

UNITED STATES S AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPROVAL

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNI	NG <u>04/1/11</u>	A	AND ENDING 03/31	/12		
	MM/I	DD/YY		MM/DD/	YY	
Α.	REGISTRANT II	DENTIFICAT	ION			
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: VCG S	ecurities, LLC			OFFICIA 14908	AL USE ON 3	LY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF	BUSINESS: (Do no	t use P.O. Box N	lo.)	FIR	M I.D. NO.	
407 SE 1 st Street						
	(No. ar	d Street)				
Delray Beach		FL	33	3483		
(City)		(State)	(Z	(ip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER (Ryan Sadorf	OF PERSON TO CON	TACT IN REGA		ORT 1-330-6699		
				(Area Code – To	elephone Numb	ег)
B. A	ACCOUNTANT I	DENTIFICAT	ΓΙΟΝ	٠		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTA Sherb & Co., LLP	NT whose opinion is	contained in this	s Report*			
	(Name – if individi	al, state last, first, i	middle name)			
7900 Glades Road, Suite 540	Boca Raton		FL	33434		
(Address)	(City)		(State)		(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:						
Certified Public Accounta	ınt					
Public Accountant						
Accountant not resident in	United States or any	of its possession	18.			
	FOR OFFICIA	AL USE ONLY	7]

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Donale	d Uderitz	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knov	wledge and belief the accompanying financial state	ement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
VCG See	curities, LLC	, as
of Marc	h 31	, 2012, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
	the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal d solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
NI THE PARTY OF TH	OTARY PUBLIC-STATE OF FLORIDA Sarah Adams Campbell Commission # DD881187 Expires: APR. 16, 2013 DNDED THRU ATLANTIC BONDING CO., INC.	Signature CEO Title
	Notary Public	Titte
(a) (b) (c) (d) (e) (f) (g) (h) (i) (j)	Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirement	ements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3. Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3. n of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the juirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
 (l) (m)	consolidation. An Oath or Affirmation. A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	ed Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.



^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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Offices in New York and Florida

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Member VCG Securities, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of VCG Securities, LLC as of March 31, 2012, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the fiscal year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of VCG Securities, LLC as of March 31, 2012, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the fiscal year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Boca Raton, Florida May 20, 2012 Certified Public Accountants

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 191,887
Receivable from clearing firm	20,330
Receivable from other broker dealers	131,239
Receivable from related party	49,931
Prepaid expenses	17,533
Marketable securities, at market value	1,325
Clearing deposit and other deposits	329,072
Furniture and equipment, net	27,124
Total assets	\$ 768,441

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 10,471
Due to clearing organization	7,311
Commissions payable	459
Accrued expenses	 39,681
Total liabilities	57,922
	·
Member's equity	710,519
Total liabilities and member's equity	\$ 768,441

VCG SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

Revenues:	
Commissions	\$ 3,505,574
Referral revenue	36,290
Unrealized gain(loss) on investments	(9,800)
Interest	142
Total revenues	3,532,206
Expenses:	
Compensation and benefits	3,208,880
Clearing costs	135,693
Regulatory fees	51,650
Data and trading systems	368,447
Leases and rentals	68,542
Communication costs	74,238
Travel expenses	47,492
Professional fees	48,848
Depreciation expense	4,830
Other expenses	55,295
Total expenses	4,063,915
Net loss	\$ (531,709)

VCG SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

Balance, April 1, 2011	\$ 1,242,228
Net loss	(531,709)
Balance, March 31, 2012	\$ 710.519

VCG SECURITIES, LLC STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$	(531,709)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash		
provided by (used in) operating activities:		4 000
Depreciation expense		4,830
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in:		
Receivable from related party		(49,931)
Receivable from clearing firm		36,265
Receivable from other broker dealers		(131,239)
Clearing deposit and other assets		941
Prepaid expenses		(16,567)
Marketable securities		9,800
Increase (decrease) in:		
Accounts payable		(3,614)
Commissions payable		(70,520)
Accrued expenses		(29,402)
Net cash used in operating activities		(781,146)
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Cash received for note receivable		100,000
Net cash provided by investing activities		100,000
That addit provided by invocating delivided		
Net cash provided by financing activities		-
Net decrease in cash		(681,146)
Cash, beginning of year		873,033
Cash, end of year	\$	191,887
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	_	
Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	_
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$	-

NOTE ONE - ORGANIZATION AND OWNERSHIP

VCG Securities LLC (the "Company") is a Florida limited liability company that was formed on March 11, 2008 and from inception until March 31, 2009 was 100% owned by one individual, the Company's' chairman of the board of directors. On March 31, 2010, he sold 100% of his membership interests in the Company to VCG Securities Holdings, Inc. ("Holdings"), a Delaware S corporation in exchange for a promissory note from Holdings to him for the entire purchase price. The purchase price of \$1,100,000 was based on an independent appraisal of the Company. Holdings is wholly-owned by The VCG Securities Holdings Inc. Employee Stock Ownership Plan (the "ESOP"), and the participants in the ESOP are the employees of the Company. As of March 31, 2012, the ESOP remained the sole owner of Holdings, and Holdings remained the sole owner of the Company.

NOTE TWO - DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company is primarily engaged in riskless principal trading of a variety of fixed income securities to institutional customers and other broker dealers. The Company is headquartered in Delray Beach, Florida and has a branch office in New York, NY.

All customer accounts are cleared though Penson Financial Services Inc. ("Penson").

NOTE THREE - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Cash at times may exceed FDIC insurable limits.

Furniture and equipment

Furniture and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the related assets, which range from three to eight years. When assets are retired or otherwise disposed of, the costs and related accumulated depreciation or amortization are removed from the accounts and any gain or loss on disposal is recognized.

Revenue Recognition

Proprietary securities transactions are recorded on the trade date, as if they had settled. Profit and loss arising from all securities transactions entered into for the account and risk of the Company are recorded on a trade date basis.

The Company generates mark-up income, considered gross commission income for net capital reporting, from sales and purchases of bonds between customers and other broker dealers on a riskless principal basis. Mark-ups and commissions are recorded on a trade date basis.

VCG SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

NOTE THREE - (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities held at year-end consist of trading securities, which are reported at fair value with unrealized gains or losses included in earnings.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a qualified subchapter S subsidiary for federal and state income tax purposes. No federal or state income taxes are due for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012.

Payments to the ESOP

The Company makes payments to the ESOP pursuant to SOP 93-6. Allocations made to the ESOP are recorded as Compensation Expense by the Company. The Company has no obligation to make allocations to the ESOP.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

We adopted the fair value guidelines issued by the FASB on July 1, 2007. The guidelines defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value under generally accepted accounting principles, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. This statement applies under other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements, the FASB having previously concluded in those accounting pronouncements that fair value is a relevant measurement attribute.

Valuation techniques for fair value are based upon observable and unobservable inputs. Observable inputs reflect market data obtained from independent sources, while unobservable inputs reflect our best estimate, considering all relevant information. These valuation techniques involve some level of management estimation and judgment. The calculation process to determine fair value also includes making appropriate adjustments to the valuation model outputs to consider risk factors.

The fair value hierarchy or our inputs used in the determination of fair value for assets and liabilities during the current period consists of three levels. Level 1 inputs are comprised of unadjusted, quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the measurement date. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability; and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means. Level 3 inputs incorporate our own best estimate of what market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date where consideration is given to the risk inherent in the valuation technique and the risk inherent in the inputs to the model. If inputs used to measure an asset or liability fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the asset or liability. Our assessment of the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, and considers factors specific to the asset or liability.

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VCG SECURITIES, LLC
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

NOTE THREE - (CONTINUED)

March 31, 2011

Description	Total Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for identical Assets (Level 1)	
Marketable securities, at market value	\$ 1,325	\$ 1,325	

NOTE FOUR - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Vantage Capital Group LLC ("Vantage") is a related party due to common control by the Sole Director of the Company. Vantage and the Company are not under common ownership. On February 12, 2010 the Company entered into a 5 year operating lease for office space at 24 W 40th Street, 17th Floor, New York, NY, 10018. The Company furnished the office and paid all monthly utilities and telecommunications costs. On September 26, 2010, the Company entered into a sublease agreement with Vantage in which Vantage reimbursed the Company for \$15,869 of its office lease expense associated with the 24 W 40th Street office. In September 2011, the monthly lease reimbursements increased to \$16,308 in accordance with the graduated lease payments in the Company lease. Office lease reimbursements made by Vantage to the Company from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012 totaled \$191,556.

On April 1, 2010 the Company began leasing employees from Paychex Business Solutions ("Paychex"), a non-related service provider, to take advantage of enhanced benefits at a lower cost. The Company pays Paychex a bi-monthly leased employee fee, and Paychex subsequently pays all salaries, bonuses, commissions, payroll taxes, healthcare costs, workers' comp, and unemployment insurance costs. Vantage reimburses the Company for leased employee expenses of shared support personnel pursuant to an expense sharing agreement. Leased employee reimbursements made by Vantage to the Company from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012 totaled \$642,721.

On October 1, 2010 the Company entered into a 5 year operating lease with black2advisors, LLC, a related party under common control, for the use of 407 SE 1st Street, Delray Beach, FL 33483. black2advisors and the Company are not under common ownership. The monthly rent payment associated with this lease is \$4,667. Office lease payments made by the Company to black2advisors, LLC from April 1, 2011 to March 31, 2012 totaled \$56,000.

Fiscal Year Ending March 31,	Operating Leases	
2013	\$	254,799
2014		263,955
2015		272,309
2016		147,146
Total Minimum Lease Obligations	\$	938,209

NOTE FIVE - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1, except for the first 12 months of operations when it shall not exceed 8 to 1 (and the rule of the "applicable" exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At March 31, 2012, the Company had net capital of \$404,295, which was \$304,295 in excess of its required net capital of \$100,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1 was .14 to 1.

NOTE SIX - RECEIVABLE FROM AND PAYABLE TO CLEARING ORGANIZATIONS

The Company clears all of its proprietary and customer securities transactions through Penson on a fully disclosed basis. At no time is the Company in possession of customer funds or securities.

The Company had a \$20,330 receivable from Penson in its Riskless Principal Trading Accounts at March 31, 2012. The Riskless Principal Trading Accounts accumulate the Company's trading profits and markups from customer trades. The Riskless Principal Trading Accounts are considered clearance accounts receivable from the clearing firm.

The Company had accrued \$7,311 in clearing and execution fees payable to Penson as of March 31, 2012.

The Company had a \$250,000 cash deposit in its Penson Clearing Deposit Account at March 31, 2012 as collateral required by the clearing agreement between the Company and Penson. Pursuant to the terms of the clearing agreement, the Company will receive its deposit within 30 days of cancellation the deposit does not represent an ownership interest in Penson. Based on these criteria, the Penson Clearing Deposit Account is a fully allowable receivable from the clearing firm under Rule 15c3-1.

The Company also had \$124,162 cash and \$1,325 in marketable securities in a Penson Principal Trading Account at March 31, 2012.

NOTE SEVEN - FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

Furniture and equipment as of March 31, 2012 consist of the following:

Furniture and equipment, net	\$ 27,124
Less accumulated depreciation	 (6,603)
Trading Desks	\$ 33,727

Depreciation for the year ended March 31, 2012 was \$4,830.

VCG SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

NOTE EIGHT - RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of the following at March 31, 2012:

Nature of Receivable Amount

Receivable from other broker dealers \$ 131,239 Receivable from related party \$ 49,931

On March 31, 2012, the Company was owed \$ 131,239 by Viewpoint Securities related to adjusted interest on a Mortgage Backed Securities trade.

On March 31, 2012, the Company was owed \$ 49,931 by Vantage for shared leased employees and New York office rent reimbursements (see Note 4) in connection with the month of March 2012. The Company received full payment for this receivable in April 2012. Vantage is a related party due to common control by the Sole Director of the Company. Vantage and the Company are not under common ownership.

NOTE NINE - CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counterparties primarily include broker-dealers, investment advisors, and other financial institutions. In the event counterparties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counterparty or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counterparty. In addition, when considered appropriate, the Company will request that Penson issue a "principal guarantee letter". Assuming the conditions imposed by Penson are complied with, such a principal guarantee letter operates to make Penson the principal in the trade and as such it assumes the risks of the trade.

The Company maintains its cash in bank accounts at high credit quality financial institutions. The balances at times may exceed federally insured limits.

NOTE TEN - CARRYING VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The carrying amounts reported in the balance sheet for cash, receivables, prepaid expenses, deposits, accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other assets approximate fair value based on the maturity and other relevant considerations.

NOTE ELEVEN - QUALIFIED RETIREMENT PLAN

The Company maintains a qualified retirement plan in the form of an Employee Stock Ownership Plan covering substantially all employees of the Company. All Company employees as of April 1, 2010 became members of the plan; those who became employees after such date will become members as of April 1, 2011. The plan is subject to the provisions of the Employment Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA). The plan has adopted a vesting schedule of zero for the first three years an employee is a member and 100% vesting when the required three year period of continuous employment has been met. As of March 31, 2012, no employee had a vested balance in his/her account. Allocations made by the Company to the ESOP from April 1, 2010 to March 31, 2012 totaled \$878,000, and were booked as compensation expenses pursuant to SOP 93-6. Allocations made in fiscal year 2012 we \$635,000. The

VCG SECURITIES, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

NOTE ELEVEN - (CONTINUED)

ESOP uses any and all contributions to complete its purchase of all stock in Holdings for the benefit of all Company employees.

NOTE TWELVE - ACCRUED EXPENSES

Accrued expenses consist of the following:

As of March 31, 2012:

Accrued communications and data system fees	24,847
Accrued professional fees	10,000
Accrued regulatory fees	 4,834
Total Accrued Expenses	\$ 39,681

NOTE THIRTEEN – INCOME TAXES

The Company paid all federal tax obligations to the US Treasury on or before March 31, 2010, when it converted from a C corporation to a qualified subchapter S subsidiary for federal income tax purposes. As of March 31, 2012, no federal income tax payments are due.

NOTE FOURTEEN - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

We have evaluated subsequent events through May 26, 2012, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. There are no significant subsequent events as of that date.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

VCG SECURITIES, LLC COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

Total member's equity	\$ 710,519
Deductions and/or charges:	
Non-allowable assets:	
Deposits	79,072
Prepaid expenses	17,533
Receivable from other broker dealers	131,239
Receivable from related party	49,931
Marketable securities	1,325
Furniture and equipment	 27,124
Total non-allowable assets	 306,224
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	 404,295
Haircuts on securities:	-
Net capital	404,295
Required minimum capital	100,000
Excess net capital	\$ 304,295
Aggregate indebtedness:	
Aggregate indebtedness as included in the	
Statement of Financial Condition	\$ <u>57,922</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	.14 to 1
Reconciliation:	
Net capital, per unaudited March 31, 2012 FOCUS report, as	\$ 404,295
filed	(
Net audit adjustments	
Net capital, per March 31, 2012 audited report, as filed	\$ 404,295

VCG SECURITIES, LLC SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PURSUANT TO RULE 17A-5 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 MARCH 31, 2012

VCG Securities, LLC is claiming exemption under the provisions of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) as all customer transactions are cleared through Penson on a fully disclosed basis.

Therefore, the following reports are not presented:

- A) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirement under Rule 15c3-3.
- B) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3.

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Offices in New York and Florida

Certified Public Accountants

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To The Member VCG Securities, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of VCG Securities, LLC for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the <u>Securities Exchange Act of 1934</u> and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at March 31, 2012, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the <u>Securities Exchange Act of 1934</u> in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boca Raton, Florida May 20, 2012 Cortified Public Accountants



Certified Public Accountants

Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures Related to an Entity's SIPC Assessment Reconciliation

To the Member VCG Securities, LLC

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments (General Assessment Reconciliation Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012, which were agreed to by VCG Securities, LLC. ("VCG") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating VCG's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC 7). VCG's management is responsible for compliance with those requirements. This agreed—upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2012 noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
- 4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boca Raton, Florida May 20, 2012 Certified Public Accountants