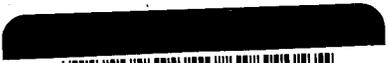


UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: April 30, 2013
Estimated average burden
hours per response: 12.00

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-68395

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2011 AND ENDING December 31, 2011
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

SEC
Mail Processing
Section
FEB 29 2012
Washington, DC

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: ATG Securities LLC
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

800 Connecticut Avenue, Suite E403

(No. and Street)

Norwalk

CT

06854

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Patriek J. Marron

(516) 287-2726

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Alperin, Nebbia & Associates, CPA, PA

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

375 Passaic Avenue, Suite 200

Fairfield

NJ

07004

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

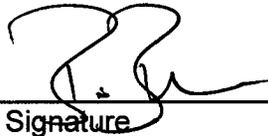
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

[Handwritten signature]
3/1/12

AFFIRMATION

I, Brian Broesder, affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2011 and supplemental schedules pertaining to ATG Securities LLC as of December 31, 2011 are true and correct. I further affirm that neither the Corporation nor any officer has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.



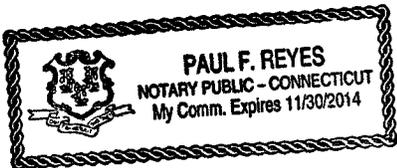
Signature

02/22/12

Date

CEO

Title



Subscribed and Sworn to before me
on this 22 day of Feb, 2012.



Notary Public

ATG SECURITIES LLC

(S.E.C. NO. 8-68395)

SEC
Mail Processing
Section
FEB 29 2012
Washington, DC
123

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2011
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
AND
SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE**

This report is filed as a PUBLIC document in accordance
with Rule 17a-5(e)(3) under the Securities Exchange Act
of 1934.

ATG SECURITIES LLC

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Supplemental Report on Internal Control Structure	5 - 6

375 Passaic Avenue
Suite 200
Fairfield, NJ 07004
973-808-8801
Fax 973-808-8804



Steven J. Alperin, CPA
Vincent S. Nebbia, CPA

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of
ATG Securities LLC
Norwalk, CT

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of ATG Securities LLC as of December 31, 2011 that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This statement of financial condition is the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards of the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ATG Securities LLC at December 31, 2011 in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles of the United States of America.

Alperin, Nebbia & Associates, CPA, PA

Alperin, Nebbia & Associates, CPA, PA

Fairfield, New Jersey
February 25, 2012

**ATG SECURITIES LLC
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2011**

ASSETS

Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	10,064
Prepaid expenses		<u>569</u>
Total Assets	\$	<u><u>10,633</u></u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Liabilities:		
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$	-
Commitments and Contingencies		
Member's Equity		<u>10,633</u>
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	\$	<u><u>10,633</u></u>

ATG SECURITIES LLC
NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2011

Note A – Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business

ATG Securities LLC (the "Company"), was formed in Delaware on September 2, 2009.

The Company is a registered a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA").

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts and the disclosure of contingencies in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from the estimates included in the financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include investments with three months or less to maturity at the date of purchase.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying value of cash and prepaid expenses approximates fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

Income Taxes

As a limited liability company, the Company's taxable income or loss is allocated to members in accordance with their respective ownership percentage. Therefore, no provision or liability for income taxes has been included in the financial statements.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events were evaluated through February 25, 2012 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note B – Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 8 to 1. At December 31, 2011, the Company had net capital of \$10,064, which was \$5,064 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.00 to 1.

ATG SECURITIES LLC
NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2011

Note C - Uncertain Tax Positions

The Company adopted the new accounting for uncertainty in income taxes guidance on September 2, 2009. The adoption of that guidance resulted in no change.

As of December 31, 2011, the Company believes it is reasonably possible the balance of the gross unrecognized tax benefits is zero and will continue to be zero in the next twelve months based on conservative income tax positions and the expiration of statute of limitations. The Company continually evaluates expiring statutes of limitations, audits, proposed settlements, changes in tax law, and new authoritative rulings.

The Company's policy is to recognize accrued interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax positions as part of the income tax provision. As of January 1, 2011, accrued interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax positions is zero. For the year ended December 31, 2011, accrued interest and penalties associated with uncertain tax positions is zero.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. Federal jurisdiction and the State jurisdiction of Connecticut. None of these taxing jurisdictions have active examinations of Company income tax returns.



Steven J. Alperin, CPA
Vincent S. Nebbia, CPA

To the Members of
ATG Securities LLC LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of ATG Securities LLC (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of ATG Securities LLC as of and for the year ended December 31, 2011, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 25, 2012.

The size of the business and resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the preceding paragraph were adequate at December 31, 2011 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

ALPERIN, NEBBIA & ASSOCIATES, CPA, PA

Alperin, Nebbia & Associates, CPA, PA

Fairfield, New Jersey
February 25, 2012