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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 52849

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/11 AND ENDING 12/31/11
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: **Alliant Equity Investments, LLC**

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

21600 Oxnard Street, Suite 1200

(No. and Street)

Woodland Hills

California

91367

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Pershaun M. Reynolds

(310) 293-3148

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1 S. Wacker Drive, Suite 800

Chicago

Illinois

60606

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
RECEIVED
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REGISTRATIONS BRANCH
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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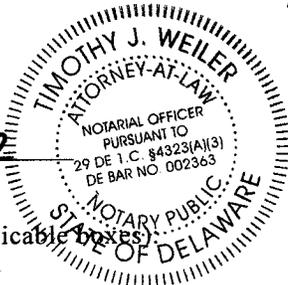
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Pershaun M. Reynolds, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Alliant Equity Investments, LLC, as of December 31, 202011, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

[Signature]
Signature

FINOP
Title

[Signature]
Notary Public



- This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes)
- (a) Facing Page.
 - (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
 - (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
 - (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
 - (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
 - (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
 - (g) Computation of Net Capital.
 - (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
 - (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
 - (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
 - (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
 - (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
 - (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
 - (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
 - (o) Independent auditor's report on internal control

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Alliant Equity Investments, LLC

Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2011

Filed as PUBLIC information pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)
under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934.

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Member
Alliant Equity Investments, LLC
Woodland Hills, California

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Alliant Equity Investments, LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2011, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Alliant Equity Investments, LLC as of December 31, 2011, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP

Chicago, Illinois
February 27, 2012

Alliant Equity Investments, LLC

**Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2011**

Assets	
Cash	\$ 25,986
Money market mutual fund	2,717,731
Private placement fees receivable	<u>100,000</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 2,843,717</u>
Liabilities and Member's Equity	
Liabilities	
Broker fees payable	\$ 1,808,451
Due to Member	371,168
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>222,111</u>
	<u>2,401,730</u>
Member's Equity	<u>441,987</u>
Total liabilities and member's equity	<u>\$ 2,843,717</u>

See Notes to Statement of Financial Condition.

Alliant Equity Investments, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization and nature of business: Alliant Equity Investments, LLC (the Company) is a California limited liability company and a wholly owned subsidiary of Alliant Asset Management Company, LLC (the Member), which is an affiliate of certain limited partners of Alliant Capital, Ltd. (Alliant). The Company is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the SEC) and a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company sells private placements, mainly limited partnership interests in tax credit funds sponsored by Alliant. The Company primarily markets its products to large corporations and institutional investors.

The Company operates under the provisions of Paragraph (k)(2)(i) of Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC and, accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that rule. Essentially, the requirements of Paragraph (k)(2)(i) provide that the Company carries no margin accounts, promptly transmits all customer funds and delivers all securities received in connection with its activities as a broker-dealer, does not otherwise hold funds or securities for or owe money or securities to customers, and effectuates all financial transactions between the Company and its customers through one or more bank accounts, each designated as Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of Customers of the Company. Because the Company effects no financial transactions with customers as defined in Rule 15c3-3(a)(1), the Company does not maintain a Special Account.

A summary of the Company's significant accounting policies follows:

The Company follows generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) to ensure consistent reporting of financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. References to GAAP issued by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) in these footnotes are to the FASB's *Accounting Standards Codification*, sometimes referred to as the Codification or ASC.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue recognition: Private placement fees and related direct expenses, such as broker fees, are recognized at the time the private placement is substantially completed and the income and direct expenses are reasonably determinable. Private placement fees receivable represents amounts due for these services.

Income taxes: Under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, the Company is treated as a division of the Member, which is a flow-through entity. Accordingly, no provision or benefit for federal income taxes has been made as the Company's taxable income or loss is included in the tax return of the Member.

The Company adopted guidance for how uncertain tax positions should be recognized, measured, presented and disclosed in the financial statements. This requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing the Company's tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained "when challenged" or "when examined" by the applicable tax authority. Tax positions not deemed to meet the more-likely-than-not threshold would be recorded as a tax benefit or expense in the current year. Management has determined that there are no material uncertain income tax positions through December 31, 2011.

The Company is generally no longer subject to U.S. federal or state tax examinations for tax years before 2008.

Alliant Equity Investments, LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 1. Nature of Operations and Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Investments: Investments are recorded on trade date and investment positions are reflected at fair value.

Note 2. Fair Value Measurements

As described in Note 1, the Company records its investments at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Company utilizes valuation techniques to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. Assets and liabilities recorded at fair value are categorized within the fair value hierarchy based upon the level of judgment associated with the inputs used to measure their value. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). Inputs are broadly defined as assumptions market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described below:

Level 1. Unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date.

Level 2. Inputs other than quoted prices within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3. Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability and include situations where there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability.

The Company's investment in the money market mutual fund is considered Level 1, measured at fair value on a recurring basis based on quoted prices for identical assets in active markets.

Effective January 1, 2011, the Company adopted a FASB update to provide additional disclosures about fair value measurements. This update requires that a reporting entity disclose separately the amounts of significant transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurements and describe the reasons for the transfers. During the year ended December 31, 2011, no such transfers have occurred.

Note 3. Related-Party Transactions

The Company has entered into an agreement with the Member whereby compensation and certain other expenses of the Company are paid by the Member and reimbursed by the Company. For the year ended December 31, 2011, the statement of operations includes \$161,055 of such expenses. Due to Member of \$371,168 at December 31, 2011, represents the amount due under this arrangement.

Note 4. Concentration of Credit Risk

The Company maintains its cash at one bank in amounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. Management believes that the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash.

Alliant Equity Investments, LLC

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

Note 5. Indemnifications

In the normal course of business, the Company enters into contracts that contain a variety of representations and warranties that provide indemnifications under certain circumstances. The Company's maximum exposure under these arrangements is unknown, as this would involve future claims that may be made against the Company that have not yet occurred. The Company expects the risk of loss to be remote.

Note 6. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1 (and the rule also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash distributions paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1). At December 31, 2011, the Company had net capital of \$287,632, which was \$127,517 in excess of its required net capital of \$160,115. The Company's net capital ratio was 8.35 to 1.



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control

To the Member
Alliant Equity Investments, LLC
Woodland Hills, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Alliant Equity Investments, LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of compliance with such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all material weaknesses have been identified. However, we identified the following deficiencies in internal control or control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February XX, 2012.

On February 23, 2012, management of the Company filed notice with the SEC and the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority that the Company's net capital was below the minimum net capital requirement as of April 14, 2011, which was resolved by a capital contribution on April 27, 2011. The Company did not have sufficient controls to monitor compliance with the net capital requirement at all times. Management has informed us that additional procedures have been implemented to monitor compliance with the net capital requirements at all times.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, except as noted above, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2011, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Member, management, the Member's Board of Directors, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

McGladrey & Pullen, LLP

Chicago, Illinois
February 27, 2012