

Muto, Vollucci & Co., Ltd.

Certified Public Accountants

Warwick, Rhode Island

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

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Washington, DC
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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/10 AND ENDING 12/31/10
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
200 EAST RANDOLPH STREET, SUITE 2100

(No. and Street)

CHICAGO

ILLINOIS

60601

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

RICHARD RICE

312-640-0480

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

RAVID & BERNSTEIN LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

230 WEST MONROE STREET, SUITE 330

CHICAGO

ILLINOIS

60606

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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JD
3/14/11

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, RICHARD RICE, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION, as of DECEMBER 31, 20 10, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Richard Rice
Signature
Pres
Title

Michelle L. Scaletta
Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

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MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND INDEPENDENT
AUDITORS' REPORTS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Board of Directors
March Capital Corporation
Chicago, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of March Capital Corporation (an S corporation) as of December 31, 2010, and the related statements of operations and changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of March Capital Corporation as of December 31, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on page 10 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Ravid & Bernstein LLP

February 25, 2011

MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2010

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 13,112	
Commissions and fees receivable	53,880	
Miscellaneous receivables	<u>6,748</u>	
		<u>\$ 73,740</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities:

Illinois replacement tax	2,630	
Payroll taxes	187	
SIPC Assessment	<u>940</u>	
		\$ 3,757

Stockholder's Equity:

Common stock, \$10 par value, 200 shares authorized; 100 shares issued	1,000	
Additional paid-in capital	6,217	
Retained earnings	<u>62,766</u>	
		<u>69,983</u>
		<u>\$ 73,740</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

FEE AND COMMISSION INCOME		\$ 740,812
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Salaries:		
Officer/stockholder	\$ 13,973	
Other	455,906	
Payroll taxes and benefits	<u>37,222</u>	
	507,101	
Bank charges	582	
Communications	5,484	
Entertainment/promotion	14,652	
Illinois replacement tax	2,214	
Insurance	350	
Office expense	1,037	
Outside services	11,526	
Parking/transportation	867	
Postage and delivery	639	
Professional fees	8,904	
Regulatory and other fees	13,528	
Repairs and maintenance	423	
Travel	<u>792</u>	
		<u>568,099</u>
NET INCOME		<u>\$ 172,713</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Additional</u>	<u>Retained</u>	<u>Total</u>
	<u>No. of</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Paid-in</u>	<u>Earnings</u>	
	<u>Shares</u>		<u>Capital</u>		
Balance, December 31, 2009	100	\$ 1,000	\$ 6,217	\$ 67,259	\$ 74,476
Net income				172,713	172,713
Stockholder distributions				(177,206)	(177,206)
Balance, December 31, 2010	<u>100</u>	<u>\$ 1,000</u>	<u>\$ 6,217</u>	<u>\$ 62,766</u>	<u>\$ 69,983</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

OPERATIONS:

Net income \$ 172,713

Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash
provided by operations:

Changes in operating assets and liabilities:

Decrease in commissions and fees receivable 3,750

Increase in taxes payable 216

Net cash provided by operations \$ 176,679

FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Stockholder distributions (177,206)

NET DECREASE IN CASH (527)

CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR 13,639

CASH, END OF YEAR \$ 13,112

SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW DISCLOSURE:

Cash paid during the year for Illinois replacement tax \$ 2,984

Cash paid during the year for interest \$ -

See Notes to Financial Statements.

MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Nature of Operations:

March Capital Corp. (Company) is an Illinois corporation registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The Company's revenue consists primarily of fees and commissions for raising funds invested in managed accounts in the alternative strategies sector, and private placements and offerings devoted substantially to start-up and early stage business ventures. The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

a. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

b. Financial Instruments:

The Company's financial instruments are cash, accounts receivable and accounts payable, for which recorded values approximate fair values based on their short-term nature.

c. Cash and Cash Equivalents:

The Company presently maintains its cash in a bank checking account insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. The insurance coverage on checking accounts is currently unlimited.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid investments purchased with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

d. Commissions and Fees Receivable:

Management believes that, based on industry practice and collection history, the balance of commissions and fees receivable at December 31, 2010 is collectible in full, and accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

e. Income Taxes:

Since the Company has elected to be taxed as an "S Corporation", there is no federal income tax at the corporate level. Income flows through, and is taxed to the sole stockholder. The Company is subject to Illinois replacement tax.

MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

f. Management's Review of Subsequent Period:

Management has evaluated subsequent events through February 25, 2011, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

3. Net Capital Requirements:

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2010, the Company had net capital of \$9,355, which was \$4,355 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 0.40 to 1 at December 31, 2010.

4. Significant Clients:

Two clients accounted for approximately 78% of total revenue during 2010. The balance receivable from one of those clients represented approximately 84% of total commissions and fees receivable at December 31, 2010.

MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C 3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

DECEMBER 31, 2010

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	\$ 69,983
Deductions for non-allowable assets:	
Non-allowable receivables	<u>(60,628)</u>
NET CAPITAL	9,355
Minimum capital requirement	<u>5,000</u>
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	<u>\$ 4,355</u>
NET CAPITAL LESS 120% OF MINIMUM CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	<u>\$ 3,355</u>

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 3,757</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to Net Capital	0.40 to 1

Note: The above information on this schedule is in agreement, in all material respects, with the unaudited FOCUS report, Part II, filed by the Company as of December 31, 2010.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17A-5

Mr. Richard J. Rice
March Capital Corporation

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of March Capital Corporation (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting, including control activities for safeguarding securities, as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the NYSE Arca, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ravid & Bernstein LLP

February 25, 2011

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MARCH CAPITAL CORPORATION

FORM SIPC-7: GENERAL ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION
(With Accountants' Report Thereon)

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2010

**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON PROCEDURES
RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT RECONCILIATION**

Mr. Richard Rice
March Capital Corporation

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule II- Assessment and Payments [General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, which were agreed to by March Capital Corporation (the Company) and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., SIPC, and other examining authorities, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating the Company's compliance with the applicable instructions of the General Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7 with respective cash disbursement records, noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2010, as applicable, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7 for the twelve months ended December 31, 2010, noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7 with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7 and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7T on which it was originally computed, noting no differences (if applicable).

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Ravid & Bernstein LLP

February 25, 2011

DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES" AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT

Amounts for the fiscal period
beginning JAN. 1, 2010
and ending DEC. 31, 2010
Eliminate cents

Item No.	
2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12/Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)	\$ <u>740,812.</u>
2b. Additions:	
(1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.	_____
(2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.	_____
(3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.	_____
(4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.	_____
(5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.	_____
(6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.	_____
(7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.	_____
Total additions	_____
2c. Deductions:	
(1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.	_____
(2) Revenues from commodity transactions.	_____
(3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.	_____
(4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.	_____
(5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.	_____
(6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.	_____
(7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).	_____
(8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business. (See Instruction C):	_____
(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22/PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.	\$ _____
(ii) 40% of margin interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).	\$ _____
Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)	_____
Total deductions	_____
2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues	\$ <u>740,812.</u>
2e. General Assessment @ .0025	\$ <u>1,852.</u>

(to page 1 but not less than \$150 minimum)