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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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SEC Mail Processing Section
ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

~~FORM X-17A-5~~ FEB 28 2011

~~PART III~~

Washington, DC
110

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-53494

FACING PAGE

Information required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/10 AND ENDING 12/31/10
mm/dd/yy mm/dd/yy

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: **Catapult Advisors LLC**
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM I.D. NO.

135 Main Street, Suite 1300

(No. and Street)

San Francisco
(City)

California
(State)

94105
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Ron Lissak

415-593-4520

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose option is contained in this Report*

Ernst Wintter & Associates, Certified Public Accountants

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213
(Address)

Walnut Creek,
(City)

California
(State)

94596
(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United State or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

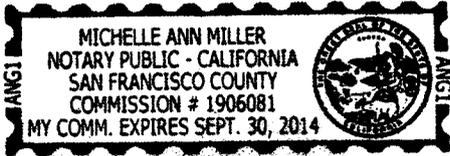
SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Ron Lissak, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Catapult Advisors LLC, as of December 31, 2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE



Handwritten signature of Ron Lissak

Signature

Managing Member

Title

Handwritten signature of Michelle Ann Miller

Notary Public

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Cash Flows.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirement Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
(o) Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Accounting Control.

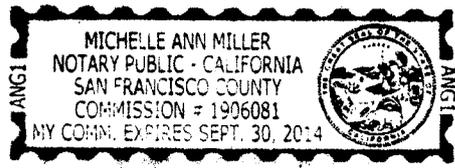
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

State of California
County of San Francisco } ss.

Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this 25th day of February, 2011 by Ron Matthew Ussak, proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidence to be the person(s) who appeared before me.

WITNESS my hand and official seal.

Signature Michelle Ann Miller (Seal)



Catapult Advisors LLC

December 31, 2010

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675 Ygnacio Valley Road, Suite B-213
Walnut Creek, CA 94596

(925) 933-2626
Fax (925) 944-6333

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members
Catapult Advisors LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Catapult Advisors LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2010 and the related statements of income, changes in members' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Catapult Advisors LLC as of December 31, 2010 and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II are presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

 + Associates

February 22, 2011

Catapult Advisors LLC

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2010

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 794,837
Securities owned, non-marketable	7,500
Accounts receivable	10,218
Prepaid expenses and other assets	33,775
Furniture and equipment, net of \$10,807 accumulated depreciation	1,817
Total Assets	\$ 848,147

Liabilities and Members' Equity	
Accounts payable	\$ 20,565
Commission payable	4,987
Accrued compensation	298,331
Total Liabilities	\$ 323,883

Members' Equity	
Class A, 715 units	190,912
Class B, 5,000 units	333,352
Total Members' Equity	524,264
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$ 848,147

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

Catapult Advisors LLC

Statement of Income

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Revenue	
Investment banking fees	\$ 1,317,441
Gain on sale of investment	73,886
Interest income	1,273
Total Revenue	1,392,600
Expenses	
Compensation	725,065
Rent	133,368
Professional fees	42,546
Research costs	21,278
Commission expense	4,987
Depreciation	1,526
Other operating expenses	72,869
Total Expenses	1,001,639
Net Income	\$ 390,961

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

Catapult Advisors LLC

Statement of Changes in Member's Equity

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	Class A	Class B	Total
December 31, 2009	\$ 141,673	\$ (35,870)	\$ 105,803
Sale of 250 units of membership interest		27,500	27,500
Net income	49,239	341,722	390,961
December 31, 2010	\$ 190,912	\$ 333,352	\$ 524,264

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

Catapult Advisors LLC

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Net income	\$ 390,961
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	
Depreciation	1,526
Gain on sale of investment	(73,886)
(Increase) decrease in:	
Certificate of deposit, restricted	57,668
Accounts receivable	(9,442)
Prepaid expenses and other assets	(22,092)
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	16,516
Commission payable	4,987
Accrued compensation	298,331
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	664,569
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Sale of preferred stock	66,835
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities	66,835
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	
Sale of 250 units of membership interest	27,500
Net Cash Used by Financing Activities	27,500
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	758,904
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	35,933
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 794,837
Non-cash investing and financing activities:	
Preferred stock received as payment on sale of stock	7,500

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

Catapult Advisors LLC

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

1. Organization

Catapult Advisors LLC (the "Company") was organized as a limited liability company in the State of Delaware on July 16, 2001 and was accepted as a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers on November 28, 2001. The Company engages in mergers and acquisition advisory services and capital raising services on a fee basis.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all demand deposits held in banks and certain highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, other than those held for sale in the ordinary course of business, to be cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable

The Company considers accounts receivable to be fully collectible, and accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been provided. Management reviews accounts receivable and sets up an allowance for doubtful accounts when collection of a receivable becomes unlikely.

Furniture and Equipment

Furniture and equipment are stated at cost. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from three to seven years.

Investment Banking Fees

Investment banking revenues are earned from providing private placement and merger and acquisition advisory services. Revenue is recognized when earned either by fee contract or the success of a predetermined specified event and the income is reasonably determinable.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates and may have an impact on future periods.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Unless otherwise indicated, the fair values of all reported assets and liabilities that represent financial instruments (none of which are held for trading purposes) approximate the carrying values of such amounts.

Income Taxes

The Company, a limited liability company, has elected to be taxed as a partnership under the Internal Revenue Code and a similar state statute. In lieu of income taxes, the Company passes 100% of its taxable income and expenses to its members. Therefore, no provision or liability for federal or state income taxes is included in these financial statements. However, the Company is subject to the annual California LLC tax of \$800 and a California LLC fee based on gross income.

Catapult Advisors LLC

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

3. Fair Value Measurements

The Fair Value Measurements Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to measurements involving significant unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

- | | |
|---------|--|
| Level 1 | Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access at the measurement date. |
| Level 2 | Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. |
| Level 3 | Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. |

Determination of Fair Value

Under the Fair Value Measurements Topic of the FASB Accounting Standards Codification, the Company bases its fair value on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between participants at the measurement date. It is the Company's policy to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when developing fair value measurements, in accordance with the fair value hierarchy. Fair value measurements for assets and liabilities where there exists limited or no observable market data and, therefore, are based primarily upon management's own estimates, are often calculated based on current pricing policy, the economic and competitive environment, the characteristics of the asset or liability and other such factors. Therefore, the results cannot be determined with precision and may not be realized in an actual sale or immediate settlement of the asset or liability. Additionally, there may be inherent weaknesses in any calculation technique, and changes in the underlying assumptions used, including discount rates and estimates of future cash flows, that could significantly affect the results of current or future value.

Following is a description of valuation methodologies used for assets and liabilities recorded at fair value and for estimating fair value for financial instruments not recorded at fair value:

Cash and cash equivalents, short-term financial instruments, accounts receivable and accounts payable

The carrying amounts approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

Investment in Securities

Fair values are based on quoted market prices when available. Fair value of the warrant receivable and the warrant held are based on the fair value of the underlying assets. When market prices are not available, fair value is generally estimated using a revenue analysis that incorporates current market inputs for similar financial instruments. In instances where there is little or no market activity for the same or similar instruments, the Company estimates fair value using methods, models and assumptions that the managing member believes market participants would use to determine a current transaction price. These valuation techniques involve a high level of the managing member's estimation and judgment which become significant with increasingly complex instruments or pricing models. Where appropriate, adjustments are included to reflect the risk inherent in a particular methodology, model or input used.

Catapult Advisors LLC

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

3. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Assets and Liabilities Measured and Recognized at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

The table below presents the amounts of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2010:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets at fair value:				
Preferred stock	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,500	\$ 7,500
Warrant	-	-	1	1
Warrant receivable	-	-	1	1
Total assets at fair value	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,502	\$ 7,502

Changes in instruments for the year ended December 31, 2010

The table below summarizes the activity for equity securities measured at fair value on a recurring basis for the year ended December 31, 2010:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total Equity Securities
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 449	\$ 449
Total gains or losses (realized/unrealized) in 2010	-	-	73,886	73,886
Transfers in	-	-	2	2
Transfers out	-	-	(66,835)	(66,835)
Total assets at fair value	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,502	\$ 7,502

4. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the Company to maintain a minimum net capital equal to or greater than \$5,000 and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not exceeding 15 to 1, both as defined. At December 31, 2010, the Company's net capital was \$470,954 which exceeded the requirement by \$449,362.

5. Risk Concentration

At various times during the year, the Company's cash in bank balances exceeded the FDIC insured limit. At December 31, 2010, the Company held deposits at a financial institution, which were in excess of applicable federal insurance limits by \$568,475.

Due to the nature of the private placement and merger and acquisition business, the Company's revenue during the period was generated from few customers. The Company earned 81% of its investment banking fee revenue from three customers.

6. Members

The Company has two classes of members, Class A and Class B. Both classes are entitled to share in the Company's net income and net loss in accordance with that member's percentage interest and have specified consent, approval and voting rights. Class A members are outside investors while Class B members are employed or formerly employed by the Company.

Catapult Advisors LLC

Notes to the Financial Statements

December 31, 2010

7. Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 22, 2011, the date which the financial statement became available to be issued.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Catapult Advisors LLC
Schedule I

**Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
of the Securities and Exchange Commission**

As of December 31, 2010

Net Capital	
Total members' equity	\$ 524,264
Less: Non-allowable assets	
Securities owned, non-marketable	7,500
Accounts receivable	10,218
Prepaid expenses and other assets	33,775
Furniture and equipment, net	1,817
Total non-allowable assets	53,310
Net Capital	\$ 470,954
Net minimum capital requirement of 6 2/3 % of aggregate	
indebtedness of \$323,883 or \$5,000, whichever is greater	21,592
Excess Net Capital	\$ 449,362

**Reconciliation with Company's Net Capital Computation
(Included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2010)**

Net Capital, as reported in Company's	
Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2010	\$ 778,745
Decrease in members' equity	(308,351)
Decrease in non-allowable assets	560
Net Capital Per Above Computation	\$ 470,954

See independent auditor's report and accompanying notes.

Catapult Advisors LLC
Schedule II

**Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under
Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

An exception from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(i). All customer transactions are processed in accordance with Rule 15c3-1(a)(2).

**Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under
Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commissions**

For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

An exception from Rule 15c3-3 is claimed, based upon section (k)(2)(i).

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

To the Members
Catapult Advisors LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Catapult Advisors LLC. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weakness, as defined above. This condition was considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2010, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 22, 2011.

The size of the business and the resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those internal control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the members, management, the SEC, the FINRA, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

 & Associates

February 22, 2011

SIPC Supplemental Report Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

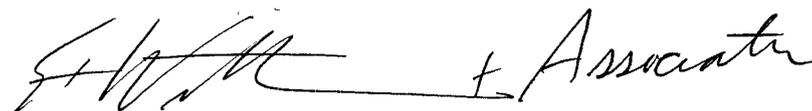
To the Members
Catapult Advisors LLC

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended December 31, 2010, which were agreed to by Catapult Advisors LLC (the "Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records entries noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2010, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the year ended December 31, 2010 noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7 on which it was originally computed noting no difference.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

 + Associates

February 22, 2011

General Assessment Reconciliation

For the fiscal year ended Dec 31, 2010
(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

053494 FINRA DEC
CATAPULT ADVISORS LLC 11*11
135 MAIN ST STE 1300
SAN FRANCISCO CA 94105-1816

Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.

Phil Wahl 415-593-4521

- 2. A. General Assessment (item 2e from page 2) ----- \$ ~~3,297~~ 3,297
- B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed (exclude interest) (1863.00)
- Date Paid _____
- C. Less prior overpayment applied (323)
- D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment) ~~1,111~~ 1,111
- E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for _____ days at 20% per annum
- F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward) \$ ~~1,111~~ 1,111
- G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:
 Check enclosed, payable to SIPC
 Total (must be same as F above) \$ ~~1,111~~ 1,111
- H. Overpayment carried forward \$(_____)

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

Dated the 22nd day of February, 2011.

Catapult Advisors, LLC

(Name of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)

[Signature]
(Authorized Signature)
Managing Member
(Title)

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

SIPC REVIEWER

Dates:
 Postmarked Received Reviewed

Calculations Documentation Forward Copy

Exceptions: _____

Disposition of exceptions: _____

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period
beginning Jan 1, 2010
and ending Dec 31, 2010
Eliminate cents

Item No.

2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)

\$ 1,392,600

2b. Additions:

- (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.
- (2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.
- (3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.
- (4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.
- (5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.
- (6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.
- (7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.

Total additions

2c. Deductions:

- (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.
- (2) Revenues from commodity transactions.
- (3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.
- (4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.
- (5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.
- (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.
- (7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).
- (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business.
(See Instruction C):

73,886

(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income. \$ _____

(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960). \$ _____

Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)

Total deductions

2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues

\$ ~~1,392,600~~ 1,318,714

2e. General Assessment @ .0025

\$ ~~3,291.50~~ 3,297

(to page 1, line 2.A.)

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ERNST WINTER & ASSOCIATES
Certified Public Accountants