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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5

PART III

FACING PAGE

OMB APPROVAL	
OMB Number:.....	3235-0123
Expires:.....	April 30, 2013
Estimated average burden hours per response	12.00

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-65342

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/10 AND ENDING 12/31/10
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Brown Advisory Securities, LLC
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
901 South Bond Street, Suite 400

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

(No. and Street)

Baltimore Maryland 21231
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

David M. Churchill 410-537-5414
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

KPMG LLP

(Name - if individual, state, last, first, middle name)

1 East Pratt Street Baltimore Maryland 21202
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240 17a-5(e)(2)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, David M. Churchill, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Brown Advisory Securities, LLC, as of December 31, 2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the Company, nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.

David M. Churchill

Chief Financial Officer
Title

Deborah L. Gallagher
Notary Public



Deborah L. Gallagher
Notary Public
Howard County
Maryland
My Commission Expires 2/23/2013

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



KPMG LLP
1 East Pratt Street
Baltimore, MD 21202-1128

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Member
Brown Advisory Securities, LLC:

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of Brown Advisory Securities, LLC (the Company) as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Brown Advisory Securities, LLC as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

KPMG LLP

February 25, 2011

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Statements of Financial Condition

December 31, 2010 and 2009

(In thousands)

Assets	2010	2009
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 4,254	2,617
Receivable from clearing organization	910	837
Receivable from Brown Investment Advisory & Trust Company (note 7)	—	10
Prepaid expenses and other assets	122	332
Investment securities at market value, cost of \$137 in 2010 and \$133 in 2009 (note 3)	142	139
Deferred tax asset (note 9)	744	547
Deposits with clearing organization (note 4)	105	104
	<u>\$ 6,277</u>	<u>4,586</u>
Liabilities and Member's Equity		
Accrued compensation	\$ 1,136	705
Payable to clearing organization	50	50
Payable to Brown Investment Advisory & Trust Company (note 7)	1,940	—
Accrued expenses and other payables	48	50
Total liabilities	<u>3,174</u>	<u>805</u>
Member's equity	<u>3,103</u>	<u>3,781</u>
	<u>\$ 6,277</u>	<u>4,586</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Statements of Operations

Years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

(In thousands)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Revenues:		
Asset based fees (note 10)	\$ 8,146	12,009
Commissions	4,844	5,068
Interest	250	298
Investment income, including realized and unrealized (losses) gains of \$(1) and \$9 in 2010 and 2009, respectively	9	17
	<u>13,249</u>	<u>17,392</u>
Operating expenses:		
Employee compensation and benefits	11,848	13,398
Service bureau	404	584
Occupancy and equipment	421	559
Promotional and travel	119	155
Communications	92	167
Other	1,461	1,192
	<u>14,345</u>	<u>16,055</u>
(Loss) income before income taxes	(1,096)	1,337
Income tax (benefit) expense (note 9)	(418)	585
Net (loss) income	<u>\$ (678)</u>	<u>752</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Statements of Changes in Member's Equity

Years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

(In thousands)

	<u>Capital contributions (distributions)</u>	<u>Cumulative (deficit) earnings</u>	<u>Total member's equity</u>
Balance at December 31, 2008	\$ 4,109	(530)	3,579
Distributions to member	(550)	—	(550)
Net income	—	752	752
Balance at December 31, 2009	3,559	222	3,781
Net loss	—	(678)	(678)
Balance at December 31, 2010	<u>\$ 3,559</u>	<u>(456)</u>	<u>3,103</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009

(In thousands)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net (loss) income	\$ (678)	752
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Realized and unrealized (losses) gains on investment securities	1	(9)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivable from/payable to clearing organization	(73)	287
Prepaid expenses and other assets	210	153
Deferred tax asset	(197)	(19)
Deposits with clearing organization	(1)	—
Accrued compensation	431	(222)
Due to/from Brown Investment Advisory & Trust Company, net	1,950	(1,152)
Accrued expenses and other payables	(2)	(93)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	<u>1,641</u>	<u>(303)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases of investment securities	(4)	(7)
Proceeds from sale of investment securities	—	501
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>(4)</u>	<u>494</u>
Cash flows used by financing activity:		
Distributions to member	—	(550)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	1,637	(359)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	<u>2,617</u>	<u>2,976</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$ 4,254</u>	<u>2,617</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2010 and 2009

(1) Organization and Nature of Business

Brown Advisory Securities, LLC (the Company) is a broker dealer registered under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company's sole member is Brown Advisory Holdings Incorporated (Holdings). The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation.

The Company introduces and forwards securities transactions on a fully disclosed basis to a carrying broker-dealer. The Company may be required to indemnify the carrying broker-dealer for losses resulting from the failure of the Company's customers to meet their obligations to pay for or deliver securities.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) *Commission Revenues and Related Expenses*

Commission revenues and related expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

(b) *Asset Based Fees*

Asset based fees are generally based on the market value of the assets under management and are determined on a quarterly basis.

(c) *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

The Company considers all investments in highly liquid debt instruments with maturities of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash equivalents are carried at amortized cost, which approximates market value.

(d) *Income Taxes*

The Company is included in the consolidated federal and state income tax returns filed by Holdings. Federal and state income taxes are calculated as if the Company filed on a separate return basis, and the amount of current tax or benefit calculated is either remitted to or received from Holdings.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases and operating loss and tax credit carryforwards. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. However, deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is more likely than not that they will be realized based on consideration of available evidence on a separate return basis. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income in the period that includes the enactment date.

The Company recognizes the effect of income tax positions only if those positions are more likely than not of being sustained. Recognized income tax positions are measured at the largest amount that is greater than 50% likely of being realized. Changes in recognition or measurement are reflected in the period in which the change in judgment occurs. The Company records interest related to unrecognized tax benefits in interest expense and penalties in other expense.

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2010 and 2009

(e) Investments

Marketable securities are stated at market value based on quoted market information.

(f) Stock-Based Compensation

The cost of employee services received in exchange for stock compensation is measured based on the grant-date fair value of the employee stock options. The Company recognizes compensation costs, based on grant-date fair value, for new grants of share-based awards and the remaining portion of the fair value of the unvested awards as of January 1, 2006. Share-based compensation costs included in net income amounted to \$463,000 and \$401,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

(g) Fair Value Measurements

The Company determines fair value based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability in the principal or most advantageous market. The Company's investments are valued based on quoted market prices in active markets (Level 1 inputs).

(h) Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires the Company to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the statement of financial condition and the amounts of revenues and expenses for the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

(3) Investment Securities

Investment securities at market value of \$142,000 and \$139,000 as of December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively, consisted of a mutual fund.

(4) Deposits with Clearing Organization

Deposits with clearing organization consisted primarily of money market funds at December 31, 2010 and 2009.

(5) Net Capital Requirement

The Company is required to comply with the uniform net capital rule of the Securities and Exchange Commission. This rule prohibits the Company from engaging in any securities transaction should its "aggregate indebtedness" exceed 15 times its "net capital," as those terms are defined in the rule at December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. This rule also requires that the Company maintain net capital of the greater of \$250,000 or 6.67% of aggregate indebtedness. In computing net capital, items not readily convertible into cash are excluded.

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2010 and 2009

A computation of the Company's aggregate indebtedness and net capital under the uniform net capital rule as of December 31, 2010 and 2009 is as follows (in thousands):

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	\$ 3,174	805
Net capital – total member's equity	3,103	3,781
Deductions/charges:		
Nonallowable assets:		
Receivable from clearing company	(336)	(340)
Prepaid expenses and other assets, other receivables, and deferred tax assets	(867)	(889)
Other deductions:		
Fidelity bond	(270)	(301)
Unsecured debits	(6)	—
Haircuts	(99)	(67)
Net capital	<u>1,525</u>	<u>2,184</u>
Minimum required net capital	<u>250</u>	<u>250</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 1,275</u>	<u>1,934</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	208%	37%
	or 2.08 to 1	0.37 to 1

There are no material differences between this computation and the amended computation filed by the Company on Securities and Exchange Commission Form X-17A-5 (FOCUS filing) as of December 31, 2010 and 2009.

(6) Schedules

No supporting schedules are included herewith since the information required under Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission is included in the notes to financial statements or is not applicable as the Company is claiming an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) from the requirements of computing the reserve requirements and presenting information for possession or control requirements there under.

(7) Related Party Transactions

Pursuant to an intercompany services agreement (Service Agreement) with Brown Investment Advisory & Trust Company (Trust), a wholly owned subsidiary of Holdings, Trust pays certain expenses for the Company and the Company is allocated certain operating expenses, including occupancy, communications and data processing, advertising and employee compensation and benefits. Management believes that the Service Agreement results in the Company recognizing costs as incurred and in amounts related to the Company's economic obligations. In addition, as compensation for referring clients to Trust, the Company is allocated a portion of fees earned by Trust. Revenues from asset-based fees included \$1,911,000 and \$1,414,000 in 2010 and 2009, respectively, related to these revenue sharing arrangements. The Company

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2010 and 2009

had a payable to Trust in the amount of \$1,940,000 at December 31, 2010, and a receivable from Trust in the amount of \$10,000 at December 31, 2009.

(8) Compensation Plans

The Board of Directors of Holdings has approved the issuance of options to purchase its common stock, the issuance of shares of common stock, and subordinated debentures convertible into its common stock, to certain key employees of the Company. Holdings made loans to the employees to fund the purchase of the common stock and debentures. In addition, Holdings made loans to certain employees pursuant to promissory notes upon the employees joining the Company. Compensation expense relating to loan forgiveness allocated to the Company by Holdings was \$498,000 and \$956,000 in 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Holdings has a deferred compensation plan for certain of its key executives and employees. Compensation expense allocated to the Company by Holdings was \$240,000 and \$219,000 in 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Options to purchase common stock of Holdings have a 10-year term and generally vest over a graded schedule of up to 5 years from the grant date. The fair value of each option award is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model using the assumptions in the following table. The Company uses historical data to estimate the expected term of the option, such as option exercise and post-vesting departure behavior. The risk-free rate for the expected term of the option is based on the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant. The Company estimates its stock volatility by taking the average of the stock volatilities of a selected peer group of public asset management companies.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Valuation assumptions:		
Expected dividend yield	0%	0%
Expected volatility	36.00%	37.00%
Expected term (years)	7.00	7.00
Risk-free interest rate	3.26%	3.07%

The weighted average grant date fair value of options granted during the years 2010 and 2009 was \$41.52 and \$38.92, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised during the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009 was \$903,000 and \$294,000, respectively.

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2010 and 2009

Stock option activity during the periods indicated is as follows:

	<u>Number of options</u>		<u>Weighted average exercise price</u>
Balance at December 31, 2008	147,512	\$	51.77
Granted	9,650		93.75
Exercised	(5,400)		(39.22)
Forfeited	(650)		(68.32)
Expired	—		—
	<hr/>		
Balance at December 31, 2009	151,112		54.75
Granted	14,950		95.00
Exercised	(16,870)		(41.46)
Forfeited	(5,410)		(76.09)
Expired	—		—
	<hr/>		
Balance at December 31, 2010	<u>143,782</u>		59.69
Exercisable at December 31, 2010	97,262		44.83

The weighted average remaining contractual term of options outstanding and options currently exercisable is 5.0 and 3.6 years, respectively.

The total compensation cost for options recognized was \$463,000 and \$401,000 in 2010 and 2009, respectively. At December 31, 2010, there was \$1,095,000 of total unrecognized compensation cost related to nonvested option awards. That cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.7 years.

(9) Income Taxes

Income tax (benefit) expense was \$(418,000) and \$585,000 for the years ended December 31, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The 2010 and 2009 income tax (benefit) expense differed from the amounts computed by applying the U.S. federal income tax rate of 34% to pretax income as a result of the following (in thousands):

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Expected tax (benefit) expense at 34% tax rate	\$ (373)	454
Increase (reduction) in income taxes resulting from:		
Incentive stock option expense	32	67
Disqualifying stock option dispositions	(51)	(8)
50% meals and entertainment disallowance	13	15
State income taxes, net of federal income tax benefit	(61)	76
Other	22	(19)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total tax (benefit) expense	<u>\$ (418)</u>	<u>585</u>

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2010 and 2009

Income tax (benefit) expense for the year ended December 31 consists of:

	<u>Current</u>	<u>Deferred</u>	<u>Total</u>
2010:			
Federal	\$ (221)	(105)	(326)
State	—	(92)	(92)
	<u>\$ (221)</u>	<u>(197)</u>	<u>(418)</u>
2009:			
Federal	\$ 485	(15)	470
State	119	(4)	115
	<u>\$ 604</u>	<u>(19)</u>	<u>585</u>

Deferred tax assets are comprised of the following at December 31, 2010 and 2009 (in thousands):

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Deferred tax assets:		
Deferred compensation	\$ 178	214
Employee loan forgiveness	249	197
Stock option expense	320	172
Other	35	—
Gross deferred tax assets	<u>782</u>	<u>583</u>
Deferred tax liability – prepaid expenses	<u>(38)</u>	<u>(36)</u>
Net deferred tax asset	<u>\$ 744</u>	<u>547</u>

In assessing the realizability of deferred tax assets, management considers whether it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized. The ultimate realization of deferred tax assets is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income during the periods in which those temporary differences become deductible. Management considers the scheduled reversal of deferred tax liabilities, projected future taxable income and tax planning strategies in making this assessment. Based upon the level of historical taxable income and projections for future taxable income over the periods in which the deferred tax assets are deductible, management believes it is more likely than not that the Company will realize the benefits of these deductible differences.

(10) Asset Based Fees

Effective June 30, 2009, the largest producer of the Company terminated employment and his managed accounts ceased producing asset based fees for the Company. Asset based fees related to the producer included in the statements of operations were approximately \$4,420,000 in 2009.

BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2010 and 2009

(11) Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated subsequent events from the balance sheet date through February 25, 2011, the date at which the financial statements were issued, and determined there are no other items to disclose.



KPMG LLP
1 East Pratt Street
Baltimore, MD 21202-1128

**Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on
Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5**

The Member
Brown Advisory Securities, LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Brown Advisory Securities, LLC (the Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.



A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the member and management of the Company, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

KPMG LLP

February 25, 2011



BROWN ADVISORY SECURITIES, LLC

Financial Statements

**(Together with Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm
on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5)**

December 31, 2010 and 2009

(With Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm Thereon)