



PROMISE OF UNISE Nolecular Simplified

TARGETS IN EARLY DEVELOPMENT

Foodborne Upper Respiratory Gastrointestinal

IN DEVELOPMENT

Mycoplasma pneumoniae Group A Streptococcus Bordetella pertussis/ parapertussis

COMMERCIALIZED

C. difficile Group B Streptococcus

Selected Financial Data

Income Statement Information (Amounts in thousands, except per share data)

	FY	2011	F	Y 2010	F	Y 2009	FY	2008	F	Y 2007	
Net sales	\$1	59,723	\$14	\$143,000 \$14		\$148,274		\$139,639		\$122,963	
Gross profit		99,298	8	38,696	9	92,442	8	6,480		74,940	
Operating income		40,033	4	11,138		48,779	4	4,350	:	35,030	
Net earnings		26,831	2	26,647		32,759	3	0,202		26,721	
Basic earnings per share	\$	0.66	\$	0.66	\$	0.81	\$	0.75	\$	0.67	
Diluted earnings per share	\$	0.65	\$	0.65	\$	0.80	\$	0.74	\$	0.66	
Cash dividends declared per share	\$	0.76	\$	0.74	\$	0.65	\$	0.53	\$	0.40	
Book value per share	\$	3.36	\$	3.38	\$	3.40	\$	3.19	\$	2.83	
Balance Sheet Information											
	FY	Y 2011	FY	2010 ⁽¹⁾	FY	2009	FY	2008	F	Y 2007	
Current assets	\$	90,354	\$ 9	5,305	\$ 1	17,147	\$ 9	9,458	\$ 9	745, 33	
Current liabilities		15,264	1	14,524		16,752	1	6,061		17,067	
Total assets	15	55,493	15	4,641	1!	55,997	14	6,431	13	698, 32	
Long-term debt obligations		-		-		-		-		-	
Shareholders' equity	1:	38,524	13	7,361	13	37,905	12	8,489	1	12,948	

⁽¹⁾ Adjusted to reflect finalization of Bioline Group purchase accounting and the change in accounting for illumigene® instruments.

Forward Looking Statements

The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor from civil litigation for forward-looking statements accompanied by meaningful cautionary statements. Except for historical information, this report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which may be identified by words such as "estimates", "anticipates", "projects", "plans", "seeks", "may", "will", "expects", "intends", "believes", "should" and similar expressions or the negative versions thereof and which also may be identified by their context. Such statements, whether expressed or implied, are based upon current expectations of the Company and speak only as of the date made. The Company assumes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements even if experience or future changes make it clear that any projected results expressed or implied therein will not be realized. These statements are subject to various risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially, including, without limitation, the following:

Meridian's continued growth depends, in part, on its ability to introduce into the marketplace enhancements of existing products or new products that incorporate technological advances, meet customer requirements and respond to products developed by Meridian's competition. While Meridian has introduced a number of internally developed products, there can be no assurance that it will be successful in the future in introducing such products on a timely basis. Meridian relies on proprietary, patented and liscensed technologies, and the Company's ability to protect its intellectual property rights, as well as potential for intellectual property litigation, would impact its results. Ongoing consolidations of reference laboratories and formation of multi-hospital alliances may cause adverse changes to pricing and distribution. Recessionary pressures on the economy and the markets in which our customers operate, as well as adverse trends in buying patterns from customers can change expected results. Costs and difficulties in complying with laws and regulations, including those administered by the United States Food and Drug Administration, can result in unanticipated expenses and delays and interruptions to the sale of new and existing products. The international scope of Meridian's operations, including changes in the relative strength or weakness of the U.S. dollar, can make results difficult to predict. One of Meridian's main growth strategies is the acquisition of companies and product lines. There can be no assurance that additional acquisitions will be consummated or that, if consummated, will be successful and the acquired businesses will be successfully integrated into Meridian's operations. There may be risks that acquisitions may disrupt operations and may pose potential difficulties in employee retention and there may be additional risks with respect to Meridian's ability to recognize the benefits of acquisitions, including potential synergies and cost savings or the failure of acquisitions to achieve their

Corporate Profile

M

eridian is a fully integrated life science company that manufactures, markets and distributes a broad range of innovative diagnostic test kits, purified reagents and related products and offers biopharmaceutical enabling technologies. Utilizing a variety of methods, these products and diagnostic tests provide accuracy, simplicity and speed in the early

diagnosis and treatment of common medical conditions, such as gastrointestinal, viral and respiratory infections.

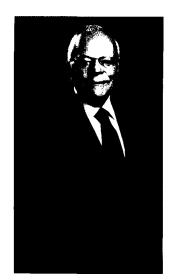
Meridian's diagnostic products are used outside of the human body and require little or no special equipment. The Company's products are designed to enhance patient well-being while reducing the total outcome costs of healthcare. Meridian has strong market positions in the areas of gastrointestinal and upper respiratory infections, serology, parasitology

and fungal disease diagnosis. In addition, Meridian is a supplier of rare reagents, specialty biologicals and related technologies used by biopharmaceutical companies engaged in research for new drugs and vaccines. The Company markets its products and technologies to hospitals, reference laboratories, research centers, diagnostics manufacturers and biotech companies in more than 60 countries around the world. The Company's shares are traded through NASDAQ's Global Select Market, symbol VIVO. Meridian's website address is www.meridianbioscience.com.

To Our Shareholders

"....It is time to close the book on infectious diseases. The war against pestilence is over."

William Stewart, U. S. Surgeon General – 1969 Address to Congress



William J. Motto Executive Chairman of the Board



John A. Kraeutler Chief Executive Officer

learly the war against pestilence is not over, and the argument can be made that it will be diagnostic methods that will help solve the problems of disease outbreaks such as, choosing appropriate treatments, identifying antibiotic resistant strains of bacteria, managing exploding healthcare costs and, the holy grail, predicting and preventing the onset of costly and debilitating infections, cancers, cardiovascular events and other metabolic diseases.

In 1969, less than a decade before Meridian was founded, there were no rapid tests for strep throat or for influenza. There were no rapid methods for detecting blood pathogens like hepatitis, and HIV would not be identified for another twenty years. Each year new, serious pathogens emerge to challenge and confound researchers, epidemiologists, diagnostic test developers, physicians and the pharmaceutical industry. As bacteria, viruses, fungi and parasites emerged, changed and adapted, laboratories were largely relying upon methods developed more than 150 years ago during the time of Louis

Pasteur. These methods were typically time-consuming, and consequently ignored by physicians racing to choose treatments for their patients.

Today the need for rapid, accurate, cost-effective diagnostics continues to expand. Importantly, diagnostic tests are not just for detecting the cause of disease. We are in the midst of an amazing sea change in clinical diagnostics where tests that can detect molecular changes and genetic similarities are being used to not only detect the DNA or RNA from invading pathogens, but they are also being used to predict the onset of disease and to estimate the risks of genetic predisposition to various cancers and metabolic precursors. Today, molecular tests are even being used to guide physicians in choosing the appropriate drugs and the personalized dosage levels that will yield the greatest benefits for the patient. The research and diagnostic industries have responded with sophisticated tools and methods that are providing the answers to the dichotomy of better healthcare with lower costs. Few realize that diagnostic testing represents less than five percent of the total costs of healthcare but the benefits of rapid, accurate diagnoses are enormous. Meridian's story is built upon the strategic

premise that continued growth demands that complex scientific technologies must be simplified and ever improved so that access to these powerful tools is universally available.

For the past thirty-five years, Meridian Bioscience has developed simple, accurate tests and technologies that have enabled laboratories and medical professionals to become more productive and much more confident when choosing treatments and therapies to ensure better patient care. During fiscal 2011, we continued our legacy of developing, manufacturing and distributing tests for clinical laboratories and biological tools for researchers around the world. Meridian innovations helped to diagnose and, thereby, control serious hospital associated infections. Meridian innovations provided new diagnostic tools that identify deadly toxins coming from pathogens that contaminate our meats and produce. Our innovations continued to be adopted in an effort to detect and eradicate ulcer-causing bacteria...and, innovative new tools were launched by our Life Science team at Bioline that enable researchers to improve the detection of genetic material with greater accuracy and speed.

During fiscal 2011, the Company lifted itself to another level as we not only grew revenues to nearly \$160 million but, equally important, we made the changes and adjustments that would enable a clear path for the next five years. Our diagnostics business has been focused on the detection of infectious disease since your Company's founding. We clearly understand that our laboratory customers come in a variety of shapes and sizes ... small, medium and large hospitals, large regional and national reference labs and the rapidly growing outpatient clinic segment. To satisfy these various customers, historically we have developed our tests using a variety of rapid test methods that could fit any lab's workflow requirements. We developed tests that had great simplicity but powerful accuracy



and, as such, these tests could be used around the clock by hospitals and clinics that often were facing shortages of skilled lab technicians. Similarly, we developed tests that were ideal for batch testing in our larger hospitals and reference labs. Equally accurate, these tests handled multiple test specimens simultaneously. As we entered the new millennium, we recognized that our challenge would be to harness the power of molecular technology and that our goal must be to streamline this very complex science and develop a testing platform that was versatile, simple and required little or no capital investment. Our principle objective was to make molecular testing simple enough that it could be accessed by any clinical laboratory regardless of size or economic constraints.

In July 2010, we achieved our goal when we gained FDA clearance to market *illumigene* [®] *C. difficile*, our first DNA amplification test. Our investment in research and development has continued and we are anticipating that we will introduce three to four additional tests for the *illumigene* platform during fiscal 2012. The likely *illumigene* menu includes tests for *Mycoplasma pneumoniae*, the cause

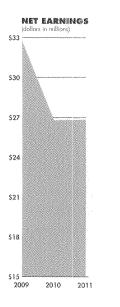


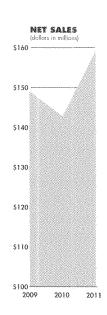
of walking pneumonia; Group B *Streptococcus*, a significant cause of neonatal infection; Group A *Streptococcus*, the organism causing strep throat; and *Bordetella pertussis/parapertussis*, the causes of whooping cough. It is expected that this new molecular amplification technology, which represented approximately \$9 million of fiscal 2011 revenues, will quadruple its revenue contribution in fiscal 2012. Additionally, our foodborne products continued to thrive growing by more than thirty percent as we complemented our toxigenic *E. coli* tests with rapid tests for *Campylobacter*, the number one contaminant in poultry and a bacteria that can take three to five days to detect using traditional methods. Finally, we have continued our efforts to change the way that patients with gastritis are treated. Rather than prescribing expensive symptom relieving drugs for life, Meridian, its lab partners, and dozens of managed care agencies have worked together

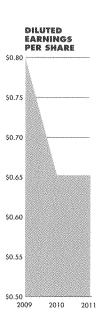
to change physician practice patterns. Today, the best regimen for the patient with chronic gastritis is to be tested with Meridian's HpSA® tests first, followed by a course of therapy that will eradicate the *Helicobacter pylori* bacteria in the gut, the number one cause of peptic ulcers. This process once adopted widely can save billions in annual healthcare costs. For fiscal 2012, our *illumigene* molecular platform, our foodborne products and our stomach ulcer related products are expected to provide the majority of our diagnostics revenue growth.

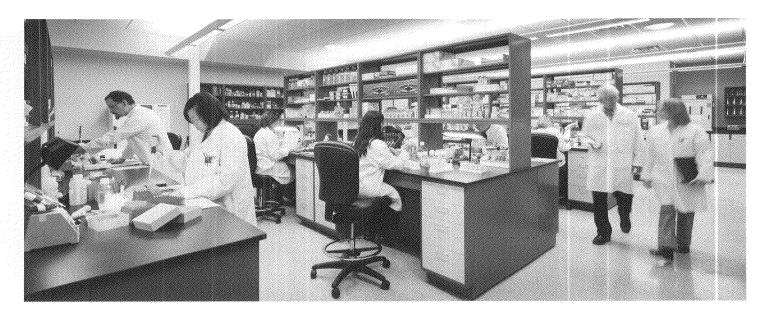
As further evidence of our commitment to revenue and earnings growth through innovation, in July 2011, we completed our new Meridian Innovation Center. In 2009, we purchased this 21,000 square foot facility less than a mile from our main campus in Cincinnati. After a total investment of \$4.3 million to purchase and renovate the facility, it is now home to our research and development and sales and marketing groups. This state-of-the art research facility is designed to foster close and efficient collaboration between our research scientists, marketing management and sales leadership to improve the development process from concept to commercialization.

For the past ten years, we have supplied the highest quality biological reagents and related components to manufacturers of large automated systems and to researchers around the world that were using immunoassays for their investigations. In July of 2010, after searching for a world class provider of components for the rapidly growing molecular diagnostics efforts, both research and commercially focused, we acquired the Bioline group of companies. With Bioline, we gained not only a broad and









highly reputed line of DNA/RNA amplification products, but also outstanding management talent at all levels. In addition, Bioline expanded our global footprint with facilities in Germany, Australia, the U.S. and the United Kingdom. In fiscal 2011, Bioline grew revenues seventeen percent and introduced significant new products including SensiFAST™ and MyTaq™. Additionally, we began to leverage Bioline's management talent and its physical locations. Midyear Marco Calzavara, the London-based founder of Bioline, became President of Meridian Bioscience Europe. Additionally, recently we shifted our Australian diagnostics business to Bioline Australia with early results that are very encouraging. Late in fiscal 2011, we made the decision to shut down our Saco,



Maine facility, following several disappointing years in our core Life Science business. Heading into fiscal 2012, our streamlined core Life Science business coupled with the growing Bioline business should provide reasonable organic growth at improved margins.

In summary, 2011 was a growth year, but more importantly, it was a year wherein we accomplished a series of key changes that were required to enable our growth engines...the illumigene molecular platform...our foodborne diagnostics...our *H. pylori* stomach ulcer products and...our Bioline-led Life Science business...to achieve new heights in revenue and income generation. We are especially proud of our loyal and hard working Meridian employees around the world. Their skills and commitment have been, and will continue to be essential to achieving the vision of our continued leadership as an innovator and solutions provider for our customers. We sincerely thank our customers, suppliers, distributors, employees, shareholders and Board of Directors for their support and confidence as we combat the challenges presented by infectious diseases with innovative solutions.

William J. Motto

Executive Chairman of the Board

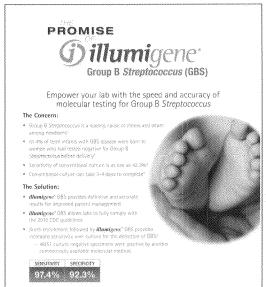
John A. Kraeutler Chief Executive Officer

2011 Highlights

illumigene®

The launch of our new molecular platform, *illumigene*, with our initial test for *C.difficile*, has been the most successful new product launch in our history and, in fiscal 2011, we achieved revenues of \$9 million. Launched in the U.S. in late July 2010, placements through early November 2011 totaled just over 650 accounts with 90% located in the U.S. Driven by this new innovative platform, our *C.difficile* family revenues grew by 10%, and once again exceeded \$30 million after experiencing several years of decline.

During 2011, significant progress was made in developing our pipeline of additional *illumigene* products. In 2012, we expect to launch tests for Group B *Streptococcus*, a significant cause of neonatal infection, *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* the cause of walking pneumonia, Group A *Streptococcus* for detecting strep throat, and *Bordetella pertussis/parapertussis*, the causes of whooping cough. With combined U.S. test volumes for these four disease targets currently totaling 40 million, these new products represent a significant new revenue opportunity.





Focus Product Families



C. difficile

Fiscal 2011 was a turning point for our *C.difficile* family. We surpassed \$30 million in revenues, growing 10% globally. We achieved \$9 million in *illumigene C.difficile* revenue and our 650 placements are expected to drive significant revenue growth in 2012. Additionally, we launched 2 formats of our new *C. difficile* GDH product for those hospitals that desire an antigen screening alternative. In 2012, we expect our *illumigene C.difficile* product to be our top revenue growth engine.



Foodborne

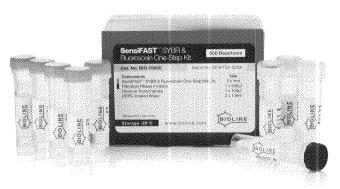
Our foodborne products that detect *E.coli* and *Campylobacter*, two leading foodborne pathogens in meat and produce, once again delivered growth in excess of 30%. With fiscal 2011 revenues of \$18 million, and only 13% penetration into the existing *E.coli* market dominated by culture testing and less than 5% penetration in the *Campylobacter* market, we have strong growth expectations for 2012.

Bioline Group

Acquired in July 2010, the Bioline group of companies delivered \$15 million in revenues and 17% revenue growth in fiscal 2011 compared to the prior twelve month period. Equally important, Bioline management took over leadership of our European diagnostics operations. As a result, our global coordination and ability to leverage our physical locations across the entire diagnostics and life science business is greatly expanded. Near term we expect this to drive growth in Australia, Germany and France. Longer term we expect to leverage resources more fully in the Pacific Rim.

Bioline's active research and development programs have yielded three new exciting products: MyTaq, SensiFAST and MyFi™, all designed to accelerate molecular reactions for researchers and diagnostic manufacturers. These new products are expected to drive revenue growth in excess of 15% in 2012. Additionally, we anticipate increased operating income from Bioline in 2012, which as expected, was only slightly accretive in 2011 due to purchase accounting adjustments. Bioline will be the key driver in the growth of our Life Science segment in 2012 and we expect improved results in our European diagnostics segment under the new leadership team from Bioline.



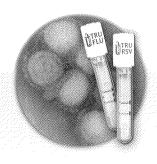


Focus Product Families



H. pylori

Our *H.pylori* family posted strong revenue growth of 14% in the U.S. segment in fiscal 2011, while revenues declined in Europe. Global revenues in fiscal 2011 were \$22 million, including \$16 million in the U.S. segment. Over 4 million ineffective serology tests are still performed each year and millions of patients suffering gastritis are not tested at all. We expect our work with managed care companies to promote a test (for the active infection) and treat strategy will drive double digit growth in 2012.



Respiratory

In fiscal 2011, respiratory products declined 26% due to the drop in influenza revenues in the post-H1N1 pandemic period. Influenza represented less than \$3 million of our \$16 million respiratory category. In 2012, we expect revenues in this category to be largely flat and thus have reduced the downside risk from the volatility and unpredictable nature of influenza volumes in our 2012 revenue and earnings guidance.

Ten-Year Summary

(Dollars in thousands, except per share data)

		Selected F	inancial ar	nd Operatin	g Data For	the Years E	nded Septe	mber 30,		
	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005	2004	2003	2002
Net Sales	\$159,723	\$143,000 \$	148,274	\$139,639	\$122,963	\$108,413	\$92,965	\$79,606	\$65,864	\$59,104
Cost of Sales	60,4250	54,304	55,832	53,159	48,023	43,729	38,075	33,651	27,481	24,506
Gross Profit	99,298	88,696	92,442	86,480	74,940	64,684	54,890	45,955	38,383	34,598
Percent of Sales	62.2%		62.3%	61.9%	60.9%		59.0%	57.7%	58.3%	58,5%
Operating Expenses										
Research & Development	9,822	8,396	8,274	6,183	6,085	4,799	3,866	4,377	3,875	2,888
Selling & Marketing	22,772	18,250	18,324	18,770	17,124	16,698	15,208	12,565	10,601	9,730
General & Administrative	24,883	19,672	17,065	17,177	16,701	16,293	15,491	14,057	11,023	10,775
Other	1,7880	1,2400			<u></u>		-		_	1,2119
Total Operating										
Expenses	59,265	47,558	43,663	42,130	39,910	37,790	34,565	30,999	25,499	24,604
Operating Income	40,033	41,138	48,779	44,350	35,030	26,894	20,325	14,956	12,884	9,994
Percent of Sales	25.1%	28.8%	32.9%	31,8%			21.9%	18.8%	19.6%	16,9%
Other Income and Expense					and the same					
Interest Income	115	124	456	1,533	1,642	1,123	43	31	42	38
Interest Expense		.	-	_	(38)	(128)	(770)	(1,557)	(1,718)	(1,974)
Other, Net	352	138	88	109	48	177	107	63	478	185
Total Other										
Income (Expense)	467	262	544	1,642	1,652	1,172	(620)	(1,463)	(1,198)	(1,751)
Earnings Before										
Income Taxes	40,500	41,400	49,323	45,992	36,682	28,066	19,705	13,493	11,686	8,243
Income Taxes	13,669	14,753	16,564	15,790	9,961	9,733	7,067	4,127	4,609	3,212
Net Earnings	\$ 26,831	\$ 26,647	\$ 32,759	\$ 30,202			\$ 12,638	\$ 9,366	\$ 7,077	\$ 5,031
Percent of Sales	16.8%	18.6%	22,1%	21.6%	21.7%		13.6%	11.8%	10.7%	8.5%
Cash Dividends Paid(4)	\$0.76	\$0.74	\$0.65	\$0.53	\$0.40	\$0.28	\$0.21	\$0.17	\$0.15	\$0.12
Basic Shares Outstanding(4)	40,715	40,515	40,390	40,093	39,584	39,132	35,211	33,441	32,994	32,897
Basic Earnings										
Per Share ⁽⁴⁾	\$0.66	\$0.66	\$0.81	\$0.75	\$0.67	\$0.47	\$0,36	\$0.28	\$0.21	\$ 0.15
Diluted Shares										
Outstanding ⁽⁴⁾	41,358	41,149	41,110	41,029	40,738	40,164	36,156	34,333	33,638	33,210
Diluted Earnings										
Per Share ⁽⁴⁾	\$0.65	\$0.65	\$0.80	\$0.74	\$0.66	\$0.46	\$0.35	\$0.27	\$ 0.21	\$0.15
Total Assets	\$155,493	\$154,64103	3155,997	\$146,431	\$132,698	\$120,528	\$110,134	\$68,814	\$65,731	\$65,095
Cash and Investments	23,626	37,879	61,315	49,297	49,400	40,348	33,085	2.583	2,683	3,060
Capital Expenditures	9,139	3.083%	3,643	4,219	3,211	3,120	2,590	2.385	1,812	3,550
Net Working Capital	75,090	80,781%	100,395	83,397	76,678	60,125	49,934	18,953	16,542	15,126
Long-term Obligations	20	4	_	_	-	1,803	2,684	17,093	21,505	23,626
Shareholders' Equity	138,524	137,361	137,905	128,489	112,948	94,350	83,333	32,424	26,795	24,381
Return on Beginning Equity	19.5%		25.5%					35.0%	29.0%	21,9%
Year-End Stock Price 49	\$15.74	\$21.87	\$25.01	\$29.04	\$30.32	\$15.67	\$13.80	\$5.92	\$4.46	\$2.59
Number of Employees	535	498	423	415	402	404	390	363	356	350
Sales per Employee	\$299	\$287	\$351	\$336	\$306	\$268	\$238	\$219	\$185	\$169
FF7										

⁽¹⁾ Cost associated with consolidating Saco, Maine operations (\$1,057, including \$509 of Cost of Sales and \$548 of Operating Expenses) and costs of reorganizing Sales & Marketing leadership (\$1,240).

⁽²⁾ Bioline Group transacation costs.

⁽³⁾ Cost of abandoned acquisition.

^[4] As adjusted for common stock splits and common stock dividends. Basic and Diluted EPS is based on weighted average shares outstanding.

⁽⁵⁾ As adjusted for the finalization of Bioline Group purchase accounting and the change in accounting for *illumigene** instruments. (6) Includes 66 employees related to the July 2010 Bioline Group acquisition.

SEC Mail Processing Section

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

DEC 1 6 2011

FORM 10-K

FORM 10-K FOR ANNUAL AND TRANSITION REPORTS PURSUANT TO SECTIONS 13 OR 15(d) 110 TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) 110 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

X ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT	T TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE S	ECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDE	D SEPTEMBER 30, 2011.	
TRANSITION REPORT PURSU.	ANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF TH	E SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM	TO	
	Commission File No. 0-14902	
	MERIDIAN BIOSCIENCE, INC.	
	3471 River Hills Drive	
	Cincinnati, Ohio 45244	
	IRS Employer ID No. 31-0888197	7
	Incorporated under the Laws of Oh	io
	Phone: (513) 271-3700	
Securities Registered Pur	suant to Section 12(b) of the Act:	
<u>Title of each class</u> Common Shares, No Par Value	The NASDAC	nange of which registered Stock Market LLC lobal Select Market)
Securities Registered Pur	suant to Section 12(g) of the Act:	
	None	
Indicate by check mark if the registrant	t is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defi	ned in Rule 405 of the Securities Act.
	YES	<u>NO</u>
	v	Г
If this report is an annual or transition	on report, indicate by check mark if the	e registrant is not required to file reports
pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the S	Securities Exchange Act.	
	YES	<u>NO</u>
	Г	▽

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months, and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files).

<u>YES</u>	<u>NO</u>
▽	Г

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K (Section 229.405 of this Chapter) is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K.

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	V		Accelerated filer	Γ	
Non-accelerated filer	Г	(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)	Smaller reporting comp	any	Г

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 12b-2).

The aggregate market value of Common Shares held by non-affiliates as of March 31, 2011 was \$957,367,874 based on a closing sale price of \$23.99 per share on March 31, 2011. As of October 31, 2011, 41,237,445 no par value Common Shares were issued and outstanding.

Documents Incorporated by Reference

Portions of the Registrant's Annual Report to Shareholders for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 furnished to the Commission pursuant to Rule 14a-3(b) are incorporated by reference in Part II as specified and portions of the Registrant's Proxy Statement to be filed with the Commission for its 2012 Annual Shareholders' Meeting are incorporated by reference in Part III as specified.

MERIDIAN BIOSCIENCE, INC. INDEX TO ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K

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FORWARD LOOKING STATEMENTS

This Annual Report on Form 10-K contains forward-looking statements. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 provides a safe harbor from civil litigation for forward-looking statements accompanied by meaningful cautionary statements. Except for historical information, this report contains forward-looking statements within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which may be identified by words such as "estimates", "anticipates", "projects", "plans", "seeks", "may", "will", "expects", "intends", "believes", "should" and similar expressions or the negative versions thereof and which also may be identified by their context. Such statements, whether expressed or implied, are based upon current expectations of the Company and speak only as of the date made. The Company assumes no obligation to publicly update or revise any forward-looking statements even if experience or future changes make it clear that any projected results expressed or implied therein will not be realized. These statements are subject to various risks, uncertainties and other factors that could cause actual results to differ materially, including, without limitation, the following: Meridian's continued growth depends, in part, on its ability to introduce into the marketplace enhancements of existing products or new products that incorporate technological advances, meet customer requirements and respond to products developed by Meridian's competition. While Meridian has introduced a number of internally developed products, there can be no assurance that it will be successful in the future in introducing such products on a timely basis. Meridian relies on proprietary, patented and licensed technologies, and the Company's ability to protect its intellectual property rights, as well as the potential for intellectual property litigation, would impact its results. Ongoing consolidations of reference laboratories and formation of multi-hospital alliances may cause adverse changes to pricing and distribution. Recessionary pressures on the economy and the markets in which our customers operate, as well as adverse trends in buying patterns from customers can change expected results. Costs and difficulties in complying with laws and regulations, including those administered by the United States Food and Drug Administration, can result in unanticipated expenses and delays and interruptions to the sale of new and existing products. The international scope of Meridian's operations, including changes in the relative strength or weakness of the U.S. dollar, can make results difficult to predict. One of Meridian's main growth strategies is the acquisition of companies and product lines. There can be no assurance that additional acquisitions will be consummated or that, if consummated, will be successful and the acquired businesses will be successfully integrated into Meridian's operations. There may be risks that acquisitions may disrupt operations and may pose potential difficulties in employee retention and there may be additional risks with respect to Meridian's ability to recognize the benefits of acquisitions, including potential synergies and cost savings or the failure of acquisitions to achieve their plans and objectives. The Company cannot predict the possible impact of recently-enacted United States healthcare legislation and any similar initiatives in other countries on its results of operations. In addition to the factors described in this paragraph, Part I, Item 1A Risk Factors contains a list and description of uncertainties, risks and other matters that may affect the Company.

PART I.

This Annual Report on Form 10-K includes forward-looking statements about our business and results of operations that are subject to risks and uncertainties. See "Forward Looking Statements" above. Factors that could cause or contribute to such differences include those discussed in Item 1A. Risk Factors. In addition to the risk factors discussed herein, we are also subject to additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us or that we currently deem immaterial. If any of these risks and uncertainties develop into actual events, our business, financial condition or results of operations could be adversely affected.

Unless the context requires otherwise, references in this Annual Report on Form 10-K to "Meridian," "we," "us," "our," or "our company" refer to Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and its subsidiaries.

In the discussion that follows, all dollars and shares are in thousands (both tables and text), except per share data.

ITEM 1.

BUSINESS

Overview

Meridian is a fully-integrated life science company with principal businesses in (i) the development, manufacture, sale and distribution of diagnostic test kits, primarily for certain gastrointestinal, viral, respiratory and parasitic infectious diseases; (ii) the manufacture and distribution of bulk antigens, antibodies, PCR/qPCR reagents, nucleotides, competent cells and bioresearch reagents used by researchers and other diagnostic manufacturers; and (iii) the contract development and manufacture of proteins and other biologicals under cGMP conditions for use by biopharmaceutical and biotechnology companies engaged in research for new drugs and vaccines. The company was incorporated in Ohio in 1976. Our principal corporate offices are located in Cincinnati, Ohio, USA.

Our website is www.meridianbioscience.com. We make available our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K and any amendments thereto, free of charge through this website, as soon as reasonably practicable after such material has been electronically filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). These reports may also be read and copied at the SEC's public reference room at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, DC 20549, phone number 1-800-732-0330. The SEC maintains an internet site containing these filings and other information regarding Meridian at www.sec.gov. The information on our website is not part of this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

Operating Segments

Our reportable operating segments are U.S. Diagnostics, European Diagnostics and Life Science. The U.S. Diagnostics operating segment consists of manufacturing operations in Cincinnati, Ohio, and the sale and distribution of diagnostic test kits in the U.S. and countries outside of Europe, Africa and the Middle East. The European Diagnostics operating segment consists of the sale and distribution of diagnostic test kits in Europe, Africa and the Middle East. The Life Science operating segment consists of manufacturing operations in Memphis, Tennessee; Saco, Maine; Boca Raton, Florida; London, England; Luckenwalde, Germany; and Sydney, Australia, and the sale and distribution of bulk antigens, antibodies, PCR/qPCR reagents, nucleotides, competent cells and bioresearch reagents domestically and abroad. The Life Science operating segment also includes the contract development and manufacture of proteins and other biologicals for use by biopharmaceutical and biotechnology companies engaged in research for new drugs and vaccines. Financial information for Meridian's operating segments is included in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements.

Our primary source of revenues continues to be diagnostic products, which represents 76% of consolidated net sales for fiscal 2011. Our diagnostic products provide accuracy, simplicity and speed, enable early diagnosis and treatment of common, acute medical conditions, and provide for better patient outcomes at reduced costs. We target diagnostics for disease states that (i) are acute conditions where rapid diagnosis impacts patient outcomes; (ii) have opportunistic demographic and disease profiles; (iii) are underserved by current diagnostic products; and (iv) have difficult sample handling requirements. This approach has allowed us to establish significant market share in our target disease states. The acquisition of the Bioline group of companies (collectively the "Bioline Group") in July 2010 dramatically increased the revenue base for our Life Science operating segment; revenues for our Life Science operating segment represents 24% of consolidated net sales for fiscal 2011.

U.S. Diagnostics Operating Segment

Overview

Our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment's business focuses on the development, manufacture, sale and distribution of diagnostic test kits, primarily for certain gastrointestinal, viral, respiratory and parasitic infectious diseases. In addition to diagnostic test kits, products also include transport media that store and preserve specimen samples from patient collection to laboratory testing. Third-party sales for this operating segment were \$97,000, \$92,000 and \$99,000 for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively, reflecting a three-year compound annual growth rate of 3%. As of September 30, 2011, our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment had approximately 290 employees.

Our diagnostic test kits utilize immunodiagnostic and molecular technologies, which test samples of stool, blood, urine and other body fluids or tissue for the presence of specific infectious diseases. Specific immunodiagnostic technologies used in our diagnostic test kits include enzyme immunoassay, immunofluorescence, particle agglutination/aggregation, immunodiffusion, complement fixation and chemical stains. Additionally, during 2010 we introduced into the marketplace our new molecular amplification assay, *illumigene* *C.difficile. The

illumigene® molecular amplification assay detects the presence of the toxin producing region from the *C. difficile* DNA, and provides highly accurate results in under an hour. During 2011, we continued with the development of additional tests for the illumigene® molecular platform, submitting illumigene® Group B Streptococcus (GBS) to the FDA for approval and we expect to add three additional tests to the platform over the next 12 months – tests for Group A Streptococcus, Mycoplasma pneumoniae and Bordetella pertussis/parapertussis.

Our diagnostic products are used principally in the detection of gastrointestinal diseases, such as antibiotic-associated diarrhea (C. difficile), pediatric diarrhea (Rotavirus and Adenovirus) and stomach ulcers (H. pylori); foodborne diseases such as Enterohemorrhagic E. coli infection (EHEC) and Campylobacter jejuni (Campy); viral diseases, such as Mononucleosis, Herpes Simplex, Chicken Pox and Shingles (Varicella-Zoster) and Cytomegalovirus (organ transplant infections); parasitic diseases, such as Giardiasis, Cryptosporidiosis and Lyme; and respiratory diseases, such as Pneumonia, Valley Fever, Influenza and Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV). The primary markets and customers for these products are reference laboratories and hospitals.

Market Trends

The global market for infectious disease tests continues to expand as new disease states are identified, new therapies become available, and worldwide standards of living and access to health care improve. More importantly, within this market there is a continuing shift from conventional testing, which requires highly trained personnel and lengthy turnaround times for test results, to more technologically advanced testing, which can be performed by less highly trained personnel and completed in minutes or hours.

The increasing pressures to contain total health care costs have accelerated the increased use of diagnostic testing. With rapid and accurate diagnoses of infectious diseases, physicians can pinpoint appropriate therapies quickly, leading to faster recovery, shorter hospital stays and lower treatment expense. In addition, these pressures have led to a major consolidation among reference laboratories and the formation of multi-hospital group purchasing organizations that have reduced the number of institutional customers for diagnostic products and resulted in changes in buying practices. Specifically, multi-year exclusive or primary source marketing or distribution contracts with institutional customers have become more common, replacing less formal distribution arrangements.

Sales and Marketing

Our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment's sales and distribution network in the U.S. consists of a direct sales force complemented by independent distributors. The use of independent distributors in the U.S. allows our products to reach any bed-size healthcare facility and also provides our customers the option to purchase our products direct or through distribution along with other supplies. For our export markets in Asia, Canada and South America, we use independent distributors. Two independent distributors in the U.S. accounted for 10% or more of consolidated net sales in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009: Cardinal Healthcare Corporation and Fisher

Scientific. Our sales to Cardinal were approximately \$30,000, \$34,000 and \$38,000 during fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Our sales to Fisher were approximately \$18,000, \$18,000 and \$19,000 during fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Consolidation of the U.S. healthcare industry is expected to continue and potentially affect our customers. Industry consolidation puts pressure on pricing and aggregates buying power. In response, we have looked to multi-year supply agreements with group purchasing organizations and major reference laboratories to stabilize pricing.

Products and Markets

We have expertise in the development and manufacture of products based on multiple core diagnostic technologies, each of which enables the visualization and identification of antigen/antibody reactions for specific pathogens. Our product technologies include DNA amplification, enzyme immunoassay, immunofluorescence, particle agglutination/aggregation, immunodiffusion, complement fixation and chemical stains. As a result, we are able to develop and manufacture diagnostic tests in a variety of formats that satisfy customer needs and preferences, whether in a hospital, commercial or reference laboratory, or alternate site location. Our product offering consists of approximately 140 medical diagnostic products.

Sales within our focus product families – C. difficile, foodborne and H. pylori – accounted for 58%, 51% and 48% of our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment's third-party sales during fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. These same product families accounted for 44%, 43% and 42% of consolidated net sales in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Clostridium difficile

C. difficile, a serious hospital acquired bacterial infection, is our largest product family, generating approximately \$30,000 in global sales for fiscal 2011, or 10% growth from fiscal 2010. This product family has experienced significant competition over the last three years from new technologies, including molecular testing platforms. Our *illumigene* molecular C. difficile product has now been available in markets around the world for over 12 months. Sales of this product were approximately \$9,000 and \$500 in fiscal 2011 and 2010, respectively. We have just over 650 placements of *illumigene* units worldwide to date, with approximately 90% of these installed in the U.S. At the present time, it generally takes a customer 90 days from purchase order placement to become revenue producing – a timeframe we are continually working to reduce. Our *illumigene* molecular C. difficile product has restored the C. difficile product family to positive sales growth and has allowed us to begin to recover lost test volume from our Toxin products.

Our major competitors in this product family are Cepheid and Becton Dickinson. We believe that we have two advantages to our competition. First, our instrumentation package has a smaller footprint and significantly lower cost than those of Cepheid or Becton Dickinson, with no capital outlay required. We believe that this advantage

allows our product to fit into virtually any size hospital or reference laboratory. Second, we believe that the breadth of our *C. difficile* product offerings represents an advantage. With the launch of our molecular product and recent FDA clearance and submission activities related to our common antigen *C. difficile* products – Premier *C. difficile* GDH received FDA clearance in May 2011, and Immuo *Card C. difficile* GDH was submitted to the FDA in July 2011 – we believe we are in a unique position to offer a full line of testing solutions to our clinical laboratory customers around the world to counter the competitive pressures surrounding this market. Additionally, we hold the only FDA-approved claim for *C. difficile* testing in the pediatric population.

Foodborne

Our foodborne product family achieved approximately \$18,000 in global sales for fiscal 2011, or growth of 36%. Our foodborne products include tests for Enterohemorrhagic *E. coli* (EHEC) and *Campylobacter jejuni* (Campy). Approximately 95% of our foodborne product sales are in the U.S. In the U.S. market, we believe that there are potentially 20 million annual stool cultures that make up the total available market. At present, we believe that we have a 13% market share for EHEC and a 3% market share for Campy.

We believe that the primary competition for our foodborne products is laboratory culture methods. We believe that our products have two principal advantages versus culture methods. The first principal advantage is test accuracy. Independent evaluations have shown our products to have higher sensitivity than culture methods. The second principal advantage is improved work flow of the testing process, resulting in significantly shortened time to test result. Our single-use rapid products provide a test result in approximately 20 minutes, whereas culture results can take up to 24-48 hours. Time to test result can be a critical factor in the physician's choice of therapies, as the mortality rate for EHEC is estimated to be 5% to 10%.

Helicobacter pylori

H. pylori, a bacterium found in the stomach, is a major cause of peptic ulcers and is linked to duodenal ulcers and stomach cancer. H. pylori represents our second largest product family, generating approximately \$22,000 in global sales for 2011, or 9% growth. We offer both antibody and direct antigen tests in alternative formats (single-use and high volume batch). Our major competition in this product family is test-method alternatives, such as serology and urea breath, and physicians who prescribe symptom-relieving medications without testing. In the U.S., our strategy has been to partner with managed care companies to promote the health and economic benefits of a test and treat strategy, and to move physician behavior away from serology-based testing toward direct antigen testing. In the U.S. market, we believe that there are potentially 30 million annual tests, of which we believe that we currently have a 5% market share.

In European markets, we face a greater number of competitive products for this product family. As a result, pricing pressures have led to slightly negative sales growth for fiscal 2011 for our European Diagnostics operating segment.

Research and Development

Our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment's research and development organization has expertise in biochemistry, immunology, mycology, bacteriology, virology, parasitology and molecular biology. Research and development expenses for the U.S. Diagnostics operating segment for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009 were approximately \$7,000, \$6,000 and \$7,000, respectively. This research and development organization focuses its activities on new applications for our existing technologies, improvements to existing products and development of new technologies. Research and development efforts may occur in-house or with collaborative partners. We believe that new product development is a key source for sustaining revenue growth. The products within our *C. difficile*, foodborne, and *H. pylori* product families were either developed solely in-house, or via collaboration with outside partners.

The introduction of our molecular amplification assay, *illumigene* ** C.difficile, introduced in markets around the world over 12 months ago, followed nearly four years of exploration and development of a molecular-based diagnostic testing technology to complement our existing antigen/antibody-based testing technologies. As previously noted, the *illumigene* molecular amplification assay detects the presence of a key toxin producing region from the *C. difficile* DNA, and provides highly accurate results in under an hour. We believe this molecular assay uniquely positions us in the market to provide a full line of testing solutions that will meet the needs of both our domestic and international customers and, as a result, during 2011 we have continued with the development of additional tests for the *illumigene* molecular platform, submitting *illumigene* Group B Streptococcus (GBS) to the FDA for approval and we expect to add three additional tests to the platform over the next 12 months – tests for Group A Streptococcus, Mycoplasma pneumoniae and Bordetella pertussis/parapertussis. We currently hold registrations to sell *illumigene* in 37 countries, including the U.S., with registrations pending in 5 additional countries.

During fiscal 2008, we launched our first products under our patented TRU rapid test technology. The design of this technology enhances laboratory safety by containing the specimen in a closed system during testing as recommended by CDC guidelines. TRU tests also use less space than other immunoassay technologies, which is an advantage in space-constrained clinical laboratories. Products using this technology include TRU FLU[®], TRU RSV[®], TRU EBV-M[®] and TRU EBV-G[®]. TRU Legionella is the latest addition to the TRU line of products. Legionella was launched in ex-U.S. markets during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, and is expected to be available in the U.S. market in fiscal 2012.

Manufacturing

Our immunodiagnostic and molecular products require the production of highly specific and sensitive antigens, antibodies and primers. While we produce substantially all of our own requirements including monoclonal antibodies and polyclonal antibodies, plus a variety of fungal, bacterial and viral antigens, currently a number of the raw materials used in our *illumigene* molecular product are purchased from outside vendors. We believe that we have sufficient manufacturing and sourcing capacity for anticipated growth in the near term.

Intellectual Property, Patents and Licenses

We own or license U.S. and foreign patents, most of which are for products manufactured by our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment. Sales of these products are as follows:

Product Family	Number of products	% of consolidated sales			
		2011	2010		
C. difficile	1	6%	0%		
H. pylori	2	13%	13%		
Respiratory	2	2%	4%		
Other	6	1%	2%		
Total patented products	11	22%	19%		

The patent for the *C. difficile* product expires in 2020; the patents for the two *H. pylori* products expire between 2016 and 2017; and the patents for the two respiratory products expire in 2022 and 2027. The remaining six patented products for which we own or license patents are spread over three product families.

In the absence of patent protection, we may be vulnerable to competitors who successfully replicate our production and manufacturing technologies and processes. Our employees are required to execute confidentiality and non-disclosure agreements designed to protect our proprietary products.

Government Regulation

Our diagnostic products are regulated by the Food & Drug Administration (FDA) as "devices" pursuant to the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (FDCA). Under the FDCA, medical devices are classified into one of three classes (i.e., Class I, II or III). Class I and II devices are not expressly approved by the FDA, but, instead, are "cleared" for marketing. Class III devices generally must receive "pre-market approval" from the FDA as to safety and effectiveness.

Each of the diagnostic products currently marketed by us in the United States has been cleared by the FDA pursuant to the 510(k) clearance process or is exempt from such requirements. We believe that most, but not all, products under development will be classified as Class I or II medical devices and, in the case of Class II devices, will be eligible for 510(k) clearance; however, we can make no assurances in this regard.

Sales of our diagnostic products in foreign countries are subject to foreign government regulation, the requirements of which vary substantially from country to country. The time required to obtain approval by a foreign country may be longer or shorter than that required for FDA approval and the requirements may differ.

Meridian's Cincinnati manufacturing facility is certified to ISO 13485.

Seasonal Factors and Sporadic Outbreaks

Our principal business is the sale of a broad range of diagnostic test kits for common gastrointestinal, viral, upper respiratory and parasitic infectious diseases. Certain infectious diseases may be seasonal in nature, while others may be associated with sporadic outbreaks, such as foodborne illnesses, or pandemics such as H1N1 influenza. While we believe that the breadth of our diagnostic product lines reduces the risk that infections subject to seasonality and sporadic outbreaks will cause significant variability in diagnostic revenues, we can make no assurance that revenues will not be impacted period over period by such factors.

European Diagnostics Operating Segment

Our European Diagnostics operating segment's business focuses on the sale and distribution of diagnostic test kits, manufactured both by our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment and by third-party vendors. Approximately 66% of third-party sales for fiscal 2011 for this operating segment were products purchased from our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment. Third-party sales for this operating segment were approximately \$24,000, \$24,000 and \$26,000 for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. As of September 30, 2011, the European Diagnostics operating segment had approximately 40 employees. Our European Diagnostics operating segment's sales and distribution network consists of direct sales forces in Belgium, France, Holland and Italy, and independent distributors in other European countries, Africa and the Middle East. The European Diagnostics operating segment maintains a distribution center near Milan, Italy. The primary markets and customers for this operating segment are hospitals and reference laboratories.

The European Diagnostics operating segment's functional currency is the Euro. The translation of Euros into U.S. dollars is subject to exchange rate fluctuations.

Life Science Operating Segment

Overview

Our Life Science operating segment's business focuses on the development, manufacture, sale and distribution of bulk antigens, antibodies, PCR/qPCR reagents, nucleotides, competent cells and bioresearch reagents used by researchers and other diagnostic companies, as well as contract development and manufacturing services under clinical cGMP conditions. Third-party sales for this operating segment were approximately \$38,000, \$27,000 and \$23,000 for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. As of September 30, 2011, our Life Science operating segment had approximately 195 employees.

Most of the revenue for our Life Science operating segment currently comes from the manufacture, sale and distribution of bulk antigens, antibodies, PCR/qPCR reagents, nucleotides, competent cells and bioresearch reagents used by researchers and other diagnostic companies. During fiscal 2011, 15% of third-party sales for this segment were to two customers. For one of these two customers, we have exclusive supply agreements that have annual, automatic renewal provisions. We have a long-standing relationship with this customer; and

although there can be no assurances, we intend to renew these supply agreements in the normal course of business.

In July 2010, we acquired the Bioline Group and in so doing added important technologies and capabilities to our Life Science business and complemented our expanding life science product lines sold into the research, pharmaceutical and commercial diagnostic markets. In addition to technological capabilities, Bioline also added proprietary know-how in the production of high-volume nucleotides and PCR enzymes, as well as a growing portfolio of intellectual property in the form of patents and licenses. The Bioline Group contributed sales of approximately \$15,000 and \$2,000 in fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, respectively.

Our clinical cGMP protein production facility in Memphis, Tennessee serves as an enabling technology for process development and large-scale manufacturing for biologicals used in new drugs and vaccines. The size of the facility is intended to accommodate manufacturing requirements for Phase I and Phase II clinical trials. The customer base for this aspect of our Life Science business includes biopharmaceutical and biotechnology companies, as well as government agencies, such as the National Institutes of Health. Revenues for our Life Science operating segment, in the normal course of business, may be affected from quarter to quarter by the timing and nature of arrangements for contract services work, which may have longer production cycles than our immunodiagnostic and molecular biology products, as well as buying patterns of major customers. See Note 1 (i) to the Consolidated Financial Statements herein for revenue recognition policies. Our revenues for contract services were approximately \$3,000, \$2,000 and \$2,000 in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

As a result of the order volume trends in bulk antigens, antibodies and reagents, during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we announced the closure of our Saco, Maine facility, and began the transfer of our manufacturing operations from this facility to our Memphis, Tennessee facility. We expect the consolidation of manufacturing operations in Memphis will provide a lower overall cost structure and should be completed during the second fiscal quarter of 2012. Total costs to complete the consolidation of facilities are expected to be approximately \$2,200, consisting of fixed asset impairments, inventory impairments, stay bonuses and moving costs, among other similar items. During the fourth quarter of 2011, we recognized \$1,057 of these costs, and the balance will be recognized during fiscal 2012, primarily during the first half of the fiscal year.

Products, Markets and Growth Strategies

Our Life Science operating segment's businesses have been assembled via acquisitions (BIODESIGN International in fiscal 1999, Viral Antigens in fiscal 2000, OEM Concepts in fiscal 2005, and the Bioline Group in July 2010). Historically, these businesses were run autonomously. In recent years, growth strategies have been developed around sales and marketing integration, new product development integration, and the acquisition of complementary product lines.

Immunodiagnostic products such as antibodies, antigens and reagents are marketed primarily to diagnostic manufacturing customers as a source of raw materials for their products, or as an outsourced step in their manufacturing processes. These products are typically sold in bulk quantities, and may also be custom-designed for a particular manufacturer's requirements. Sales efforts are focused on multi-year supply agreements in order to provide stability in volumes and pricing. We believe this benefits both us and our customers.

Molecular biology products such as PCR/qPCR reagents, nucleotides and competent cells are marketed primarily to research customers. These products are typically sold in small quantities.

Research and Development

Research and development expenses for our Life Science operating segment for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009 were approximately \$3,000, \$2,000 and \$1,000, respectively. This research and development organization is heavily involved in vaccine development and production activities for our cGMP facility.

Manufacturing and Government Regulation

The cGMP clinical grade proteins that are produced in our Memphis facility are intended to be used as "injectibles," and, as such, they are produced under cGMP Regulations for Biologics and Human Drugs under the auspices of the FDA. Approval and licensing, following clinical trials, of these products is the responsibility of the applicant, who owns the rights to each protein. Typically, the customer is the applicant, not Meridian Life Science.

The Meridian Life Science facilities are ISO 9001:2008 certified and EC 1069:2009 approved, where appropriate and as required.

Competition

Diagnostics

The market for diagnostic tests is a multi-billion dollar international industry, which is highly competitive. Many of our competitors are larger than we are with greater financial, research, manufacturing and marketing resources. Important competitive factors for Meridian's products include product quality, price, ease of use, customer service and reputation. In a broader sense, industry competition is based upon scientific and technological capability, proprietary know-how, access to adequate capital, the ability to develop and market products and processes, the ability to attract and retain qualified personnel, and the availability of patent protection. To the extent that our product lines do not reflect technological advances, our ability to compete in those product lines could be adversely affected.

The diagnostic test industry is highly fragmented and segmented. Of importance in the industry are mid-sized medical diagnostic specialty companies, like Meridian, that offer multiple, broad product lines and have the ability to deliver new, high value products quickly to the marketplace. Among the companies with which we

compete in the marketing of one or more of our products are the diagnostic product divisions of Abbott Laboratories Inc., Becton, Dickinson and Company, Thermo Fisher and Siemens. We also compete with smaller companies such as Cepheid, Quidel Corporation and Alere, Inc.

Life Science

The market for bulk biomedical reagents is highly competitive. Important competitive factors include product quality, price, customer service, and reputation. We face competitors, many of which have greater financial, research and development, sales and marketing, and manufacturing resources, and where sole-source supply arrangements do not exist. From time to time, customers may choose to manufacture their biomedical reagents in-house rather than purchase from outside vendors such as Meridian.

The market for contract manufacturing in a validated cGMP facility, such as our Memphis facility, is also competitive. Important competitive factors include reputation, customer service and price. Although the product application for this facility was built from our existing expertise in cell culture manufacturing techniques, we face competitors with greater experience in contract manufacturing in a clinical cGMP environment.

Acquisitions

Acquisitions have played an important role in the growth of our businesses. Our acquisition objectives include, among other things, (i) enhancing product offerings; (ii) improving product distribution capabilities; (iii) providing access to new markets; and/or (iv) providing access to key biologicals or new technologies that lead to new products. Although we cannot provide any assurance that we will consummate any additional acquisitions in the future, nor can we provide any assurance that any acquisitions will accomplish these objectives, we expect that the potential for acquisitions will continue to provide opportunities for revenues and earnings growth in the future.

International Markets

International markets are an important source of revenue and future growth opportunities for all of our operating segments. For all operating segments combined, international sales were approximately \$53,000 or 33% of consolidated fiscal 2011 sales, \$43,000 or 30% of consolidated fiscal 2010 sales and \$41,000 or 28% of consolidated fiscal 2009 sales. We expect to continue to look to international markets as a source of new revenues and growth in the future. See Notes 7 and 9 to the Consolidated Financial Statements for information concerning sales, long-lived assets and deferred tax assets by country.

Environmental

We are a conditionally exempt, small quantity generator of hazardous waste and have a U.S. EPA identification number. We are in compliance with applicable portions of the federal and state hazardous waste regulations and have never been a party to any environmental proceeding.

ITEM 1A.

RISK FACTORS

In addition to the other information set forth in this report, you should carefully consider the following factors, which could materially affect our business, financial condition, cash flows or future results. Any one of these factors could cause our actual results to vary materially from recent results or from anticipated future results. The risks described below are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

Risks Affecting Growth and Profitability of our Business

We may be unable to develop new products and services or acquire products and services on favorable terms.

The medical diagnostic and life science industries are characterized by ongoing technological developments and changing customer requirements. As such, our results of operations and continued growth depend, in part, on our ability in a timely manner to develop or acquire rights to, and successfully introduce into the marketplace, enhancements of existing products and services or new products and services that incorporate technological advances, meet customer requirements and respond to products developed by our competition. We cannot provide any assurance that we will be successful in developing or acquiring such rights to products and services on a timely basis, or that such products and services will adequately address the changing needs of the marketplace, either of which could adversely affect our results of operations.

In addition, we must regularly allocate considerable resources to research and development of new products, services and technologies. The research and development process generally takes a significant amount of time from design stage to product launch. This process is conducted in various stages. During each stage, there is a risk that we will not achieve our goals on a timely basis, or at all, and we may have to abandon a product in which we have invested substantial resources.

We may be unable to successfully integrate operations or to achieve expected cost savings from acquisitions we make.

One of our main growth strategies is the acquisition of companies and/or products. Although additional acquisitions of companies and products may enhance the opportunity to increase net earnings over time, such acquisitions could result in greater administrative burdens, increased exposure to the uncertainties inherent in marketing new products and financial risks of additional operating costs. The principal benefits expected to result from any acquisitions we make will not be achieved fully unless we are able to successfully integrate the operations of the acquired entities with our operations and realize the anticipated synergies, cost savings and growth opportunities from integrating these businesses into our existing businesses. We cannot provide any

assurance that we will be able to identify and complete additional acquisitions on terms we consider favorable or that, if completed, will be successfully integrated into our operations.

Revenues for our diagnostic operating segments may be impacted by our reliance upon two key distributors, seasonal factors and sporadic outbreaks, and changing diagnostic market conditions.

Key Distributors

Our U.S. Diagnostic operating segment's sales through two distributors were 49% and 57%, respectively, of the U.S. Diagnostics operating segment's total sales for fiscal 2011 and 2010, or 30% and 36%, respectively, of our consolidated sales for fiscal 2011 and 2010. These parties distribute our products and other laboratory products to end-user customers. The loss of either of these distributors could negatively impact our sales and results of operations unless suitable alternatives were timely found or lost sales to one distributor were absorbed by another distributor. Finding a suitable alternative on satisfactory terms may pose challenges in our industry's competitive environment. As an alternative, we could expand our efforts to distribute and market our products directly. This alternative, however, would require substantial investment in additional sales, marketing and logistics resources, including hiring additional sales and customer service personnel, which would significantly increase our future selling, general and administrative expenses.

In addition, buying patterns of these two distributors may fluctuate from quarter to quarter, potentially leading to uneven concentration levels on a quarterly basis.

Seasonal Factors and Sporadic Outbreaks

Our principal business is the sale of a broad range of diagnostic test kits for common gastrointestinal, viral, upper respiratory and parasitic infectious diseases. Certain infectious diseases may be seasonal in nature, while others may be associated with sporadic outbreaks, such as foodborne illnesses, or pandemics such as H1N1 influenza. While we believe that the breadth of our diagnostic product lines reduces the risk that infections subject to seasonality and sporadic outbreaks will cause significant variability in diagnostic revenues, we can make no assurance that revenues will not be negatively impacted period over period by such factors.

Changing Diagnostic Market Conditions

Changes in the healthcare delivery system have resulted in major consolidation among reference laboratories and in the formation of multi-hospital alliances, reducing the number of institutional customers for diagnostic test products. Consolidation in the U.S. healthcare industry has also led to the creation of group purchasing organizations (GPOs) that aggregate buying power for hospital groups and put pressure on our selling prices. Due to such consolidation, we may not be able to enter into and/or sustain contractual or other marketing or distribution arrangements on a satisfactory commercial basis with institutional customers and GPOs, which could adversely affect our results of operations.

We could be adversely affected by healthcare reform legislation.

Third-party payers for medical products and services, including state and federal governments, are increasingly concerned about escalating health care costs and can indirectly affect the pricing or the relative attractiveness of our products by regulating the maximum amount of reimbursement they will provide for diagnostic testing services. Following years of increasing pressure, during 2010 the U.S. government enacted comprehensive healthcare reform. At present, given the infancy of the enacted reform, we are unable to predict what effect the legislation might ultimately have on reimbursement rates for our products. If reimbursement amounts for diagnostic testing services are decreased in the future, such decreases may reduce the amount that will be reimbursed to hospitals or physicians for such services and consequently could place constraints on the levels of overall pricing, which could have a material effect on our sales and/or results of operations.

In addition, this legislation established a 2.3% excise tax on the sales of medical devices beginning in 2013. At existing sales levels in our U.S. markets, this would result in an annual excise tax in excess of \$2,000 for our company. It is unknown at the present time whether this cost can be passed on to customers.

Revenues for our Life Science operating segment may be impacted by customer concentrations and buying patterns.

Our Life Science operating segment's sales of purified antigens and reagents to two customers were 15% and 27%, respectively, of the Life Science operating segment's total sales for fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, or 4% and 5%, respectively, of our consolidated sales for fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010. For one of these two customers, we have exclusive supply agreements that have annual, automatic renewal provisions. Although we have a long-standing relationship with this customer, we cannot provide any assurance that we will be able to renew these supply agreements, which could adversely affect our sales and results of operations.

Our Life Science operating segment has four other significant customers who purchase antigens, antibodies and reagents, which together comprised 10% and 13%, respectively, of the operating segment's total sales for fiscal 2011 and 2010. Any significant alteration of buying patterns from these customers could adversely affect our period over period sales and results of operations.

Revenues relating to research, development and manufacturing services for our Life Science operating segment are generated on a contract by contract basis. The nature of this business is such that each contract provides a unique product and/or service and corresponding revenue stream. Although we believe that future prospects for this business will generate targeted growth rates, there can be no assurance that future contracts will be secured, and if secured, will be profitable.

Intense competition could adversely affect our profitability.

The markets for our products and services are characterized by substantial competition and rapid change. Hundreds of companies in the United States supply immunodiagnostic tests and purified reagents. These companies range from multinational healthcare entities, for which immunodiagnostics is one line of business, to small start-up companies. Many of our competitors have significantly greater financial, technical, manufacturing and marketing resources than we do. We cannot provide any assurance that our products and services will be able to compete successfully with the products and services of our competitors.

In recent years, molecular tests have been introduced for the first time into the *C. difficile* market, which is a significant source of revenues for us. Our ability to continue to successfully compete in the *C. difficile* market is partly dependent upon the success and market acceptance of our own molecular-based product, *illumigene* [®] *C. difficile*.

We depend on international sales, and our financial results may be adversely impacted by foreign currency, regulatory or other developments affecting international markets.

We sell products and services into approximately 60 countries. Approximately 33% of our net sales for fiscal 2011 and approximately 30% of our net sales for fiscal 2010 were attributable to international markets. For fiscal 2011, 43% of our international sales were made in Euros and 40% were made in U.S. dollars, with the remaining 17% being a combination of the British pound and the Australian dollar. We are subject to the risks associated with fluctuations in the exchange rates for the Australian dollar, British pound and Euro to the U.S. dollar. We are also subject to other risks associated with international operations, including longer customer payment cycles, tariff regulations, requirements for export licenses, instability of foreign governments, and governmental requirements with respect to the importation and distribution of medical devices and immunodiagnostic and molecular biology reagents, all of which may vary by country.

Risks Affecting our Manufacturing Operations

We are subject to comprehensive regulation, and our ability to earn profits may be restricted by these regulations.

Medical device diagnostics and the manufacture, sale and distribution of bulk antigens, antibodies and reagents are highly regulated industries. We cannot provide any assurance that we will be able to obtain necessary governmental clearances or approvals or timely clearances or approvals to market future products in the United States and other countries. Costs and difficulties in complying with laws and regulations administered by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration, the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the U.S. Department of Commerce, the U.S. Drug Enforcement Agency, the Centers for Disease Control or other regulators can result in unanticipated expenses and delays and interruptions to the sale of new and existing products. Contract manufacturing of proteins and other biologicals is regulated by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

Regulatory approval can be a lengthy, expensive and uncertain process, making the timing and costs of approvals difficult to predict. The failure to comply with these regulations can result in delay in obtaining authorization to sell products, seizure or recall of products, suspension or revocation of authority to manufacture or sell products, and other civil or criminal sanctions.

Significant interruptions in production at our principal manufacturing facilities and/or third-party manufacturing facilities would adversely affect our business and operating results.

Products and services manufactured at our Cincinnati, Ohio; Boca Raton, Florida; Memphis, Tennessee; Saco, Maine; London, England; Luckenwalde, Germany; and Sydney, Australia facilities comprised 73% of our Diagnostics revenues and 82% of our Life Science revenues. Our global supply of these products and services is dependent on the uninterrupted and efficient operation of these facilities. In addition, we currently rely on a small number of third-party manufacturers to produce certain of our diagnostic products and product components. The operations of our facilities or these third-party manufacturing facilities could be adversely affected by power failures, natural or other disasters, such as earthquakes, floods, tornadoes or terrorist threats. Although we carry insurance to protect against certain business interruptions at our facilities, there can be no assurance that such coverage will be adequate or that such coverage will continue to remain available on acceptable terms, if at all. Any significant interruption in the Company's or third-party manufacturing capabilities could materially and adversely affect our operating results.

We depend on sole-source suppliers for certain critical components and products. A supply interruption could adversely affect our business.

Our products are made from a wide variety of raw materials that are generally available from multiple sources of supply. However, certain critical raw materials and supplies required for the production of some of our principal products are available only from a single supplier. In addition, certain finished products, for which we act as a distributor, are available only from a single supplier. If these suppliers become unable or unwilling to supply the required raw materials or products, we would need to find another source, and perform additional development work and obtain regulatory approvals for the use of the alternative raw materials for our products. Completing that development and obtaining such approvals could require significant time and resources, and may not occur at all. Any disruption in the supply of these raw materials or finished products could have a material adverse affect on us.

We currently sole-source from a U.S. manufacturer the *illumipro*-10[®] instrument on which our *illumigene*[®] molecular testing platform operates. Additionally, two of our foodborne products sourced from another vendor accounted for 14%, 11% and 7% of third-party sales for our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Risks Related to Intellectual Property and Product Liability

We may be unable to protect or obtain proprietary rights that we utilize or intend to utilize.

In developing and manufacturing our products, we employ a variety of proprietary and patented technologies. In addition, we have licensed, and expect to continue to license, various complementary technologies and methods from academic institutions and public and private companies. We cannot provide any assurance that the technologies that we own or license provide protection from competitive threats or from challenges to our intellectual property. In addition, we cannot provide any assurances that we will be successful in obtaining licenses or proprietary or patented technologies in the future.

Product infringement claims by other companies could result in costly disputes and could limit our ability to sell our products.

Litigation over intellectual property rights is prevalent in the diagnostic industry. As the market for diagnostics continues to grow and the number of participants in the market increases, we may increasingly be subject to patent infringement claims. It is possible that a third-party may claim infringement against us. If found to infringe, we may attempt to obtain a license to such intellectual property; however, we may be unable to do so on favorable terms, or at all. Additionally, if our products are found to infringe on third-party intellectual property, we may be required to pay damages for past infringement and lose the ability to sell certain products, causing our revenues to decrease. We currently carry intellectual property insurance that covers damages and defense costs from our potential infringement on other third-party patents at levels that we believe are commercially reasonable, although there is no assurance that it will be adequate to cover claims that may arise. Any substantial underinsured loss resulting from such a claim could have a material adverse affect on our profitability and the damage to our reputation in the industry could have a material adverse affect on our business.

If product liability lawsuits are successfully brought against us, we may incur substantial liabilities and may have to limit or cease sales of our products.

The testing, manufacturing and marketing of medical diagnostic products involves an inherent risk of product liability claims. If we cannot successfully defend ourselves against product liability claims, we may incur substantial liabilities or be required to limit or cease sales of our products. We currently carry product liability insurance at a level we believe is commercially reasonable, although there is no assurance that it will be adequate to cover claims that may arise. In certain customer contracts, we indemnify third parties for certain product liability claims related to our products. These indemnification obligations may cause us to pay significant sums of money for claims that are covered by these indemnifications. In addition, a defect in the design or manufacture of our products could have a material adverse affect on our reputation in the industry and subject us to claims of liability for injury and otherwise. Any substantial underinsured loss resulting from such a claim could have a material adverse affect on our profitability and the damage to our reputation in the industry could have a material adverse affect on our business.

Other Risks Affecting Our Business

Our business could be negatively affected if we are unable to attract, hire and retain key personnel.

Our future success depends on our continued ability to attract, hire and retain highly qualified personnel, including our executive officers and scientific, technical, sales and marketing employees, and their ability to manage growth successfully. If such key employees were to leave and we were unable to obtain adequate replacements, our operating results could be adversely affected.

Our bank credit agreement imposes restrictions with respect to our operations.

Our bank credit agreement contains a number of financial covenants that require us to meet certain financial ratios and tests. If we fail to comply with the obligations in the credit agreement, we would be in default under the credit agreement. If an event of default is not cured or waived, it could result in acceleration of any indebtedness under our credit agreement, which could have a material adverse effect on our business. At the present time, no borrowings are outstanding under our bank credit agreement.

We face risks related to global economic conditions.

We currently generate significant operating cash flows, which combined with access to the credit markets provides us with discretionary funding capacity for research and development and other strategic activities. Current uncertainty in global economic conditions poses a risk to the overall economy that could impact demand for our products, as well as our ability to manage normal commercial relationships with our customers, suppliers and creditors, including financial institutions. If global economic conditions deteriorate significantly, our business could be negatively impacted, including such areas as reduced demand for our products from a slow-down in the general economy, supplier or customer disruptions resulting from tighter credit markets and/or temporary interruptions in our ability to conduct day-to-day transactions through our financial intermediaries involving the payment to or collection of funds from our customers, vendors and suppliers.

Approximately \$4,900 of our accounts receivable at September 30, 2011 is due from Italian hospital customers whose funding ultimately comes from the Italian government. The magnitude of the sovereign debt crisis in Europe, and Italy in particular, is significant. We have experienced a deterioration in the aging of our Italian accounts receivable and continue to monitor the situation closely.

Risks Related to Our Common Stock

Our board of directors has the authority to issue up to 1,000 shares of undesignated preferred stock and to determine the rights, preferences, privileges and restrictions, including voting rights, of such shares without any future vote or action by the shareholders. The issuance of preferred stock under certain circumstances could have the effect of delaying or preventing a change in control of our company. Ohio corporation law contains provisions that may discourage takeover bids for our company that have not been negotiated with the board of directors. Such provisions could limit the price that investors might be willing to pay in the future for shares of

our common stock. In addition, sales of substantial amounts of such shares in the public market could adversely affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to raise additional capital at a price favorable to us.

ITEM 1B.

UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

ITEM 2.

PROPERTIES

Our corporate offices, U.S. Diagnostics manufacturing facility and U.S. Diagnostics research and development facility are located in four buildings totaling approximately 114,000 square feet on 10 acres of land in the Village of Newtown, a suburb of Cincinnati, Ohio. These properties are owned by us. We have approximately 39,000 square feet of manufacturing space and 14,000 square feet of warehouse space in these facilities. Included within these properties is an approximately 21,000 square foot building located on 3.5 acres of land within one mile of our primary headquarters facility. Since purchasing this property in September 2009, we have transformed the property into a state-of-the-art facility, which as of July 2011 houses our research and development operations and our sales and marketing departments. The facility is called the Meridian Innovation Center and was designed to stimulate our product development and marketing efforts.

Our European Diagnostics distribution center in Italy conducts its operations in a two-story building near Milan, consisting of approximately 18,000 square feet. This facility is owned by our wholly-owned Italian subsidiary, Meridian Bioscience Europe s.r.l. We also rent office space in Nice, France; Paris, France; and Nivelles, Belgium for sales and administrative functions.

Our Life Science operations are conducted in several facilities in Saco, Maine; Memphis, Tennessee; and Boca Raton, Florida, as well as the Bioline Group facilities located in Boston, Massachusetts; London, England; Luckenwalde, Germany; and Sydney, Australia. Our facility in Memphis, Tennessee consists of two buildings totaling approximately 44,000 square feet, including approximately 27,000 square feet of manufacturing space, and is owned by us. Our leased facility in Boca Raton, Florida contains approximately 7,500 square feet of manufacturing space. Our facility in Saco, Maine, the operations of which we are in the process of consolidating with the Memphis facility, contains approximately 23,000 square feet for manufacturing, sales, distribution and administrative functions. In anticipation of the consolidation of the Maine operations with the Tennessee location being completed during the second quarter of fiscal 2012, we are marketing the property for sale or lease. Following are details of the Bioline Group facilities, all of which are leased: Boston – approximately 10,000 square feet of sales and warehouse space; London – approximately 9,000 square feet of sales, warehouse, distribution, research and development, manufacturing and administrative office space; Luckenwalde – approximately 9,000 square feet of sales, warehouse, research and development and manufacturing space.

ITEM 3.

LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are a party to various litigation matters that we believe are in the normal course of business. The ultimate resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows. No material provision has been made in the accompanying consolidated financial statements for these matters.

ITEM 4.

[REMOVED AND RESERVED]

PART II.

ITEM 5.

MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Refer to "Forward Looking Statements" following the Index in front of the Form 10-K and Item 1A "Risk Factors" on Pages 15 through 22 of this Annual Report.

"Common Stock Information" on the inside back cover of the Annual Report to Shareholders for 2011 and "Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)" relating to our dividends in Note 11 to the Consolidated Financial Statements are incorporated herein by reference. Except as may otherwise be prohibited by applicable law, there are no restrictions on cash dividend payments.

Historically, our cash dividend policy has been to set the indicated annual dividend rate between 75% and 85% of each fiscal year's expected net earnings. However, during each of fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, years of significant investment in our foundation for the future (e.g., *illumigene*® molecular technology development/launch, ongoing development of new products for the molecular platform, Bioline Group acquisition, etc.), our indicated annual dividend rate of \$0.76 per share was 117% of diluted earnings per share. Based upon published fiscal 2012 earnings guidance, management expects the annual indicated dividend to be between approximately 85% and 89% of fiscal 2012 diluted earnings per share, although no assurances can be made in this regard. The declaration and amount of dividends will be determined by the Board of Directors in its discretion based upon its evaluation of earnings, cash flow requirements and future business developments and opportunities, including acquisitions.

We paid dividends of \$0.76 per share, \$0.74 per share and \$0.65 per share in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

As of September 30, 2011, there were approximately 1,000 holders of record and approximately 18,100 beneficial owners of our common shares.

ITEM 6.

SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA

Incorporated by reference from inside front cover of the Annual Report to Shareholders for 2011.

ITEM 7.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Refer to "Forward Looking Statements" following the Index in front of this Form 10-K and Item 1A "Risk Factors" on pages 15 through 22 of this Annual Report.

In the discussion that follows, all amounts are in thousands (both tables and text), except per share data.

Results of Operations:

Fourth Quarter

Net earnings for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011 increased 26% to \$6,710, or \$0.16 per diluted share, from net earnings for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010 of \$5,322, or \$0.13 per diluted share. This increase reflects the combined effects of both increased sales and increased operating expenses, in large part resulting from the Bioline Group, which was acquired on July 20, 2010. Additionally, the fiscal 2011 fourth quarter includes \$1,057 of costs associated with the consolidation of the Saco, Maine operations into the Memphis, Tennessee facility (impact on net earnings of \$691, or \$0.02 per diluted share). Sales for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011 were \$41,349, an increase of \$5,810, or 16%, compared to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010, reflecting the impact of a full quarter of Bioline Group sales and increased sales across all of our diagnostic focus product families: *C. difficile*, Foodborne and *H. pylori*.

Sales for the U.S. Diagnostics operating segment for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011 increased 14% compared to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010, reflecting growth across all of our focus product families – ranging from 12% growth in *H. pylori* products to 29% growth in our *C. difficile* product family. Fourth quarter 2011 sales for our European Diagnostics operating segment increased 7% compared to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010 due primarily to a positive currency effect. On an organic basis, which excludes the effects of currency translation, sales for our European Diagnostics operating segment decreased 4% during the fourth quarter, reflecting the

ongoing effects of significant competitive pressures in the *C. difficile* and *H. pylori* product families. Largely as a result of the Bioline Group, sales for our Life Science segment experienced a 27% increase in sales during this period. Excluding the effect of the Bioline Group, sales of our Life Science operating segment increased by 8% during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011 compared to the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010.

Fiscal Year

Net earnings for fiscal 2011 increased 1% to \$26,831, or \$0.65 per diluted share, from net earnings for fiscal 2010 of \$26,647, or \$0.65 per diluted share. Fiscal 2011 net earnings includes \$691 (\$1,057 excluding the income tax effect), or \$0.02 per diluted share, associated with the consolidation of the Saco, Maine operations into the Memphis, Tennessee facility, and \$872 (\$1,240 excluding the income tax effect), or \$0.02 per diluted share, related to costs incurred in connection with the reorganization of our sales and marketing leadership during the second quarter of fiscal 2011. Fiscal 2010 net earnings, on the other hand, includes \$1,240, or \$0.03 per diluted share, of Bioline Group transaction costs. Results of operations for fiscal 2011 compared to fiscal 2010 are discussed below.

Non-GAAP Information

The tables below provide information on net earnings, basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share, excluding the effect of costs associated with the consolidation of our Saco, Maine operations into our Memphis, Tennessee facility (fiscal 2011), costs of reorganizing our sales and marketing leadership (fiscal 2011) and transaction costs associated with the acquisition of the Bioline Group (fiscal 2010), each of which is a non-GAAP financial measure, as well as reconciliations to amounts reported under U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles. We believe that this information is useful to those who read our financial statements and evaluate our operating results because:

- These measures help to appropriately evaluate and compare the results of operations from period to period
 by removing the impact of non-routine costs related to consolidating the Maine operations (fiscal 2011) and
 reorganizing our sales and marketing leadership (fiscal 2011), and the one-time transaction costs related to
 the acquisition of the Bioline Group (fiscal 2010); and
- 2. These measures are used by our management for various purposes, including evaluating performance against incentive bonus achievement targets, comparing performance from period to period in presentations to our Board of Directors, and as a basis for strategic planning and forecasting.

	2011		2010	2009
Net Earnings -		_		
U.S. GAAP basis	\$ 26,831	\$	26,647	\$ 32,759
Sales & Marketing Leadership Reorganization (1)	872		-	-
Facility consolidation costs (1)	691		-	-
Transaction costs for Bioline Group acquisition (2)			1,240	
Adjusted earnings	 28,394	\$	27,887	\$ 32,759
Net Earnings per Basic Common Share -				
U.S. GAAP basis	\$ 0.66	\$	0.66	\$ 0.81
Sales & Marketing Leadership Reorganization (1)	0.02		-	-
Facility consolidation costs (1)	0.02		-	-
Transaction costs for Bioline Group acquisition (2)	 -		0.03	 -
Adjusted Basic EPS	\$ 0.70	\$	0.69	\$ 0.81
Net Earnings per Diluted Common Share -				
U.S. GAAP basis	\$ 0.65	\$	0.65	\$ 0.80
Sales & Marketing Leadership Reorganization (1)	0.02		-	-
Facility consolidation costs (1)	0.02			
Transaction costs for Bioline Group acquisition (2)	 		0.03	
Adjusted Diluted EPS	\$ 0.69	\$	0.68	\$ 0.80

⁽¹⁾ These amounts are net of income tax effects of \$368 and \$366 for the leadership reorganization and the facility consolidation costs, respectively, which were calculated using the effective tax rates of the jurisdictions in which the costs were incurred.

Revenue Overview:

Our Diagnostics operating segments provide the largest share of our consolidated revenues, 76%, 81% and 84% for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The percentage decline from fiscal 2010 to 2011 results primarily from the addition of the Bioline Group to our Life Science operating segment. Sales from our focus families (*C. difficile*, Foodborne and *H. pylori*) comprised 58% of our Diagnostics operating segments' revenues during fiscal 2011.

The overall revenue change for our Diagnostics operating segments during fiscal 2011 was an increase of 5%, reflecting growth in all of our focus product families. The levels of growth ranged from 9% in our *H. pylori* products to 36% in our foodborne products family. *C. difficile* revenue, which had declined 18% and 2% in 2010 and 2009, respectively, increased 10% in fiscal 2011. Respiratory product sales declined 26% as a result of the end of the H1N1 influenza pandemic in December 2009. However, sales of non-influenza respiratory products declined only 1%. On an organic basis, which excludes the effects of currency translation, sales of our European Diagnostic operating segment decreased by 2% in fiscal 2011, reflecting the combined effects of decreases in our *C. difficile*, respiratory and *H. pylori* product families, partially offset by growth in our foodborne product sales.

⁽²⁾ Since the Bioline Group transaction costs were not deductible, there are no income tax effects.

C. difficile Products

Our *illumigene*® molecular *C. difficile* product has now been available in markets around the world for over 12 months. Sales of this product were approximately \$9,000 and \$500 in fiscal 2011 and 2010, respectively. We have just over 650 placements of *illumigene*® units worldwide to date, with approximately 90% of these installed in the U.S. At the present time, it generally takes a customer 90 days from purchase order placement to become revenue producing – a timeframe we are continually working to reduce. Our *illumigene*® molecular *C. difficile* product has restored the *C. difficile* product family to positive sales growth, 10% in fiscal 2011, and has allowed us to begin to recover lost test volume from our Toxin products.

Our major competitors in this product family are Cepheid and Becton Dickinson. We believe that we have two principal advantages versus our competition. First, our instrumentation package has a smaller footprint and significantly lower cost than either Cepheid or Becton Dickinson. We believe that this advantage allows our product to fit into virtually any size hospital or reference laboratory. We believe that our second principal advantage is the breadth of our *C. difficile* product offerings. With the launch of our molecular product and recent FDA clearance and submission activities related to our common antigen *C. difficile* products – Premier *C. difficile* GDH received FDA clearance in May 2011, and Immuno *Card C. difficile* GDH was submitted to the FDA in July 2011 – we believe we are in a unique position to offer a full line of testing solutions to our clinical laboratory customers around the world to counter the competitive pressures surrounding this market. Additionally, we hold the only FDA-approved claim for *C. difficile* testing in the pediatric population. During July, we submitted to the FDA our second molecular test for the *illumigene*® molecular platform, *illumigene*® Group B *Streptococcus* (GBS), and over the next 12 months, we expect the following additional tests for the platform – Group A *Streptococcus*, *Mycoplasma pneumoniae* and *Bordetella pertussis/parapertussis* – to clear formal clinical trials and be submitted to the FDA for marketing clearance.

Foodborne Products

During fiscal 2011, sales of our foodborne products increased approximately 35% for our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment and approximately 39% for our European Diagnostics operating segment on an organic basis. As was experienced in fiscal 2010, the revenue increases in this product family continue to reflect the volume growth in our new foodborne products launched in recent years. Additionally, the European Diagnostics operating segment's growth reflects the effects of the Enterohemorrhagic *E. coli* (EHEC) infection outbreak in Europe during the third quarter of fiscal 2011. The market acceptance and volume growth of these products has resulted in global revenues for this disease family growing nearly five-fold since fiscal 2007, with foodborne fast approaching a \$20,000 product family.

We believe that the primary competition for our foodborne products is laboratory culture methods. We believe that our products have two principal advantages versus culture methods. The first principal advantage is test accuracy. Independent evaluations have shown our products to have higher sensitivity than culture methods. The second principal advantage is improved work flow of the testing process, resulting in significantly shortened

time to test result. Our single-use rapid products provide a test result in approximately 20 minutes, whereas culture results can take up to 24-48 hours. Time to test result can be a critical factor in the physician's choice of therapies.

H. pylori Products

During fiscal 2011, sales of our *H. pylori* products grew 14% for our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment and declined 3% for our European Diagnostics operating segment on an organic basis, compared to the year-over-year sales level increases these operating segments experienced in 2010 of 15% and 1%, respectively. The increases for our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment continue to reflect the benefits of our partnerships with managed care companies in promoting the health and economic benefits of a test and treat strategy, and the ongoing effects of such strategy moving physician behavior away from serology-based testing toward direct antigen testing. We expect that our efforts with managed care companies in the U.S. will provide low to midteens growth opportunities for the next several years. The sales results for our European Diagnostics operating segment reflect the ongoing impact of pricing pressures from competitive products in European markets.

Respiratory Products

During fiscal 2011, respiratory sales for our Diagnostics operating segments decreased 26% compared to fiscal 2010, following a 25% year-over-year decrease from fiscal 2009 to fiscal 2010. The dramatic sales fluctuation for this family is a direct result of the end of the novel A (H1N1) outbreak in December 2009. Total non-influenza respiratory product sales remained relatively flat compared to fiscal 2010, with sales of such products decreasing 3% for our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment and increasing 10% for our European Diagnostics operating segment on an organic basis. At present, we do not expect a significant revenue contribution from influenza products in fiscal 2012.

Group Purchasing Organizations

In our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment, consolidation of the U.S. healthcare industry over the last several years has led to the creation of group purchasing organizations (GPOs) that aggregate buying power for hospital groups and put pressure on our selling prices. We have multi-year supply agreements with several GPOs. During fiscal 2011, we experienced approximately \$1,000 in unfavorable price variance, as a result of these agreements. However, these agreements help secure our products with these customers and have led to new business. While in the near term this has negatively impacted gross profit, further increases in volumes are expected from these contracts.

Foreign Currency

Favorable currency exchange rates resulted in approximately \$600 of additional revenue being recognized by our European Diagnostics operating segment during fiscal 2011, compared to currency exchange rates having virtually no impact on the fiscal 2010 consolidated sales results. During fiscal 2009, currency exchange rates had an approximate \$2,400 unfavorable impact on revenue.

Life Science Operating Segment

Sales for our Life Science operating segment increased 43% in fiscal 2011, due primarily to a \$15,000 revenue contribution from the Bioline Group acquired in July 2010. Excluding the impact of the Bioline Group, sales for the operating segment declined 5% for the year, as this business continues to experience both pricing pressure and reduced order volumes in bulk antigens, antibodies and related reagents. For fiscal 2012, we expect overall revenue growth of our Life Science operating segment to be in the range of 5% to 6%, led by the Bioline Group, which we expect to generate double-digit increases in sales of its molecular reagent products. We expect sales of our bulk antigen, antibody and reagent products to decline slightly in fiscal 2012 due to a slowing immunoassay demand profile.

As a result of the order volume trends in bulk antigens, antibodies and reagents, during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we announced the closure of our Saco, Maine facility, and began the consolidation of our manufacturing operations from this facility with our Memphis, Tennessee facility. We expect the consolidation of manufacturing operations in Memphis will provide a lower overall cost structure and should be completed during the second fiscal quarter of 2012. Total costs to complete the consolidation of facilities are expected to be approximately \$2,200, consisting of fixed asset impairments, inventory impairments, stay bonuses and moving costs, among other similar items. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we recognized \$1,057 of these costs, and the balance will be recognized during fiscal 2012, primarily during the first half of the fiscal year.

Significant Customers

Our U.S. Diagnostic operating segment's sales through two national distributors were 49% of the U.S. Diagnostics operating segment's total sales, or 30% of consolidated sales, for fiscal 2011. This compares to fiscal 2010, in which sales through these distributors comprised 57% of U.S. Diagnostics operating segment sales and 36% of consolidated sales. The lower percentage of sales reflects the fact that the majority of our *illumigene*® product sales are direct, as well as the comparative decline in these distributors' inventory stocking of influenza and other products.

Our Life Science operating segment's sales of purified antigens and reagents to two diagnostic manufacturing customers were 15% of the Life Science operating segment's total sales for fiscal 2011 or 4% of our consolidated sales for fiscal 2011, compared to 27% and 5% of fiscal 2010 Life Science operating segment and consolidated sales, respectively. The lower percentage of sales results primarily from the addition of the Bioline Group.

Operating Segment Revenues:

Our reportable operating segments are U.S. Diagnostics, European Diagnostics and Life Science. The U.S. Diagnostics operating segment consists of manufacturing operations in Cincinnati, Ohio, and the sale and distribution of diagnostic test kits in the U.S. and countries outside of Europe, Africa and the Middle East. The European Diagnostics operating segment consists of the sale and distribution of diagnostic test kits in Europe, Africa and the Middle East. The Life Science operating segment consists of manufacturing operations in Memphis, Tennessee; Saco, Maine; Boca Raton, Florida; London, England; Luckenwalde, Germany; and Sydney, Australia, and the sale and distribution of bulk antigens, antibodies, PCR/qPCR reagents, nucleotides, competent cells and bioresearch reagents domestically and abroad. The Life Science operating segment also includes the contract development and manufacture of proteins and other biologicals for use by biopharmaceutical and biotechnology companies engaged in research for new drugs and vaccines.

Revenues for the Diagnostics operating segments, in the normal course of business, may be affected by buying patterns of major distributors, seasonality and strength of certain diseases, and foreign currency exchange rates. Revenues for the Life Science operating segment, in the normal course of business, may be affected by the timing and nature of arrangements for contract services work, which may have longer production cycles than bioresearch reagents and bulk antigens and antibodies, as well as buying patterns of major customers. We believe that the overall breadth of our product lines serves to reduce the variability in consolidated revenues.

Revenues for each of our operating segments are shown below.

						2011 vs. 2010	2010 vs. 2009
	 2011		2010		2009	Inc (Dec)	Inc (Dec)
U.S. Diagnostics	\$ 97,133	\$	92,020	\$	98,970	6 %	(7)%
European Diagnostics	24,187		24,041		25,870	1 %	(7)%
Life Science	38,403		26,939		23,434	43 %	15 %
Consolidated	\$ 159,723	\$	143,000	\$	148,274	12 %	(4)%
International -							
U.S. Diagnostics	\$ 6,692	\$	6,268	\$	5,657	7 %	11 %
European Diagnostics	24,187		24,041		25,870	1 %	(7)%
Life Science	22,283		13,082		9,911	70 %	32 %
Total	\$ 53,162	\$	43,391	\$	41,438	23 %	5 %
% of total sales	33 %	0	30 %	, 0	28 %		

Gross Profit:

	2011	2010	2009	2011 vs. 2010 Inc (Dec)	2010 vs. 2009 Inc (Dec)
Gross Profit	\$ 99,298	\$ 88,696	\$ 92,442	12 %	(4)%
Gross Profit Margin	62%	62%	62%	-	-

The stability in our overall gross profit margins from 2009 to 2011 reflects the combined effects of 1) the margin contribution of Bioline Group products for a full year in fiscal 2011; 2) continued operating efficiencies in our Cincinnati, Ohio diagnostic test manufacturing facility; and 3) the year-over-year declines in respiratory product sales. Our respiratory product family generally has a lower gross profit margin than our focus product families (*C. difficile*, foodborne and *H. pylori*). Sales of respiratory products during fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009 were approximately 10%, 15% and 20%, respectively, of our consolidated sales. Specifically, sales of the Company's influenza products during fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009 represented approximately 2%, 6% and 10%, respectively, of consolidated sales.

GPO contracts also impacted our gross profit margins during fiscal 2011 and 2010. These contracts provide customers with favorable pricing based on purchase volumes of Meridian products. During fiscal 2011, we experienced approximately \$1,000 in unfavorable price variance, as a result of these agreements. However, these agreements help secure our products with these customers and have led to new business. While in the near term this has negatively impacted gross profit, further increases in volumes are expected from these contracts.

Our overall operations consist of the sale of diagnostic test kits for various disease states and in alternative test formats, as well as bioresearch reagents, bulk antigens and antibodies, proficiency panels, and contract research and development and contract manufacturing services. Product sales mix shifts, in the normal course of business, can cause the consolidated gross profit margin to fluctuate by several points.

Operating Expenses:

	 earch &		Selling & Marketing	General & dministrative	Other (1)	Total Operating Expenses
2009 Expenses	\$ 8,274	\$	18,324	\$ 17,065	\$ - \$	43,663
% of Sales	 6%		12%	 12%	0%	29%
Fiscal 2010 Increases (Decreases):						
U.S. Diagnostics	(655)		(377)	1,511	-	479
European Diagnostics	-		(205)	277	-	72
Life Science						
- Bioline Group	117		493	787	-	1,397
- Core	660		15	32	-	707
- Transaction Costs	-		-	-	1,240	1,240
2010 Expenses	\$ 8,396	\$	18,250	\$ 19,672	\$ 1,240 \$	47,558
% of Sales	6%	1 2 3	13%	 14%	1%	33%
% Increase (Decrease)	1%		0%	15%	-	9%
Fiscal 2011 Increases (Decreases):						
U.S. Diagnostics	844		1,236	183	365	2,628
European Diagnostics	-		143	156	875	1,174
Life Science						
- Bioline Group	636		3,293	5,235	-	9,164
- Core	(54)		(150)	(363)	548	(19
- Transaction Costs	-		-	-	(1,240)	(1,240)
				 	1,788 \$	59,265

Overall, the increase in total operating expenses during fiscal 2011 results in large part from (i) the impact on all three ongoing operating expense categories (i.e., Research & Development, Selling & Marketing, and General & Administrative) of adding the Bioline Group's full-year operating expenses; (ii) incurring approximately \$1,240 of costs during the second quarter of fiscal 2011 in connection with the reorganization of our sales and marketing leadership (including severance benefits for the former President and Managing Director of our European diagnostics business); and (iii) incurring approximately \$1,057 of costs during the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011 in connection with the consolidation of our Saco, Maine operations into our Memphis, Tennessee location. The facility consolidation costs incurred to-date are comprised primarily of write-downs to property, equipment and inventory, and stay bonus costs for personnel scheduled to be terminated at varying times throughout fiscal 2012. Additional stay bonus costs totaling approximately \$600 are expected to be incurred during fiscal 2012, with the majority of such costs to be incurred during the first and second quarters.

Operating expenses for the U.S. Diagnostics operating segment increased \$2,628 for fiscal 2011 compared to fiscal 2010 and increased \$479 for fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009. The overall net increase in fiscal 2011 reflects the combined effects of the following:

Research & Development

Overall increase in spending on new product development activities related to products submitted to the FDA during the year and planned for submission during fiscal 2012, as well as spending on increased *illumigene*® component qualification activities. Costs include increased personnel-related and quality control costs of approximately \$450 and \$150, respectively.

Selling & Marketing

The launch of *illumigene*® resulting in increased sales bonus and commissions expenses and increased travel and trade show expenses of approximately \$750 and \$300, respectively.

General & Administrative

The positive effects of overall cost containment and reduction efforts being offset by an approximate \$750 increase in stock-based compensation during fiscal 2011.

The overall net increase in the U.S. Diagnostics operating segment's expenses during fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009 reflected the combined effects of: (i) decreased research and development spending as a result of completing the development of our molecular *illumigene*[®] *C. difficile* product, including the *illumipro*-10[®] instrument, which was launched during fiscal 2010, and comparatively higher clinical trial costs for certain immunoassay products in 2009; (ii) decreased sales and marketing expenses due to lower *C. difficile* and respiratory product sales resulting in lower bonus and commission costs for our sales organization; and (iii) increased general and administrative expenses as a result of higher compensation costs, including stock-based compensation costs related to time-vested restricted stock granted in November 2009.

Operating expenses for the European Diagnostics operating segment increased \$1,174 for fiscal 2011 compared to fiscal 2010 and increased \$72 for fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009. The fiscal 2011 increase was primarily attributable to costs associated with the aforementioned reorganization of our sales and marketing leadership during the fiscal 2011 second quarter.

Operating expenses for the Life Science operating segment increased \$9,145 for fiscal 2011 compared to fiscal 2010 and increased \$2,104 for fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009, excluding one-time transaction costs of \$1,240. The increase in 2011 resulted from the previously-noted addition of the Bioline Group's full-year operating expenses and the costs related to consolidating the Maine and Tennessee facilities. The increase in 2010 resulted primarily from increased salaries and benefits related to filling open positions, increased research and development resource allocations, and the addition of the Bioline Group's operating expenses of \$1,397.

The amount of stock-based compensation expense reported for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009 was \$2,614, \$1,866 and \$1,092, respectively. During November 2008, we granted to certain employees restricted stock that was contingent upon Meridian achieving a specified net earnings level for fiscal 2009. Because Meridian's fiscal net earnings did not reach the minimum level in 2009, these awards were not earned and no stock-based compensation has been recorded for these awards. In November 2009, we granted restricted shares and restricted share units to certain employees, with half of each employee's grant being time-vested restricted shares or restricted share units vesting in total in four years, and the remaining half being subject to attainment of a specified earnings target for fiscal 2010. Dividends were paid on these shares and units throughout fiscal 2010. While the 2010 earnings target was not met, on September 30, 2010, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors chose to convert the performance-based restricted shares to time-vested restricted shares vesting in total after four years in recognition of the achievement in 2010 of several strategic initiatives that position the Company for future growth. Expense totaling \$472 was recorded in fiscal 2010 as a result of this conversion, and is included in the total amount of stock-based compensation set forth above. Similarly, in November 2010, we granted restricted shares and restricted share units to certain employees, with half of each employee's grant being time-vested restricted shares or restricted share units vesting in full in four years, and the remaining half being subject to attainment of a specified earnings target for fiscal 2011. Although dividends were paid on these shares and units throughout fiscal 2011, because Meridian's net earnings did not reach the minimum level in fiscal 2011, the performance-based awards were not earned and no stock-based compensation has been recorded for these performance-based awards.

Operating Income

Operating income decreased 3% and 16% in fiscal 2011 and 2010, respectively, as a result of the factors discussed above

Other Income and Expense

Interest income was \$115, \$124 and \$456, for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The decreases during the periods reflect (i) lower interest yields in the current interest rate environment, (ii) the use of cash early in the fiscal 2010 fourth quarter to acquire the Bioline Group, and (iii) the use of cash in fiscal 2011 to fund facility expansions in Cincinnati and Memphis, and to build *illumigene*® inventory. The increase in other income, net, during fiscal 2011 can primarily be attributed to the addition of the Bioline Group, as it contributed grant income from a foreign government agency of approximately \$200. Receipt of grant income to this level, if at all, is not expected to continue in fiscal 2012 due to the local country's rules regarding ownership by a U.S. parent.

Income Taxes

The effective rate for income taxes was 34%, 36% and 34% for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The decrease in the effective tax rate for fiscal 2011 was primarily attributable to the release of certain reserves for uncertain tax positions due to the passage of the relevant statutes of limitations and the nondeductible nature of

Bioline acquisition costs. The effective rate increase in 2010 resulted primarily from the non-deductible nature of Bioline Group transaction costs and the expiration of the Federal research and experimentation tax credit effective December 31, 2009.

Impact of Inflation

To the extent feasible, we have consistently followed the practice of adjusting our prices to reflect the impact of inflation on salaries and fringe benefits for employees and the cost of purchased materials and services. Inflation and changing prices did not have a material adverse impact on our gross margin, revenue or operating income in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009.

Liquidity and Capital Resources:

Comparative Cash Flow Analysis

Our cash flow and financing requirements are determined by analyses of operating and capital spending budgets, consideration of acquisition plans, and consideration of common share dividends. We have historically maintained a credit facility to augment working capital requirements and to respond quickly to acquisition opportunities. Our investment portfolio presently contains overnight repurchase agreements. We used \$23,849 from our investment portfolio to complete the acquisition of the Bioline Group during July 2010.

We have an investment policy that guides the holdings of our investment portfolio. Our objectives in managing the investment portfolio are to (i) preserve capital, (ii) provide sufficient liquidity to meet working capital requirements and fund strategic objectives such as acquisitions, and (iii) capture a market rate of return commensurate with market conditions and our policy's investment eligibility criteria. As we look forward, we will continue to manage the holdings of our investment portfolio with preservation of capital being the primary objective.

At the present time, we do not expect current conditions in the financial markets, or overall economic conditions to have a significant impact on our liquidity needs, financial condition, or results of operations, although no assurances can be made in this regard. We intend to continue to fund our working capital requirements and dividends from current cash flows from operating activities and cash on hand. We also have additional sources of liquidity through our \$30,000 bank credit facility, if needed. To date, except for the Italian matter discussed below, we have not experienced any significant deterioration in the aging of our customer accounts receivable nor in our vendors' ability to supply raw materials and services and extend normal credit terms. Approximately \$4,900 of our accounts receivable at September 30, 2011 is due from Italian hospital customers whose funding ultimately comes from the Italian government. The magnitude of the sovereign debt crisis in Europe, and Italy in particular, is significant. We have experienced a deterioration in the aging of our Italian accounts receivable and continue to monitor the situation closely. Our liquidity needs may change if overall economic conditions worsen and/or liquidity and credit within the financial markets remains tight for an extended period of time, and

such conditions impact the collectability of our customer accounts receivable, or impact credit terms with our vendors, or disrupt the supply of raw materials and services.

Fluctuations in overall stock market valuations may raise questions as to the potential impairment of goodwill and other long-lived assets. Our annual goodwill impairment review takes place as of June 30th each year. There have been no impairments from these annual reviews. As of October 31, 2011, our stock price was \$18.22 per share, compared to our book value per share of \$3.36 as of September 30, 2011. This relationship, stock price trading at a 5.4x multiple of book value, is an indicator that the fluctuation in overall stock market valuations and its impact on our stock price has not been a triggering event for impairment of our goodwill and other long-lived assets.

Net cash provided by operating activities decreased 24% to \$22,456 in fiscal 2011. Given the relatively consistent level of net earnings, this decrease primarily reflects the effects of net working capital changes related to our investments in *illumigene*® inventory, including instruments, and the timing of payments from customers and payments to suppliers.

Net cash used for investing activities was \$9,151 for fiscal 2011 compared to \$16,332 for fiscal 2010. This decrease in cash used primarily results from an approximate \$6,000 increase in expenditures for property, plant and equipment during fiscal 2011, including significant facility expansions in both Cincinnati and Memphis, being more than offset by the comparative effects of fiscal 2010 including, but not limited to, (i) the acquisition of the Bioline Group (\$20,404 net cash used) and (ii) the sale of our student loan auction-rate securities (\$7,275 net cash received).

Net cash used for financing activities was \$27,520 for fiscal 2011 compared to \$29,190 for fiscal 2010. This decrease was primarily attributable to a 3% increase in dividend payments being more than offset by an increase in proceeds and tax benefits from the exercise of stock options.

Net cash flows from operating activities and cash on hand are anticipated to be adequate to fund working capital requirements, capital expenditures and dividends during the next twelve months. During the last seven fiscal quarters, the per share amount of our cash dividend has exceeded the per share amount of our diluted earnings. During fiscal 2012, management expects that this relationship will change; meaning the per share amount of our diluted earnings will exceed the per share amount of our current cash dividend, although no assurances can be made in this regard.

Capital Resources

We have a \$30,000 credit facility with a commercial bank which expires September 15, 2012. As of November 29, 2011, there were no borrowings outstanding on this facility and we had 100% borrowing capacity available to us. We have had no borrowings outstanding under this facility during fiscal 2011 or 2010.

Our capital expenditures are estimated to range between approximately \$3,000 to \$5,000 for fiscal 2012, with the actual amount depending upon actual operating results and the phasing of certain projects. Such expenditures may be funded with cash and equivalents on hand, operating cash flows, and/or availability under the \$30,000 credit facility discussed above.

Known Contractual Obligations:

Known contractual obligations and their related due dates were as follows as of September 30, 2011:

		Total	I	Less than 1 Year	1	-3 Years	4-5 Years	More than 5 Years
Operating leases (1)	\$	2,877	\$	1,119	\$	1,521	\$ 237	\$ -
Purchase obligations (2)		8,524		7,911		613	-	-
Uncertain income tax positions	S							
liability and interest (3)		542		542		-	-	_
Total	\$	11,943	\$	9,572	\$	2,134	\$ 237	\$ _

- (1) Meridian and its subsidiaries are lessees of (i) office and warehouse buildings in Cincinnati, Boston, Florida, Australia, Belgium, France, Holland, Germany and the U.K.; (ii) automobiles for use by the diagnostic direct sales forces in the U.S. and Europe; and (iii) certain office equipment such as facsimile machines and copier machines across all business units, under operating lease agreements that expire at various dates.
- (2) Meridian's purchase obligations are primarily outstanding purchase orders for inventory and service items. These contractual commitments are not in excess of expected production requirements over the next twelve months.
- (3) As of September 30, 2011, our liabilities for uncertain tax positions and related interest and penalties were \$422 and \$120, respectively. Due to inherent uncertainties in the timing of settlement of tax positions, we are unable to estimate the timing of the effective settlement of these obligations.

Other Commitments and Off-balance Sheet Arrangements:

License Agreements

Meridian has entered into various license agreements that require payment of royalties based on a specified percentage of sales of related products (1% to 14%). Meridian expects that payments under these agreements will amount to approximately \$4,500 in fiscal 2012. These royalty payments primarily relate to the U.S. Diagnostics operating segment.

Meridian entered into a license agreement in October 2006 with a third party that provides rights to a molecular technology for infectious disease testing in the United States, Europe and other geographic markets. The agreement, as amended, calls for remaining payments of up to approximately \$3,500, based on the achievement of certain product development milestones and on-going royalties once products are available for commercial sale.

Off-balance sheet arrangements

We have no off-balance sheet arrangements.

Market Risk Exposure:

Foreign Currency Risk

We have market risk exposure related to foreign currency transactions. We are exposed to foreign currency risk related to our European distribution operations where the billing currency is the Euro for most of our customers in these markets. We also are exposed to foreign currency risk related to the supply of certain diagnostic test kits by manufacturers located in Germany and Spain. These foreign currency risks are opposite one another, providing a natural hedge with respect to consolidated gross profit and operating income. Additionally, as a result of the July 2010 Bioline Group acquisition, we are exposed to foreign currency risks related to the Bioline Group's operations in Australia (Australian dollar), Germany (Euro), and the U.K. (British pound). Assessing foreign currency exposures is a component of our overall ongoing risk management process, with such currency risks managed as we believe appropriate.

Concentration of Customers/Products Risk

Our U.S. Diagnostic operating segment's sales through two national distributors were 49% of the U.S. Diagnostics operating segment's total sales or 30% of consolidated sales for fiscal 2011. Our *C. difficile,* foodborne and *H. pylori* product families accounted for 58% of our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment's third-party sales during fiscal 2011. These same products accounted for 58% of our European Diagnostics operating segment's third-party sales and 44% of our consolidated sales for fiscal 2011.

Our Life Science operating segment's sales of purified antigens and reagents to two customers were 15% of the Life Science operating segment's total sales for fiscal 2011 or 4% of our consolidated sales for fiscal 2011. Our Life Science operating segment has four other significant customers who purchase antigens, antibodies and reagents, which together comprise 10% of the operating segment's total sales for fiscal 2011.

Critical Accounting Policies:

The consolidated financial statements included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Such accounting principles require management to make judgments about estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and related disclosures. Management believes that the following accounting policies are critical to understanding the accompanying consolidated financial statements because the application of such polices requires the use of significant estimates and assumptions and the carrying values of related assets and liabilities are material.

Revenue Recognition

Our revenues are derived primarily from product sales. Revenue is generally recognized from sales when product is shipped and title has passed to the buyer. Revenue for the U.S. Diagnostics operating segment is reduced at the date of sale for estimated rebates that will be claimed by customers. Rebate agreements are in place with certain independent national distributors and are designed to reimburse such distributors for their cost in handling our products. Management estimates accruals for rebate agreements based on data provided by these customers, estimates of inventories of our products held by these customers, historical statistics, current trends and other factors. Changes to the accruals are recorded in the period that they become known.

Revenue for our Diagnostics operating segments includes bundled product revenue for our *illumigene*[®] molecular test system. The bundled product includes an instrument, instrument accessories and test kits. If not sold outright, amounts invoiced for the *illumigene*[®] test kits cover the instrument, accessories and test kits. Revenue is recognized based on kit sales. If not sold outright, costs for the instruments are recognized in cost of sales over the period that we have a pricing agreement in effect with the customer, generally three years.

Life Science revenue for contract services may come from research and development services or manufacturing services, including process development work, or a combination of both. Revenue is recognized based on each of the deliverables in a given arrangement having distinct and separate customer pricing. Pricing is often subject to a competitive bidding process. Contract research and development services may be performed on a "time and materials" basis or "fixed fee" basis. For "time and materials" arrangements, revenue is recognized as services are performed and billed. For "fixed fee" arrangements, revenue is recognized upon completion and acceptance by the customer. For contract manufacturing services, revenue is generally recognized upon delivery of product and acceptance by the customer. In some cases, customers may request that we store on their behalf, clinical grade biologicals that we produce under contract manufacturing agreements. These cases arise when customers do not have clinical grade storage facilities or do not want to risk contamination during transport. For such cases, revenue may be recognized on a bill-and-hold basis. No such bill-and-hold arrangements existed at September 30, 2011 or September 30, 2010.

Inventories

Our inventories are carried at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out (FIFO) basis for substantially all of our inventories. We establish reserves against cost for excess and obsolete materials, finished goods whose shelf life may expire before sale to customers, and other identified exposures. Management estimates these reserves based on assumptions about future demand and market conditions. If actual demand and market conditions were to be less favorable than such estimates, additional inventory writedowns would be required and recorded in the period known. Such adjustments would negatively affect gross profit margin and overall results of operations.

Intangible Assets

Our intangible assets include identifiable intangibles and goodwill. Identifiable intangibles include customer lists, supply agreements, manufacturing technologies, patents, licenses and trade names. All of Meridian's identifiable intangibles have finite lives.

Goodwill is subject to an annual impairment review (or more frequently if impairment indicators arise) by applying a fair-value based test. There have been no impairments from these analyses.

Identifiable intangibles with finite lives are subject to impairment testing. Identifiable intangibles with finite lives are reviewed for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that such assets may not be recoverable at their current carrying value. Whether an event or circumstance triggers impairment is determined by comparing an estimate of the asset's undiscounted future cash flows to its carrying value. If impairment has occurred, it is measured by a fair-value based test. There were no events or circumstances in fiscal 2011, 2010 or 2009 indicating that the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable.

Our ability to recover intangible assets, both identifiable intangibles and goodwill, is dependent upon the future cash flows of the related acquired businesses and assets. Management is required to make judgments and assumptions regarding future cash flows, including sales levels, gross profit margins, operating expense levels, working capital levels, and capital expenditures. With respect to identifiable intangibles, management also makes judgments and assumptions regarding useful lives.

Management considers the following factors in evaluating events and circumstances for possible impairment: (i) significant under-performance relative to historical or projected operating results, (ii) negative industry trends, (iii) sales levels of specific groups of products (related to specific identifiable intangibles), (iv) changes in overall business strategies, and (v) other factors.

If actual cash flows are less favorable than projections, this could trigger impairment of intangible assets and other long-lived assets. If impairment were to occur, this would negatively affect overall results of operations.

Income Taxes

Our provision for income taxes includes federal, foreign, state and local income taxes currently payable and those deferred because of temporary differences between income for financial reporting purposes and income for tax purposes. We prepare estimates of permanent and temporary differences between income for financial reporting purposes and income for tax purposes. These differences are adjusted to actual upon filing of our tax returns, typically occurring in the third and fourth quarters of the current fiscal year for the preceding fiscal year's estimates.

Our deferred tax assets include net operating loss carryforwards in foreign jurisdictions. The realization of tax benefits related to net operating loss carryforwards is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income in the applicable jurisdictions. Management assesses the level of deferred tax asset valuation allowance by taking into consideration historical and future projected operating results, future reversals of taxable temporary differences, as well as tax planning strategies. The amount of net deferred tax assets considered realizable could be reduced in future years if estimates of future taxable income during the carryforward period are reduced.

Undistributed earnings in our non-U.S. subsidiaries are considered by management to be permanently reinvested in such subsidiaries. Consequently, U.S. deferred tax liabilities on such earnings have not been recorded. We believe that such U.S. taxes would be largely offset by foreign tax credits for taxes paid locally.

From time to time, our tax returns in federal, state and foreign jurisdictions are examined by the applicable tax authorities. To the extent that adjustments result from the completion of these examinations or the lapsing of statutes of limitation, they will affect tax liabilities in the period known. We believe that the results of any tax authority examinations would not have a significant adverse impact on financial condition or results of operations.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements:

In May 2011, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2011-04, Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs. FASB ASU No. 2011-04 amends and clarifies the measurement and disclosure requirements of FASB ASC 820, resulting in common requirements for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements, clarification of how to apply existing fair value measurement and disclosure requirements, and changes to certain principles and requirements for measuring fair value and disclosing information about fair value measurements. The new requirements are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company plans to adopt this amended guidance on October 1, 2012 and at this time does not anticipate that it will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations, cash flows or financial position.

In June 2011, FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, *Presentation of Comprehensive Income*, which amends the disclosure and presentation requirements of Comprehensive Income. Specifically, FASB ASU No. 2011-05 requires that all nonowner changes in shareholders' equity be presented either in 1) a single continuous statement of comprehensive income or 2) two separate but consecutive statements, in which the first statement presents total net income and its components, and the second statement presents total other comprehensive income and its components. These new presentation requirements, as currently set forth, are effective for the Company beginning October 1, 2012, with early adoption permitted. The Company will proceed with evaluating the presentation alternatives provided within FASB ASU No. 2011-05, as well as the permitted dates of adoption, and determine the most appropriate changes to be made to the current presentation of comprehensive income within its Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity and when to make such changes.

In September 2011, FASB issued ASU No. 2011-08, *Testing Goodwill for Impairment*, which amended goodwill impairment guidance to provide an option for entities to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. After assessing the totality of events and circumstances, if an entity determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, performance of the two-step impairment test is no longer required. This guidance is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011, with early adoption permitted. Adoption of this guidance is not expected to have any impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations, cash flow or financial position.

Additionally, see Note 1 (n) to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

ITEM 7A.

QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

See Market Risk Exposure and Capital Resources under Item 7 above.

ITEM 8.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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All other supplemental schedules are omitted due to the absence of conditions under which they are required or because the information is shown in the Consolidated Financial Statements or Notes thereto.

Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting, as

defined in Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(f).

The Company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (i) pertain to

the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and

dispositions of the assets of the Company; (ii) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as

necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting

principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with

authorizations of management and directors of the Company; and (iii) provide reasonable assurance regarding

prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could

have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting can only provide reasonable

assurance and may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to

future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or

that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and

the Chief Financial Officer, we conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of our internal control over financial

reporting based on the framework and criteria in Internal Control - Integrated Framework, issued by the

Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Based on management's

evaluation and those criteria, the Company concluded that its system of internal control over financial reporting

was effective as of September 30, 2011.

The company's independent registered public accounting firm has issued an attestation report on the registrant's

internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ John A. Kraeutler John A. Kraeutler

Chief Executive Officer

November 29, 2011

/s/ Melissa A. Lueke Melissa A. Lueke

Executive Vice President and

Chief Financial Officer

November 29, 2011

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

Board of Directors and Shareholders

Meridian Bioscience, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Meridian Bioscience, Inc. (an Ohio corporation) and subsidiaries as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, and the related consolidated statements of operations, shareholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2011. Our audits of the basic financial statements included the financial statement schedule listed in the index appearing under Schedule No. II. We also have audited Meridian Bioscience, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2011, based on criteria established in *Internal Control—Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO). Meridian Bioscience, Inc.'s management is responsible for these financial statements and financial statement schedule, for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting, included in the accompanying Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial statement schedule and an opinion on Meridian Bioscience, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement and whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audits of the financial statements included examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. Our audit of internal control over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. Our audits also included performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinions.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are

being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3)

provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or

disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect

misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that

controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the

policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial

position of Meridian Bioscience, Inc. as of September 30, 2011 and 2010, and the results of its operations and its

cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2011 in conformity with accounting

principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Also in our opinion, the related financial

statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole,

presents fairly, in all material respects, the information set forth therein.

In our opinion, Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and subsidiaries, maintained, in all material respects, effective internal

control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2011, based on criteria established in Internal Control—

Integrated Framework issued by COSO.

/s/ GRANT THORNTON LLP

Cincinnati, Ohio

November 29, 2011

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (in thousands, except per share data)

Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and Subsidiaries

For the Year Ended September 30,		2011	 2010	 2009
Net Sales	\$	159,723	\$ 143,000	\$ 148,274
Cost of Sales	•	59,916	54,304	55,832
Cost of Sales - Plant consolidation		509	-	-
Gross Profit		99,298	88,696	92,442
Operating Expenses:				
Research and development		9,822	8,396	8,274
Selling and marketing		22,772	18,250	18,324
General and administrative		24,883	19,672	17,065
Sales and marketing leadership reorganization		1,240	-	-
Plant consolidation costs		548	-	-
Bioline Group transaction costs		-	1,240	-
Total operating expenses		59,265	 47,558	 43,663
Operating Income		40,033	41,138	48,779
Other Income:				
Interest income		115	124	456
Other, net		352	138	88
Total other income		467	262	544
Earnings Before Income Taxes		40,500	41,400	49,323
Income Tax Provision		13,669	14,753	16,564
Net Earnings	\$	26,831	\$ 26,647	\$ 32,759
Earnings Per Share Data:				
Basic earnings per common share	\$	0.66	\$ 0.66	\$ 0.81
Diluted earnings per common share	\$	0.65	\$ 0.65	\$ 0.80
Common shares used for basic earnings per common share		40,715	40,515	40,390
Effect of dilutive stock options and restricted shares and units		643	634	720
Common shares used for diluted earnings per common share		41,358	41,149	41,110
Dividends declared per common share	\$	0.76	\$ 0.74	\$ 0.65
Anti-dilutive Securities:				
Common share options and restricted shares and units		191	217	138

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (dollars in thousands)

Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and Subsidiaries

For the Year Ended September 30,		2011	2010	2009
Cash Flows From Operating Activities			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Net earnings	\$	26,831 \$	26,647 \$	32,759
Non-cash items:				
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		3,380	3,104	2,781
Amortization of intangible assets		2,321	1,581	1,579
Amortization of deferred illumigene contract costs		172	-	-
Stock based compensation		2,504	1,866	1,092
Deferred income taxes		(1,218)	12	(500)
Loss on disposition and write-down of fixed assets		446	26	109
Change in current assets, net of acquisition		(10,762)	2,429	(5,353)
Change in current liabilities, net of acquisition		(570)	(5,775)	269
Other, net		(648)	(157)	(244)
Net cash provided by operating activities		22,456	29,733	32,492
				•
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				/= \
Acquisition earnout payments		-	-	(7)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(9,139)	(3,083)	(3,643)
Proceeds from dispositions of property, plant and equipment		-	-	5
Proceeds from sales and calls of short-term investments		-	7,275	475
Acquisition of Bioline Group, net of cash received		-	(20,404)	-
Purchases of intangibles and other assets		(12)	(120)	(110)
Net cash used for investing activities		(9,151)	(16,332)	(3,280)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities		(20.042)	(20.095)	(26.260)
Dividends paid		(30,943)	(29,985)	(26,260)
Proceeds and tax benefits from exercises of stock options		3,423	795	1,624
Net cash used for financing activities		(27,520)	(29,190)	(24,636)
Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on Cash and Equivalents		(38)	(362)	157
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Equivalents		(14,253)	(16,151)	4,733
Cash and Equivalents at Beginning of Period		37,879	54,030	49,297
Cash and Equivalents at End of Period	\$	23,626 \$	37,879 \$	54,030
		· · ·		
Supplemental Cash Flow Information	ø	15 001 ⁰	16.026	17 470
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	17,991 \$	16,036 \$	17,472

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (dollars in thousands)

Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and Subsidiaries

As of September 30,	2011	2010
Assets		
Current Assets:		
Cash and equivalents \$	23,626	\$ 37,879
Accounts receivable, less allowances of \$310 in 2011 and \$241 in 2010	24,844	22,064
Inventories	32,689	28,420
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	6,343	5,071
Deferred income taxes	2,852	1,871
Total current assets	90,354	95,305
Property, Plant and Equipment, at Cost:		
Land	1,184	991
Buildings and improvements	23,033	20,670
Machinery, equipment and furniture	32,408	31,945
Construction in progress	3,887	1,320
Subtotal	60,512	54,926
Less: accumulated depreciation and amortization	33,973	33,689
Net property, plant and equipment	26,539	21,237
Other Assets:		
Goodwill	23,124	23,302
Other intangible assets, net	10,947	13,327
Restricted cash	1,000	1,000
Deferred illumigene contract costs, net	3,304	231
Other assets	225	239
Total other assets	38,600	 38,099
Total assets \$	155,493	\$ 154,641

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (dollars in thousands)

Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and Subsidiaries

As of September 30,	2011	2010
Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable \$	5,548	\$ 4,466
Accrued employee compensation costs	4,235	3,451
Other accrued expenses	4,692	5,521
Income taxes payable	789	1,086
Total current liabilities	15,264	14,524
Deferred Income Taxes	1,705	2,756
Commitments and Contingencies		
Shareholders' Equity:		
Preferred stock, no par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, none issued	-	
Common shares, no par value, 71,000,000 shares authorized, 41,237,120 and 40,654,286 issued	-	
Additional paid-in capital	100,010	94,529
Retained earnings	38,065	42,177
Accumulated other comprehensive income	449	655
Total shareholders' equity	138,524	137,361
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity \$	155,493	\$ 154,641

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (Dollars and shares in thousands, except per share data)

Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and Subsidiaries

	Common Shares Issued	Additional Paid-in Capital	Retained Earnings	Accum. Other Comp. Income (Loss)	Comp. Income (Loss)		Total
Balance at September 30, 2008	40,314	\$ 89,107	\$ 39,016	\$ 366	(====)	\$	128,489
Cash dividends paid - \$0.65 per share	-	-	(26,260)	_	 		(26,260)
Exercise of stock options	179	1,476	-	-			1,476
Stock compensation expense	-	1,092	-	-			1,092
Cost of S-8 registration statement	-	(7)	-	-			(7)
Comprehensive income:							
Net earnings	-	-	32,759		\$ 32,759		32,759
Hedging activity, net	-	-	-	(3)	(3)		(3)
Transfer of investments to trading status	-	-	-	270	270		270
Other comprehensive income taxes	-	-	-	(190)	(190)		(190)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	279	279		279
Comprehensive income					\$ 33,115		
Balance at September 30, 2009	40,493	91,668	45,515	722			137,905
Cash dividends paid - \$0.74 per share			(29,985)	-	 	-	(29,985)
Exercise of stock options	67	995	-	_			995
Issuance of restricted shares, net of forfeitures	94						
Stock compensation expense	- -	1,866	-	-			1,866
Comprehensive income:							
Net earnings	-	-	26,647		\$ 26,647		26,647
Other comprehensive income taxes	-	-	_	36	36		36
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	-	-	(103)	(103)		(103)
Comprehensive income					\$ 26,580		
Balance at September 30, 2010	40,654	94,529	42,177	655			137,361
Cash dividends paid - \$0.76 per share		-	(30,943)	-	 		(30,943)
Exercise of stock options	485	2,977	-	-			2,977
Issuance of restricted shares, net of forfeitures	165	_	_				
Cancellation of restricted shares	(85)	_	_				-
Conversion of restricted stock units	18	_	_	_			-
Stock compensation expense	-	2,504	-	-			2,504
Comprehensive income:							
Net earnings	-	-	26,831		\$ 26,831		26,831
Other comprehensive income taxes	-	-	_	114	114		114
Foreign currency translation adjustment	-	_	-	(320)	(320)		(320)
Comprehensive income					\$ 26,625		
Balance at September 30, 2011	41,237	\$ 100,010	\$ 38,065	\$ 449	 	\$	138,524

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and Subsidiaries (dollars and shares in thousands, except per share data)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (a) Nature of Business Meridian is a fully-integrated life science company whose principal businesses are (i) the development, manufacture and distribution of diagnostic test kits primarily for certain gastrointestinal, viral, respiratory and parasitic infectious diseases, (ii) the manufacture and distribution of bulk antigens, antibodies, PCR/qPCR reagents, nucleotides, competent cells and bioresearch reagents used by researchers and other diagnostic manufacturers and (iii) the contract development and manufacture of proteins and other biologicals for use by biopharmaceutical and biotechnology companies engaged in research for new drugs and vaccines.
- (b) Principles of Consolidation The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and its subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated. Unless the context requires otherwise, references to "Meridian," "we," "us, " "our " or "our company" refer to Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and its subsidiaries.
- (c) Use of Estimates The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates are discussed in Notes 1 (f), 1 (g), 1 (h), 1 (i), 1 (k), 1 (l), 7 and 8 (b).
- (d) Foreign Currency Translation Assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated using year-end exchange rates with gains or losses resulting from translation included as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income or loss. Revenues and expenses are translated using exchange rates prevailing during the year. We also recognize foreign currency transaction gains and losses on certain assets and liabilities that are denominated in the Australian dollar, British pound and Euro currencies. These gains and losses are included in other income and expense in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.
- (e) Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments The primary objectives of our investment activities are to preserve capital and provide sufficient liquidity to meet operating requirements and fund strategic initiatives such as acquisitions. We maintain a written investment policy that governs the management of our investments in fixed income securities. This policy, among other things, provides that we may purchase

only high credit-quality securities, that have short-term ratings of at least A-1 and P-1 or better, and long-term ratings of at least A-2 and A or better, by Moody's and Standard & Poor's, respectively, at the time of purchase. We consider short-term investments with original maturities of 90 days or less to be cash equivalents, including overnight repurchase agreements and institutional money market funds. At times our investments of cash and equivalents with various high credit quality financial institutions may be in excess of the Federal Deposit Insurance (FDIC) insurance limit.

Our investment portfolio includes the following components:

		September 30, 2010				
	-	Cash and quivalents	Other	Cash and quivalents		Other
Repurchase agreements	\$	11,784	\$ _	\$ 14,862	\$	-
Money market funds		-	-	10,249		-
Cash on hand –						
Restricted		-	1,000	=		1,000
Unrestricted		11,842	_	12,768		-
Total	\$	23,626	\$ 1,000	\$ 37,879	\$	1,000

(f) Inventories - Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or market. Cost is determined on a first-in, first-out basis (FIFO) for substantially all of our inventories. *illumigene*® instruments are carried in inventory until customer placement, at which time they are transferred to deferred illumigene contract costs, unless sold outright.

We establish reserves against cost for excess and obsolete materials, finished goods whose shelf life may expire before sale to customers, and other identified exposures. Such reserves were \$1,635 and \$1,130 at September 30, 2011 and 2010, respectively. We estimate these reserves based on assumptions about future demand and market conditions. If actual demand and market conditions were to be less favorable than such estimates, additional inventory write-downs would be required and recorded in the period known. Such adjustments would negatively affect gross profit margin and overall results of operations.

(g) Property, Plant and Equipment - Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost. Upon retirement or other disposition of property, plant and equipment, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts and the resulting gain or loss is reflected in earnings. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred. Depreciation is computed on the straight-line method in amounts sufficient to write-off the cost over the estimated useful lives as follows:

Buildings and improvements - 18 to 40 years Machinery, equipment and furniture - 3 to 10 years Computer equipment and software - 3 to 5 years During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, we announced the closure of our Saco, Maine facility, and began the consolidation of manufacturing operations from this facility with our Memphis, Tennessee facility. In connection with this consolidation, the carrying value of certain property, plant and equipment, including the building, was determined to be impaired and a write-down of approximately \$425 has been recorded as of September 30, 2011. The building and the property on which it sits have been written down to current value, less selling costs, as determined by an independent outside appraisal.

(h) Intangible Assets - Goodwill and other intangible assets with indefinite lives are subject to an annual impairment review (or more frequently if impairment indicators arise) by applying a fair-value based test. Fair value is determined via a market approach from three perspectives. These three perspectives are (i) an allocation of our actual enterprise value (defined as market capitalization plus debt less cash and cash equivalents) to each of the reporting units based on revenue and EBITDA contributions to consolidated results; (ii) an allocation of implied enterprise values to each of our reporting units based on average and median EBITDA multiples from a comparable group of companies; and (iii) a review of enterprise value to EBITDA multiples from recent industry merger and acquisition transactions. We perform our annual impairment review as of June 30, the end of our third fiscal quarter. We have no intangible assets with indefinite lives other than goodwill. There have been no impairments from these analyses for fiscal 2011, 2010 or 2009.

The change in goodwill was a decrease of \$178 and an increase of \$13,436 in fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, respectively. These changes related entirely to the Life Science operating segment's Bioline Group – fiscal 2010's increase from the Bioline Group acquisition in July 2010 and fiscal 2011's decrease from the currency translation adjustments thereon. See Note 2.

A summary of Meridian's acquired intangible assets subject to amortization, as of September 30, 2011 and 2010 is as follows.

	2011			2010				
As of September 30,	•	Gross Carrying Value		Accum. Amort.		Gross Carrying Value		Accum. Amort.
Manufacturing technologies, core products and cell lines	\$	11,626	\$	8,545	\$	11,644	\$	7,693
Trademarks, licenses and patents Customer lists and supply agreements		3,538 12,222		1,337 6,557		3,547 12,537		997 5,816
Non-compete agreements	\$	27,386	\$	16,439	\$	126 27,854	\$	21 14,527

The actual aggregate amortization expense for these intangible assets for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009 was \$2,321, \$1,581 and \$1,579, respectively. The estimated aggregate amortization expense for these intangible assets for each of the five succeeding fiscal years is as follows: fiscal 2012 - \$2,080, fiscal 2013 - \$2,080, fiscal 2014 - \$1,642, fiscal 2015 - \$1,393 and fiscal 2016 - \$1,050.

Long-lived assets, excluding goodwill and identifiable intangibles with indefinite lives, are reviewed for impairment when events or circumstances indicate that such assets may not be recoverable at their carrying value. Whether an event or circumstance triggers an impairment is determined by comparing an estimate of the asset's future undiscounted cash flows to its carrying value. If impairment has occurred, it is measured by a fair-value based test.

Our ability to recover our intangible assets, both identifiable intangibles and goodwill, is dependent upon the future cash flows of the related acquired businesses and assets. We make judgments and assumptions regarding future cash flows, including sales levels, gross profit margins, operating expense levels, working capital levels, and capital expenditures. With respect to identifiable intangibles and fixed assets, we also make judgments and assumptions regarding useful lives. See Note 1 (g) regarding impairment write-downs related to the consolidation of our Maine operations.

We consider the following factors in evaluating events and circumstances for possible impairment: (i) significant under-performance relative to historical or projected operating results; (ii) negative industry trends; (iii) sales levels of specific groups of products (related to specific identifiable intangibles); (iv) changes in overall business strategies; and (v) other factors.

If actual cash flows are less favorable than projections, this could trigger impairment of intangible assets and other long-lived assets. If impairment were to occur, this would negatively affect overall results of operations.

(i) Revenue Recognition - Revenue is generally recognized from sales when product is shipped and title has passed to the buyer. Revenue for the U.S. Diagnostics operating segment is reduced at the date of sale for estimated rebates that will be claimed by customers. Management estimates accruals for rebate agreements based on data provided by these customers, estimates of inventories of our products held by these customers, historical statistics, current trends, and other factors. Changes to the accruals are recorded in the period that they become known. Our rebate accruals were \$ 4,176 at September 30, 2011 and \$5,273 at September 30, 2010, and have been netted against accounts receivable.

Revenue for our Diagnostics operating segments includes bundled product revenue for our *illumigene*® molecular test system. The bundled product includes an instrument, instrument accessories and test kits. If

not sold outright, amounts invoiced for the *illumigene*® test kits cover the instrument, accessories and test kits. Revenue is recognized based on kit sales. If not sold outright, costs for the instruments are recognized in cost of sales over the period that we have a pricing agreement in effect with the customer, generally three years.

Life Science revenue for contract services may come from research and development services or manufacturing services, including process development work, or a combination of both. Revenue is recognized based on each of the deliverables in a given arrangement having distinct and separate customer pricing. Pricing is often subject to a competitive bidding process. Contract research and development services may be performed on a "time and materials" basis or "fixed fee" basis. For "time and materials" arrangements, revenue is recognized as services are performed and billed. For "fixed fee" arrangements, revenue is recognized upon completion and acceptance by the customer. For contract manufacturing services, revenue is generally recognized upon delivery of product and acceptance by the customer. In some cases, customers may request that we store on their behalf, clinical grade biologicals that we produce under contract manufacturing agreements. These cases arise when customers do not have clinical grade storage facilities or do not want to risk contamination during transport. For such cases, revenue may be recognized on a bill-and-hold basis. No such bill-and-hold arrangements existed at September 30, 2011 or September 30, 2010.

Trade accounts receivable are recorded in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets at invoiced amounts less provisions for rebates and doubtful accounts. The allowance for doubtful accounts represents our estimate of probable credit losses and is based on historical write-off experience. The allowance for doubtful accounts and related metrics, such as days' sales outstanding, are reviewed monthly. Accounts with past due balances over 90 days are reviewed individually for collectibility. Customer invoices are charged off against the allowance when we believe it is probable that the invoices will not be paid.

- (j) Research and Development Costs Research and development costs are charged to expense as incurred. Research and development costs include, among other things, salaries and wages for research scientists, materials and supplies used in the development of new products, costs for development of instrumentation equipment, costs for clinical trials, and costs for facilities and equipment.
- (k) Income Taxes The provision for income taxes includes federal, foreign, state and local income taxes currently payable and those deferred because of temporary differences between income for financial reporting and income for tax purposes. We prepare estimates of permanent and temporary differences between income for financial reporting purposes and income for tax purposes. These differences are adjusted to actual upon filing of our tax returns, typically occurring in the third and fourth quarters of the current fiscal year for the preceding fiscal year's estimates.

We account for uncertain tax positions using a benefit recognition model with a two-step approach: (i) a more-likely-than-not recognition criterion; and (ii) a measurement attribute that measures the position as the largest amount of tax benefit that is greater than 50% likely of being ultimately realized upon ultimate settlement. If it is not more likely than not that the benefit will be sustained on its technical merits, no benefit is recorded. We recognize accrued interest related to unrecognized tax benefits as a portion of our income tax provision in the consolidated statements of operations. See Note 7.

- (I) Stock-based Compensation We recognize compensation expense for all share-based awards made to employees, based upon the fair value of the share-based award on the date of the grant. See Note 8(b).
- (m) Comprehensive Income (Loss) Comprehensive income (loss) represents the net change in shareholders' equity during a period from sources other than transactions with shareholders. Our comprehensive income or loss is comprised of net earnings, foreign currency translation, and the related income tax effects. Components of beginning and ending accumulated other comprehensive income or loss, and related activity, are shown in the following table:

	Foreign Currency Translation Adjustment			Income Taxes	Total		
Balance at September 30, 2010	\$	1,007	\$	(352)	\$	655	
Currency translation		(320)		-		(320)	
Income taxes		-		114		114	
Balance at September 30, 2011	\$	687	\$	(238)	\$	449	

(n) Recent Accounting Pronouncements - In May 2011, FASB issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2011-04, Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRSs. FASB ASU No. 2011-04 amends and clarifies the measurement and disclosure requirements of FASB ASC 820, resulting in common requirements for measuring fair value and for disclosing information about fair value measurements, clarification of how to apply existing fair value measurement and disclosure requirements, and changes to certain principles and requirements for measuring fair value and disclosing information about fair value measurements. The new requirements are effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011. The Company plans to adopt this amended guidance on October 1, 2012 and at this time does not anticipate that it will have a material impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations, cash flows or financial position.

In June 2011, FASB issued ASU No. 2011-05, *Presentation of Comprehensive Income*, which amends the disclosure and presentation requirements of Comprehensive Income. Specifically, FASB ASU No. 2011-05 requires that all nonowner changes in shareholders' equity be presented either in 1) a single continuous

statement of comprehensive income or 2) two separate but consecutive statements, in which the first statement presents total net income and its components, and the second statement presents total other comprehensive income and its components. These new presentation requirements, as currently set forth, are effective for the Company beginning October 1, 2012, with early adoption permitted. The Company will proceed with evaluating the presentation alternatives provided within FASB ASU No. 2011-05, as well as the permitted dates of adoption, and determine the most appropriate changes to be made to the current presentation of comprehensive income within its Statement of Changes in Shareholders' Equity and when to make such changes.

In September 2011, FASB issued ASU No. 2011-08, *Testing Goodwill for Impairment*, which amended goodwill impairment guidance to provide an option for entities to first assess qualitative factors to determine whether the existence of events or circumstances leads to a determination that it is more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount. After assessing the totality of events and circumstances, if an entity determines that it is not more likely than not that the fair value of a reporting unit is less than its carrying amount, performance of the two-step impairment test is no longer required. This guidance is effective for annual and interim goodwill impairment tests performed for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2011, with early adoption permitted. Adoption of this guidance is not expected to have any impact on the Company's consolidated results of operations, cash flow or financial position.

- (o) Shipping and Handling costs Shipping and handling costs invoiced to customers are included in net sales. Costs to distribute products to customers, including freight costs, warehousing costs, and other shipping and handling activities are included in cost of goods sold.
- (p) Non-income Government-Assessed Taxes We classify all non-income, government-assessed taxes (sales, use, and value-added) collected from customers and remitted by us to appropriate revenue authorities, on a net basis (excluded from net sales) in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations.
- (q) Reclassifications Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior fiscal year financial statements to conform to the current fiscal year presentation. Such reclassifications had no impact on net earnings or shareholders' equity.

(2) Acquisition of Bioline Group

On July 20, 2010, we acquired all of the outstanding common stock of the Bioline group of companies (collectively the "Bioline Group"). We paid \$23,849 from cash and equivalents on hand to acquire the Bioline Group. Headquartered in London, the Bioline Group is a leading manufacturer and distributor of molecular biology reagents with additional operations in Germany, Australia and the United States. The highly specialized molecular biology reagents it supplies to the life science research, biotech, pharmaceutical and commercial diagnostics markets are the critical components used in PCR testing for DNA, RNA and other genomic testing.

As a result of the consideration paid exceeding the fair value of the net assets being acquired, goodwill in the amount of \$12,992 was recorded in connection with this acquisition, none of which will be deductible for tax purposes. This goodwill results largely from the addition of key global operations and direct sales capabilities, management talent and a research-oriented customer base, to complement our existing Life Science operations. In addition to the Bioline Group's results of operations since the acquisition date, which are included in our fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010 Consolidated Statement of Operations and reported as part of the Life Science operating segment, the consolidated results for fiscal 2011 and 2010 also include:

- \$587 and \$230 of Cost of Sales for fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, respectively, related to the roll-out of fair value inventory adjustments for sales of products that were in the Bioline Group's inventory on the date of acquisition and, therefore, were valued at fair value, rather than manufactured cost, in the opening balance sheet;
- ii) \$1,003 and \$166 of General and Administrative Expenses for fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010, respectively, related to the amortization of specific identifiable intangible assets recorded on the opening balance sheet, including customer relationships, license agreements, non-compete agreements, manufacturing processes and trade names; and
- iii) \$1,240 of transaction costs for fiscal 2010 reflected as Operating Expenses.

The results of the Bioline Group included in the consolidated results of the Company for fiscal 2011 and fiscal 2010 are as follows, reflecting the items noted above:

Net Sales		2010		
	\$	14,869	\$	2,084
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	26	\$	(126)
Net Earnings (Loss)	\$	240	\$	(1,262)

The recognized amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed in the acquisition of the Bioline Group are as follows:

		July 20, 2010 (as initially reported)	Measurement Period Adjustments		July 20, 2010 (as adjusted)	
Fair value of assets acquired -						
Cash and equivalents	\$	3,445		\$	3,445	
Accounts receivable		1,897			1,897	
Inventories		2,807			2,807	
Other current assets		371	\$ (21)		350	
Property, plant and equipment, net		816			816	
Goodwill		13,166	(174)		12,992	
Other intangible assets (estimated useful life):						
Customer relationships (10 years)		3,898			3,898	
Manufacturing processes (6 years)		1,467			1,467	
License agreements (approximate 8 year wtd. avg.)		718			718	
Non-compete agreements (1 year)		122			122	
Trade names (10 years)		995			995	
		29,702	(195)		29,507	
Fair value of liabilities assumed -						
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		2,817	364		3,181	
Deferred income tax liabilities		3,036	(559)		2,477	
Total consideration paid	\$	23,849	\$ -	\$	23,849	

As of September 30, 2011, the purchase price allocation related to the acquisition of the Bioline Group has been finalized and is reflected in the above fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. These fair values are based on the information that was available as of the acquisition date and the filing date of this Form 10-K and are reflected in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets, including retrospective adjustment of the September 30, 2010 Consolidated Balance Sheet.

The consolidated pro forma results of the combined entities of Meridian and the Bioline Group, had the acquisition date been October 1, 2008, are as follows for the periods indicated:

	(UNAUDITED)								
	Fiscal Year Ended September 30,								
		2011		2010		2009			
Net Sales	\$	159,723	\$	153,635	\$	160,525			
Net Earnings	\$	27,282	\$	27,833	\$	31,700			
Diluted Earnings Per Common Share	\$	0.66	\$	0.68	\$	0.77			

These pro forma amounts have been calculated after adjusting the results of the Bioline Group to reflect the transaction costs incurred by the Company and the additional amortization that would have been charged

assuming the previously-discussed fair value adjustments to inventory and identifiable intangible assets had been applied on October 1, 2008, together with the consequential tax effects. Fiscal 2011 pro forma earnings exclude \$694 related to amortization of the fair value adjustments to inventory and certain of the identifiable intangible assets, and the related tax effects, as these amounts have been included in the fiscal 2009 pro forma earnings. Fiscal 2010 pro forma earnings (i) exclude \$1,470 related to amortization of the fair value adjustments to inventory and transaction costs incurred by the Company, and the related tax effects, as these amounts have been included in the fiscal 2009 pro forma earnings and (ii) include an additional \$730 of amortization of identifiable intangible assets, and the related tax effects, that would have resulted from applying the previously-discussed fair value adjustments as of October 1, 2008.

(3) Inventories

Inventories are comprised of the following:

As of September 30,		20	2010		
Raw materials	\$	7,598	\$	6,221	
Work-in-process		7,427		6,784	
Finished goods - illumigene instruments		4,179		455	
Finished goods - kits and other		15,120	1	6,090	
Gross Inventory	\$	34,324	\$ 2	9,550	
Reserves	-	(1,635)	((1,130)	
Net Inventory	\$	32,689	\$ 2	28,420	

(4) Bank Credit Arrangements

We have a \$30,000 credit facility with a commercial bank, which expires in September 2012. This credit facility is collateralized by our business assets, except for those of non-U.S. subsidiaries, which totaled approximately \$128,000 at September 30, 2011. There were no borrowings outstanding on this credit facility at September 30, 2011 or September 30, 2010. Available borrowings under this credit facility were \$30,000 at September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010. In connection with this bank credit facility, we are required to comply with financial covenants that limit the amount of debt obligations and require a minimum amount of tangible net worth. We are in compliance with all covenants. We are also required to maintain a cash compensating balance with the bank in the amount of \$1,000, pursuant to this bank credit facility and are in compliance with this requirement.

(5) Hedging Transactions

Prior to February 1, 2009, we managed exchange rate risk related to forecasted intercompany sales denominated in the Euro currency through the use of forward exchange contracts and designated such forward contracts as cash flow hedges. As such, the effective portion of the gain or loss on the derivative instrument was reported as a component of other comprehensive income and reclassified into revenues in the Consolidated Statement of Operations in the same period or periods during which the hedged transaction affected earnings. As of September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010, we had no such contracts outstanding.

During January 2009, €500 notional amount of forward exchange contracts were settled in accordance with their original maturities. The realized gain on these contracts was \$32. Also during January 2009, we accelerated the settlement of the remaining €2,700 notional amount of forward exchange contracts that were originally scheduled to mature between February 27, 2009 and December 31, 2009. These transactions resulted in a gain of approximately \$140 that was recorded in the second quarter of fiscal 2009. We unwound these forward exchange contracts after completing a strategic review of our foreign currency exposures. This strategic review revealed that we have natural currency hedges in place for consolidated gross profit and operating income via certain Meridian-branded diagnostic test kits that we purchase in Euros from suppliers in Spain and Germany.

The amount of gain recognized in other comprehensive income on the effective portion of our foreign exchange contracts was \$0, \$0 and \$109 in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The amount of gain reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income into income on the effective portion of these foreign exchange contracts was \$0, \$0 and \$112, for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. No portion of the gain/loss was excluded from other comprehensive income due to effectiveness testing.

(6) Fair Value Measurements

We use a fair value measurement to value our financial assets and liabilities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value hierarchy prioritizes inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three broad levels, which are described below:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that are accessible at the measurement date for assets and liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs.

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the assets or liabilities, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, that is, markets in which there are few transactions for the asset or liability, the prices are not current, or price quotations vary substantially either over time or among market makers, or in which little information is released publicly and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means.

Level 3: Unobservable inputs, developed using our estimates and assumptions, which reflect those that the market participants would use. Such inputs are used when little or no market data is available. The fair value hierarchy gives the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs.

Determining where an asset or liability falls within the hierarchy depends on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole. In determining fair value, we utilize valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible and considers counterparty credit risk in the assessment of fair value.

We had no financial assets or liabilities carried at fair value at September 30, 2011 to be classified as Level 1, 2 or 3. As of September 30, 2010, financial assets and liabilities to be so classified were comprised solely of money market funds totaling \$10,249 classified as Level 1, with no financial assets or liabilities classified as Level 2 or Level 3.

(7) Income Taxes

(a) Earnings before income taxes, and the related provision for income taxes for the years ended September 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 were as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	7	2011		2010		2009
	-		Φ.		Φ.	
Domestic	\$	37,955	\$	38,329	\$	46,504
Foreign		2,545		3,071		2,819
Total earnings before income taxes	\$	40,500	\$	41,400	\$	49,323
Provision (credit) for income taxes -						
Federal -						
Current provision	\$	13,336	\$	13,626	\$	15,094
Temporary differences						
Fixed asset basis differences and depreciation		(155)		58		16
Intangible asset basis differences and amortization		(312)		(335)		(363)
Currently non-deductible expenses and reserves		(627)		(29)		(134)
Stock based compensation		(706)		(618)		(373)
Other, net		35		(75)		48
Subtotal		11,571		12,627		14,288
State and local		1,213		1,186		1,385
Foreign		885		940		891
Total income tax provision	\$	13,669	\$	14,753	\$	16,564

(b) The following is a reconciliation between the statutory U.S. income tax rate and the effective rate derived by dividing the provision for income taxes by earnings before income taxes:

Year Ended September 30,	2011	<u> </u>	2010)	200	9
Computed income taxes at statutory rate \$	14,175	35.0 % \$	14,490	35.0 % \$	17,263	35.0 %
Increase (decrease) in taxes resulting from -						
State and local income taxes	834	2.1	777	1.9	904	1.8
Foreign tax rate differences	58	0.1	(87)	(0.2)	(43)	(0.1)
Qualified domestic production incentives	(1,025)	(2.5)	(786)	(1.9)	(870)	(1.8)
Bioline Group transaction costs	-	-	434	1.0	-	-
U.S. book-to-return and uncertain tax						
position activity	(422)	(1.0)	8	-	(412)	(0.8)
Other, net	49	0.1	(83)	(0.2)	(278)	(0.5)
\$	13,669	33.8 % \$	14,753	35.6 % \$	16,564	33.6 %

(c) The components of net deferred tax assets (liabilities) were as follows:

As of September 30,	2011				
Deferred tax assets -					
Valuation reserves and non-deductible expenses	\$ 1,529	\$	1,128		
Stock compensation expense not deductible	2,562		2,313		
Net operating loss carryforwards	767		740		
Inventory basis differences	1,322		630		
Other	 		125		
Subtotal	6,180	_	4,936		
Less valuation allowance	(439)		(439)		
Deferred tax assets	5,741		4,497		
Deferred tax liabilities -					
Fixed asset basis differences and depreciation	(731)		(721)		
Intangible asset basis differences and amortization	(3,421)		(4,082)		
Other	(442)		(579)		
Deferred tax liabilities	(4,594)		(5,382)		
Net deferred tax assets (liabilities)	\$ 1,147	\$	(885)		

For income tax purposes, we have tax benefits related to operating loss carryforwards in the countries of Australia, Belgium and France. These net operating loss carryforwards have no expiration date. We have recorded deferred tax assets for these carryforwards totaling \$767 and \$740 at September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010, respectively, inclusive of valuation allowances for the country of Belgium. This valuation allowance is for pre-acquisition net operating loss carryforwards. If tax benefits are recognized in future years for these pre-acquisition net operating loss carryforwards, such benefits will be allocated to reduce goodwill and acquired intangible assets.

The realization of deferred tax assets in foreign jurisdictions is dependent upon the generation of future taxable income in these countries. We have considered the levels of currently anticipated pre-tax income in foreign jurisdictions in assessing the required level of the deferred tax asset valuation allowance. Taking into consideration historical and current operating results, and other factors, we believe that it is more likely than not that the net deferred tax asset for foreign jurisdictions, after consideration of the valuation allowance, which has been established, will be realized. The amount of the net deferred tax asset considered realizable in foreign jurisdictions, however, could be reduced in future years if estimates of future taxable income during the carryforward period are reduced.

Undistributed earnings reinvested indefinitely in our non-U.S. operations were approximately \$17,000 at September 30, 2011. U.S. deferred tax liabilities of approximately \$6,000 on such earnings have not been recorded. We believe that such U.S. taxes would be largely offset by foreign tax credits for taxes paid in non-U.S. jurisdictions.

As described in Note 1, we utilize a comprehensive model for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of uncertain tax positions, assuming full knowledge of all relevant facts by the applicable tax authorities. The total amount of unrecognized tax benefits at September 30, 2011 and September 30, 2010 related to such positions was \$542 and \$725, respectively, of which the full amounts would favorably affect the effective tax rate if recognized. We recognize interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions as a component of our income tax provision. During fiscal 2011 and 2010, we (decreased)/increased our tax provision by approximately (\$109) and \$128, respectively, for such interest and penalties. We had approximately \$120 accrued for the payment of interest and penalties at September 30, 2011 compared to \$229 accrued at September 30, 2010. The amount of our liability for uncertain tax positions expected to be paid or settled in the next 12 months is uncertain.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amounts of unrecognized tax benefits is as follows:

	2011	2010
Unrecognized income tax benefits beginning of year	\$ 725	\$ 572
Additions for tax positions related to the current year	-	67
Additions for tax positions of prior years	333	206
Reductions for tax positions of prior years	(269)	-
Tax examination settlements	(4)	-
Expirations of statute of limitations	 (243)	(120)
Unrecognized income tax benefits at end of year	\$ 542	\$ 725

We are subject to examination by the tax authorities in the U.S. (both federal and state) and the countries of Australia, Belgium, England, France, Germany, Holland and Italy. In the U.S., open tax years are for fiscal 2010 and forward. The IRS has completed its examination of our federal returns for fiscal 2008 and 2009. In

countries outside the U.S., open tax years generally range from fiscal 2006 and forward. However, in Belgium, the utilization of local net operating loss carryforwards extends the statute of limitations for examination well into the foreseeable future. Tax examinations in France were completed for fiscal years 2004-2006 during fiscal 2007.

(8) Employee Benefits

- (a) Savings and Investment Plan We have a profit sharing and retirement savings plan covering substantially all full-time U.S. employees. Profit sharing contributions to the plan, which are discretionary, are approved by the Board of Directors. The plan permits participants to contribute to the plan through salary reduction. Under terms of the plan, we match 50% of an employee's contributions, up to maximum match of 3% of eligible compensation. Our discretionary and matching contributions to the plan amounted to approximately \$1,228, \$1,282 and \$1,188, during fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.
- (b) Stock-Based Compensation Plans We have one active stock-based compensation plan, the 2004 Equity Compensation plan, which became effective December 7, 2004, as amended (the "2004 Plan") and an Employee Stock Purchase Plan (the "ESP Plan"), which became effective October 1, 1997. Effective October 1, 1997, we began selling shares of stock to our full-time and part-time employees under the ESP Plan up to the number of shares equivalent to a 1% to 15% payroll deduction from an employee's base salary plus an additional 5% dollar match of this deduction by Meridian.

We may grant new shares for options, restricted shares or restricted share units for up to 3,000 shares under the 2004 Plan, of which we have granted 1,501 through September 30, 2011. Options may be granted at exercise prices not less than 100% of the closing market value of the underlying common shares on the date of grant and have maximum terms up to ten years. Vesting schedules are established at the time of grant and may be set based on future service periods, achievement of performance targets, or a combination thereof. All options contain provisions restricting their transferability and limiting their exercise in the event of termination of employment or the disability or death of the optionee. We have granted options for 4,479 shares under similar plans that have expired. We recognize compensation expense for all share-based payments made to employees, based upon the fair value of the share-based payment on the date of the grant.

On November 12, 2008, we granted approximately 94 restricted shares to certain employees subject to attainment of a specified earnings target for fiscal 2009. While the dividends were paid on these restricted shares throughout fiscal 2009, the fiscal 2009 target was not met and these restricted shares were cancelled. On November 12, 2009, we granted approximately 105 restricted shares and restricted share units (with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$22.18 per share) to certain employees, with half of each employee's grant being time-vested restricted shares or restricted share units vesting in total on November 12, 2013, and the remaining half being subject to attainment of a specified earnings target for fiscal 2010. Dividends were paid on these shares and units throughout fiscal 2010. While the 2010 earnings target was

not met, on September 30, 2010, the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors chose to convert the performance-based restricted shares to time-vested restricted shares vesting in total on November 12, 2013. This conversion impacted approximately fifty employees and resulted in expense totaling \$472, which was recorded in fiscal 2010 and is included in the total amount of stock-based compensation set forth below. Similarly, during fiscal 2011, we granted approximately 214 restricted shares and restricted share units (with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$22.93 per share) to certain employees, with half of each employee's grant being time-vested restricted shares or restricted share units vesting in total on the fourth anniversary of the grant date, and the remaining half being subject to attainment of a specified earnings target for fiscal 2011. While dividends were paid on these shares and units throughout fiscal 2011, the target for fiscal 2011 was not met and the performance-based portion of the restricted shares and restricted share units granted during fiscal 2011 have been cancelled. Giving effect to this cancellation and certain other activities throughout the year, including conversions to common shares, forfeitures, and new hire and promotee grants, approximately 196 restricted shares and restricted share units remain outstanding as of September 30, 2011, with a weighted-average grant date fair value of \$22.63 per share, a weightedaverage remaining vesting period of 2.32 years and an aggregate intrinsic value of \$3,077. The weightedaverage grant date fair value of the approximate 18 restricted share units that vested during fiscal 2011 was \$22.83 per share.

The amount of stock-based compensation expense reported was \$2,614, \$1,866 and \$1,092 in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The fiscal 2011 expense is comprised of \$495 related to stock options, \$2,009 related to restricted shares and units, and \$110 related to the granting of unrestricted commons shares to a retiring director, while the fiscal 2010 expense is comprised of \$908 related to stock options and \$958 related to restricted shares and units. The total income tax benefit recognized in the income statement for these stock-based compensation arrangements was \$865, \$665 and \$367, for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. As of September 30, 2011, we expect future stock compensation expense for unvested options and unvested restricted stock and units to total \$387 and \$1,996, respectively, which will be recognized during fiscal years 2012 through 2015.

We recognize compensation expense only for the portion of shares that we expect to vest. As such, we apply estimated forfeiture rates to our compensation expense calculations. These rates have been derived using historical forfeiture data, stratified by several employee groups. During fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, we recorded \$39, \$17 and \$42, respectively, in stock compensation expense to adjust estimated forfeiture rates to actual.

We have elected to use the Black-Scholes option pricing model to determine grant-date fair value for stock options, with the following assumptions: (i) expected share price volatility based on average of Meridian's historical volatility over the options' expected lives and implied volatility based on the value of tradable call options; (ii) expected life of options based on contractual lives, employees' historical exercise behavior and

employees' historical post-vesting employment termination behavior; (iii) risk-free interest rates based on treasury rates that correspond to the expected lives of the options; and (iv) dividend yield based on the expected yield on underlying Meridian common stock.

Year ended September 30,	2011	2010	2009
Risk-free interest rates	1.91 %	2.93 %	3.75 %
Dividend yield	3.74 %	3.12 %	2.41 %
Life of option	5.93 yrs.	5.90 yrs.	6.30-8.20 yrs.
Share price volatility	34 %	42 %	57 %
Forfeitures (by employee group)	0%-10%	0%-10%	0%-13%

A summary of the status of our stock option plans at September 30, 2011 and changes during the year is presented in the table and narrative below:

	Options	Wtd Avg Exercise Price	Wtd Avg Remaining Life (Yrs)	 Aggregate Intrinsic Value
Outstanding beginning of period	1,425	\$ 11.44		
Grants	73	22.55		
Exercises	(485)	3.54		
Forfeitures	(18)	23.12		
Cancellations	(7)	22.48		
Outstanding end of period	988	\$ 15.86	5.0515	\$ 3,039
Exercisable end of period	859	\$ 14.60	4.5635	\$ 3,039

A summary of the status of our nonvested options as of September 30, 2011, and changes during the year ended September 30, 2011, is presented below:

	Options	(Weighted- Average Grant Date Fair Value
Nonvested beginning of period	639	\$	3.75
Granted	73		4.97
Vested	(565)		2.82
Forfeited	(18)		7.92
Nonvested end of period	129	\$	7.91

The weighted average grant-date fair value of options granted was \$4.97, \$6.70 and \$11.05 for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The total intrinsic value of options exercised was \$8,038, \$813 and \$2,560, for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. The total grant-date fair value of options that vested during fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009 was \$1,594, \$1,558 and \$2,019, respectively.

Cash received from options exercised was \$1,721, \$592 and \$1,243 for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Tax benefits realized and recorded to additional paid-in capital from option exercises totaled \$1,256, \$403 and \$233 for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

(9) Major Customers and Segment Data

Our reportable operating segments are U.S. Diagnostics, European Diagnostics and Life Science. Initial segmentation between Diagnostics and Life Science has been determined based upon products and customers, with further segmentation of Diagnostics between U.S. and European being based upon geographic regions served and management responsibility. The U.S. Diagnostics operating segment consists of manufacturing operations in Cincinnati, Ohio, and the sale and distribution of diagnostic test kits in the U.S. and countries outside of Europe, Africa and the Middle East. The European Diagnostics operating segment consists of the sale and distribution of diagnostic test kits in Europe, Africa and the Middle East. The Life Science operating segment consists of manufacturing operations in Memphis, Tennessee; Saco, Maine; Boca Raton, Florida; London, England; Luckenwalde, Germany; and Sydney, Australia, and the sale and distribution of bulk antigens, antibodies, PCR/qPCR reagents, nucleotides, competent cells and bioresearch reagents domestically and abroad. During the fourth quarter of fiscal 2011, plans were announced to consolidate the Saco, Maine operations into the Memphis, Tennessee facility, with such consolidation commencing early in the fiscal 2012 first quarter and expected to be completed near the end of the second quarter of fiscal 2012. The Life Science operating segment also includes the contract development and manufacture of cGMP clinical grade proteins and other biologicals for use by biopharmaceutical and biotechnology companies engaged in research for new drugs and vaccines.

Sales to individual customers constituting 10% or more of consolidated net sales are as follows:

Year Ended September 30,	2011	ĺ	2010)	200	9
Customer A	\$ 29,632	(19)%	\$ 33,821	(24)%	\$ 37,876	(26)%
Customer B					\$ 19,063	

Combined international sales for the U.S. Diagnostics and Life Science operating segments were \$28,975, \$19,350, and \$15,568 in fiscal years 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Our focus product families -C. difficile, foodborne and H. pylori – accounted for 44%, 43% and 42% of consolidated net sales in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Approximately 25% of the consolidated accounts receivable balance at September 30, 2011 is largely dependent upon funds from the Italian government. We currently sole-source from a U.S. manufacturer the illumipro- 10^{**} instrument on which our $illumigene^{**}$ molecular testing platform operates. Additionally, two of our foodborne products sourced from another vendor accounted for 14%, 11% and 7% of third-party sales for our U.S. Diagnostics operating segment in fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Significant sales information by country for the European Diagnostics and Life Science operating segments is as follows. Sales are attributed to the geographic area based on the location to which the product is shipped.

Year Ended September 30,	 2011	2010	2009		
Italy	\$ 8,544	\$ 8,183	\$	8,289	
France	2,537	2,590		2,939	
United Kingdom	2,373	2,646		2,373	
Holland	2,142	2,045		1,828	
Belgium	1,289	1,291		1,875	
Other countries	7,302	7,286		8,566	
Total European Diagnostics	\$ 24,187	\$ 24,041	\$	25,870	

Year Ended September 30,	2011	2010	2009 13,387 2,816 474	
United States	\$ 15,711	\$	13,907	\$ 13,387
Germany	4,922		3,376	2,816
United Kingdom	4,890		2,575	474
Australia	3,105		1,289	845
France	1,111		1,318	745
Other countries	8,664		4,474	5,167
Total Life Science	\$ 38,403	\$	26,939	\$ 23,434

Identifiable assets for our Italian distribution organization were \$17,192, \$17,378 and \$16,797 at September 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. At September 30, 2011, identifiable assets for the Bioline Group's operations in the U.K., Germany and Australia totaled approximately \$12,825, \$5,550 and \$2,675, respectively; and totaled \$16,990, \$4,441 and \$3,094, respectively, at September 30, 2010.

Segment information for the years ended September 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009 is as follows:

	Dia	U.S.	aropean agnostics	Life	e Science	-	Elim (1)		Total
Fiscal Year 2011 -		<u> </u>	8.1001.12				J. (1)		Total
Net sales –									
Third-party	\$	97,133	\$ 24,187	\$	38,403	\$	_	\$	159,723
Inter-segment		10,322	27		756	·	(11,105)	•	
Operating income (2)		35,191	2,199		2,595		48		40,033
Depreciation and amortization		2,854	116		2,903		_		5,873
Capital expenditures		4,964	77		4,098		-		9,139
Goodwill		1,381	_		21,743		_		23,124
Other intangible assets		1,604	_		9,343		_		10,947
Total assets		73,850	19,390		92,467		(30,214)		155,493
Fiscal Year 2010 -									
Net sales –									
Third-party	\$	92,020	\$ 24,041	\$	26,939	\$	_	\$	143,000
Inter-segment		10,285	20		561		(10,866)		· -
Operating income (3)		33,432	3,367		3,615		724		41,138
Depreciation and amortization		2,722	86		1,877		_		4,685
Capital expenditures		1,869	213		1,001		_		3,083
Goodwill		1,381	-		21,921		-		23,302
Other intangible assets		2,283	9		11,035		-		13,327
Total assets		72,030	18,044		90,388		(25,821)		154,641
Fiscal Year 2009 -									
Net sales –									
Third-party	\$	98,970	\$ 25,870	\$	23,434	\$	-	\$	148,274
Inter-segment		10,700	6		715		(11,421)		-
Operating income		39,490	4,459		4,728		102		48,779
Depreciation and amortization		2,680	92		1,588		-		4,360
Capital expenditures		2,082	81		1,480		-		3,643
Goodwill		1,381	-		8,485		-		9,866
Other intangible assets		2,909	24		4,384		-		7,317
Total assets		102,506	18,221		55,592		(20,322)		155,997

⁽¹⁾ Eliminations consist of intersegment transactions.

⁽³⁾ Life Science includes \$1,240 of Bioline transaction costs.

Year Ended September 30,	2011 2010			2010	2009		
Segment operating income	\$	40,033	\$	41,138		48,779	
Interest income		115		124		456	
Other, net		352		138		88	
Consolidated earnings before							
income taxes	\$	40,500	_\$_	41,400	\$	49,323	

⁽²⁾ U.S. Diagnostics and European Diagnostics include \$365 and \$875, respectively, related to sales and marketing leadership reorganization costs; and Life Science includes \$1,057 related to consolidation of the Maine operations into the Tennessee facility.

The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the summary of significant accounting policies in Note 1. Transactions between operating segments are accounted for at established intercompany prices for internal and management purposes with all intercompany amounts eliminated in consolidation.

(10) Commitments and Contingencies

(a) Royalty Commitments - We have entered into various license agreements that require payment of royalties based on a specified percentage of the sales of licensed products (1% to 14%). These royalty expenses are recognized on an as-earned basis and recorded in the year earned as a component of cost of sales. Annual royalty expenses associated with these agreements were approximately \$1,853, \$734 and \$572, respectively, for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009.

Meridian entered into a license agreement in October 2006 with a third party that provides rights to a molecular technology for infectious disease testing in the United States, Europe and other geographic markets. The agreement, as amended, calls for remaining payments of up to approximately \$3,500, based on the achievement of certain product development milestones and on-going royalties once products are available for commercial sale.

- (b) Purchase Commitments Excluding the operating lease commitments reflected in Note 10 (c) below, we have purchase commitments primarily for inventory and service items as part of the normal course of business. Commitments made under these obligations are \$7,911, \$103 and \$510 for fiscal 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively. No purchase commitments have been made beyond fiscal 2014.
- (c) Operating Lease Commitments Meridian and its subsidiaries are lessees of (i) certain office and warehouse buildings in the U.S., Europe and Australia; (ii) automobiles for use by the direct sales forces in the U.S. and Europe; and (iii) certain office equipment such as facsimile and copier machines across all business units, under operating lease agreements that expire at various dates. Amounts charged to expense under operating leases were \$1,391, \$759 and \$775 for fiscal 2011, 2010 and 2009, respectively. Operating lease commitments for each of the five succeeding fiscal years are as follows: fiscal 2012 \$1,119, fiscal 2013 \$779, fiscal 2014 \$412, fiscal 2015 \$330, and fiscal 2016 \$237.
- (d) Litigation We are a party to various litigation matters from time to time that we believe are in the normal course of business. The ultimate resolution of these matters is not expected to have a material adverse effect on our financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

(e) Indemnifications - In conjunction with certain contracts and agreements, we provide routine indemnifications whose terms range in duration and in some circumstances are not explicitly defined. The maximum obligation under some such indemnifications is not explicitly stated and, as a result, cannot be reasonably estimated. We have not made any payments for these indemnifications and no liability is recorded at September 30, 2011 or September 30, 2010. We believe that if we were to incur a loss on any of these matters, the loss would not have a material effect on our financial condition.

(11) Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited)

The sum of the earnings per common share and cash dividends per share may not equal the corresponding annual amounts due to interim quarter rounding.

For the Quarter Ended in Fiscal 2011		December 31		March 31		June 30		September 30	
Net sales	\$	37,263	\$	41,059	\$	40,052	\$	41,349	
Gross profit		23,502		25,957		25,351		24,488	
Net earnings		6,025		7,260		6,836		6,710	
Basic earnings per common share		0.15		0.18		0.17		0.16	
Diluted earnings per common share		0.15		0.18		0.17		0.16	
Cash dividends per common share		0.19		0.19		0.19		0.19	
For the Quarter Ended in Fiscal 2010		December 31		March 31		June 30	_	September 30	
Net sales	\$	42,457	\$	31,147	\$	33,857	\$	35,539	
Gross profit		25,404		20,222		21,803		21,267	
Net earnings		8,921		5,980		6,424		5,322	
Basic earnings per common share		0.22		0.15		0.16		0.13	
Br p				0.15		0.16		0.13	
Diluted earnings per common share		0.22		0.15		0.10		0.13	

ITEM 9.

<u>CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS</u> ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

Not applicable.

ITEM 9A.

CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

As of September 30, 2011, an evaluation was completed under the supervision and with the participation of our management, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Rule 13a-15(b) and 15d-15(b) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Based on that evaluation, our management, including the CEO and CFO, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective as of September 30, 2011. There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation of internal control that occurred during the fourth fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to affect, our internal control over financial reporting, or in other factors that could significantly affect internal control subsequent to September 30, 2011.

Our internal control report is included in this Annual Report on Form 10-K after Item 8, under the caption "Management's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting."

ITEM 9B.

OTHER INFORMATION

Not applicable.

PART III

The information required by Items 10., 11., 12., 13. and 14., of Part III are incorporated by reference from the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 2012 Annual Shareholders' Meeting to be filed with the Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A.

ITEM 15.

EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

(a) (1) and (2) FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES.

All financial statements and schedules required to be filed by Item 8 of this Form and included in this report have been so identified under Item 8. No additional financial statements or schedules are being filed since the requirements of paragraph (c) under Item 15 are not applicable to Meridian.

(b) (3) EXHIBITS.

Exhibit Number	Description of Exhibit
3.1	Articles of Incorporation, including amendments not related to Company name change (Incorporated by reference to Registration Statement No. 333-02613 on Form S-3 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on April 18, 1996 and Meridian's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on May 16, 2007)
3.2	Amended Code of Regulations (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 23, 2008)
10.1*	Savings and Investment Plan Prototype Adoption Agreement (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2003)
10.2*	Salary Continuation Agreement between Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and John A. Kraeutler, as amended April 24, 2001, December 29, 2008 and August 3, 2011 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2011)
10.3	Dividend Reinvestment Plan (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 1999)
10.4*	Employment Agreement Dated February 15, 2001, as amended December 29, 2008 between Meridian and John A. Kraeutler (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009)
10.5*	Agreement Concerning Disability and Death dated September 10, 2003, between Meridian and William J. Motto (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2003)
10.6*	2004 Equity Compensation Plan, Amended and Restated through January 22, 2008 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Proxy Statement filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on December 19, 2007 and Form 8-K filed January 28, 2008)

10.7*	Fiscal 2006 Officers' Compensation Plan, Amended and Restated through January 19, 2006 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on January 19, 2006)
10.8*	Sample Option Agreement dated November 14, 2007 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2007)
10.9*	Fiscal 2007 Officers' Performance Compensation Plan (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 21, 2006)
10.10	Loan and Security Agreement among Meridian Bioscience, Inc., Meridian Bioscience Corporation, Omega Technologies, Inc. Meridian Life Science, Inc. and Fifth Third Bank dated August 1, 2007 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2007)
10.10.1	Amended and Restated Revolving Note with Fifth Third Bank dated August 1, 2007 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2007)
10.10.2	First Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement among Meridian Bioscience, Inc., Meridian Bioscience Corporation, Omega Technologies, Inc., Meridian Life Science, Inc. and Fifth Third Bank dated September 2, 2010 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010)
10.10.3	Second Amendment to Loan and Security Agreement among Meridian Bioscience, Inc., Meridian Bioscience Corporation, Omega Technologies, Inc., Meridian Life Science, Inc. and Fifth Third Bank dated December 1, 2010 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarterly Period Ended December 31, 2010)
10.11*	Sample Time-Based Restricted Stock Agreement dated November 12, 2009 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009)
10.12*	Sample Performance Award Restricted Stock Agreement dated November 12, 2009 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2009)
10.13	Stock Purchase Agreement dated as of July 20, 2010 among Meridian Bioscience, Inc., Meridian Bioscience Europe, S.A. and Marco Giuseppe Calzavara and Vittorio Giovanni Calzavara (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 23, 2010)
10.14*	Meridian Bioscience, Inc. Change in Control Severance Compensation Policy dated March 18, 2011 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 24, 2011)
10.15*	Antonio Interno Retirement-Related Agreements related to retirement as of March 31, 2011 (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the Quarterly Period Ended March 31, 2011)
13	2011 Annual Report to Shareholders (1)
14	Code of Ethics (Incorporated by reference to Meridian's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2003)

21	Subsidiaries of the Registrant (Filed herewith)
23	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm (Filed herewith)
31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) (Filed herewith)
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer required by Rule 13a-14(a) (Filed herewith)
32	Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer (Filed herewith)

^{*}Management Compensatory Contracts

(1) Only specific portions of the 2011 Annual Report to Shareholders are incorporated by reference in this Form 10-K as filed herewith. A supplemental paper copy of the 2011 Annual Report to Shareholders has been furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission for informational purposes only.

Meridian will provide shareholders with any exhibit upon the payment of a specified reasonable fee, which fee shall be limited to Meridian's reasonable expenses in furnishing such exhibit.

Pursuant to the requirements of Sections 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

MERIDIAN BIOSCIENCE, INC.

By: /s/ John A. Kraeutler Date: November 29, 2011 John A. Kraeutler Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed by the following persons on behalf of the Registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

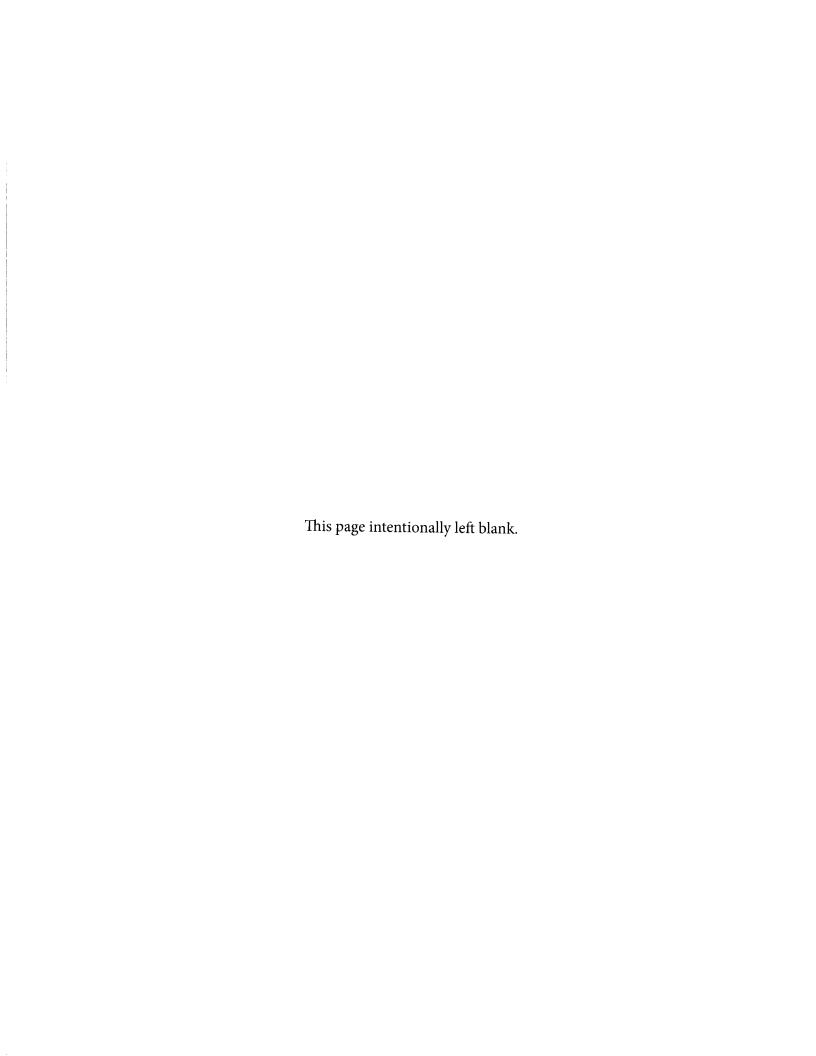
Signature	Capacity	<u>Date</u>
/s/ William J. Motto William J. Motto	Executive Chairman of the Board of Directors	November 29, 2011
/s/ John A. Kraeutler John A. Kraeutler	Chief Executive Officer, Director	November 29, 2011
/s/ Melissa A. Lueke Melissa A. Lueke	Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary	November 29, 2011
/s/ James M. Anderson James M. Anderson	Director	November 29, 2011
/s/ Gary P. Kreider Gary P. Kreider	Director	November 29, 2011
/s/ David C. Phillips David C. Phillips	Director	November 29, 2011
/s/ Robert J. Ready Robert J. Ready	Director	November 29, 2011

SCHEDULE II Meridian Bioscience, Inc. and Subsidiaries

Valuation and Qualifying Accounts (Dollars in thousands) Years Ended September 30, 2011, 2010 and 2009

Description	Balance at Beginning of Period	Charged to Costs and Expenses	Deductions	Other (a)	Balance at End of Period
Year Ended September 30, 2011:					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 241	\$ 68	\$ -	\$ 1	\$ 310
Inventory realizability reserves	1,130	1,056	(550)	(1)	1,635
Valuation allowances – deferred taxes	439	-	-	-	439
Year Ended September 30, 2010:					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 247	\$ 82	\$ (56)	\$ (32)	\$ 241
Inventory realizability reserves	1,025	717	(610)	(2)	1,130
Valuation allowances – deferred taxes	470	-	-	(31)	439
Year Ended September 30, 2009:					
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 230	\$ 33	\$ (26)	\$ 10	\$ 247
Inventory realizability reserves	1,103	613	(691)	-	1,025
Valuation allowances – deferred taxes	466	-	-	4	470

⁽a) Balances reflect the effects of currency translation

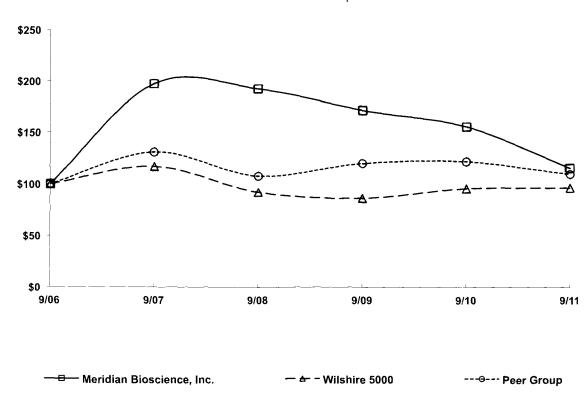


PERFORMANCE GRAPH

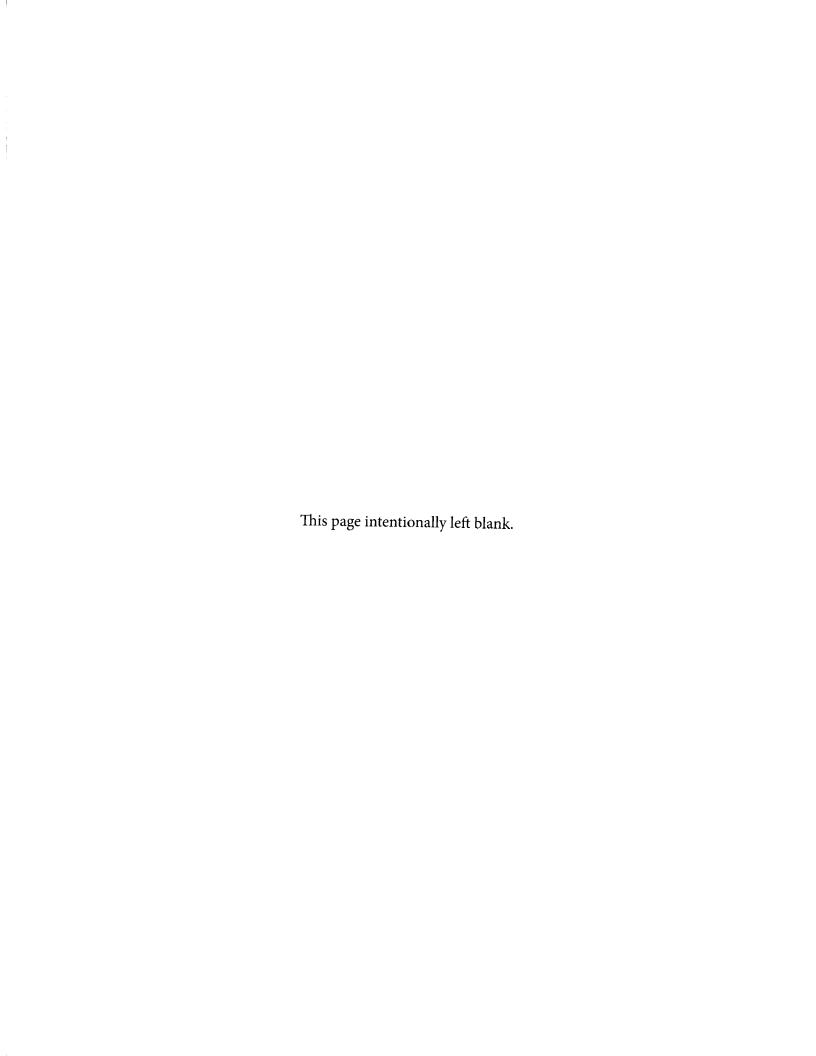
The following graph shows the yearly percentage change in Meridian's cumulative total shareholder return on its Common Stock as measured by dividing the sum of (A) the cumulative amount of dividends, assuming dividend reinvestment during the periods presented and (B) the difference between Meridian's share price at the end and the beginning of the periods presented; by the share price at the beginning of the periods presented with the Wilshire 5000 Equity Index and a Peer Group Index. The Peer Group consists of Alere Inc., Biomerica, Inc., IDEXX Laboratories, Inc., Life Technologies Corporation, Neogen Corporation, Orasure Technologies Inc., Quidel Corporation, Strategic Diagnostics Inc. and Trinity Biotech Plc.

COMPARISON OF 5 YEAR CUMULATIVE TOTAL RETURN*

Among Meridian Bioscience, Inc., the Wilshire 5000 Index and a Peer Group



^{*\$100} invested on 9/30/06 in stock or index, including reinvestment of dividends. Fiscal year ending September 30.



Corporate Data

Corporate Headquarters 3471 River Hills Drive Cincinnati, Ohio 45244 (513) 271-3700

Legal Counsel

Keating Muething & Klekamp PLL

Cincinnati, Ohio

Independent Public Accountants

Grant Thornton LLP Cincinnati, Ohio

Transfer Agent, Registrar and Dividend

Reinvestment Administration

Shareholders requiring a change of name, address or ownership of stock, as well as information about shareholder records, lost or stolen certificates, dividend checks, dividend direct deposit, and dividend reinvestment should contact: Computershare Trust Company, P. O. Box 43078, Providence, RI 02940-3078; (888) 294-8217 or (781) 575-3120 (International holders only): e-mail: web.queries@computershare.com; or submit your inquiries online through www.computershare.com/contactus.

Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the shareholders will be held on Wednesday, January 25, 2012 at 2:00 p.m. Eastern Time at the Holiday Inn Eastgate, 4501 Eastgate Boulevard, Cincinnati, OH 45245. Directions to the Holiday Inn Eastgate can be found on our website: www.meridianbioscience.com.

Common Stock Information

NASDAQ Global Select Market Symbol: "VIVO." Approximate number of beneficial holders: 18,100. Approximate number of record holders: 1,000.

The following table sets forth by calendar quarter the high and low sales prices of the Common Stock on the NASDAQ Global Select Market.

Years Ended September 30,	20	11	20	10
Quarter ended:	High	Low	High	Low
December 31	24.440	21.000	24.970	19.960
March 31	24.000	20.050	23.930	19.440
June 30	24.990	22.180	20.510	16.030
September 30	27.370	15.710	21.980	16.590

Directors and Officers

Directors

William J. Motto Executive Chairman of the Board

John A. Kraeutler Chief Executive Officer

Gary P. Kreider Retired Partner, Keating Muething & Klekamp PLL

Robert J. Ready Chairman of the Board and CEO, LSI Industries Inc. David C. Phillips Co-founder, Cincinnati Works, Inc.

James M. Anderson Retired President and Chief Executive Officer, Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center

Officers and Executives

William J. Motto Executive Chairman of the Board

John A. Kraeutler Chief Executive Officer

Richard L. Eberly Executive Vice President, Chief Commercial Officer

Lawrence J. Baldini Executive Vice President, Operations and Information Systems

Melissa A. Lueke Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and Secretary Marco G. Calzavara
President and
Managing Director,
Meridian Bioscience Europe

Susan D. Rolih Senior Vice President, Regulatory Affairs and Quality Assurance

Vecheslav A. Elagin Senior Vice President, Research and Development

Marviette D. Johnson Vice President, Human Resources



Inspired Science. Trusted Solutions.

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