payments For the Year Ended December 31, 2011

	Ame	Amount	
Total assessment	\$	2,303	
SIPC-6 general assessment Payment made on October 19, 2011		(2,062)	
SIPC-7 general assessment Payment made on January 31, 2012		(241)	
Total assessment balance (overpaymment carried forward)	\$	<u> </u>	