

AB
2/28

SEC Mail Processing
Section

FEB 24 2011

Washington, DC
110

KH
2/25



11015741

U.S. SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

Annual Audited Report
Form X-17A-5
Part III

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers
Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities
Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

SEC FILE
8-67347

Report for the Period Beginning January 1, 2010 and Ending December 31, 2010

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

OFFICIAL USE
ONLY

Manor House Capital, LLC

ADDRESS OR PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS:

One Commerce Square
2005 Market Street, 8th Floor, Suite 820
Philadelphia, PA 19103

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Samuel Jacobs (215) 496-2635

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

Independent Public Accountant (Whose opinion is contained in this Report)

ParenteBeard LLC
Cherry Tree Corporate Center
535 Route 38, Suite 400
Cherry Hill, NJ 08002

CHECK ONE:

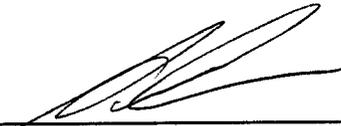
- Certified Public Accountant
Public Account
Accountant not resident in United States
Or any of its possessions

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

KH
2/28

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Samuel Jacobs, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Manor House Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2010 are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer, or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.



Samuel Jacobs, Managing Member

Subscribed and sworn
to before me this
23 day of February, 2011



STEVEN TURKHEIMER

NOTARY PUBLIC OF NEW JERSEY
My Commission Exp. June 26, 2015

This report contains (check all applicable boxes):

- x (a) Facing page
- x (b) Statement of financial condition
- x (c) Statement of income
- x (d) Statement of cash flows
- x (e) Statement of changes in member's equity
- (f) Statement of changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors
- x (g) Computations of net capital for brokers and dealers pursuant to Rule 15c3-1
- (h) Computation for determination of reserve requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
- (i) Information relating to the possession or control requirements for brokers and dealers under Rule 15c3-3
- (j) A reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 and the computation for determination of the reserve requirements under exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3
- (k) A reconciliation between the audited and unaudited statements of financial condition with respect to methods of consolidation
- x (l) An oath or affirmation
- (m) A copy of the SIPC supplemental report
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit
- x (o) Independent auditors' report on internal accounting control
- (p) Schedule of segregation requirements and funds in segregation – customers' regulated commodity futures account pursuant to Rule 171-5



ParenteBeard

CONFIDENCE THROUGH CLARITY

Manor House Capital, LLC

Financial Statements and
Supplementary Information

December 31, 2010

SEC Mail Processing
Section

FEB 24 2011

Washington, DC
110

Table Of Contents

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	2
Financial Statements:	
Statement Of Financial Condition	3
Statement Of Income	4
Statement Of Changes In Member's Equity	5
Statement Of Cash Flows	6
Notes To Financial Statements	7
Supplementary Information,	
Computation Of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 Of The Securities And Exchange Commission – December 31, 2010	10
Internal Control Report,	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17A-5	11

Independent Auditors' Report

Member
Manor House Capital, LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Manor House Capital, LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2010 and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the audited financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Manor House Capital, LLC as of December 31, 2010, and the results of its operations, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
February 21, 2011

Manor House Capital, LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2010

Assets

Cash	\$ 23,953
Accounts receivable	17,716
Receivable - other	<u>1,289</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 42,958</u>

Liabilities and Member's Equity

Liabilities,	
Accounts payable	<u>\$ 1,674</u>
Total liabilities	1,674
Member's Equity	<u>41,284</u>
Total Liabilities and Member's Equity	<u>\$ 42,958</u>

Manor House Capital, LLC

Statement Of Income

Year Ended December 31, 2010

Revenue

Commissions - insurance products \$ 79,635

Expenses:

Occupancy 3,000

Other expenses 41,091

Total Operating Expenses 44,091

Net Income

\$ 35,544

See Notes to Financial Statements

Manor House Capital, LLC

Statement Of Changes In Member's Equity

Year Ended December 31, 2010

Member's Equity - Beginning Of Year	\$ 21,740
Net Income	35,544
Member Capital Contributions	10,000
Member Distributions	<u>(26,000)</u>
Member's Equity - End Of Year	<u>\$ 41,284</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

Manor House Capital, LLC**Statement Of Cash Flows**

Year Ended December 31, 2010

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:

Net income	\$ 35,544
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
(Increase) decrease in operating assets,	
Net receivables from insurance carriers	(14,950)
Receivable - other	(1,289)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities,	
Accounts payable	<u>1,509</u>
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	<u>20,814</u>

Cash Flows From Financing Activities,

Member contributions	10,000
Member distributions	<u>(26,000)</u>
Net Cash Used In Financing Activities	<u>(16,000)</u>

Net Increase In Cash	4,814
Cash, Beginning	<u>19,139</u>
Cash, Ending	<u>\$ 23,953</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

Manor House Capital, LLC

Notes To Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2010

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

1. Nature Of Operations And Summary Of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature Of Business

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the SEC and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA). The broker-dealer's primary source of revenues consists of commissions received on the sale of life insurance and annuity products to high net worth individuals, families and institutions.

The Company adopted a new accounting standard "Subsequent Events" as of December 31, 2009. This standard establishes general standards of accounting for and disclosure of events that occur after the balance sheet date but before financial statements are issued or are available to be issued. The adoption of this standard did not have a material effect on the Company's financial statements. Subsequent events have been evaluated for recognition or disclosure through February 21, 2011, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Method Of Accounting

The Company maintains its books and records and files its tax returns on the accrual basis of accounting. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared on that basis, in which revenue and gains are recognized when earned and expenses and losses are recognized when incurred.

Revenue Recognition

Commission revenue is recognized when earned. Commission income from life insurance products are earned at the date of the initial sale and residual commissions are earned at each subsequent anniversary date. Commissions may be paid to the Company monthly, quarterly or annually, depending on the terms of each commission agreement.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash

From time to time, cash balances in financial institutions may exceed FDIC insured limits. There were no deposits in excess of insured limits at December 31, 2010.

Manor House Capital, LLC

Notes To Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2010

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Income Taxes

The Company is organized as a single member limited liability company in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and is considered a disregarded entity for both federal and state income tax purposes. Items of taxable income and deductible expense flow through to and are reported by the member.

New Accounting Standards

In June 2009, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") established the FASB Accounting Standards Codification ("Codification") as the sole source of authoritative accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. As a result, all references to accounting literature will conform to the appropriate reference within the Codification. The adoption of the Codification, which became effective during September 2009, did not have any impact on the Company's financial statements.

The Company adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board guidance on accounting for uncertainty in income taxes effective January 1, 2009 and evaluated its tax positions. The adoption had no effect on the Company's financial statements.

Statement Of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company has defined cash equivalents as highly liquid investments, with original maturities of less than three months that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business. During 2010, the Company only had cash balances which it maintained in its checking account.

2. Operating Lease

The Company has an operating lease agreement for rental of office space. The aggregate annual cost of rental amounts to \$3,000 per year. This agreement is renewed each year and may be renegotiated at the time of renewal.

Rent expense for 2010 aggregated to \$3,000, and is included in the Occupancy expense line item on the statement of income.

3. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2010, the Company had net capital of \$22,279 which was \$17,279 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 0 to 1 at December 31, 2010.

Manor House Capital, LLC

Notes To Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2010

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

4. Reserve Requirements Pursuant To Rule 15c3-3

The Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions related to customer securities. This allows the Company to claim an exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3 under subparagraph (k)(2)(i), which relates to the maintenance of special accounts for the exclusive benefit of customers.

Manor House Capital, LLC

Supplementary Information

Computation Of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
Of The Securities And Exchange Commission
Year Ended December 31, 2010

Net Capital

Total member's equity	\$ 41,284
Deductions from and/or changes to member's equity:	
Total Nonallowable Assets	<u>(19,005)</u>
Net Capital	22,279

Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement:

Minimum net capital required	<u>5,000</u>
Net Capital in Excess of Minimum Requirement	<u>\$ 17,279</u>
Net Capital, as Reported on the Company's FOCUS Report - Part IIA	<u>\$ 22,279</u>

Computation of Aggregate Indebtedness:

Aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 1,674</u>
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>7.51%</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>0 to 1</u>

Statement Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)(4)

Since there are no differences between the net capital computation on Part IIA of the Company's Form X-17A-5 and the net capital computed above, a reconciliation is not necessary.

See Notes to Financial Statements

**Independent Auditors' Report
On Internal Control
Required by SEC Rule 17A-5**

Member
Manor House Capital, LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary information of Manor House Capital, LLC, (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2010, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objective stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2010, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Parente Beard LLC". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
February 21, 2011