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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

MAR 12 2012

Washington, DC
110

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8-66480

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/11 AND ENDING 12/31/11
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Bayshore Partners, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
401 E Las Olas Boulevard, Suite 1160

Fort Lauderdale Florida 33301
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Michael Turner
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*
Morrison, Brown, Argiz & Farra LLC

301 E Las Olas Boulevard, 4th Fl Fort Lauderdale Florida 33301
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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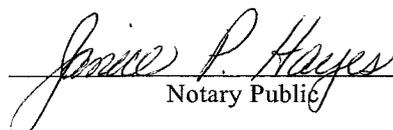
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

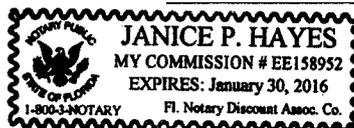
I, Michael Turner, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Bayshore Partners, LLC, as of December 31, 2011, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Signature

Managing Director


Notary Public



Title

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2011



BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Members
Bayshore Partners, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Bayshore Partners, LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2011, and the related statements of income, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act ("SEA") of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Bayshore Partners, LLC at December 31, 2011, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 1 to the accompanying financial statements, the Company is currently in violation of SEA Rule 17a-5(d) which requires every broker or dealer registered pursuant to Section 15 of the SEA to file an annual audit report not more than sixty days after the date of the financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole. The information contained in the Supplemental Schedules I, II, and III required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Morrison, Brown, Argiz & Farra

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
March 7, 2012

An Independent Member of Baker Tilly International

BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2011

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS

Cash	\$	128,759
Accounts receivable		25,169
Prepaid expenses - related party		<u>100,693</u>

TOTAL ASSETS **\$ 254,621**

LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY

CURRENT LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued expense	\$	22,909
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COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 6)

MEMBERS' EQUITY		<u>231,712</u>
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TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY **\$ 254,621**

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

REVENUES:	
Advisory fees	\$ 2,817,650
Other fees	<u>23,002</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>2,840,652</u>
EXPENSES:	
Overhead reimbursement – related party	2,750,392
Professional fees	51,534
Regulatory expenses	31,172
Miscellaneous expenses	<u>3,518</u>
TOTAL EXPENSES	<u>2,836,616</u>
NET INCOME	<u>\$ 4,036</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBERS' EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

MEMBERS' EQUITY – JANUARY 1, 2011	\$ 227,676
NET INCOME	<u>4,036</u>
MEMBERS' EQUITY – DECEMBER 31, 2011	<u>\$ 231,712</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2011

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net income	\$ <u>4,036</u>
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities:	
Bad debt expense	2,594
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	(15,498)
Prepaid expenses - related party	(6,906)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>(4,875)</u>
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	<u>(24,685)</u>
NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES AND NET INCREASE IN CASH	<u>(20,649)</u>
CASH - BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>149,408</u>
CASH - END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 128,759</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2011

1. ORGANIZATION

Bayshore Partners, LLC (the "Company") is a Florida limited liability company based in Fort Lauderdale, Florida. The Company was organized to operate as a registered broker/dealer in securities in the United States of America and provides merger and acquisition advisory services to shareholders and owners of companies as well as engages in the distribution of debt and equity securities of corporations and other entities through the private placement of such securities on a best efforts basis. The Company is a registered broker dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

The Company is currently in violation of Securities Exchange Act ("SEA") Rule 17a-5(d) which requires every broker or dealer registered pursuant to Section 15 of the SEA to file an annual audit report not more than sixty days after the date of the financial statements.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Financial Statement Presentation

The accounting policies and reporting practices of the Company conform to the predominant practices in the broker-dealer industry and are in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Government and Other Regulation

A broker-dealer of securities business is subject to significant regulation by various governmental agencies and self-regulatory organizations. Such regulation includes, among other things, periodic examinations by these regulatory bodies to determine whether the Company is conducting and reporting its operations in accordance with the applicable requirements of these organizations. As a registered broker dealer, the Company is subject to the SEC's net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires that the Company maintain a minimum net capital, as defined.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Financial instrument which potentially subject the Company to concentration of credit risk consist principally of cash deposits in excess of FDIC insured limit of \$250,000. At times, such balances exceed these insured limits.

Revenue Recognition

Advisory fee income is recorded as earned based on agreed-upon terms with the Company's clients. Commission income and related expenses are to be recorded in the accounts on a trade date basis.

Income Tax

The Company is treated as a partnership for federal income tax purposes and, accordingly, generally would not incur income taxes or have any unrecognized tax benefits. Instead, its earnings and losses are included in the tax return of its members and taxed depending on the members' tax situation. As a result, the financial statements do not reflect a provision for income taxes.

The Company recognizes and measures tax positions taken or expected to be taken in its tax return based on their technical merit and assesses the likelihood that the positions will be sustained upon examination based on the facts, circumstances and information available at the end of each period. Interest and penalties on tax liabilities, if any, would be recorded in interest expense and other non-interest expense, respectively.

The U.S. Federal jurisdiction and Florida are the major tax jurisdictions where the Company files income tax returns. The Company is generally no longer subject to U.S. Federal or State examinations by tax authorities for years before 2008.

BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2011

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that might affect certain reported amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and accompanying notes during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Advisory fee income from the Company's three largest customers accounted for approximately 75% of advisory fee income for the year ended December 31, 2011. The receivable balance as of December 31, 2011 was due from three customers. The concentrations of income and accounts receivable described above do not relate to the same three customers.

Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through March 7, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

The Company, as a registered broker-dealer in securities, is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires that the Company maintain "Net Capital" equal to the greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of "Aggregate Indebtedness", as defined, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2011, the Company had net capital of \$13,850 which was \$6,189 in excess of its required net capital of \$7,661. At December 31, 2011, the ratio of "Aggregate Indebtedness" to "Net Capital" was 8.30 to 1.

The Company is a guarantor on a related party's line of credit (NOTE 4). Under the Net Capital Rule calculations: (a) encumbered cash (i.e. cash held in Company bank accounts at the same financial institution where the related party maintains a line of credit) is considered a "non-allowable asset" for the purpose of calculating net capital and must be deducted in computing the Company's Net Capital. Additionally, any excess balance of the guaranteed line of credit balance over the encumbered cash balance must also be deducted in computing the Company's Net Capital and the entire guaranteed line of credit balance must be included as part of the Company's Aggregate Indebtedness.

The Company was not in compliance with the Uniform Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness rule from September 23, 2011 through October 25, 2011. The Company's management became aware of this non-compliance and timely notified FINRA of these deficiencies on October 31, 2011. The deficiency was automatically corrected on October 25, 2011 when revenue sufficient to increase the Company's net capital to the required compliance level was earned through the regular course of business.

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company is party to a Services Agreement with a company under common ownership ("related party") effective August 2005. Under this agreement, the Company reimburses the related company for overhead and salaries for shared personnel at the stated rate. For the year ended December 31, 2011, the Company paid approximately \$1,100,000 for reimbursement of overhead and salaries. The Company has the discretion to pay additional service fees when the Company's adjusted monthly net operating income, as defined, equals or exceeds \$75,000. For the year ended December 31, 2011, additional service fees amounted to approximately \$1,650,000. This reimbursement of overhead, salaries and additional services fees are included in the overhead reimbursement - related party expenses in the accompanying statement of income.

BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2011

4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2011, the Company prepaid approximately \$101,000 of service fees to the related party and is included as prepaid expenses - related party in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

In January 2009, the related party entered into a \$150,000 line of credit facility with a lender. The Company is a guarantor on the line of credit (NOTE 3). In February 2012, the related party paid off and canceled the line of credit facility with the lender thus removing the Company as a guarantor.

5. MEMBERS' CAPITAL

The Company operates under an operating agreement ("Agreement") with a perpetual term, unless terminated under provisions of the Agreement. Membership capital is non-interest bearing and members are not entitled to withdraw or demand capital amounts, unless as provided for in the Agreement. Profit and losses are allocated principally based on each members pro rata share of total capital.

6. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The Company is exposed to various asserted and unasserted potential claims encountered in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

**SCHEDULE I
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011**

CREDITS	
Members' equity	\$ <u>231,712</u>
DEBITS	
Encumbered cash – pledged collateral as guarantor of related party line of credit	334
Excess of guaranteed related party line of credit balance over encumbered cash	91,666
Accounts receivable	25,169
Prepaid expenses	<u>100,693</u>
TOTAL DEBITS	<u>217,862</u>
NET CAPITAL	13,850
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT 6-2/3% OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS OF \$114,909 OR \$5,000, WHICHEVER IS GREATER	<u>7,661</u>
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	<u>\$ 6,189</u>
EXCESS NET CAPITAL @ 1000% (NET CAPITAL PLUS 10% OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS)	<u>\$ 2,359</u>
SCHEDULE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Guaranteed related party line of credit balance	\$ 92,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>22,909</u>
	<u>\$ 114,909</u>
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	<u>8.30 to 1</u>

See report of independent certified public accountants.

BAYSHORE PARTNERS, LLC

SCHEDULE II
RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION TO COMPANY'S
CORRESPONDING UNAUDITED FORM X-17a-5, PART II FILING
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011

NET CAPITAL PER COMPUTATION, ON PAGE 10	\$ 13,850
Audit adjustment – accrual of audit and SIPC fees	<u>(21,557)</u>
NET CAPITAL PER COMPUTATION INCLUDED IN THE COMPANY'S UNAUDITED FORM X-17a-5, PART IIA FILING	<u>\$ 35,407</u>

SCHEDULE III

STATEMENT ON EXEMPTION FROM THE COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION
OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS AND INFORMATION RELATING TO POSSESSION
OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND
EXCHANGE COMMISSION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2011

In accordance with the exemptive provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3, especially exemption k (2) (i), the Company is exempt from the computation of reserve requirements and the information relating to the possession or control requirements. During 2011, the Company did not provide services to warrant the maintenance of such account.

See report of independent certified public accountants.

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORTS

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 17a-5(g) (1)
FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION
FROM SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15c3-3**

To the Members
Bayshore Partners, LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and accompanying information of Bayshore Partners, LLC (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g) (1) of the Securities Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

To the Members
Bayshore Partners, LLC
Page Two

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses.

During the year ended December 31, 2011, we noted a matter involving internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of Bayshore Partners, LLC for the year ended December 31, 2011.

During 2011, the Company incorrectly recorded a duplicate \$15,000 deposit in its general ledger. The recording of the deposit and the fact that it was not timely corrected was the result of weaknesses in internal controls. The weaknesses in internal controls caused the Company to inaccurately determine its net capital during the months of September and October 2011 and it caused the Company to be in violation of the Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1). During October 2011, the Company notified FINRA of the deficiency and appears to have taken corrective actions to strengthen internal controls which could prevent such an event from occurring in the future.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2011, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Members, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Monison, Brown, Aigiz & Fana

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
March 7, 2012

**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES
RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION**

To the Members
Bayshore Partners, LLC

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended December 31, 2011, which were agreed to by Bayshore Partners, LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Bayshore Partners, LLC's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). Bayshore Partners, LLC's management is responsible for Bayshore Partners, LLC's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries, noting no differences;

<u>Check Date</u>	<u>Check number</u>	<u>Payee</u>	<u>Amount</u>
July 30, 2011	1216	SIPC	\$ 5,546
March 6, 2012	534	SIPC	\$ 1,556

2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17a-5 for the year ended December 31, 2011, as applicable, with the amounts reported on SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2011, noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with focus reports, general ledger and financial statements from January 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011, noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone than these specified parties.

Morrison, Brown, Argiz & Farra

Fort Lauderdale, Florida
March 7, 2012