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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-68410

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT AS OF 12/31/11
MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

DITTO TRADE, INC.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

200 W. Monroe Street, Suite 1675

(No. and Street)

Chicago
(City)

Illinois
(State)

60606
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Joseph J. Fox

1 (877) 993-4886
(Area Code - Telephone No)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Ryan & Juraska, Certified Public Accountants
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

141 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 2250
(Address)

Chicago
(City)

Illinois
(State)

60604
(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

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DITTO TRADE, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES
PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(e)(3)

December 31, 2011

AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION



RYAN & JURASKA

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

DITTO TRADE, INC.

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES
PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(e)(3)**

December 31, 2011

AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, **Joseph J. Fox**, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of **Ditto Trade, Inc.** as of **December 31, 2011** are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

None



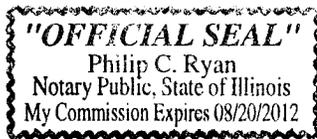
Signature

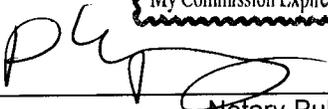
Chief Executive Officer

Title

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

28th day of February, 2012





Notary Public

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes)

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers pursuant to Rule 15c3-1.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control.
- (p) Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation – Customers' Regulated Commodity Futures Accounts Pursuant to CFTC Rule 1.11(d)2(iv).

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see Section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



RYAN & JURASKA
Certified Public Accountants
141 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604
Tel: 312.922.0062
Fax: 312.922.0672

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors of
Ditto Trade, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Ditto Trade, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2011, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ditto Trade, Inc. as of December 31, 2011, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statement taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statement, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statement and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statement taken as a whole.

Ryan & Juraska

Chicago, Illinois
February 28, 2012

DITTO TRADE, INC.

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2011

ASSETS

Cash	\$	28,424
Deposit with broker-dealer		50,000
Loan receivable from affiliate		<u>33,264</u>
	\$	<u>111,688</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities		
Payable to broker-dealer	\$	34,593
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		<u>7,726</u>
		42,319
Stockholder's equity		
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 100 shares authorized, issued, and outstanding		-
Additional paid-in capital		188,620
Retained deficit		<u>(119,251)</u>
		69,369
	\$	<u>111,688</u>

See accompanying notes.

DITTO TRADE, INC.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2011

1. Organization and Business

Ditto Trade, Inc. (the "Company") is a corporation organized under the laws of the State of Illinois on September 21, 2009. The Company is a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Ditto Holdings, Inc. (the "Parent"). The Company clears all of its transactions on a fully disclosed basis with Penson Financial Services Inc. ("Penson"). The Company's operations consist primarily of providing online trading of stocks and options to customers throughout the United States.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue and Expense Recognition from Securities Transactions

Securities transactions and the related revenues and expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis. Interest income is recorded on an accrual basis.

Income Taxes

The Company provides for taxes in accordance with ASC 740, "Accounting for Income Taxes", which requires recognition of deferred tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax liabilities and assets are recognized based on the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of liabilities and assets using enacted tax rates.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

3. Off-Balance-Sheet Risk

Customer transactions are introduced to and cleared through the Company's broker on a fully disclosed basis. Under the terms of its clearing agreements, the Company is required to guarantee the performance of its customers in meeting contracted obligations. In conjunction with the broker, the Company seeks to control the risks associated with its customer activities by requiring customers to maintain collateral in compliance with various regulatory and internal guidelines and, pursuant to such guidelines, customers may be required to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions, where necessary.

DITTO TRADE, INC.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition, Continued

December 31, 2011

3. Off-Balance-Sheet Risk, Continued

Commissions receivable represent a concentration of credit risk. The Company does not anticipate nonperformance by its customers or the broker. In addition, the Company has a policy of reviewing, as considered necessary, the creditworthiness of the brokers with which it conducts business.

4. Concentration of Credit Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

5. Payable to Broker Dealer

At December 31, 2011, the Company had a payable to Penson Financial Services totaling \$34,593 resulting from transaction expenses exceeding commissions collected from customer transactions.

6. Loan Receivable from Affiliate

At December 31, 2011, the Company had a note payable with the following terms:

<u>Lender</u>	<u>Effective Date</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Maturity Date</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>
Parent	12/31/11	\$33,264	Due on demand	10%

7. Fair Value Disclosure

ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, requires enhanced disclosures about investments that are measured and reported at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company.

DITTO TRADE, INC.

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition, Continued

December 31, 2011

7. Fair Value Disclosure, Continued

Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 Inputs Valuation is based on unadjusted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Level 2 Inputs Valuation is based on other than quoted prices included with Level 1 that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 assets include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities that are not active; and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, such as models or other valuation methodologies.

Level 3 Inputs Valuation is based on unobservable inputs for the valuation of the asset or liability. Level 3 assets include investments for which there is little, if any, market activity. These inputs require significant management judgment or estimation.

At December 31, 2011, the Company held no Level 1, Level 2, or Level 3 investments.

8. Related Party Transactions

At December 31, 2011, the Company had a loan receivable of \$33,264 from its Parent (See note 6).

9. Minimum Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1. This Rule requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 8 to 1 and that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio exceeds 10 to 1.

At December 31, 2011, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$36,105 and \$5,000, respectively.

10. Subsequent Events

The Company's management has evaluated events and transactions through February 28, 2012, the date the financial statements were issued, noting no material events requiring disclosure in the Company's financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT
PART III

BROKER OR DEALER:

DITTO TRADE, INC.

as of **December 31, 2011**

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

1.	Total ownership (from Statement of Financial Condition- Item 1800)		\$	<u>69,369</u>	[3480]
2.	Deduct: Ownership equity not allowable for net capital			<u>-</u>	[3490]
3.	Total ownership equity qualified for net capital		\$	<u>69,369</u>	[3500]
4.	Add:				
	A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital			<u>-</u>	[3520]
	B. Other (deductions) or allowable subordinated liabilities			<u>-</u>	[3525]
5.	Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities		\$	<u>69,369</u>	[3530]
6.	Deductions and/or charges:				
	A. Total non-allowable assets from Statement of Financial Condition (Note B and C) (Loan receivable from affiliate)	\$	<u>33,264</u>	[3540]	
	B. Secured demand notice deficiency		<u>-</u>	[3590]	
	C. Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities proprietary capital charges		<u>-</u>	[3600]	
	D. Other deductions and/or charges		<u>-</u>	[3610]	
				<u>(33,264)</u>	[3620]
7.	Other additions and/or allowable credits (List)			<u>-</u>	[3630]
8.	Net Capital before haircuts on securities positions		\$	<u>36,105</u>	[3640]
9.	Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable pursuant to 15c3-1(f)):				
	A. Contractual securities commitments	\$	<u>-</u>	[3660]	
	B. Subordinated securities borrowings		<u>-</u>	[3670]	
	C. Trading and Investment securities				
	1. Exempted securities		<u>-</u>	[3735]	
	2. Debt securities		<u>-</u>	[3733]	
	3. Options		<u>-</u>	[3730]	
	4. Other securities		<u>-</u>	[3734]	
	D. Undue concentration		<u>-</u>	[3650]	
	E. Other (List)		<u>-</u>	[3736]	
			\$	<u>-</u>	[3740]
10.	Net Capital		\$	<u>36,105</u>	[3750]

OMIT PENNIES

Note: There are no material differences between the audited computation of net capital and that per the Company's amended FOCUS report as filed.

**FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT
PART III**

BROKER OR DEALER:

DITTO TRADE, INC

as of **December 31, 2011**

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Part A

11.	Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of line 19)	\$	<u>2,821</u>	[3756]
12.	Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital requirement of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)	\$	<u>5,000</u>	[3758]
13.	Net capital requirement (greater of line 11 or 12)	\$	<u>5,000</u>	[3760]
14.	Excess net capital (line 10 less 13)	\$	<u>31,105</u>	[3770]
15.	Net capital less the greater of 10% of line 19 or 120% of line 12	\$	<u>30,105</u>	[3780]

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

16.	Total A.I. liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition	\$	<u>42,319</u>	[3790]
17.	Add:			
	A. Drafts for immediate credit		<u> </u>	[3800]
	B. Market value of securities borrowed for which no equivalent value is paid or credited		<u> </u>	[3810]
	C. Other unrecorded amounts (List)	\$	<u> </u>	[3820]
19.	Total aggregate indebtedness	\$	<u>42,319</u>	[3840]
20.	Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (line 19 – by line 10)		<u>117.21%</u>	[3850]
21.	Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d)		<u>0%</u>	[3860]

COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATE NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Part B

22.	2% of combined aggregate debit items as shown in Formula for Reserve Requirements pursuant to Rule 15c-3-3 prepared as of the date of the net capital computation including both brokers or dealers and consolidated subsidiaries debits	\$	<u> </u>	[3870]
23.	Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital requirement of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)	\$	<u> </u>	[3880]
24.	Net capital requirement (greater of line 22 or 23)	\$	<u> </u>	[3760]
25.	Excess net capital (line 10 less 24)	\$	<u> </u>	[3910]
26.	Net capital in excess of: 5% of combined aggregate debit items or \$120% of line 24.	\$	<u> </u>	[3920]

NOTES:

- A. The minimum net capital requirement should be computed by adding the minimum dollar net capital requirement of the reporting broker dealer and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the greater of:
1. Minimum dollar net capital requirement, or
 2. 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or 2% of aggregate debits if alternative method is used.
- B. Do not deduct the value of securities borrowed under subordination agreements of secured demand notes covered by subordination agreements not in satisfactory form and the market values of memberships in exchanges contributed for use of company (contra to item 1740) and partners securities which were included in non-allowable assets.
- C. For reports filed pursuant to paragraph (d) of Rule 17a-5, respondent should provide a list of material non-allowable assets.



RYAN & JURASKA

Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062

Fax: 312.922.0672

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Board of Directors of
Ditto Trade, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the statement of financial condition of Ditto Trade, Inc. (the Company), as of December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), in the following:

1. Making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e)
2. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
4. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of the financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statement will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2011 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Chicago, Illinois
February 28, 2012