

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

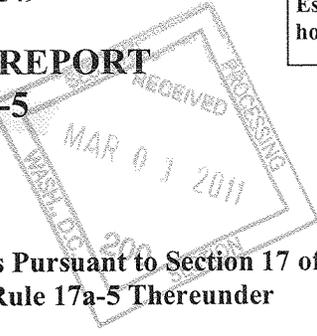
OMB Number:
OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: April 30, 2013
Estimated average burden
hours per response 12.00

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III



SEC FILE NUMBER
8-47910

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/10 AND ENDING 12/31/10
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Hancock Financial, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

1563 Virginia Way
(No. and Street)

La Jolla, CA 92037-3836
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

James P. Hancock

(858) 459-3635
(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

BOROS & FARRINGTON

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

11770 Bernardo Plaza Court, Suite 210, San Diego, CA 92128
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

JD
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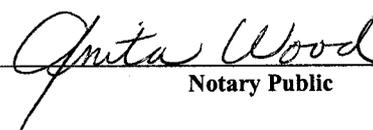
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

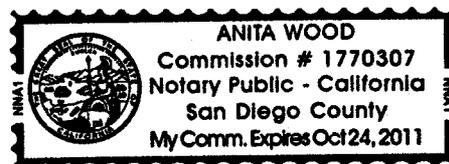
I, James P. Hancock, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Hancock Financial, Inc., as of December 31, 2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

None


Signature

Title


Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation of Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

HANCOCK FINANCIAL, INC.

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Boros & Farrington

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
A Professional Corporation

11770 Bernardo Plaza Court • Suite 210
San Diego, CA 92128-2424
(858) 487-8518 • Fax (858) 487-6794

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Hancock Financial, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Hancock Financial, Inc. as of December 31, 2010, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Hancock Financial, Inc. at December 31, 2010 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Supplemental Schedule, Computation of Net Capital, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Boros & Farrington APC

San Diego, California
February 16, 2011

HANCOCK FINANCIAL, INC.

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2010

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 1,062
Commissions receivable	3,170
Deposits with clearing organization	10,010
Property and equipment, less accumulated depreciation of \$31,543	<u>2,758</u>
Total assets	<u>\$17,000</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 5,467</u>
Stockholder's equity	
Common stock, 10,000 shares authorized	20,180
Accumulated deficit	<u>(8,647)</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>11,533</u>
	<u>\$17,000</u>

See notes to financial statements.

HANCOCK FINANCIAL, INC.

Statement of Operations

Year Ended December 31, 2010

Revenues	
Commissions	\$43,800
Other income	<u>945</u>
Total revenues	<u>44,745</u>
Expenses	
Compensation and employee benefits	18,292
Travel and entertainment	7,508
Information services	5,930
Outside services	5,454
Office expenses	3,522
Communications	1,793
Depreciation	1,774
Taxes, licenses, and registrations	874
Repairs and maintenance	871
Other expenses	<u>1,566</u>
Total expenses	<u>47,584</u>
Loss before income taxes	(2,839)
Income tax expense	<u>(800)</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ (3,639)</u>

See notes to financial statements.

HANCOCK FINANCIAL, INC.

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity Year Ended December 31, 2010

	<i>Common Stock</i>		<i>Accumulated</i>	<i>Total</i>
	<i>Shares</i>	<i>Amount</i>	<i>Deficit</i>	
Balance, beginning of year	10,000	\$20,180	\$(5,008)	\$15,172
Net loss	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,639)</u>	<u>(3,639)</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>10,000</u>	<u>\$20,180</u>	<u>\$(8,647)</u>	<u>\$11,533</u>

Statement of Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors Year Ended December 31, 2010

Balance, beginning of year	\$ -
Increases	-
Decreases	<u>-</u>
Balance, end of year	<u>\$ -</u>

See notes to financial statements.

HANCOCK FINANCIAL, INC.

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities	
Net loss	\$(3,639)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash from operating activities	
Depreciation expense	1,774
Changes in operating assets and liabilities	
Commissions receivable	5,598
Due from stockholder	44
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	<u>(2,715)</u>
Net cash from operating activities	<u>1,062</u>
Cash flows from investing activities	<u>-</u>
Cash flows from financing activities	<u>-</u>
Net increase in cash	1,062
Cash, beginning of year	<u>-</u>
Cash, end of year	<u>\$ 1,062</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:	
Interest paid	<u>\$ -</u>
Taxes paid	<u>\$ 800</u>

See notes to financial statements.

HANCOCK FINANCIAL, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Company. Hancock Financial, Inc. (the "Company"), a California corporation, is a registered broker-dealer licensed by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority. The Company provides broker-dealer services as an introducing broker-dealer clearing customer transactions through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

Accounting Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition. Security transactions and the related commission revenue are recorded on a settlement date basis.

Property and Equipment. Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Additions, renovations, and improvements are capitalized. Maintenance and repairs which do not extend asset lives are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is provided using accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of the assets (5 years).

Income Taxes. Income taxes are accounted for using the liability method whereby deferred tax asset and liability account balances are calculated at the balance sheet date using the current tax laws and rates in effect.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The Company maintains depository accounts with financial institutions. No credit losses have been experienced on these accounts. Management believes that any potential credit losses would be minimal and, accordingly, no reserve for such losses has been established.

Commission receivables are due primarily a clearing broker/dealer. These entities are geographically dispersed across the United States. If the financial condition and operations of this financial institution deteriorates substantially, the Company's operating results could be adversely affected. No allowance for doubtful accounts was considered necessary at June 30, 2010.

Financial Instruments. The carrying values reflected in the statement of financial condition at December 31, 2010 reasonably approximate the fair values for financial instruments. In making such assessment, the Company has utilized discounted cash flow analyses, estimates, and quoted market prices as appropriate. No allowance for potential credit losses was considered necessary at December 31, 2010.

HANCOCK FINANCIAL, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

2. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital (as defined) and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (as defined) not exceeding 15 to 1.

The Company's ratio at December 31, 2010 was 0.62 to 1. The basic concept of the Rule is liquidity, its object being to require a broker-dealer in securities to have at all times sufficient liquid assets to cover its current indebtedness. At December 31, 2010, the Company had net capital of \$8,775 which was \$3,775 in excess of the amount required by the SEC.

3. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS AND INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION AND CONTROL REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3

The Company relies on Section K(2)(ii) of the Securities Exchange Rule 15c3-3 to exempt them from the provisions of these rules.

4. OFF BALANCE SHEET RISK

As discussed in Note 1, the Company does not hold customer segregated cash or securities balances. Transactions are processed by a clearing firm on a fully disclosed basis. In conjunction with this arrangement, the Company is contingently liable for any unsecured debit balances in the customer accounts introduced by the Company. These customer activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet credit risk in the event the introduced customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations. The Company seeks to control such credit risk by monitoring its exposure to the risk of loss daily, on an account-by-account basis. At December 31, 2010, the Company was not responsible for any unsecured debits and did not have any open positions in its trading accounts.

HANCOCK FINANCIAL, INC.

Supplemental Schedule Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to SEC Rule 15c3-1

December 31, 2010

	<i>Audited Financial Statements</i>	<i>FOCUS X-17A-5 Part IIA</i>	<i>Differences</i>
Total stockholder's equity	\$11,533	\$11,843	\$ (310)
Less non-allowable assets			
Deposits with clearing organization	-	10	10
Property and equipment	<u>2,758</u>	<u>2,757</u>	<u>(1)</u>
Net capital before haircuts on security positions	8,775	9,076	(301)
Less haircuts on security positions	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net capital	8,775	9,076	(301)
Minimum net capital required	<u>5,000</u>	<u>5,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 3,775</u>	<u>\$ 4,076</u>	<u>\$ (301)</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 5,467</u>	<u>\$ 2,867</u>	<u>\$2,600</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>0.62</u>	<u>0.32</u>	

Note: The differences between the net capital reported above and the net capital reported on form FOCUS X-17A-5 Part IIA as of December 31, 2010 result primarily from audit adjustments to accounts payable, accrued liabilities, and additional paid-in capital.

Independent Auditor's Report On Internal Control
Required by SEC Rule 17 a-5(g)(1)

Board of Directors
Hancock Financial, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary schedules of Hancock Financial, Inc. (the "Company") as of for the year ended December 31, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be a material weaknesses, as defined previously.

We understand that the practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boris & Farrington APC

San Diego, California
February 16, 2011

SIPC Supplemental Report

Board of Directors
Hancock Financial, Inc.

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2010, which were agreed to by Hancock Financial, Inc. (the "Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of Form SIPC-7. The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2010, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2010 noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Boros & Farnington APC

San Diego, California
February 16, 2011

HANCOCK FINANCIAL, INC.

**Determination of "SIPC Net Operating Revenues"
General Assessment
And Schedule of Payments
Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5(e)(4)**

Year Ended December 31, 2010

Total revenue	\$44,745
Deductions	<u>-</u>
SIPC net operating revenues	<u>\$44,745</u>
General assessment @ .0025	\$ 112
Less payments July 22, 2010	<u>(150)</u>
Overpayment carried forward	<u>\$ (38)</u>

HANCOCK FINANCIAL, INC.

**Financial Statements
And
Independent Auditor's Report
Year Ended December 31, 2010**