

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

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**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/09 AND ENDING 12/31/09
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: N.I.S. FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

500 EAST 9TH STREET

(No. and Street)

KANSAS CITY

(City)

MISSOURI

(State)

64106-2627

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

CAROL S. BOONE, PRESIDENT

(816) 842-8888

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

BKD, LLP

(Name - If individual, state last, first, middle name)

120 WEST 12TH STREET, STE 1200

(Address)

KANSAS CITY

(City)

MISSOURI

(State)

64105

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

☒ Certified Public Accountant

☐ Public Accountant

☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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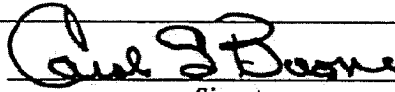
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, CAROL S. BOONE, PRESIDENT, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of N.I.S. FINANCIAL SERVICES, INC., as of DECEMBER 31, 20 09, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

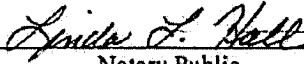
NONE

LINDA L. HALL
Notary Public - Notary Seal
STATE OF MISSOURI
Nodaway County
My Commission Expires: April 27, 2012
Commission # 08506139


Signature

PRESIDENT

Title


Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☒ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☒ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☐ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.

December 31, 2009 and 2008

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The Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements for Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 is not included herein as the Company claims exemption from such computation under Section (k)(1), as the Company's business is limited.

Independent Accountants' Report

Board of Directors of
N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.
Kansas City, Missouri

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the related statements of income, stockholder's equity and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on page 12 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

BKD, LLP

Kansas City, Missouri
February 12, 2010

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.
Statements of Financial Condition
December 31, 2009 and 2008

Assets

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,281,680	\$ 879,214
Restricted cash for the exclusive use of customers	<u>700,000</u>	<u>700,000</u>
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,981,680	1,579,214
Receivables		
Concessions	1,206,989	1,085,141
Accrued interest	47,231	118,754
Affiliates	37,779	54,869
Investments, at market	<u>6,820,885</u>	<u>6,931,495</u>
Total assets	<u><u>\$ 10,094,564</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 9,769,473</u></u>

Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity

Liabilities

Accrued commissions	\$ 423,439	\$ 419,482
Due to broker	37,779	54,644
Payable to parent for federal income tax	151,517	75,875
State income tax payable	42,428	17,254
Other liabilities	<u>40,845</u>	<u>10,920</u>
Total liabilities	<u>696,008</u>	<u>578,175</u>

Stockholder's Equity

Common stock, \$1 par value; 30,000 shares authorized, 20,000 shares issued and outstanding	20,000	20,000
Additional contributed capital	80,042	80,042
Retained earnings	<u>9,298,514</u>	<u>9,091,256</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>9,398,556</u>	<u>9,191,298</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u><u>\$ 10,094,564</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 9,769,473</u></u>

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.
Statements of Income
Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Income		
Concessions	\$ 7,133,903	\$ 9,185,170
Interest	168,415	311,266
Net unrealized gains (losses) on investments	(90,966)	142,746
Other	<u>5,721</u>	<u>6,784</u>
Total income	<u>7,217,073</u>	<u>9,645,966</u>
Expenses		
Commissions	2,807,343	3,651,941
Salaries and related benefits	480,622	526,357
Licenses and registration fees	67,905	70,904
Service fees	628,835	592,013
Other operating expenses	<u>179,230</u>	<u>119,690</u>
Total expenses	<u>4,163,935</u>	<u>4,960,905</u>
Income Before Taxes	3,053,138	4,685,061
Provision for Income Taxes	<u>1,245,880</u>	<u>1,809,563</u>
Net Income	<u><u>\$ 1,807,258</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,875,498</u></u>

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.
Statements of Stockholder's Equity
Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

	Common Stock	Additional Contributed Capital	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance, January 1, 2008	\$ 20,000	\$ 80,042	\$ 8,615,758	\$ 8,715,800
Net income	-	-	2,875,498	2,875,498
Cash dividends (\$120 per share)	-	-	(2,400,000)	(2,400,000)
Balance, December 31, 2008	20,000	80,042	9,091,256	9,191,298
Net income	-	-	1,807,258	1,807,258
Cash dividends (\$80 per share)	-	-	(1,600,000)	(1,600,000)
Balance, December 31, 2009	<u>\$ 20,000</u>	<u>\$ 80,042</u>	<u>\$ 9,298,514</u>	<u>\$ 9,398,556</u>

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.
Statements of Cash Flows
Years Ended December 31, 2009 and 2008

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
Operating Activities		
Net income	\$ 1,807,258	\$ 2,875,498
Items not providing cash		
Net unrealized (gains) losses on investment	90,966	(142,746)
Amortization/Accretion of bonds	11,214	17,970
Changes in		
Concession receivable	(121,848)	623,839
Accrued interest	71,523	(23,599)
Affiliate receivables	17,090	341,792
Accrued commissions	3,957	(203,329)
Payable to parent for federal income tax	75,642	(140,133)
Due to broker	(16,865)	(322,585)
State income tax payable	25,174	17,254
Other liabilities	29,925	(7,659)
	<u>1,994,036</u>	<u>3,036,302</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities		
Investing Activities		
Purchases of investments	(6,491,570)	(2,558,595)
Proceeds from maturities of investments	6,500,000	1,250,000
	<u>8,430</u>	<u>(1,308,595)</u>
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		
Financing Activities		
Dividends paid	(1,600,000)	(2,400,000)
	<u>(1,600,000)</u>	<u>(2,400,000)</u>
Net cash used in financing activities		
Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	402,466	(672,293)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	<u>1,579,214</u>	<u>2,251,507</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$ 1,981,680</u>	<u>\$ 1,579,214</u>
Supplemental Cash Flows Information		
Income taxes paid	\$ 1,145,064	\$ 1,910,134

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2009 and 2008

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc. (the “Company”), a wholly owned subsidiary of CNS Corporation (“CNS”), is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The Company is a member of The Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company acts as an agent in regard to the sale of mutual funds to policyholders of Ozark National Life Insurance Company (“Ozark”), also a wholly owned subsidiary of CNS.

Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At December 31, 2009 and 2008, cash equivalents consisted of a money market account.

The Company has segregated funds in a special cash reserve account for the exclusive use of customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission (*see Note 8 for further discussion*).

Effective October 3, 2008, the FDIC’s insurance limits increased to \$250,000. The increase in federally insured limits is currently set to expire December 31, 2013. At December 31, 2009, the Company’s cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by approximately \$1,735,000.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are stated at the amounts billed to customers. The Company provides an allowance for doubtful accounts, which is based upon a review of outstanding receivables, historical collection information and existing economic conditions. Accounts receivable are ordinarily due 30 days after the transaction period (monthly and quarterly). Accounts past due more than 120 days are considered delinquent. Delinquent receivables are written off based on individual credit evaluation and specific circumstances of the customer.

Brokerage Income Recognition

Concession income and the related commission expense are recognized on trade date. Substantially all concession income is received from Pioneer Funds Distributor, Inc., which acts as principal underwriter of the Pioneer Funds.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts reported in the statements of financial condition for cash and cash equivalents, receivables and all liabilities approximate those assets’ and liabilities’ fair value because of their short-term nature.

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
December 31, 2009 and 2008

Investments consist of government agency obligations and are valued at their quoted market value with the resulting unrealized gain or loss included in operations.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through February 12, 2010, which is the date the financial statements were issued.

Note 2: Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the tax effects of differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowable is established to reduce deferred tax assets if it is more likely than not that a deferred tax asset will not be realized.

The Company joins with CNS in filing a consolidated federal income tax return. In accordance with an intercompany tax allocation arrangement, the Company recognizes federal income tax expense and remits to CNS an amount computed at the maximum statutory rate. The Company also recognizes state income tax expense and remits the computed amount directly to the state or to CNS if the state allows the filing of a consolidated return. During 2009 and 2008, the Company made federal and some state income tax payments to CNS of \$946,479 and \$1,611,614, respectively, and state income tax payments directly to the states totaling \$149,380 and \$298,520, respectively.

Note 3: Related Party Transactions

Service Agreement

The Company has a service agreement with its parent in which office space, equipment, supplies, legal and information technology services are provided to the Company. The agreement requires the Company to pay for office space and equipment based on square footage and other services based on the total Company accounts (mutual fund accounts). This allocation will be adjusted annually on September 1. The Company incurred expenses totaling \$628,835 and \$592,013 under this service agreement for the years ended December 31, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2009 and 2008

Note 4: Net Capital Requirements

The Company is required to maintain minimum net capital as defined by Rule 15c3-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Rule 15c3-1 requires minimum net capital to be the greater of \$5,000 or 6²/₃% of aggregate indebtedness.

The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital as defined in the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 was .08 to 1 as of December 31, 2009. The Company is required by regulatory authorities to maintain a ratio of less than 15 to 1. The Company had net capital, as defined, of \$8,253,409 as of December 31, 2009, which exceeded the required net capital by \$8,207,008.

Note 5: Cash Dividends

The Company declared and paid cash dividends to CNS in the amount of \$1,600,000 and \$2,400,000 for the years ended 2009 and 2008, respectively. The Company anticipates making normal distributions to CNS in the future based upon profitability.

Note 6: Employee Benefit Plans

Prior to December 31, 2009, the Company participated in the Ozark National Life Insurance Company and Affiliates Retirement Plan ("Plan"). The Plan was a nonqualified defined contribution plan and subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974. The affiliated companies' annually contributed funds to Ozark relating to their portion of the increase in the Plan's benefit liability. This plan was terminated January 1, 2009. For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company's portion of the Plan's expense was \$56,320.

Effective January 1, 2009, the Company is participating in Ozark's 401(k) savings plan. The contributions to the plan are discretionary and determined annually by the Company. For the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company's portion of the Plan's expense was \$36,006.

Note 7: Significant Estimates and Concentrations

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require disclosure of certain significant estimates and current vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations. Those matters include the following:

Concession Income and Concession Receivables

Substantially all of the Company's concession income and receivables result from transactions with one broker-dealer. The Company does not require collateral to support the receivables but closely monitors its business with the entity to ensure amounts are settled timely. The Company has concentration of credit risk with respect to these receivables.

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2009 and 2008

Note 8: Contingencies

General Litigation

The Company is subject to claims and lawsuits that arise primarily in the ordinary course of business. It is the opinion of management that the disposition or ultimate resolution of such claims and lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the Company. No amounts have been accrued in the financial statements for outstanding lawsuits; however, due to the uncertainty involved in these matters; the ultimate outcome could differ materially.

FINRA Examinations

In a letter dated November 17, 2006, FINRA informed the Company of a potentially significant violation of Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Although the Company has resolved the past Rule 15c3-3 violation issues through a Letter of Acceptance, Waiver and Consent (AWC) with FINRA, the Company is still in the process of requesting exemptive relief from Rule 15c3-3 from the SEC.

FINRA's most recent examination of the Company was on February 24, 2009.

Management does not believe the impact of the possible violation of Rule 15c3-3 or the results of the most recent FINRA examination will have a material adverse impact on the overall financial position of the Company; however, due to the uncertainty nature of these matters, the ultimate impact on the financial position of the Company could vary materially.

Current Economic Environment

The protracted economic decline continues to present broker-dealers with difficult circumstances and challenges, which in some cases can result in large and unanticipated declines in fair value of investments or increases in liabilities, declines in the volume of business, and constraints on liquidity. The financial statements have been prepared using values and information currently available to the Company. Current economic and financial market conditions could adversely affect the Company's results from operations in future periods.

In addition, given the volatility of current economic conditions, the values of assets and liabilities recorded in the financial statements could change rapidly, resulting in material future adjustments to the fair market value of investments and other invested assets that could negatively impact the Company.

Given the Company's strong equity and liquidity positions, the management of the Company believes that while the potential impact of the current economic environment could cause a negative impact on operations, management believes they have taken the appropriate actions to address these conditions.

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2009 and 2008

Note 9: Off-Balance Sheet Risk

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution, settlement and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk in the event the customer is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

Note 10: Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

Effective January 1, 2008, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, which was subsequently incorporated into FASB Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) Topic 820. Topic 820 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. Topic 820 has been applied prospectively as of the beginning of the year.

Topic 820 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Topic 820 also establishes a fair value hierarchy which requires an entity to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The standard describes three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1** Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2** Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in active markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- Level 3** Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for instruments measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statement of financial condition, as well as the general classification of such instruments pursuant to the valuation hierarchy.

Investment Securities

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. As of December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Company had no Level 1 investments. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using pricing models, quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or discounted cash flows. Level 2 securities include U.S. Treasury bills and notes and Agency investments. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy, and as of December 31, 2009 and 2008, the Company had no Level 3 investments.

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2009 and 2008

The following table presents the fair value measurements of assets and liabilities recognized in the accompanying statement of financial condition measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the FAS 157 fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2009 and 2008:

		Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)
	Fair Value			
Investments - 2009	\$ 6,820,885	\$ -	\$ 6,820,885	\$ -
Investments - 2008	6,931,495	-	6,931,495	-

Supplementary Information

N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
December 31, 2009

Aggregate Indebtedness	\$ 696,008
Stockholder's Equity	\$ 9,398,556
Less Nonallowable Assets	
Receivables and other assets	(1,098,728)
Haircuts on securities	<u>(46,419)</u>
Net capital	8,253,409
Less net capital requirements - greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness	<u>(46,401)</u>
Net capital in excess of requirement	<u><u>\$ 8,207,008</u></u>
Ratio of Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	<u><u>.08 to 1</u></u>

Note: The Company is in process of requesting exemptive relief with Rule 15c3-3 (*see Note 8*).

Note: There were no material differences between the computation of net capital and the basic net capital requirement computation included in these financial statements with those previously reported by the Company in the unaudited FOCUS Report Part II A.

Independent Accountants' Report on Internal Control

Board of Directors of
N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.
Kansas City, Missouri

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc. (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions related to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "BKD, LLP". The signature is stylized with a large, looped "B" and "K", and the "D" is followed by a comma and "LLP".

Kansas City, Missouri
February 12, 2010

Independent Accountants' Report on Applying Agreed-upon Procedures Related to an Entity's Exclusion from SIPC Membership

Board of Directors of
N.I.S. Financial Services, Inc.
Kansas City, Missouri

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to N.I.S. Financial Services' Certification of Exclusion From Membership (Form SIPC-3) to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the year ended December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by N.I.S. Financial Services and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating N.I.S. Financial Services' compliance with the applicable instructions of the Certification of Exclusion From Membership. N.I.S. Financial Services' management is responsible for N.I.S. Financial Services' compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. We noted no inconsistencies between the Certification of Exclusion from Membership (Form SIPC-3) and the income reported.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BKD, LLP

Kansas City, Missouri
February 12, 2010