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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

OMB APPROVAL
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8-67253

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT AS OF 12/31/10
MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

150 East 58th Street, Suite 2501
(No. and Street)

New York
(City)

New York
(State)

10155
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Bryan Mazlish

(212) 792-6675
(Area Code - Telephone No)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Ryan & Juraska, Certified Public Accountants
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

141 West Jackson Boulevard, Suite 2250
(Address)

Chicago
(City)

Illinois
(State)

60604
(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

MM

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, **Christopher Chesney**, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of **Overlook Capital, L.L.C.** as of **December 31, 2010** are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

None

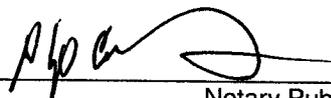
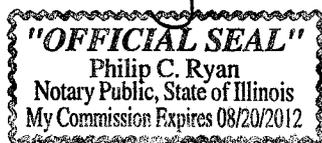


Signature

Member
Title

Subscribed and sworn to before me this

25th day of February, 2011



Notary Public

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes)

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital for Brokers and Dealers pursuant to Rule 15c3-1.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control.
- (p) Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation – Customers' Regulated Commodity Futures Accounts Pursuant to CFTC Rule 1.11(d)2(iv).

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see Section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



RYAN & JURASKA

Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062

Fax: 312.922.0672

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of
Overlook Capital LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Overlook Capital LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2010, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Overlook Capital LLC as of December 31, 2010, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statement taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statement, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statement and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statement taken as a whole.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Ryan & Juraska".

Chicago, Illinois
February 26, 2011

OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2010

ASSETS

Cash	\$	148,501
Receivable from broker-dealer		14,882,004
Securities owned, at fair value		2,454,668
Furniture and computer equipment (net of accumulated depreciation of \$87,625)		80,611
Other assets		<u>10,100</u>
	\$	<u>17,575,884</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY

Liabilities

Securities sold, not yet purchased, at fair value	\$	2,323,739
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		<u>35,400</u>
		2,359,139

Members' equity

	<u>15,216,745</u>
\$	<u>17,575,884</u>

See accompanying notes.

OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2010

1. Organization and Business

Overlook Capital LLC (the "Company"), a New York limited liability company, was organized on June 8, 2005 and commenced trading operations in July 2006. The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange. The Company engages primarily in the proprietary trading of exchange-traded equity securities.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions and related commission revenue and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

Securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased are recorded in the statement of financial condition at fair value in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157.

Depreciation

Depreciation of furniture and computer equipment is computed using straight line method for both financial reporting and income tax purposes.

Income Taxes

No provision has been made for federal income taxes as the taxable income or loss of the Company is included in the respective income tax returns of the members.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statement in conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statement and the accompanying notes. Management determines that the estimates utilized in preparing its financial statement are reasonable and prudent. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

3. Clearing Agreement

The Company has a Joint Back Office ("JBO") clearing agreement with Goldman Sachs Execution & Clearing, L.P. ("GSEC"). The agreement allows JBO participants to receive favorable margin treatment as compared to the full customer margin requirements of Regulation T. As part of this agreement, the Company has invested \$10,000 in the limited partnership interest of GSEC. The Company's investment in GSEC is reflected in other assets in the statement of financial condition. Under the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission, the agreement requires that the Company maintain a minimum net liquidating equity of \$1 million with GSEC, exclusive of its limited partnership interest.

OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

Notes to the Statement of Financial Condition, Continued

December 31, 2010

4. Off-Balance Sheet Risk

Securities sold, not yet purchased, represent obligations of the Company to deliver specified securities and thereby create a liability to repurchase the securities in the market at prevailing prices. These transactions may result in off-balance sheet risk as the Company's ultimate obligation to satisfy its obligation for securities sold, not yet purchased may exceed the amount recognized in the statement of financial condition.

Risk arises from the potential inability of counterparties to perform under the terms of the contracts (credit risk) and from changes in the values of the underlying financial instruments (market risk). The Company is subject to credit risk to the extent any broker with which it conducts business is unable to fulfill contractual obligations on its behalf. The Company attempts to minimize its exposure to credit risk by monitoring brokers with which it conducts investment activities. In management's opinion, market risk is substantially diminished when all financial instruments are aggregated.

5. Credit Concentration

At December 31, 2010, a significant credit concentration consisted of approximately \$15 million, representing the fair value of the Company's trading accounts carried by its clearing broker, Goldman Sachs Execution & Clearing, L.P. Management does not consider any credit risk associated with this receivable to be significant.

6. Fair Value Disclosure

ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures requires enhanced disclosures about investments that are measured and reported at fair value. Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumptions about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 Inputs – Valuation based on quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities at the reporting date.

Level 2 Inputs – Valuation based on other than quoted prices included with Level 1 that are observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 assets include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities that are not active; and inputs other than quoted prices that are observable, such as models or other valuation methodologies.

OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2010

6. Fair Value Disclosure, continued

Level 3 Inputs – Valuation based on unobservable inputs for the valuation of the asset or liability. Level 3 assets include investments for which there is little, if any, market activity. These inputs require significant management judgment or estimation.

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2010:

	<u>Level 1</u>	
	<u>Assets</u>	<u>Liabilities</u>
		<u>Securities</u>
		<u>Sold,</u>
	<u>Securities</u>	<u>Not Yet</u>
	<u>Owned</u>	<u>Purchased</u>
Stocks	\$ <u>2,454,668</u>	\$ <u>2,323,740</u>

At December 31, 2010, the Company did not have any level 2 or level 3 investments.

7. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15(c)3-1). Under this rule, the Company is required to maintain "net capital" equal to the greater of \$100,000 or 6 and 2/3 % of "aggregate indebtedness", as defined.

At December 31, 2010, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$14,501,322 and \$100,000, respectively.

8. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated events and transactions through February 26, 2011, the date the financial statement was issued, noting no material events requiring disclosure in the Company's financial statement.

SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES

**FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT
PART III**

BROKER OR DEALER: OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

as of December 31, 2010

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

1.	Total ownership (from Statement of Financial Condition- Item 1800)	\$	<u>15,216,745</u>	[3480]
2.	Deduct: Ownership equity not allowable for net capital		<u> </u>	[3490]
3.	Total ownership equity qualified for net capital	\$	<u>15,216,745</u>	[3500]
4.	Add:			
	A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital		<u> </u>	[3520]
	B. Other (deductions) or allowable subordinated liabilities		<u> </u>	[3525]
5.	Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	\$	<u>15,216,745</u>	[3530]
6.	Deductions and/or charges:			
	A. Total non-allowable assets from Statement of Financial Condition (see below)	\$	<u>90,711</u>	[3540]
	1. Additional charges for customers' and non-customers' security accounts		<u> </u>	[3550]
	2. Additional charges for customers' and non-customers' commodity accounts		<u> </u>	[3560]
	B. Aged fail-to-deliver		<u> </u>	[3570]
	1. Number of items		<u> </u>	[3450]
	C. Aged short security differences- less reserved of		<u> </u>	[3460]
	2. Number of items		<u> </u>	[3470]
	D. Secured demand note deficiency		<u> </u>	[3590]
	E. Commodity futures contract and spot commodities proprietary capital charges		<u> </u>	[3600]
	F. Other deductions and/or charges		<u> </u>	[3610]
	G. Deductions for accounts carried under Rule 15c3-1(a)(6), (a)(7) and (c)(2)(x)		<u> </u>	[3615]
	H. Total deduction and/or charges	\$	<u>(90,711)</u>	[3620]
7.	Other additions and/or allowable credits (List)		<u> </u>	[3630]
8.	Net Capital before haircuts on securities positions	\$	<u>15,126,034</u>	[3640]
9.	Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable pursuant to 15c3-1(f)):			
	A. Contractual securities commitments		<u> </u>	[3660]
	B. Subordinated securities borrowings		<u> </u>	[3670]
	C. Trading and Investment securities			
	1. Bankers' acceptance, certificates of deposit, and commercial paper		<u> </u>	[3680]
	2. U.S. and Canadian government obligations		<u> </u>	[3690]
	3. State and municipal government obligations		<u> </u>	[3700]
	4. Corporate obligations		<u> </u>	[3710]
	5. Stocks and warrants		<u> </u>	[3720]
	6. Options		<u> </u>	[3730]
	7. Arbitrage		<u> </u>	[3732]
	8. Other securities	\$	<u>624,712</u>	[3734]
	D. Undue concentration		<u> </u>	[3650]
	E. Other (List)		<u> </u>	[3736]
		\$	<u>(624,712)</u>	[3740]
10.	Net Capital	\$	<u>14,501,322</u>	[3750]

OMIT PENNIES

Non-Allowable Assets (line 6.A):

Fixed assets, net	\$	\$80,611
Other assets		<u>\$10,100</u>
	\$	<u>90,711</u>

Note: There are no material differences between the audited computation of net capital and that per the Company's unaudited FOCUS report as filed.

**FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT
PART III**

BROKER OR DEALER: OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

as of December 31, 2010

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Part A

11.	Minimum net capital required (6-2/3% of line 19)	\$ <u>2,360</u>	[3756]
12.	Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital requirement of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)	\$ <u>100,000</u>	[3758]
13.	Net capital requirement (greater of line 11 or 12)	\$ <u>100,000</u>	[3760]
14.	Excess net capital (line 10 less 13)	\$ <u>14,401,322</u>	[3770]
15.	Excess net capital at 1000% (line 10 less 10% of line 19)	\$ <u>14,497,782</u>	[3780]

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

16.	Total A.I. liabilities from Statement of Financial Condition	\$ <u>35,400</u>	[3790]
17.	Add:		
	A. Drafts for immediate credit	<u> </u>	[3800]
	B. Market value of securities borrowed for which no equivalent value is paid or credited	<u> </u>	[3810]
	C. Other unrecorded amounts (List)	<u> </u>	[3820]
18.	Deduct: Adjustment based on deposits in Special Reserve Bank Accounts (15c3-1(c)(1)(vii))	<u> </u>	[3838]
19.	Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ <u>35,400</u>	[3840]
20.	Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (line 19 ÷ by line 10)	<u>0%</u>	[3850]
21.	Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d)	<u> </u>	[3860]

COMPUTATION OF ALTERNATE NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Part B

22.	2% of combined aggregate debit items as shown in Formula for Reserve Requirements pursuant to Rule 15c-3-3 prepared as of the date of the net capital computation including both brokers or dealers and consolidated subsidiaries debits	<u>-</u>	[3870]
23.	Minimum dollar net capital requirement of reporting broker or dealer and minimum net capital requirement of subsidiaries computed in accordance with Note (A)	\$ <u> </u>	[3880]
24.	Net capital requirement (greater of line 22 or 23)	\$ <u> </u>	[3760]
25.	Excess net capital (line 10 less 24)	\$ <u> </u>	[3910]
26.	Percentage of Net Capital to Aggregate Debits (line 10 ÷ by line 17 page 8)	<u>-</u>	[3851]
27.	Percentage of Net Capital, <u>after</u> anticipated capital withdrawals, to Aggregate Debits (line 10 less item 4880, page 11 ÷ by line 17 page 8)	<u>-</u>	[3854]
28.	Net capital in excess of: 5% of combined aggregate debit items or \$300,000	\$ <u>-</u>	[3920]

OTHER RATIOS

Part C

29.	Percentage of debt to debt-equity total computed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(d)	<u> </u>	[3860]
30.	Options deductions/Net Capital ratio (1000% test) total deductions exclusive of liquidating equity under Rule 15c3-1(a)(6), (a)(7) and (c)(2)(x) ÷ Net Capital	<u> </u>	[3852]

NOTES:

- A. The minimum net capital requirement should be computed by adding the minimum dollar net capital requirement of the reporting broker dealer and, for each subsidiary to be consolidated, the greater of:
1. Minimum dollar net capital requirement, or
 2. 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or 2% of aggregate debits if alternative method is used.
- B. Do not deduct the value of securities borrowed under subordination agreements of secured demand notes covered by subordination agreements not in satisfactory form and the market values of memberships in exchanges contributed for use of company (contra to item 1740) and partners securities which were included in non-allowable assets.
- C. For reports filed pursuant to paragraph (d) of Rule 17a-5, respondent should provide a list of material non-allowable assets.

OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

**Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3a**

December 31, 2010

The Company did not handle any customer cash or securities during the year ended December 31, 2010 and does not have any customer accounts.

OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

**Computation for Determination of PAIB Reserve Requirements
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3**

December 31, 2010

The Company did not handle any proprietary accounts of introducing brokers during the year ended December 31, 2010 and does not have any PAIB accounts.

OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2010

The Company did not handle any customer cash or securities during the year ended December 31, 2010 and does not have any customer accounts.



RYAN & JURASKA

Certified Public Accountants

141 West Jackson Boulevard
Chicago, Illinois 60604

Tel: 312.922.0062

Fax: 312.922.0672

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL**

To the Members of
Overlook Capital LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the statement of financial condition of Overlook Capital LLC (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, we considered its internal control structure, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g), (1) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e); and (2) in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of the financial statement in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.



A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statement that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statement will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2010 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, the Philadelphia Stock Exchange and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Ryan & Amaska'. The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Chicago, Illinois
February 26, 2011

OVERLOOK CAPITAL LLC

**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AND SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES
PURSUANT TO SEC RULE 17a-5(d)**

December 31, 2010

AVAILABLE FOR PUBLIC INSPECTION