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UNITED STATES
[SECU]RITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL	
OMB Number:	3235-0123
Expires:	April 30, 2013
Estimated average burden hours per response......	12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC Mail Processing Section

FEB 28 2011

Washington, DC

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 68273

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/10 (MM/DD/YY) AND ENDING 12/31/10 (MM/DD/YY)

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: FOCUS SECURITIES LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

3353 PEACHTREE ROAD, NE, SUITE 1160
(No. and Street)

ATLANTA	GEORGIA	30326
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

JONATHAN WILFONG — 404-963-8252
(Area Code – Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

HABIF, AROGETI & WYNNE, LLP
(Name – *if individual, state last, first, middle name*)

FIVE CONCOURSE PARKWAY, SUITE 1000	ATLANTA	GEORGIA	30328
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- ☒ Certified Public Accountant
- ☐ Public Accountant
- ☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

**Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)*

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

KY 3/11

RB 3/16

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, JONATHAN WILFONG, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of FOCUS SECURITIES LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer, or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Signature

President

Title

Notary Public

RACHEL R. ALLEN
MY COMMISSION
NOTARY
PUBLIC
EXPIRES
04-08-2014
COBB COUNTY, GEORGIA

This report * contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ■ (a) Facing page.
- ■ (b) Statement of financial condition.
- ■ (c) Statement of income (loss).
- ■ (d) Statement of cash flows.
- ■ (e) Statement of changes in stockholders' equity or partners' or sole proprietor's capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors.
- ■ (g) Computation of net capital for brokers and dealers pursuant to Rule 15c3-1.
- ■ (h) Computation for determination of reserve requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information relating to the possession or control requirements for brokers and dealers under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 and the computation for determination of the reserve requirements under exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A reconciliation between the audited and unaudited statements of financial condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ■ (l) An oath or affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC supplemental report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- ■ (o) Independent auditor's report on internal control.
- ☐ (p) Schedule of segregation requirements and funds in segregation – customers' regulated commodity futures account pursuant to Rule 171-5.

** *For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).*

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC

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Certified Public Accountants and Business Advisors

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Member of
FOCUS Securities LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of FOCUS Securities LLC (a limited liability company) (the "Company") as of December 31, 2010, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of FOCUS Securities LLC as of December 31, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in pages 10 through 12 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Habif, Arogeti & Wynne, LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

February 24, 2011

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FOCUS SECURITIES LLC
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2010

ASSETS

Cash	$	49,384
Other assets		1,509
	$	50,893

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	$	7,411
Member's equity		43,482
	$	50,893

See accompanying notes

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC
STATEMENT OF INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Revenues	$ 2,830,118
Expenses	
Compensation and benefits	1,893,215
Firm assessments	878,566
Management fees	42,197
Occupancy	6,248
	2,820,226
Net income	$ 9,892

See accompanying notes

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY
DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Contributed Capital	Member's Deficit	Total
Balances, January 1, 2010	$ 36,300	$ (26,710)	$ 9,590
Contributions	24,000	-	24,000
Net income	-	9,892	9,892
Balances, December 31, 2010	$ 60,300	$ (16,818)	$ 43,482

See accompanying notes

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Cash flows from operating activities	
Net income	$ 9,892
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Change in operating assets and liabilities:	
Other assets	(1,028)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(3,442)
Total adjustments	(4,470)
Net cash provided by operating activities	5,422
Cash flows from financing activities	
Capital contributions received from member	24,000
Net increase in cash	29,422
Cash, beginning of the year	19,962
Cash, end of the year	$ 49,384

See accompanying notes

Note A
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations:

FOCUS Securities LLC (the "Company") was formed as a limited liability company in Georgia in March 2009. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of FOCUS, LLC (the "Sole Member") and is a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). The Company provides merger and acquisition advisory services to domestic and international companies and assists its clients in analyzing capitalization alternatives and arranging private placements of debt, equity and equity-related securities.

The current state of the economy and securities markets may have adverse implications to the financial services industry. The contraction of the economy and securities markets may also adversely affect the Company's future operations.

The Company does not maintain customer accounts.

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk Arising From Cash Deposits in Excess of Insured Limits:

The Company maintains cash balances at one financial institution that at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts. The Company believes it is not exposed to any significant risks on cash.

Revenue Recognition:

Investment banking revenues include fees earned from providing merger and acquisition and other advisory services to clients. Revenue is recognized when earned, which generally occurs as the services are performed or upon consummation of a transaction.

Income Taxes:

The Company is a single member limited liability company. The Company is a disregarded entity for tax purposes and does not file tax returns or pay income taxes. All income and losses are passed through to the sole member to be included on the sole member's tax return.

Due to a change in the applicable accounting standards, a tax benefit arising from an uncertain tax position can only be recognized for financial reporting purposes if, and to the extent that, the position is more likely than not to be sustained in an audit by the applicable taxing authority. There were no unrecognized tax benefits and related tax liabilities at December 31, 2010.

Note A
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fair Value:

In specific circumstances, certain assets and liabilities are reported or disclosed at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the Company's principal market for such transactions. If the Company has not established a principal market for such transactions, fair value is determined based on the most advantageous market.

Valuation inputs used to determine fair value are arranged in a hierarchy that categorizes the inputs into three broad levels, which are as follows:

- Level 1 inputs are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are directly or indirectly observable valuation inputs for the asset or liability, excluding Level 1 inputs.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments:

Substantially all of the Company's assets and liabilities are considered financial instruments. These assets and liabilities are carried at cost, which approximates their fair value because of the short term nature of these assets and liabilities.

Note B
Net Capital

The Company, as a registered broker-dealer in securities, is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires that minimum net capital, as defined, shall not be less than the greater of 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, or $5,000, and the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2010, the Company had net capital of $41,973, which was $36,973 in excess of its required net capital of $5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.18 to 1.

Note C
Exemption from Rule 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, accordingly, is not required to maintain a reserve account for the exclusive benefit of customers.

Note D
Related Party Transactions

Management Fees:

The Company pays a monthly management fee to the Sole Member equal to 90% of the Company's prior month net income, as defined in the management agreement. Management fees will be permanently reduced or waived for any month where necessary to ensure that adjusted net capital does not fall below 120% of the Company's minimum net capital requirement and/or the ratio of the Company's aggregated indebtedness to net capital does not exceed 120%. During the year ended December 31, 2010, management fees incurred were $42,197, of which $0 was outstanding at year end.

Allocated Expenses:

The Company has entered into an expense sharing agreement with the Sole Member. Under this agreement the Sole Member pays all indirect expenses of the Company as defined in the expense sharing agreement. These expenses are allocated to the Company in accordance with the terms of the agreement. During the year ended December 31, 2010, allocated expenses incurred were $19,839, of which $0 was outstanding at year end.

Firm Assessments:

The Company pays a firm assessment to the Sole Member of approximately 30% of the investment banking revenues received from completed merger and acquisition transactions and other advisory services performed. During the year ended December 31, 2010, firm assessments incurred were $878,566, of which $0 was outstanding at year end.

Note E
Concentrations

Significant Customers:

A significant customer is defined as one from whom at least 10% of annual revenue is derived. The Company had revenue from three customers totaling $1,965,495, which comprised approximately 69% of revenues for the year ended December 31, 2010. There was no accounts receivable from these three customers at December 31, 2010.

Note F
Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events through February 24, 2011, when these financial statements were available to be issued. The Company is not aware of any significant events that occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date but prior to the filing of this report that would have a material impact on the financial statements.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
DECEMBER 31, 2010

NET CAPITAL:	
Total member's equity	$ 43,482
Nonallowable assets	
Other assets	1,509
NET CAPITAL	$ 41,973
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT:	
Aggregate indebtedness	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	$ 7,411
Computation of basic net capital requirement	
Minimum net capital required (the greater of $5,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	$ 5,000
Capital in excess of minimum requirements	$ 36,973
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.18

See independent auditors' report

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC
RECONCILIATION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL
(RULE 15c3-1 PURSUANT TO RULE 17a-5(d)(4))
DECEMBER 31, 2010

	Net Capital	Aggregate Indebtedness	Percentage of Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital
Company's computation	$ 41,305	$ 8,079	20
Change in accrued expenses	668	(668)	
	$ 41,973	$ 7,411	18

See independent auditors' report

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC
COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
DECEMBER 31, 2010

Exemption under Rule 15c3-3, section (k)(2)(i) is claimed, as FOCUS Securities LLC does not hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers.

See independent auditors' report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

To the Member of
FOCUS Securities LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of FOCUS Securities LLC (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of FOCUS Securities LLC as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 24, 2011.

Material weakness:

The Company did not have adequate controls in place related to the review of expense sharing and management fee agreements with the Company's sole member to ensure that the effects of the agreement were properly accounted for on the books of the Company.

Corrective action:

The Company has put in place a control whereby all new agreements, as well as changes to existing agreements, are analyzed and reviewed by the FINOP of the Company, summarized as to the accounting effects of the agreement, and then submitted to the President and COO of the Company for final signoff and approval.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were not adequate at December 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives, as described in the preceding three paragraphs of this report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5(g)(1) FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the member, management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Atlanta, Georgia

February 24, 2011

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
DECEMBER 31, 2010

HA&W

HABIF, AROGETI & WYNNE, LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Business Advisors

HA&W
HABIF, AROGETI & WYNNE, LLP
Certified Public Accountants and Business Advisors

February 25, 2011

Writer's Direct Dial: (404) 814-4990
Fax No.: (404) 550-1439
Email: marc.welch@hawcpa.com

To the Member and Management of
FOCUS Securities LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of FOCUS Securities LLC (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13

2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's previously mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of FOCUS Securities LLC as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 24, 2011.

<u>Material weakness</u>:

The Company did not have adequate controls in place related to the review of expense sharing and management fee agreements with the Company's sole member to ensure that the effects of the agreement were properly accounted for on the books of the Company.

<u>Corrective action</u>:

The Company has put in place a control whereby all new agreements, as well as changes to existing agreements, are analyzed and reviewed by the FINOP of the Company, summarized as to the accounting effects of the agreement, and then submitted to the President and COO of the Company for final signoff and approval.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were not adequate at December 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives, as described in the preceding three paragraphs of this report.This report is intended solely for the information and use of the member, management, the SEC, FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Habif, Arogeti & Wynne, LLP

Atlanta, GA
February 25, 2011

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC

AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES REPORT RELATED TO THE SIPC GENERAL ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

DECEMBER 31, 2010

HA&W

HABIF, AROGETI & WYNNE, LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Business Advisors

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION

To the Member of
FOCUS Securities LLC

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended December 31, 2010, which were agreed to by FOCUS Securities LLC and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating FOCUS Securities LLC's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). FOCUS Securities LLC's management is responsible for FOCUS Securities LLC's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibilities of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entry noted below, noting no differences;

Payee	Date	Amount
Securities Investor Protection Corp.	January 21, 2011	$ 2,753
Securities Investor Protection Corp.	February 14, 2011	4,322
Total		$ 7,075

2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2010 as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year December 31, 2010, noting no differences;

3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no adjustments made;

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4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no adjustments and no differences; and

5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7T on which it was originally computed noting there was no overpayment applied.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of any opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Habif, Arogeti & Wynne, LLP

Atlanta, Georgia

February 24, 2011

FOCUS SECURITIES LLC
SCHEDULE OF ASSESSMENT AND PAYMENTS
GENERAL ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION (FORM SIPC-7)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

Revenues per Form X-17A-5	$ 2,830,118
Revenues per Form SIPC-7	2,830,118
Difference	$ -
Accrued assessment payments per Form X-17A-5	$ 7,075
Assessment payments made during 2011	7,075
Remaining amount due	$ -

See Agreed-Upon Procedures Report