

12060116

SEC Mail Processing Section

MAY 2.3 2012

Washington, DC 121

UNITEDSTATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

OMB APPROVAL

OMB Number: 3235-0123 Expires: April 30, 2013

Expires: April 30, 2013 Estimated average burden hours per response..... 12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 5035830C

FACING PAGE	of the
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17	Of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder	

	64/41/11	AND ENDING	03 21 12
REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REG	ISTRANT IDENTIFICA	ATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: WALL STREET	T FINANCIAL GRAP, INC	•	OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM I.D. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSI	NESS: (Do not use P.O. Box	(No.)	
255 WOODSLIPP DRIVE	2) (0)		
	(No. and Street)		14420
FAIRPORT	NY (State)	(2	Zip Code)
(City)	•	CARD TO THIS REP	PORT
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	RSON TO CONTACT IN RI	SS CARD TO THIS KE	5 - 267 - 8000
VICTORIA BACH-FINK			(Area Code - Telephone Number
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT W			
	(Name – tj individual, state tust, ji		IYSZY
69 B MONROE AVENUE	PITTSFORD	(State)	(Zip Code)
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(2,7
CHECK ONE:			
CHECK OTTE			
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Certified Public Accountant☐ Public Accountant			
Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Certified Public Accountant ☐ Public Accountant	ted States or any of its posse		
☐ Certified Public Accountant ☐ Public Accountant			

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

VICTORIA BACH - FINGE	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement	ent and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
wall street findulial brauf, Tol.	1 6 when owear (or affirm) that
	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
of	ficer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
Hool	E
	1/1/1
Swan to me on May 31, 2013. nancy Karg	Signature
Swan to me on May 31, 200.	11.
man , c.	
,	Title
James Kall	
rung 12	NANCY & KAY
Notary Public	Notary Public - State of New York
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	Qualified in Monroe County - T
(a) Facing Page.	My Commission Expires (6)11113
(h) Statement of Financial Condition.	
 ✓ (c) Statement of Income (Loss). ✓ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. 	
	artners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to	Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	ements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
 (g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Require (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control II 	Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession of Control	n of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirement of the Reserve R	juirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudite	ad Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous at
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found	
	$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}$

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FINANCIAL REPORTS AT MARCH 31, 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Wall Street Financial Group, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Wall Street Financial Group, Inc. as of March 31, 2012 and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, cash flows and changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wall Street Financial Group, Inc. as of March 31, 2012 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The accompanying exhibits are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Right Dibiner : Hen COA"

Pittsford, New York May 15, 2012

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION	
March 31,	2012
ASSETS	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 473,666
Commission Accounts	383,140
Commissions Receivable	480,309
Total Current Assets	1,337,115
Property and Equipment - Net of Accumulated Depreciation	31,728
Total Assets	\$ 1,368,843
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Current Liabilities Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 800,562
Accounts Payable and Accided Expenses	Ψ 000,302
Stockholder's Equity	
Common Stock - No Par; 200 Shares Authorized,	
110 Shares Issued and Outstanding	16,000
Capital in Excess of Par	193,692
Retained Earnings	358,589
Total Stockholder's Equity	568,281
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	\$ 1,368,843

STATEMENT OF INCOME

Year Ended March 31,	2012
Revenues	
Commissions	\$ 16,963,759
Licensing Fees	209,866
Interest Income and Other Revenue	978,396
Total Revenues	18,152,021
Expenses	
Commission Expense	15,257,627
Employee Compensation and Benefits	1,544,956
Regulatory Fees, Legal and Accounting, and Other Related Expenses	764,755
Other Expenses	628,439
Total Expenses	18,195,777
Loss Before Provision for Taxes	(43,756)
Provision for Income Taxes	9,070
Net Loss	\$ (52,826)
Net Loss Per Share (Based Upon 110 Common Shares Outstanding)	(480.24)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

	Number of Shares	Common Stock	Capital Excess of Par	Retained Earnings	Sto	Total ockholder's Equity
Balance - April 1, 2011	110	\$ 16,000	\$ 193,692	\$ 507,415	\$	717,107
Stockholder Distributions	_	_	—	(96,000)		(96,000)
Net Loss				 (52,826)		(52,826)
Balance - March 31, 2012	110	\$ 16,000	\$ 193,692	\$ 358,589	\$	568,281

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended March 31,	2012
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Net Loss	\$ (52,826)
Adjustments:	
Bad Debts	2,118
Depreciation	9,132
Changes:	
Commissions Receivable	(91,997)
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	186,514
Net Cash Flows from Operating Activities	52,941
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Capital Expenditures on Fixed Assets	(8,055)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	
Stockholder Distributions	(96,000)
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(51,114)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year	907,920
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$ 856,806
Cash Paid During the Year for:	
Income Taxes	\$ 9,070

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF GENERAL CREDITORS

Year Ended March 31,	20	012
Balance - Beginning of Year	\$	_
Increases		_
Decreases		
Balance - End of Year	\$	_

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Nature of Business

Wall Street Financial Group, Inc. was incorporated in the State of New York on April 8, 1992. On April 1, 2007 the Company elected to become an S Corporation. The Company is a broker/dealer registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) and specializes in financial planning. The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) and is registered to solicit business in all states. The Company is an "introducing broker" and earns commissions on the buying and selling of financial instruments. The Company's customers are located throughout the United States.

Basis of Accounting

The Company reports on the accrual basis of accounting which recognizes income when earned and expenses when incurred. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and the AICPA Industry Audit and Accounting Guide, *Brokers and Dealers in Securities*.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include time deposits, certificates of deposit, and all highly liquid debt instruments with original maturities of three months or less. The Company maintains cash and cash equivalents at financial institutions which periodically may exceed federally insured amounts. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk with respect to cash and cash equivalents.

Commission Accounts

Commission accounts represent cash and cash equivalents segregated in various brokerage accounts.

The Company has cash accounts with two security firms which include required reserve accounts totaling \$125,000.

Commissions Receivable

The Company has not recorded an allowance for commissions receivable since, in the opinion of management, such amounts are fully collectible. Losses from uncollectible commissions receivable are recorded when management deems they are uncollectible, greater than 30 days outstanding.

Property, Equipment, and Depreciation

Property and equipment are stated at cost. When retired or otherwise disposed of, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are cleared from the respective accounts and the net difference, less any amount realized from the disposition, is reflected in income.

Depreciation is provided for using straight-line and declining balance methods over the following estimated useful lives:

Furniture and Fixtures Office Equipment

5 - 10 Years 5 - 7 Years

Commission Revenue and Expenses

The Company's fee for executing a trade is reported as commission revenue on a trade date basis. Commissions earned but not received are accrued on the trade date. Commission expense represents the portion of the trade paid to the registered representative and is accrued on the trade date.

- continued -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note A - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies - continued Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as an "S" corporation for both Federal and New York State income tax reporting purposes. As a result of this election, the profit and loss of the Company is reported on the stockholder's individual income tax return.

The Company follows the provisions of ACS Topic 740, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes.* As of March 31, 2012, the Company has not recorded any provisions for accrued tax positions. By statute, tax years 2009-2011 remains open to examinations by the major taxing jurisdictions to which the Company is subject.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results can differ from those estimates.

Fair Value Measurement

The Organization follows the provisions of ASC Topic 820-10 (formerly SFAS No. 157), Fair Value Measurements. ASC Topic 820-10 establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under ASC Topic 820-10 are described below:

 Level 1 – Valuations based on quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Organization has the ability to access.

All of the Company's commission accounts are valued utilizing level 1 inputs.

 Level 2 – Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, directly or indirectly.

The Company has no assets or liabilities that are valued utilizing level 2 inputs.

 Level 3 – Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The Company has no assets or liabilities that are valued utilizing level 3 inputs.

Note B - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consisted of the following:

March 31,	2012
Furniture and Fixtures	\$ 38,944
Office Equipment	131,465
	\$ 170,409
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	138,681
Net Property and Equipment	\$ 31,728

Depreciation expense for the year ended March 31, 2012 was \$9,132.

Note C - Operating Leases

The Company leases office space at 255 Woodcliff Drive in Fairport, New York. The lease requires monthly payments of \$7,720 plus taxes for a term of 72 months, expiring in November, 2014.

The future minimum lease payments for the years succeeding March 31, 2012 are as follows:

2013	2014	2015	Total
\$92,640	\$92,640	\$61,760	\$247,040

Rental expense for the year ended March 31, 2012 was \$103,247.

Note D - Net Capital

The Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital balance of \$100,000 in accordance with the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. At March 31, 2012, the Company's excess net capital, computed in accordance with the rules, amounted to \$415,064.

Note E - Retained Earnings

On April 1, 2007 the Company elected to become an S Corporation. At March 31, 2012, retained earnings related to the C Corporation and S Corporation are \$225,311 and \$133,278, respectively.

Note F – Related Party Transactions

The Company engages in broker/dealer transactions with an entity related by common ownership. Total revenues related to these transactions amounted to \$10,460 for the year ended March 31, 2012. Total expenses related to these transactions amounted to \$9,414 for the year ended March 31, 2012. There were no amounts owed to or from the related entity at March 31, 2012.

Note G - Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between April 1, 2012 and May 15th, 2012 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements. No such events or transactions were noted.

STATEMENT OF NET CAPITAL COMPUTATION		
For the Year Ended March 31,		2012
Total Assets	\$ 1.36	8,843
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		0,562)
Less: Liabilities	(00	<u> </u>
Net Worth Before Deductions	56	8,281
Deductions and/or Charges to Net Worth:		
Total Non-Allowable Assets	4	8,288
Deferred Tax Provisions		
Total Deductions and/or Charges to Net Worth	4	8,288
Net Capital Before Haircuts	51:	9,993
Haircuts:		
2% Money Market E & O		2,404
2% Money Market Savings		1,802
2% Money Market LIC	•	723
2% House Account MF or Stk or Balance		
Total Haircuts		4,929
Net Capital	\$ 51	5,064
Minimum Net Capital Required 6-2/3% of Aggregate Indebtedness of \$800,562	\$ 5	3,397
Required Minimum Net Capital	\$ 10	0,000
France Net Conite!		
Excess Net Capital	51	5,064
Net Capital, Per Above Minimum Net Capital, Per Above		0,000
Minimum Net Capital, Per Above		0,000
Excess Net Capital	\$ 41	5,064
Excess Net Capital at 1000%		
(\$515,064 Less 10% of \$800,562)	\$ 43	5,008
Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness		
Percentage of Aggregate Indebtedness to		
Net Capital \$800,562 / \$515,064		155%

RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 WITH THE CORRESPONDING COMPUTATION IN PART II OF THE UNAUDITED FORM X-17a5 FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2012

Audited Capital Computation	\$ 515,064
Commission Expense	
Regulatory Fees, Legal and Accounting, and Other Related Expenses	_
Unaudited Capital Computation	\$ 515,064

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15C3-3

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Wall Street Financial Group, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Wall Street Financial Group, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended March 31, 2012 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities of safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of the inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluations of them to future periods are subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operations may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to above are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that the practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material aspects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at March 31, 2012 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, stockholder, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ripp Dibiner: Her CPA"

Pittsford, New York May 15, 2012

INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES

To the Board of Directors and Stockholder of Wall Street Financial Group, Inc.:

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended March 31, 2012, which were agreed to by Wall Street Financial Group, Inc. and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Wall Street Financial Group, Inc.'s compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Wall Street Financial Group, Inc.'s management is responsible for Wall Street Financial Group, Inc.'s compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

- 1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries, noting no differences;
- 2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended March 31, 2012, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended March 31, 2012, noting no differences;
- 3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences;
- 4. Verified the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no differences.
- 5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Rigger Dibiacor: Her COA'

Pittsford New York May 15, 2012

Rizzo, DiGiacco & Hern CPAs