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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

FEB 25 2011

Washington, DC
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8- 34937

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2010 AND ENDING December 31, 2010
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Lam Securities Investments, Inc. dba
LAM Securities Investments
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
2099 Lake Street

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

San Francisco California 94104
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Dick Lam (415) 398-6181
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Breard & Associates, Inc. Certified Public Accountants

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170 Northridge California 91324
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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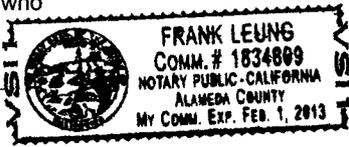
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Dick Lam, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Lam Securities Investments, Inc., as of December 31, 2010, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

State of CALIFORNIA
County of SAN FRANCISCO
Subscribed and sworn to (or affirmed) before me on this 8th day of FEB, 2011 by DICK LAM proved to me on the basis of satisfactory evidences to be the person who appeared before me.

Signature [Handwritten Signature]
Title CEO

[Handwritten Signature]
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



BREARD & ASSOCIATES, INC.
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
Lam Securities Investments, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Lam Securities Investments, Inc. (the Company) as of December 31, 2010, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as of December 31, 2010, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 7 to the financial statements, the Company has suffered losses from operations and minimal revenue which raises substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans in regard to these matters are also described in Note 7. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, and III is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Breard & Associates, Inc.
Certified Public Accountants

Oakland, California

February 21, 2011

9221 Corbin Avenue, Suite 170, Northridge, California 91324
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Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2010

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 30,688
Deposit with clearing organization	23,359
Investments, at market value	875
Furniture, equipment, and leaseholds, net	<u>55,852</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 110,774</u></u>

Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity

Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 823
Payroll taxes payable	<u>658</u>
Total liabilities	1,481

Commitments and contingencies

Stockholder's equity

Common stock, no par value, 10,000 shares authorized, 5,555 shares issued and outstanding	295,296
Additional paid-in capital	304,954
Accumulated deficit	<u>(490,957)</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>109,293</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u><u>\$ 110,774</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Statement of Operations
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Revenues

Commissions income	\$ 13,418
Management fees	11,295
Interest and dividend income	24
Net investment gains (losses)	<u>(2,865)</u>
Total revenues	21,872

Expenses

Employee compensation and benefits	12,174
Commissions, trading fees, and floor brokerage	2,677
Communications	1,944
Other operating expenses	<u>27,220</u>
Total expenses	<u>44,015</u>

Net income (loss) before income tax provision (22,143)

Income tax provision 800

Net income (loss) \$ (22,943)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 295,296	\$ 287,854	\$ (468,014)	\$ 115,136
Proceeds from paid-in capital	-	17,100	-	17,100
Net income (loss)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(22,943)</u>	<u>(22,943)</u>
Balance at December 31, 2010	<u>\$ 295,296</u>	<u>\$ 304,954</u>	<u>\$ (490,957)</u>	<u>\$ 109,293</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Cash flow from operating activities:		
Net income (loss)		\$ (22,943)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:		
Depreciation expense	\$ 1,626	
(Increase) decrease in assets:		
Deposit with clearing organization	31,476	
Investments, at market value	2,865	
Increase (decrease) in liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>97</u>	
Total adjustments		<u>36,064</u>
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) operating activities		13,121
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing activities		-
Cash flow from financing activities:		
Proceeds from paid-in capital	<u>17,100</u>	
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) financing activities		<u>17,100</u>
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		30,221
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		<u>467</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year		<u><u>\$ 30,688</u></u>

Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:		
Interest	\$	-
Income taxes	\$	800

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2010

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Lam Securities Investments, Inc. (the "Company") is a California corporation incorporated on November 17, 1994 and began operations on January 1, 1995. The Company operates as a registered broker/dealer in securities under the provision of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA"), the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"), and the Municipal Securities Rulemaking Board ("MSRB").

The Company is engaged in business as a securities broker-dealer, which provides several classes of services, including mutual fund retailer. The Company is also a municipal securities broker and is engaged in the retail sale of corporate securities.

Under its membership agreement with FINRA and pursuant to Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), the Company conducts business on a fully disclosed basis and does not execute or clear securities transactions for customers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the requirement of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 pertaining to the possession or control of customer assets and reserve requirements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

For purposes relating to the statement of cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months, that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

Securities transactions are recorded on a settlement date basis, except for proprietary transactions, commission revenues and the related expenses which are recorded on a trade date basis. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require transactions to be recorded on a trade date basis, however there is no material difference between trade date and settlement date for the Company.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2010

Note 1: GENERAL AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES
(Continued)

The Company has adopted FASB ASC 320, Investments — Debt and Equity Securities. As such, marketable securities held by the Company are classified as trading securities and stated at their fair market value based on quoted market prices. Realized gains or losses from the sale of marketable securities are computed based on specific identification of historical cost. Unrealized gains or losses on marketable securities are computed based on specific identification of recorded cost, with the change in fair value during the period included in income.

Furniture, equipment, and leaseholds are stated at cost. Repairs and maintenance to these assets are charged to expense as incurred; major improvements enhancing the function and/or useful life are capitalized. When items are sold or retired, the related cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and any gains or losses arising from such transactions are recognized.

The Company has elected to be an S Corporation and accordingly has its income taxed under Section 1361-1379 of the Internal Revenue Code. Subchapter S of the Code provides that in lieu of corporate income taxes, the stockholders are taxed on the Company's taxable income. Therefore, no provision or liability for Federal Income Taxes is included in these financial statements. The State of California has similar regulations, although there exists a provision for a minimum franchise tax and a tax rate of 1.5% over the minimum franchise fee of \$800.

The Company has elected to report the statement of changes in stockholder's equity without disclosing the accumulated adjustment account and other equity accounts pertinent to an S Corporation. There is no financial impact to these financial statements.

Certain prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation. These changes had no material impact on previously reported results of operations or stockholder's equity.

Note 2: DEPOSIT WITH CLEARING ORGANIZATION

The Company has a brokerage agreement with Sterne Agee ("Clearing Broker") to carry its account and the accounts of its clients as customers of the Clearing Broker. This Clearing Broker has custody of the Company's cash balances which serve as collateral for any amounts due to the Clearing Broker as well as collateral for securities sold short or securities purchased on margin. Interest is paid monthly on these cash deposits at the average overnight repurchase rate. The balance at December 31, 2010 was \$23,359.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2010

Note 3: INVESTMENTS, AT MARKET VALUE

Investments, at market value consist of corporate stocks. As discussed in Note 1, marketable securities held by the Company are classified as trading securities and stated at their fair market value based on quoted market prices. At December 31, 2010 these securities are carried at their fair market value of \$875. The accounting for the mark-to-market on proprietary trading is included in the Statement of Operations as net investment losses of \$2,865.

Note 4: FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT, AND LEASEHOLDS, NET

Furniture, equipment, and leaseholds are recorded net of accumulated depreciation and summarized by major classifications as follows:

		Useful Life
Automobile	\$ 34,658	5
Furniture and fixtures	53,014	5-7
Leashold improvements	<u>63,398</u>	39
	151,070	
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(95,218)</u>	
Furniture, equipment, and leaseholds, net	<u>\$ 55,852</u>	

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2010, was \$1,626.

Note 5: INCOME TAXES

As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 1), the Company has elected the S Corporate tax status, therefore no federal income tax provision is provided. The tax provision provided is the California minimum franchise tax of \$800.

As discussed in the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Note 1), the Company has elected the S Corporate Tax Status. Accordingly, no federal income tax provision is included in these financial statements. The states in which the Company conducts business have similar regulations which provide that the net income of the company is taxed at the individual shareholder level. The \$800 tax provision included in these financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2010 is the California minimum franchise tax.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2010

Note 6: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT - ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

On January 1, 2009, the Company adopted FASB ASC 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and establishes a fair value hierarchy which prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market. Valuation techniques that are consistent with the market, income or cost approach, as specified by FASB ASC 820, are used to measure fair value.

The fair value hierarchy prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels:

Level 1 - inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities the Company has the ability to access.;

Level 2 - inputs are inputs (other than quoted prices included within level 1) that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. ;

Level 3 - are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability and rely on management's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability. (The unobservable inputs should be developed based on the best information available in the circumstances and may include the Company's own data.)

The following table presents the Company's fair value hierarchy for those assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2010.

Assets	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Level 1 Inputs</u>	<u>Level 2 Inputs</u>	<u>Level 3 Inputs</u>
Investments, at market value	\$ 875	\$ 875	\$ -	\$ -
Total	<u>\$ 875</u>	<u>\$ 875</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2010

Note 6: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT - ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

(Continued)

Liabilities	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Level 1 Inputs</u>	<u>Level 2 Inputs</u>	<u>Level 3 Inputs</u>
Liabilities	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Note 7: SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Company has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date for items requiring recording or disclosure in the financial statements. The evaluation was performed through February XX, 2011, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Based upon this review the Company reported that subsequent to year-end it distributed \$20,000 to its shareholder as a return of capital. These financial statements do not contain any adjustment for this amount. Other than the aforementioned distribution, there were no other events which took place that would have a material impact on the financial statements.

Note 8: CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event counter-parties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

Note 9: COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Going-Concern

The Company had little activity for the year ended December 31, 2010. This inactivity has resulted in substantial operating losses which bring into question the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. To provide needed liquidity, the shareholder will continue to capitalize the Company to fund its continuing operations.

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2010

Note 10: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board (the “FASB”) issued a new professional standard in June of 2009 which resulted in a major restructuring of U.S. accounting and reporting standards. The new professional standard, issued as ASC 105 (“ASC 105”), establishes the Accounting Standards Codification (“Codification or ASC”) as the source of authoritative accounting principles (“GAAP”) recognized by the FASB. The principles embodied in the Codification are to be applied by nongovernmental entities in the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States. Rules and interpretive releases of the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) issued under authority of federal securities laws are also sources of GAAP for SEC registrants. Existing GAAP was not intended to be changed as a result of the Codification, and accordingly the change did not impact the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ending December 31, 2010, various Accounting Standard Updates (“ASU”) issued by the FASB were either newly issued or had effective implementation dates that would require their provisions to be reflected in the financial statements for the year then ended. The Company has reviewed the following ASU releases to determine relevance to the Company’s operations:

<u>ASC No.</u>	<u>Title</u>	<u>Effective Date</u>
2009-01	The FASB Accounting Standards Codification and the Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (ASC 105) - a Replacement of FASB Statement No. 162	After September 15, 2009
2010-06	Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (ASC 820): Improving Disclosures about Fair Value Measurements	After December 15, 2009
2010-09	Subsequent Events (ASC 855): Amendments to Certain Recognition and Disclosure Requirements	After February 24, 2010
2009-16	Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets (ASC 860) - an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 140	After November 15, 2009
2009-17	Accounting for Transfers of Financial Assets – an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 140	After November 15, 2009

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2010

Note 10: RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS
(Continued)

The Company has either evaluated or is currently evaluating the implications, if any, of each of these pronouncements and the possible impact they may have on the Company's financial statements. In most cases, management has determined that the pronouncement has either limited or no application to the Company and, in all cases, implementation would not have a material impact on the financial statements taken as a whole.

Note 11: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change day to day, but on December 31, 2010, the Company had net capital of \$53,314 which was \$48,314 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000; and the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness (\$1,481) to net capital was 0.03 to 1, which is less than the 15 to 1 maximum allowed.

Note 12: RECONCILIATION OF AUDITED NET CAPITAL TO UNAUDITED FOCUS

There is a difference of \$1 between the computation of net capital under net capital SEC. Rule 15c3-1 and the corresponding unaudited FOCUS part IIA.

Net capital per unaudited schedule	\$	53,313
Adjustments:		
Accumulated deficit	\$	(1,626)
Non-allowable assets		<u>1,627</u>
Total adjustments		<u>1</u>
Net capital per audited statements	\$	<u><u>53,314</u></u>

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Requirements
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1
As of December 31, 2010

Computation of net capital

Common stock	\$ 295,296	
Additional paid-in capital	304,954	
Accumulated deficit	<u>(490,957)</u>	
Total stockholder's equity		\$ 109,293
Less: Non-allowable assets		
Furniture, equipment, and leaseholds, net	<u>(55,852)</u>	
Total non-allowable assets		<u>(55,852)</u>
Net capital before haircuts		53,441
Less: Haircuts on securities		
Haircut on marketable securities	<u>(127)</u>	
Total haircuts on securities		<u>(127)</u>
Net Capital		53,314
Computation of net capital requirements		
Minimum net capital requirements		
6 2/3 % of net aggregate indebtedness	\$ 99	
Minimum dollar net capital required	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	
Net capital required (greater of above)		<u>(5,000)</u>
Excess net capital		<u>\$ 48,314</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.03 : 1	

There was a difference of \$1 between net capital computation shown here and the net capital computation shown on the Company's unaudited Form X-17A-5 report dated December 31, 2010. See Note 12.

See independent auditor's report

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Schedule II - Computation for Determining of Reserve
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2010

A computation of reserve requirements is not applicable to Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

See independent auditor's report

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Schedule III - Information Relating to Possession or Control
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
As of December 31, 2010

Information relating to possession or control requirements is not applicable to Lam Securities Investments, Inc. as the Company qualifies for exemption under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii).

See independent auditor's report

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Supplementary Accountant's Report
on Internal Accounting Control
Report Pursuant to 17a-5
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010

Board of Directors

Lam Securities Investments, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Lam Securities Investments, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgements by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Breard & Associates, Inc.

Certified Public Accountants

Oakland, California
February 21, 2011

SEC Mail Processing
Section

FEB 25 2011

Washington, DC
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Lam Securities Investments, Inc.
Report Pursuant to Rule 17a-5 (d)
Financial Statements
For the Year Ended December 31, 2010