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# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549-4561

DIVISION OF CORPORATION FINANCE



November 16, 2011

Gregory R. Noe Deere & Company NoeGregory R. @John Deere.com

Re:

Deere & Company

Incoming letter dated September 16, 2011

Act: 1934
Section: 149-8
Public Availability: 11-16-11

Dear Mr. Noe:

This is in response to your letter dated September 16, 2011 concerning the shareholder proposal submitted to Deere by J. Thomas Yates. We also have received a letter from William L. Zessar dated September 26, 2011 concerning the proposal. Copies of all of the correspondence on which this response is based will be made available on our website at <a href="http://www.sec.gov/divisions/corpfin/cf-noaction/14a-8.shtml">http://www.sec.gov/divisions/corpfin/cf-noaction/14a-8.shtml</a>. For your reference, a brief discussion of the Division's informal procedures regarding shareholder proposals is also available at the same website address.

Sincerely,

Jonathan A. Ingram Deputy Chief Counsel

Enclosure

cc:

J. Thomas Yates

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

# Response of the Office of Chief Counsel Division of Corporation Finance

Re: Deere & Company

Incoming letter dated September 16, 2011

The proposal relates to written consent.

There appears to be some basis for your view that Deere may exclude the proposal under rule 14a-8(f). We note that the proponent appears to have failed to supply, within 14 days of receipt of Deere's request, documentary support sufficiently evidencing that he satisfied the minimum ownership requirement for the one-year holding period required by rule 14a-8(b). Specifically, the written statement from the "record holder" verified that the proponent had continuously held the securities for a period of one year as of June 20, 2011. However, the proposal was submitted after June 20, 2011. Accordingly, we will not recommend enforcement action to the Commission if Deere omits the proposal from its proxy materials in reliance on rules 14a-8(b) and 14a-8(f).

Sincerely,

Mark F. Vilardo Special Counsel

# DIVISION OF CORPORATION FINANCE INFORMAL PROCEDURES REGARDING SHAREHOLDER PROPOSALS

The Division of Corporation Finance believes that its responsibility with respect to matters arising under Rule 14a-8 [17 CFR 240.14a-8], as with other matters under the proxy rules, is to aid those who must comply with the rule by offering informal advice and suggestions and to determine, initially, whether or not it may be appropriate in a particular matter to recommend enforcement action to the Commission. In connection with a shareholder proposal under Rule 14a-8, the Division's staff considers the information furnished to it by the Company in support of its intention to exclude the proposals from the Company's proxy materials, as well as any information furnished by the proponent or the proponent's representative.

Although Rule 14a-8(k) does not require any communications from shareholders to the Commission's staff, the staff will always consider information concerning alleged violations of the statutes administered by the Commission, including argument as to whether or not activities proposed to be taken would be violative of the statute or rule involved. The receipt by the staff of such information, however, should not be construed as changing the staff's informal procedures and proxy review into a formal or adversary procedure.

It is important to note that the staff's and Commission's no-action responses to Rule 14a-8(j) submissions reflect only informal views. The determinations reached in these no-action letters do not and cannot adjudicate the merits of a company's position with respect to the proposal. Only a court such as a U.S. District Court can decide whether a company is obligated to include shareholder proposals in its proxy materials. Accordingly a discretionary determination not to recommend or take Commission enforcement action, does not preclude a proponent, or any shareholder of a company, from pursuing any rights he or she may have against the company in court, should the management omit the proposal from the company's proxy material.

#### William Zessar

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

BY EMAIL (shareholderproposals@sec.gov) September 26, 2011

U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Division of Corporation Finance Office of Chief Counsel 100 F Street, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20549

RE: Deere & Company Request in Regard To Shareholder Proposals

I am responding to Deere & Company's (Deere) letter of September 16, 2011 for myself, Mr. Stolley, Mr. Yates and Mr. Grooms.

Some of us submitted stockholder proposals to Deere for the 2009 and 2010 annual meetings. Each proposal submission included a broker letter that was dated prior to the date of the submission. As an example, see my letter of May 6, 2009 to Deere and my broker letter, dated April 30, 2009 which are enclosed. In regard to those proposal submissions Deere did not claim, as it does now, that we violated an SEC Rule. Deere allowed our proposals to be voted on by stockholders in 2009 and 2010 even though the broker letters were dated earlier than our proposal submissions.

You will see from reading Deere's letter of September 16, 2011 and my letter to Mr. Noe dated July 12, 2011, marked Exhibit E, that we thought that Deere was claiming that it had not received our broker letters, not that the letters were inadequate. If Deere now wants to rely on the SEC Rule to exclude our proposals it should have told us that it had changed its position in regard to proof of stock ownership by broker letter. Deere did not tell us. Instead, Deere allowed us to be misled by its silence.

In light of Deere's prior policy of accepting a broker letter dated earlier than the submission date of the proposal we ask that the SEC deny Deere's request to exclude our proposals because our broker letters are dated earlier than the date our proposals were submitted.

The proposals, other than mine, are identical or substantially the same as proposals that have frequently been submitted for approval of stockholders of corporations other than Deere. Either the SEC has previously ruled that those proposals are not vague or indefinite or other corporations have concluded there is no merit to such a claim. Corporations usually oppose stockholder proposals and will contest them before the SEC when they think there is a basis for doing so. In regard to the last sentence of Mr. Stolley's proposal a reference to "applicable law" is often set forth in legal documents. Applicable law applies even if a proposal does not say anything about "applicable law." There is nothing vague about the last sentence.

Enclosures--not emailed. Enclosures will be mailed.

cc: Gregory Noe

Very truly yours,

William Zessar



Deere & Company Law Department One John Deere Place, Moline, IL 61265 USA

Phone: 309-765-5467
Fax (309) 749-0085 or (309)

Gregory R. Noe Corporate Secretary & Associate General Counsel

Fax (309) 749-0085 or (309) 765-5892 Email: NoeGregoryR@JohnDecre.com

BY EMAIL (shareholderproposals@sec.gov)

September 16, 2011

U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission Division of Corporation Finance Office of Chief Counsel 100 F Street, N.E. Washington, D.C. 20549

RE: Deere & Company - 2012 Annual Meeting

Omission of Shareholder Proposal of J. Thomas Yates

#### Ladies and Gentlemen:

We are writing pursuant to Rule 14a-8(j) promulgated under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, to request that the Staff of the Division of Corporation Finance (the "Staff") of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "Commission") concur with our view that, for the reasons stated below, Deere & Company, a Delaware corporation ("Deere"), may exclude the shareholder proposal and supporting statement (the "Proposal") submitted by J. Thomas Yates (the "Proponent") from the proxy materials to be distributed by Deere in connection with its 2012 annual meeting of shareholders (the "2012 proxy materials").

In accordance with Section C of Staff Legal Bulletin No. 14D (November 7, 2008) ("SLB 14D"), we are emailing this letter and its attachments to the Staff at shareholderproposals@sec.gov. In accordance with Rule 14a-8(j), we are simultaneously sending a copy of this letter and its attachments to the Proponent as notice of Deere's intent to omit the Proposal from the 2012 proxy materials.

Rule 14a-8(k) and Section E of SLB 14D provide that shareholder proponents are required to send companies a copy of any correspondence that the shareholder proponent elects to submit to the Commission or the Staff. Accordingly, we are taking this opportunity to remind the Proponent that if the Proponent submits correspondence to the Commission or the Staff with respect to the Proposal, a copy of that correspondence should concurrently be furnished to the undersigned.

# I. The Proposal

The Proposal requests that the board of directors of Deere "take the necessary action to permit stockholders to act by written consent of a majority of the outstanding common shares to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law."

#### II. Basis for Exclusion

We hereby respectfully request that the Staff concur in Deere's view that it may exclude the Proposal from the 2012 proxy materials pursuant to Rule 14a-8(b)(1) and Rule 14a-8(f)(1) because the Proponent has failed to provide proof of the requisite stock ownership after receiving notice of such deficiency.

# III. Background

Deere received the Proposal on June 24, 2011, accompanied by a cover letter from the Proponent, dated June 22, 2011. The Proposal was mailed to Deere, along with three other shareholder proposals submitted by other proponents, in a single envelope sent by William Zessar with a postmark dated June 23, 2011 (the "Zessar Mailing"). The Zessar Mailing also included a letter from Beyer & Rock Investments, LLC, dated June 20, 2011 (the "Broker Letter"), stating that "Mr. J. Thomas Yates has continuously held 210 shares of Deere & Company stock for more than one year in the above account." A copy of the Proposal, the Proponent's cover letter and the Broker Letter are attached hereto as Exhibit A.

After confirming that the Proponent was not a shareholder of record, in accordance with Rule 14a-8(f)(1), on June 30, 2011, Deere sent a letter to the Proponent via Federal Express (the "First Deficiency Letter") requesting a written statement from the record owner of the Proponent's shares verifying that the Proponent had beneficially owned the requisite number of shares of Deere stock continuously for at least one year as of the date of submission of the Proposal. The First Deficiency Letter also advised the Proponent that such written statement had to be submitted to Deere within 14 days of the Proponent's receipt of such letter. As suggested in Section G.3 of Staff Legal Bulletin No. 14 (July 13, 2001) ("SLB 14") relating to eligibility and procedural issues, the First Deficiency Letter included a copy of Rule 14a-8. Deere obtained delivery confirmation from Federal Express that the First Deficiency Letter was delivered to the Proponent on July 1, 2011. A copy of the First Deficiency Letter is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

On July 1, 2011, Deere received an email from Mr. Zessar indicating that broker letters had been enclosed in the Zessar Mailing with respect to each of the proposals included therein. Deere also received a letter from Mr. Zessar, dated July 2, 2011, containing, among other things, duplicate copies of the Proposal and the Broker Letter. On July 5, 2011, Deere received an email from Mr. Zessar indicating that a duplicate copy of the Broker Letter was

mailed on July 2, 2011. Copies of Mr. Zessar's July 1 email, July 2 letter and July 5 email are attached hereto as Exhibit C.

On July 6, 2011, Deere sent a letter to the Proponent (the "July 6 Letter") requesting that the Proponent confirm whether Mr. Zessar was authorized to communicate and act on the Proponent's behalf. Deere did not receive a response to this request.

On July 8, 2011, Deere sent another letter to the Proponent (the "Second Deficiency Letter"), without any legal obligation to do so, in order to confirm receipt of correspondence from Mr. Zessar and to reiterate that the information requested in the First Deficiency Letter must be transmitted to Deere within 14 days of the Proponent's receipt of the First Deficiency Letter. The Second Deficiency Letter included a copy of the First Deficiency Letter. Copies of the July 6 Letter and the Second Deficiency Letter are attached hereto as Exhibit D.

Deere did not receive any further correspondence from the Proponent by the close of the 14-day response period.

# IV. The Proposal May be Excluded Pursuant to Rule 14a-8(f)(1) Because the Proponent Failed to Supply Documentary Support Evidencing Satisfaction of the Continuous Ownership Requirements of Rule 14a-8(b)(1).

Rule 14a-8(b)(1) provides that, in order to be eligible to submit a proposal, a shareholder must have continuously held at least \$2,000 in market value, or 1%, of the company's securities entitled to be voted on the proposal for at least one year by the date the proposal is submitted and must continue to hold those securities through the date of the meeting. If the proponent is not a registered holder, he or she must provide proof of beneficial ownership of the securities. Under Rule 14a-8(f)(1), a company may exclude a shareholder proposal if the proponent fails to provide evidence that it meets the eligibility requirements of Rule 14a-8(b), provided that the company timely notifies the proponent of the deficiency and the proponent fails to correct the deficiency within the required time.

The Broker Letter fails to satisfy the requirements of Rule 14a-8(b). Pursuant to the rule, the Proponent is required to submit a written statement from the record holder of the Proponent's shares, verifying the Proponent's continuous ownership of at least \$2,000 of Deere shares from June 23, 2010 (one year prior to the date of submission) through June 23, 2011 (the date of submission). The Broker Letter does not make any such statement. Instead, the Broker Letter states the Proponent's ownership as of June 20, 2011 (3 days before the date of the submission) and that such shares have been held for over one year as of that date. These statements do not provide the proper ownership information required under Rule 14a-8(b). Specifically, the Broker Letter does not provide evidence of the Proponent's

continuous ownership of Deere shares for the one-year period ending June 23, 2011, the date on which its Proposal was submitted.

In Section C.1.c.(3) of SLB 14, the Staff illustrates the requirement for specific verification of continuous ownership with the following example:

(3) If a shareholder submits his or her proposal to the company on June 1, does a statement from the record holder verifying that the shareholder owned the securities continuously for one year as of May 30 of the same year demonstrate sufficiently continuous ownership of the securities as of the time he or she submitted the proposal?

No. A shareholder must submit proof from the record holder that the shareholder continuously owned the securities for a period of one year as of the time the shareholder submits the proposal.

As in the example above, the Broker Letter confirms that the Proponent owned the requisite number of Deere shares on a date (June 20, 2011) that was earlier than the date of the Proponent's submission of the Proposal (June 23, 2011), and fails to demonstrate continuous ownership of the shares for a period of one year as of the time the Proponent submitted the Proposal.

The Staff has consistently taken the position that if a proponent does not provide documentary support sufficiently evidencing that it has satisfied the continuous ownership requirement for the one-year period specified by Rule 14a-8(b), the proposal may be excluded under Rule 14a-8(f). See, e.g., Verizon Communications Inc. (January 12, 2011) (concurring with the exclusion of a shareholder proposal where the proposal was submitted November 17, 2010 and the record holder's one-year verification was as of November 16, 2010); AT&T Inc. (December 16, 2010) (concurring with the exclusion of a co-proponent where the proposal was submitted November 10, 2010 and the record holder's one-year verification was as of October 31, 2010); General Electric Co. (October 7, 2010) (concurring with the exclusion of a shareholder proposal where the proposal was submitted June 22, 2010 and the record holder's one-year verification was as of June 16, 2010); Hewlett-Packard Co. (July 28, 2010) (concurring with the exclusion of a shareholder proposal where the proposal was submitted June 1, 2010 and the record holder's one-year verification was as of May 28, 2010); Int'l. Business Machines Corp. (December 7, 2007) (concurring with the exclusion of a shareholder proposal where the proposal was submitted October 19, 2007 and the record holder's one-year verification was as of October 15, 2007); Int'l. Business Machines Corp. (November 16, 2006) (concurring with the exclusion of a shareholder proposal where the proposal was submitted October 5, 2006 and the record holder's one-year verification was as of October 2, 2006); and Wal-Mart Stores, Inc. (February 2, 2005) (concurring with the

exclusion of a shareholder proposal where the proposal was submitted December 6, 2004 and the record holder's one-year verification was as of November 22, 2004).

Any further verification the Proponent might now submit would be untimely under the Commission's rules. Therefore, Deere believes that the Proposal is excludable pursuant to Rule 14a-8(f) because the Proponent failed to remedy the eligibility deficiency on a timely basis after notification by Deere.

# V. Conclusion

Based upon the foregoing analysis, we respectfully request that the Staff concur that it will take no action if Deere excludes the Proposal from its 2012 proxy materials. Should the Staff disagree with the conclusions set forth in this letter, or should any additional information be desired in support of Deere's position, we would appreciate the opportunity to confer with the Staff concerning these matters prior to the issuance of the Staff's response. Please do not hesitate to contact me at (309) 765-5467.

Very truly yours,
My R. My

Gregory Noe

Corporate Secretary and Associate General Counsel

**Enclosures** 

cc: J. Thomas Yates

# J. Thomas Yates

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

June 22, 2011

Corporate Secretary Deere & Company One John Deere Place Moline, Illinois 61265

Re: Stockholder Proposal

Dear Sir/Madam:

Enclosed is my stockholder proposal for the 2012 annual meeting to be held on February 29, 2012. I request that my proposal be included in the proxy statement for that meeting pursuant to SEC Rule 14a-8.

If I am unable to attend the meeting I appoint Tommy L. Grooms,

""FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16"", as my
representative for all purposes in regard to my stockholder proposal.

Mr. Grooms is a stockholder of Deere & Company.

I have enclosed proof of my ownership of stock in Deere & Company. I intend to hold the shares through the annual meeting next year.

Sincerely,

J. Thomas/Yates



J. Thomas Yates

June 20, 2011

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

Re: Accising & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

To Whom it May Concern:

Please use this letter to confirm that Mr. J. Thomas Yates has continuously held 210 shares of Deere & Company stock for more than one year in the above account. The account is registered to J. Thomas Yates IRA. (A sale of 200 shares in Dec. 2010 resulted in current share balance of 210 shares)

Sincerely,

Judy Del Vecchir
Judy Del Vecchir

Beyer & Rock Investments

# STOCKHOLDER PROPOSAL

Resolved, that the stockholders request that the Board of Directors take the necessary action to permit stockholders to act by written consent of a majority of the outstanding common shares to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law.

# SUPPORTING STATEMENT

ISS, the corporate governance watchdog, is in favor of stockholders having the right to act by written consent (2011 U.S. Proxy Voting Guidelines). ISS has more than 1,700 clients.

The California Public Retirement System (CALPERS) supports giving stockholders the right to act by written consent. CALPERS has assets of more than \$235 billion as of June 1, 2011.

ISS in its 2009, 2010 and 2011 reports on Deere noted several negative governance factors. In the 2011 report ISS expressed concern that there is no disclosure of mandatory holding periods for stock option grants for executives and the chairman of the board is an insider.

Stockholders should have the right to act by written consent to address these and other issues.

Please vote in favor of this proposal.

Submitted by J. Thomas Yates



Decre & Company Law Department One John Decre Place, Moline, IL 61265 USA Phone: 309-765-5467 Fax (309) 749-0085 or (309) 765-5892 Email: NocGregoryR@JohnDecre.com

Gregory R. Noe Corporate Secretary & Associate General Counsel

### BY FEDERAL EXPRESS

June 30, 2011

J. Thomas Yates

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

RE: Notice of Deficiency

Dear Mr. Yates:

I am writing to acknowledge receipt on June 24, 2011 of your shareholder proposal (the "Proposal") submitted to Deere & Company pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for inclusion in Deere's proxy materials for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "Annual Meeting"). Under the proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), in order to be eligible to submit a proposal for the Annual Meeting, a proponent must have continuously held at least \$2,000 in market value of Deere's common stock for at least one year prior to the date that the proposal is submitted. In addition, the proponent must continue to hold at least this amount of stock through the date of the Annual Meeting. For your reference, a copy of Rule 14a-8 is attached to this letter as Exhibit A.

Our records indicate that you are not a registered holder of Deere common stock. Please provide a written statement from the record holder of your shares verifying that, at the time you submitted the Proposal, you had beneficially held the requisite number of shares of Deere common stock continuously for at least one year. For additional information regarding the acceptable methods of proving your ownership of the minimum number of shares of Deere common stock, please see Rule 14a-8(b)(2) in Exhibit A. The SEC rules require that the documentation be postmarked or transmitted electronically to us no later than 14 calendar days from the date you receive this letter.

Once we receive this documentation, we will be in a position to determine whether the Proposal is eligible for inclusion in the proxy materials for the Annual Meeting. Deere reserves the right to seek relief from the SEC as appropriate.

Very truly yours.

Gregory R. Noe

Corporate Secretary and Associate General Counsel

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Enclosure

This section addresses when a company must include a shareholder's proposal in its proxy statement and identify the proposal in its form of proxy when the company holds an annual or special meeting of shareholders. In summary, in order to have your shareholder proposal included on a company's proxy card, and included along with any supporting statement in its proxy statement, you must be eligible and follow certain procedures. Under a few specific circumstances, the company is permitted to exclude your proposal, but only after submitting its reasons to the Commission. We structured this section in a question-and- answer format so that it is easier to understand. The references to "you" are to a shareholder seeking to submit the proposal.

- a. Question 1: What is a proposal? A shareholder proposal is your recommendation or requirement that the company and/or its board of directors take action, which you intend to present at a meeting of the company's shareholders. Your proposal should state as clearly as possible the course of action that you believe the company should follow. If your proposal is placed on the company's proxy card, the company must also provide in the form of proxy means for shareholders to specify by boxes a choice between approval or disapproval, or abstention. Unless otherwise indicated, the word "proposal" as used in this section refers both to your proposal, and to your corresponding statement in support of your proposal (if any).
- b. Question 2: Who is eligible to submit a proposal, and how do I demonstrate to the company that I am eligible?
  - In order to be eligible to submit a proposal, you must have continuously held at least \$2,000 in market
    value, or 1%, of the company's securities entitled to be voted on the proposal at the meeting for at least
    one year by the date you submit the proposal. You must continue to hold those securities through the
    date of the meeting.
  - 2. If you are the registered holder of your securities, which means that your name appears in the company's records as a shareholder, the company can verify your eligibility on its own, although you will still have to provide the company with a written statement that you intend to continue to hold the securities through the date of the meeting of shareholders. However, if like many shareholders you are not a registered holder, the company likely does not know that you are a shareholder, or how many shares you own. In this case, at the time you submit your proposal, you must prove your eligibility to the company in one of two ways:
    - i. The first way is to submit to the company a written statement from the "record" holder of your securities (usually a broker or bank) verifying that, at the time you submitted your proposal, you continuously held the securities for at least one year. You must also include your own written statement that you intend to continue to hold the securities through the date of the meeting of shareholders; or
    - ii. The second way to prove ownership applies only if you have filed a , and/or , or amendments to those documents or updated forms, reflecting your ownership of the shares as of or before the date on which the one-year eligibility period begins. If you have filed one of these documents with the SEC, you may demonstrate your eligibility by submitting to the company:
      - A. A copy of the schedule and/or form, and any subsequent amendments reporting a change in your ownership level;
      - Your written statement that you continuously held the required number of shares for the one-year period as of the date of the statement; and

- C. Your written statement that you intend to continue ownership of the shares through the date of the company's annual or special meeting.
- c. Question 3: How many proposals may I submit: Each shareholder may submit no more than one proposal to a company for a particular shareholders' meeting.
- d. Question 4: How long can my proposal be? The proposal, including any accompanying supporting statement, may not exceed 500 words.
- e. Question 5: What is the deadline for submitting a proposal?
  - If you are submitting your proposal for the company's annual meeting, you can in most cases find the
    deadline in last year's proxy statement. However, if the company did not hold an annual meeting last
    year, or has changed the date of its meeting for this year more than 30 days from last year's meeting,
    you can usually find the deadline in one of the company's quarterly reports on , or in
    shareholder reports of investment companies under of this chapter of the Investment
    Company Act of 1940. In order to avoid controversy, shareholders should submit their proposals by
    means, including electronic means, that permit them to prove the date of delivery.
  - 2. The deadline is calculated in the following manner if the proposal is submitted for a regularly scheduled annual meeting. The proposal must be received at the company's principal executive offices not less than 120 calendar days before the date of the company's proxy statement released to shareholders in connection with the previous year's annual meeting. However, if the company did not hold an annual meeting the previous year, or if the date of this year's annual meeting has been changed by more than 30 days from the date of the previous year's meeting, then the deadline is a reasonable time before the company begins to print and send its proxy materials.
  - If you are submitting your proposal for a meeting of shareholders other than a regularly scheduled annual meeting, the deadline is a reasonable time before the company begins to print and send its proxy materials.
- f. Question 6: What if I fail to follow one of the eligibility or procedural requirements explained in answers to Questions 1 through 4 of this section?
  - 1. The company may exclude your proposal, but only after it has notified you of the problem, and you have failed adequately to correct it. Within 14 calendar days of receiving your proposal, the company must notify you in writing of any procedural or eligibility deficiencies, as well as of the time frame for your response. Your response must be postmarked, or transmitted electronically, no later than 14 days from the date you received the company's notification. A company need not provide you such notice of a deficiency if the deficiency cannot be remedied, such as if you fail to submit a proposal by the company's properly determined deadline. If the company intends to exclude the proposal, it will later have to make a submission under Rule 14a-8 and provide you with a copy under Question 10 below, Rule 14a-8(j).
  - If you fail in your promise to hold the required number of securities through the date of the meeting of shareholders, then the company will be permitted to exclude all of your proposals from its proxy materials for any meeting held in the following two calendar years.
- g. Question 7: Who has the burden of persuading the Commission or its staff that my proposal can be excluded? Except as otherwise noted, the burden is on the company to demonstrate that it is entitled to exclude a proposal.
- h. Question 8: Must I appear personally at the shareholders' meeting to present the proposal?
  - 1. Either you, or your representative who is qualified under state law to present the proposal on your behalf,

must attend the meeting to present the proposal. Whether you attend the meeting yourself or send a qualified representative to the meeting in your place, you should make sure that you, or your representative, follow the proper state law procedures for attending the meeting and/or presenting your proposal.

- If the company holds it shareholder meeting in whole or in part via electronic media, and the company permits you or your representative to present your proposal via such media, then you may appear through electronic media rather than traveling to the meeting to appear in person.
- 3. If you or your qualified representative fail to appear and present the proposal, without good cause, the company will be permitted to exclude all of your proposals from its proxy materials for any meetings held in the following two calendar years.
- i. Question 9: If I have complied with the procedural requirements, on what other bases may a company rely to exclude my proposal?
  - Improper under state law: If the proposal is not a proper subject for action by shareholders under the laws of the jurisdiction of the company's organization;

#### Not to paragraph (i)(1)

Depending on the subject matter, some proposals are not considered proper under state law if they would be binding on the company if approved by shareholders. In our experience, most proposals that are cast as recommendations or requests that the board of directors take specified action are proper under state law. Accordingly, we will assume that a proposal drafted as a recommendation or suggestion is proper unless the company demonstrates otherwise.

Violation of law: If the proposal would, if implemented, cause the company to violate any state, federal, or foreign law to which it is subject;

#### Not to paragraph (i)(2)

Note to paragraph (i)(2): We will not apply this basis for exclusion to permit exclusion of a proposal on grounds that it would violate foreign law if compliance with the foreign law could result in a violation of any state or federal law.

- Violation of proxy rules: If the proposal or supporting statement is contrary to any of the Commission's
  proxy rules, including , which prohibits materially false or misleading statements in proxy
  soliciting materials;
- 4. Personal grievance; special interest: If the proposal relates to the redress of a personal claim or grievance against the company or any other person, or if it is designed to result in a benefit to you, or to further a personal interest, which is not shared by the other shareholders at large;
- 5. Relevance: If the proposal relates to operations which account for less than 5 percent of the company's total assets at the end of its most recent fiscal year, and for less than 5 percent of its net earning sand gross sales for its most recent fiscal year, and is not otherwise significantly related to the company's business;

- Absence of power/authority: If the company would lack the power or authority to implement the proposal;
- Management functions: If the proposal deals with a matter relating to the company's ordinary business operations;
- 8. Relates to election: If the proposal relates to a nomination or an election for membership on the company's board of directors or analogous governing body or a procedure for such nomination or election;
- Conflicts with company's proposal: If the proposal directly conflicts with one of the company's own proposals to be submitted to shareholders at the same meeting.

#### Note to paragraph (i)(9)

Note to paragraph (i)(9): A company's submission to the Commission under this section should specify the points of conflict with the company's proposal.

- 10. Substantially implemented: If the company has already substantially implemented the proposal;
- Duplication: If the proposal substantially duplicates another proposal previously submitted to the company by another proponent that will be included in the company's proxy materials for the same meeting;
- 12. Resubmissions: If the proposal deals with substantially the same subject matter as another proposal or proposals that has or have been previously included in the company's proxy materials within the preceding 5 calendar years, a company may exclude it from its proxy materials for any meeting held within 3 calendar years of the last time it was included if the proposal received:
  - i. Less than 3% of the vote if proposed once within the preceding 5 calendar years;
  - ii. Less than 6% of the vote on its last submission to shareholders if proposed twice previously within the preceding 5 calendar years; or
  - iii. Less than 10% of the vote on its last submission to shareholders if proposed three times or more previously within the preceding 5 calendar years; and
- 13. Specific amount of dividends: If the proposal relates to specific amounts of cash or stock dividends.
- j. Question 10: What procedures must the company follow if it intends to exclude my proposal?
  - 1. If the company intends to exclude a proposal from its proxy materials, it must file its reasons with the Commission no later than 80 calendar days before it files its definitive proxy statement and form of proxy with the Commission. The company must simultaneously provide you with a copy of its submission. The Commission staff may permit the company to make its submission later than 80 days before the company files its definitive proxy statement and form of proxy, if the company demonstrates good cause for missing the deadline.
  - 2. The company must file six paper copies of the following:
    - i. The proposal;

- An explanation of why the company believes that it may exclude the proposal, which should, if possible, refer to the most recent applicable authority, such as prior Division letters issued under the rule; and
- iii. A supporting opinion of counsel when such reasons are based on matters of state or foreign law.
- k. Question 11: May I submit my own statement to the Commission responding to the company's arguments?

Yes, you may submit a response, but it is not required. You should try to submit any response to us, with a copy to the company, as soon as possible after the company makes its submission. This way, the Commission staff will have time to consider fully your submission before it issues its response. You should submit six paper copies of your response.

- 1. Question 12: If the company includes my shareholder proposal in its proxy materials, what information about me must it include along with the proposal itself?
  - The company's proxy statement must include your name and address, as well as the number of the
    company's voting securities that you hold. However, instead of providing that information, the company
    may instead include a statement that it will provide the information to shareholders promptly upon
    receiving an oral or written request.
  - 2. The company is not responsible for the contents of your proposal or supporting statement.
- m. Question 13: What can I do if the company includes in its proxy statement reasons why it believes shareholders should not vote in favor of my proposal, and I disagree with some of its statements?
  - The company may elect to include in its proxy statement reasons why it believes shareholders should
    vote against your proposal. The company is allowed to make arguments reflecting its own point of view,
    just as you may express your own point of view in your proposal's supporting statement.
  - 2. However, if you believe that the company's opposition to your proposal contains materially false or misleading statements that may violate our anti- fraud rule, , you should promptly send to the Commission staff and the company a letter explaining the reasons for your view, along with a copy of the company's statements opposing your proposal. To the extent possible, your letter should include specific factual information demonstrating the inaccuracy of the company's claims. Time permitting, you may wish to try to work out your differences with the company by yourself before contacting the Commission staff.
  - 3. We require the company to send you a copy of its statements opposing your proposal before it sends its proxy materials, so that you may bring to our attention any materially false or misleading statements, under the following timeframes:
    - If our no-action response requires that you make revisions to your proposal or supporting statement as a condition to requiring the company to include it in its proxy materials, then the company must provide you with a copy of its opposition statements no later than 5 calendar days after the company receives a copy of your revised proposal; or
    - ii. In all other cases, the company must provide you with a copy of its opposition statements no later than 30 calendar days before its files definitive copies of its proxy statement and form of proxy under

# Noe Gregory R

From:

william zessarSMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

Sent:

Friday, July 01, 2011 12:19 PM

To:

Noe Gregory R

Subject:

Stockholder proposal

I have received your letter of June 30, 2011. The documents I submitted with my stockholder proposal included a June 14, 2011 letter from Fidelity stating my ownership of stock in Deere & Company.

The envelope which I mailed included proposals from Mr. Grooms, Stolley and Yates and included letters from their brokers. Please check those documents and let me know by email whether you have found the broker letters. Thank you, Bill Zessar

#### William L. Zessar

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

July 2, 2011

Gregory Noe Corporate Secretary Deere & Company One John Deere Road Moline, Illinois 61265

Re: Response to Notice of Deficiency

Dear Mr. Noe:

Per your request enclosed are broker letters for myself, Grooms, Stolley and Yates. These letters are as follows: Zessar (Fidelity, June 14, 2011); Grooms (Oppenheimer, June 13, 2011); Stolley (Edward Jones, June 13, 2011) and Yates (Beyer & Rock, June 20, 2011).

As I stated in my email to you (July 1, 2011) I mailed four stockholder proposals in the envelope that you stated you received on June 24, 2011. I placed the documents including cover and broker letters in the envelope.

Sincerely,

William I. Zessar





June 14, 2011

William L. Zessar

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

To Whom It May Concern:

Please accept this letter as confirmation that Mr. William L. Zessar is currently holding the position Deere & Company (DE) in your Fidelity accounts.

As of close of business on June 13, 2011, Mr. Zessar is holding 400.812 shares of Deere & Company stock, and these shares have been continuously held in his accounts for over one year.

If you have any questions regarding this issue or general inquiries for your account, please contact your Private Client Group team at 800-544-5704 for assistance.

Sincerely,

Andy Shum

High Net Worth Operations

Tondychum

Our File: W563458-13JUN11



Frank Williams Serior Dien to a Inserpretia

Op. Abstract & Co. Inc. 500 West Madern School 8000 Chinas II, 60661 Phone 312-360-5650 Fax 312-50-712 Toll free 270-621-2703 West MPU of Sections

Timmeners Business on all Principal Kuchanus

June 13, 2011

# To Whom It May Concern:

Tommy L. Grooms is the beneficial owner of 100 shares of Deere & Company (DE), held in "Street name" with Oppenheimer & Co. Inc. The shares were purchased on 01/06/2010, and Mr. Grooms has held them continuously for over a one year period of time since then.

Yours truly,

Frank Williams

Senior Director, Investments



J. Thomas Yates

June 20, 2011

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

Re: AttableMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

To Whom it May Concern:

Please use this letter to confirm that Mr. J. Thomas Yates has continuously held 210 shares of Deere & Company stock for more than one year in the above account. The account is registered to J. Thomas Yates IRA. (A sale of 200 shares in Dec. 2010 resulted in current share balance of 210 shares)

Sincerely,

JUDY Del Vecchio

Beyer & Rock Investments

aniel M. Timmons rinancial Advisor daniel.timmons@edwardjones.com 5515 Jersey Ridge Road Suite C Davenport, IA 52807 Bus. 563-441-5655 Fax 888-259-8177 www.edwardjones.com

EdwardJones

June 13, 2011

**Gary Stolley** 

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

Dear Gary:
Here's some information relating to your investment. Please review it.
As you requested.
No action is needed on your part. Please call if you have questions.
Please call us. I feel we should discuss this.
Enclosed is important account information. Please check it for accuracy, sign and return it in the enclosed envelope.
For your information.
I will call you shortly to discuss.
Smoerely,
Dahiel M. Timmons Financial Advisor
Enc: Documents

6/13/2011

# o whom it may concern:

This letter is to certify that Gary Stolley owns 100 shares of John Deere ompany common stock. This stock has been owned by Gary Stolley for longer han one year.

an Timmons
inancial Advisor
idward Jones Investments
515 Jersey Ridge Rd
avenport, Iowa 52807
63-441-5655 or 1-888-259-8177

# Edwards Ron J

From:

william zessarFISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

Sent:

Tuesday, July 05, 2011 7:12 AM

To:

Noe Gregory R

Subject:

Stockholder Proposals

On July 2, 2011 I mailed four broker letters on behalf of Mr. Grooms, Stolley, Yates and myself to you. I will assume that you have received those letters unless you notify me otherwise. Bill Zessar



Decre & Company
Law Department
One John Decre Place, Moline, IL 61265 USA
Phone: 309-765-5467
Fax (309) 749-0085 or (309) 765-5892
Email: NocGregoryR@JohnDecre.com

Gregory R. Noe Corporate Secretary & Associate General Counsel

# BY FEDERAL EXPRESS

July 6, 2011

J. Thomas Yates

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

RE: Stockholder Proposal

Dear Mr. Yates:

In my letter to you of June 30, 2011 (the "June 30 Letter"), I acknowledged receipt of your stockholder proposal submitted to Deere & Company pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for inclusion in Deere's proxy materials for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders. In addition, the June 30 Letter requested a written statement from the record holder of your shares verifying that, at the time you submitted the stockholder proposal, you had beneficially held the requisite number of shares of Deere common stock continuously for at least one year.

I have received an email from William Zessar, dated July 1, 2011, and a letter from Mr. Zessar, dated July 2, 2011, copies of which are enclosed, that could be read as responding to the June 30 Letter on your behalf. Please let me know, in writing, whether Mr. Zessar is authorized to communicate and act on your behalf concerning your stockholder proposal (including whether the July 1 email and July 2 letter from Mr. Zessar constitute your response to the June 30 Letter) and the scope of such authorization.

Very truly yours,

Gregory R. Noe

Corporate Secretary and Associate General Counsel

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**Enclosures** 



Deere & Company
Law Department
One John Deere Place, Moline, IL 61265 USA
Phone: 309-765-5467
Fax (309) 749-0085 or (309) 765-5892
Email: NoeGregoryR@JohnDeere.com

Gregory R. Noe Corporate Secretary & Associate General Counsel

# BY FEDERAL EXPRESS

July 8, 2011

J. Thomas Yates

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

RE: Response to Notice of Deficiency

Dear Mr. Yates:

We have received Mr. Zessar's email message dated July 1, 2011 and Mr. Zessar's letter dated July 2, 2011, purportedly sent on your behalf, in response to our deficiency letter dated June 30, 2011 (the "June 30 Letter"), and had previously received the broker letters attached to Mr. Zessar's July 2 letter. The information requested in the June 30 Letter must be postmarked or electronically transmitted to us no later than 14 calendar days from the date you received the June 30 Letter. I have attached hereto for your convenience the June 30 Letter (which includes a copy of Rule 14a-8), Mr. Zessar's email message dated July 1, 2011, and Mr. Zessar's letter dated July 2, 2011.

Very truly yours,

Gregory R. Noe

Corporate Secretary and Associate General Counsel

Dry P. She

**Enclosures** 



Decre & Company Law Department One John Decre Place, Moline, IL 61265 USA Phone: 309-765-5467 Fax (309) 749-0085 or (309) 765-5892 Email: NotGregoryR@JohnDecm.com

Gregory R. Hoe Corporate Secretary & Associate General Counsel

#### BY FEDERAL EXPRESS

June 30, 2011

J. Thomas Yates

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

RE: Notice of Deficiency

Dear Mr. Yates:

I am writing to acknowledge receipt on June 24, 2011 of your shareholder proposal (the "Proposal") submitted to Deere & Company pursuant to Rule 14a-8 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, for inclusion in Deere's proxy materials for the 2012 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "Annual Meeting"). Under the proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), in order to be eligible to submit a proposal for the Annual Meeting, a proponent must have continuously held at least \$2,000 in market value of Deere's common stock for at least one year prior to the date that the proposal is submitted. In addition, the proponent must continue to hold at least this amount of stock through the date of the Annual Meeting. For your reference, a copy of Rule 14a-8 is attached to this letter as Exhibit A.

Our records indicate that you are not a registered holder of Deere common stock. Please provide a written statement from the record holder of your shares verifying that, at the time you submitted the Proposal, you had beneficially held the requisite number of shares of Deere common stock continuously for at least one year. For additional information regarding the acceptable methods of proving your ownership of the minimum number of shares of Deere common stock, please see Rule 14a-8(b)(2) in Exhibit A. The SEC rules require that the documentation be postmarked or transmitted electronically to us no later than 14 calendar days from the date you receive this letter.

Once we receive this documentation, we will be in a position to determine whether the Proposal is eligible for inclusion in the proxy materials for the Annual Meeting. Deere reserves the right to seek relief from the SEC as appropriate.

Very truly yours,

Gregory R. Noe

Corporate Secretary and Associate General Counsel

Muy R. Nia

Enclosure

This section addresses when a company must include a shareholder's proposal in its proxy statement and identify the proposal in its form of proxy when the company holds an annual or special meeting of shareholders. In summary, in order to have your shareholder proposal included on a company's proxy card, and included along with any supporting statement in its proxy statement, you must be eligible and follow certain procedures. Under a few specific circumstances, the company is permitted to exclude your proposal, but only after submitting its reasons to the Commission. We structured this section in a question-and- answer format so that it is easier to understand. The references to "you" are to a shareholder seeking to submit the proposal.

- a. Question 1: What is a proposal? A shareholder proposal is your recommendation or requirement that the company and/or its board of directors take action, which you intend to present at a meeting of the company's shareholders. Your proposal should state as clearly as possible the course of action that you believe the company should follow. If your proposal is placed on the company's proxy card, the company must also provide in the form of proxy means for shareholders to specify by boxes a choice between approval or disapproval, or abstention. Unless otherwise indicated, the word "proposal" as used in this section refers both to your proposal, and to your corresponding statement in support of your proposal (if any).
- b. Question 2: Who is eligible to submit a proposal, and how do I demonstrate to the company that I am eligible?
  - In order to be eligible to submit a proposal, you must have continuously held at least \$2,000 in market
    value, or 1%, of the company's securities entitled to be voted on the proposal at the meeting for at least
    one year by the date you submit the proposal. You must continue to hold those securities through the
    date of the meeting.
  - 2. If you are the registered holder of your securities, which means that your name appears in the company's records as a shareholder, the company can verify your eligibility on its own, although you will still have to provide the company with a written statement that you intend to continue to hold the securities through the date of the meeting of shareholders. However, if like many shareholders you are not a registered holder, the company likely does not know that you are a shareholder, or how many shares you own. In this case, at the time you submit your proposal, you must prove your eligibility to the company in one of two ways:
    - i. The first way is to submit to the company a written statement from the "record" holder of your securities (usually a broker or bank) verifying that, at the time you submitted your proposal, you continuously held the securities for at least one year. You must also include your own written statement that you intend to continue to hold the securities through the date of the meeting of shareholders; or
    - ii. The second way to prove ownership applies only if you have filed a , and/or , or amendments to those documents or updated forms, reflecting your ownership of the shares as of or before the date on which the one-year eligibility period begins. If you have filed one of these documents with the SEC, you may demonstrate your eligibility by submitting to the company:
      - A. A copy of the schedule and/or form, and any subsequent amendments reporting a change in your ownership level;
      - B. Your written statement that you continuously held the required number of shares for the one-year period as of the date of the statement; and

- C. Your written statement that you intend to continue ownership of the shares through the date of the company's annual or special meeting.
- c. Question 3: How many proposals may I submit: Each shareholder may submit no more than one proposal to a company for a particular shareholders' meeting.
- d. Question 4: How long can my proposal be? The proposal, including any accompanying supporting statement, may not exceed 500 words.
- e. Question 5: What is the deadline for submitting a proposal?
  - 1. If you are submitting your proposal for the company's annual meeting, you can in most cases find the deadline in last year's proxy statement. However, if the company did not hold an annual meeting last year, or has changed the date of its meeting for this year more than 30 days from last year's meeting, you can usually find the deadline in one of the company's quarterly reports on \_\_\_\_\_, or in shareholder reports of investment companies under \_\_\_\_\_\_ of this chapter of the Investment Company Act of 1940. In order to avoid controversy, shareholders should submit their proposals by means, including electronic means, that permit them to prove the date of delivery.
  - 2. The deadline is calculated in the following manner if the proposal is submitted for a regularly scheduled annual meeting. The proposal must be received at the company's principal executive offices not less than 120 calendar days before the date of the company's proxy statement released to shareholders in connection with the previous year's annual meeting. However, if the company did not hold an annual meeting the previous year, or if the date of this year's annual meeting has been changed by more than 30 days from the date of the previous year's meeting, then the deadline is a reasonable time before the company begins to print and send its proxy materials.
  - If you are submitting your proposal for a meeting of shareholders other than a regularly scheduled annual meeting, the deadline is a reasonable time before the company begins to print and send its proxy materials.
- f. Question 6: What if I fail to follow one of the eligibility or procedural requirements explained in answers to Questions 1 through 4 of this section?
  - 1. The company may exclude your proposal, but only after it has notified you of the problem, and you have failed adequately to correct it. Within 14 calendar days of receiving your proposal, the company must notify you in writing of any procedural or eligibility deficiencies, as well as of the time frame for your response. Your response must be postmarked, or transmitted electronically, no later than 14 days from the date you received the company's notification. A company need not provide you such notice of a deficiency if the deficiency cannot be remedied, such as if you fail to submit a proposal by the company's properly determined deadline. If the company intends to exclude the proposal, it will later have to make a submission under Rule 14a-8 and provide you with a copy under Question 10 below, Rule 14a-8(j).
  - If you fail in your promise to hold the required number of securities through the date of the meeting of shareholders, then the company will be permitted to exclude all of your proposals from its proxy materials for any meeting held in the following two calendar years.
- g. Question 7: Who has the burden of persuading the Commission or its staff that my proposal can be excluded? Except as otherwise noted, the burden is on the company to demonstrate that it is entitled to exclude a proposal.
- h. Question 8: Must I appear personally at the shareholders' meeting to present the proposal?
  - 1. Either you, or your representative who is qualified under state law to present the proposal on your behalf,

must attend the meeting to present the proposal. Whether you attend the meeting yourself or send a qualified representative to the meeting in your place, you should make sure that you, or your representative, follow the proper state law procedures for attending the meeting and/or presenting your proposal.

- If the company holds it shareholder meeting in whole or in part via electronic media, and the company permits you or your representative to present your proposal via such media, then you may appear through electronic media rather than traveling to the meeting to appear in person.
- 3. If you or your qualified representative fail to appear and present the proposal, without good cause, the company will be permitted to exclude all of your proposals from its proxy materials for any meetings held in the following two calendar years.
- i. Question 9: If I have complied with the procedural requirements, on what other bases may a company rely to exclude my proposal?
  - Improper under state law: If the proposal is not a proper subject for action by shareholders under the laws of the jurisdiction of the company's organization;

#### Not to paragraph (i)(1)

Depending on the subject matter, some proposals are not considered proper under state law if they would be binding on the company if approved by shareholders. In our experience, most proposals that are cast as recommendations or requests that the board of directors take specified action are proper under state law. Accordingly, we will assume that a proposal drafted as a recommendation or suggestion is proper unless the company demonstrates otherwise.

Violation of law: If the proposal would, if implemented, cause the company to violate any state, federal, or foreign law to which it is subject;

#### Not to paragraph (i)(2)

Note to paragraph (i)(2): We will not apply this basis for exclusion to permit exclusion of a proposal on grounds that it would violate foreign law if compliance with the foreign law could result in a violation of any state or federal law.

- Violation of proxy rules: If the proposal or supporting statement is contrary to any of the Commission's
  proxy rules, including , which prohibits materially false or misleading statements in proxy
  soliciting materials;
- 4. Personal grievance; special interest: If the proposal relates to the redress of a personal claim or grievance against the company or any other person, or if it is designed to result in a benefit to you, or to further a personal interest, which is not shared by the other shareholders at large;
- 5. Relevance: If the proposal relates to operations which account for less than 5 percent of the company's total assets at the end of its most recent fiscal year, and for less than 5 percent of its net earning sand gross sales for its most recent fiscal year, and is not otherwise significantly related to the company's business:

- Absence of power/authority: If the company would lack the power or authority to implement the proposal;
- Management functions: If the proposal deals with a matter relating to the company's ordinary business operations;
- 8. Relates to election: If the proposal relates to a nomination or an election for membership on the company's board of directors or analogous governing body or a procedure for such nomination or election:
- Conflicts with company's proposal: If the proposal directly conflicts with one of the company's own proposals to be submitted to shareholders at the same meeting.

Note to paragraph (i)(9)

Note to paragraph (i)(9): A company's submission to the Commission under this section should specify the points of conflict with the company's proposal.

- 10. Substantially implemented: If the company has already substantially implemented the proposal;
- Duplication: If the proposal substantially duplicates another proposal previously submitted to the company by another proponent that will be included in the company's proxy materials for the same meeting;
- 12. Resubmissions: If the proposal deals with substantially the same subject matter as another proposal or proposals that has or have been previously included in the company's proxy materials within the preceding 5 calendar years, a company may exclude it from its proxy materials for any meeting held within 3 calendar years of the last time it was included if the proposal received:
  - i. Less than 3% of the vote if proposed once within the preceding 5 calendar years;
  - Less than 6% of the vote on its last submission to shareholders if proposed twice previously within the preceding 5 calendar years; or
  - iii. Less than 10% of the vote on its last submission to shareholders if proposed three times or more previously within the preceding 5 calendar years; and
- Specific amount of dividends: If the proposal relates to specific amounts of cash or stock dividends.
- j. Question 10: What procedures must the company follow if it intends to exclude my proposal?
  - If the company intends to exclude a proposal from its proxy materials, it must file its reasons with the
    Commission no later than 80 calendar days before it files its definitive proxy statement and form of proxy
    with the Commission. The company must simultaneously provide you with a copy of its submission. The
    Commission staff may permit the company to make its submission later than 80 days before the company
    files its definitive proxy statement and form of proxy, if the company demonstrates good cause for
    missing the deadline.
  - 2. The company must file six paper copies of the following:
    - i. The proposal;

- ii. An explanation of why the company believes that it may exclude the proposal, which should, if possible, refer to the most recent applicable authority, such as prior Division letters issued under the rule; and
- iii. A supporting opinion of counsel when such reasons are based on matters of state or foreign law.
- k. Question 11: May I submit my own statement to the Commission responding to the company's arguments?

Yes, you may submit a response, but it is not required. You should try to submit any response to us, with a copy to the company, as soon as possible after the company makes its submission. This way, the Commission staff will have time to consider fully your submission before it issues its response. You should submit six paper copies of your response.

- I. Question 12: If the company includes my shareholder proposal in its proxy materials, what information about me must it include along with the proposal itself?
  - The company's proxy statement must include your name and address, as well as the number of the
    company's voting securities that you hold. However, instead of providing that information, the company
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  - 2. However, if you believe that the company's opposition to your proposal contains materially false or misleading statements that may violate our anti- fraud rule, , you should promptly send to the Commission staff and the company a letter explaining the reasons for your view, along with a copy of the company's statements opposing your proposal. To the extent possible, your letter should include specific factual information demonstrating the inaccuracy of the company's claims. Time permitting, you may wish to try to work out your differences with the company by yourself before contacting the Commission staff.
  - 3. We require the company to send you a copy of its statements opposing your proposal before it sends its proxy materials, so that you may bring to our attention any materially false or misleading statements, under the following timeframes:
    - If our no-action response requires that you make revisions to your proposal or supporting statement as a condition to requiring the company to include it in its proxy materials, then the company must provide you with a copy of its opposition statements no later than 5 calendar days after the company receives a copy of your revised proposal; or
    - ii. In all other cases, the company must provide you with a copy of its opposition statements no later than 30 calendar days before its files definitive copies of its proxy statement and form of proxy under

# **EXHIBIT D**

From: william zessar \*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

Sent: Friday, July 01, 2011 12:19 PM

To: Noe Gregory R

Subject: Stockholder proposal

I have received your letter of June 30, 2011. The documents I submitted with my stockholder proposal included a June 14, 2011 letter from Fidelity stating my ownership of stock in Deere & Company.

The envelope which I mailed included proposals from Mr. Grooms, Stolley and Yates and included letters from their brokers. Please check those documents and let me know by email whether you have found the broker letters. Thank you, Bill Zessar

#### William L. Zessar

\*\*\*FISMA & OMB Memorandum M-07-16\*\*\*

July 2, 2011

Gregory Noe Corporate Secretary Deere & Company One John Deere Road Moline, Illinois 61265

Re: Response to Notice of Deficiency

Dear Mr. Noe:

Per your request enclosed are broker letters for myself, Grooms, Stolley and Yates. These letters are as follows: Zessar (Fidelity, June 14, 2011); Grooms (Oppenheimer, June 13, 2011); Stolley (Edward Jones, June 13, 2011) and Yates (Beyer & Rock, June 20, 2011).

As I stated in my email to you (July 1, 2011) I mailed four stockholder proposals in the envelope that you stated you received on June 24, 2011. I placed the documents including cover and broker letters in the envelope.

Sincerely,

William L. Zessar