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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
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 BRANCH OF REGISTRATIONS
 INFORMATION REQUIRED
 05 EXAMINATIONS
 Securities Exchange

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
 FORM X-17A-5
 PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-28866

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/2009 AND ENDING 12/31/2009
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
 Malkin Securities Corp.
 ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
 60 East 42nd Street

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

(No. and Street)

New York NY 10165-0015
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Mark Labell 212-850-2677
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Marks Paneth & Shron LLP
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

622 Third Avenue New York NY 10017-4696
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Mark Labell, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Malkin Securities Corp., as of December 31, 2009, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

FAY MILLER
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01MI6133420
Qualified in Nassau County
Commission Expires September 19, 2013



Signature

Executive Vice President, Finance
Title


Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

MALKIN SECURITIES CORP.
(Formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp.)

Financial Statements

December 31, 2009



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Malkin Securities Corp.
New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Malkin Securities Corp. (formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp.) (a New York S corporation) as of December 31, 2009 and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Corporation's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Malkin Securities Corp. at December 31, 2009 and the results of its operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Schedule of Computation of Net Capital under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

New York, NY
February 11, 2010

MALKIN SECURITIES CORP.
(Formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp.)

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 161,444	
Investment in NDAQ shares	385,301	
Other assets	66,198	
Computer equipment (at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$8,598)	<u>5,123</u>	
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>\$ 618,066</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

LIABILITIES

Accrued expenses and taxes	<u>\$ 17,056</u>	\$ 17,056
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STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Common stock - \$.01 par value, authorized 1,500 shares; issued 1,275 shares; outstanding 744 shares	13	
Additional paid-in-capital	1,900,000	
Accumulated deficit	<u>(1,280,069)</u>	
	619,944	
Less treasury stock (at cost), 531 shares	<u>(18,934)</u>	
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		<u>601,010</u>

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		<u>\$ 618,066</u>
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See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

MALKIN SECURITIES CORP
(Formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp)

Statement of Operations

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

INCOME			
Syndication fees	\$	348,268	
Interest and dividend income		<u>852</u>	
Total Income			\$ 349,120
EXPENSES			
Professional and consulting fees		117,741	
Wages and employee related costs		387,644	
Regulatory fees		15,608	
Accounting fees		11,440	
Promotion and marketing		175,135	
Rent and utilities		31,119	
Office expense		45,605	
Depreciation		<u>3,681</u>	
Total Expenses			<u>787,973</u>
NET LOSS BEFORE UNREALIZED LOSSES AND INCOME TAX BENEFIT			(438,853)
Unrealized loss on NDAQ shares			<u>(95,062)</u>
NET LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX BENEFIT			(533,915)
Income tax benefit			<u>45,930</u>
NET LOSS			<u>\$ (487,985)</u>
NET LOSS PER SHARE			<u>\$ (656)</u>
AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING			<u>744</u>

See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

MALKIN SECURITIES CORP.
(Formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp.)

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	<u>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY</u>	<u>COMMON STOCK</u>	<u>ADDITIONAL PAID-IN- CAPITAL</u>	<u>ACCUMULATED (DEFICIT)</u>	<u>TREASURY STOCK</u>
BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2009	\$ 889,039	\$ 13	\$ 1,280,350	\$ (372,390)	\$ (18,934)
Net loss	(487,985)	-	-	(487,985)	-
Reclassification	(44)	-	419,650	(419,694)	-
Stockholders' contributions	<u>200,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>200,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2009	<u>\$ 601,010</u>	<u>\$ 13</u>	<u>\$ 1,900,000</u>	<u>\$ (1,280,069)</u>	<u>\$ (18,934)</u>

See independent auditors' report and notes to financial statements.

MALKIN SECURITIES CORP.
(Formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp.)

Statement of Cash Flows

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net loss	\$ (487,985)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation	3,681	
Unrealized loss on NDAQ shares	95,062	
(Decrease) in cash flows due to changes in operating assets and liabilities		
Other assets	(45,926)	
Accrued expenses and taxes	<u>(51,241)</u>	
Net cash used by operating activities		\$ (486,409)

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Stockholders' contributions	<u>200,000</u>	
Net cash provided by financing activities		<u>200,000</u>

NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		(286,410)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, January 1, 2009		<u>447,854</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, December 31, 2009		<u>\$ 161,444</u>

Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:

Taxes paid during the year		<u>\$ 1,400</u>
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MALKIN SECURITIES CORP.
(Formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp.)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

NOTE 1: NATURE OF BUSINESS

Malkin Securities Corp. (the Corporation) is a broker-dealer acting as the placement agent for direct participation programs in real estate ventures affiliated with the Corporation's shareholders.

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting under U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, "GAAP."

Use of Estimates

The presentation of these financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, as well as the reported amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Income Taxes

Federal and New York State income taxes have not been provided because the shareholders have elected to have the Corporation treated as an S corporation for income tax purposes as provided in Section 1362(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. As such, the Corporation's income or loss and credits are passed through to the shareholders and reported on their individual income tax returns. Local income taxes have been provided for.

Effective January 1, 2009, the Corporation adopted the provisions of FASB Interpretation No. 48 ("FIN 48"), "Accounting for Uncertainties in Income Taxes – an interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109," now incorporated in ASC 740, which provide standards for establishing and classifying any tax provisions for uncertain tax positions and recognizing any interest and penalties. The adoption of FIN 48 did not have an effect on the Corporation's financial position as of January 1, 2009 or the Corporation's results of operations and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2009.

Depreciation

The Corporation computes depreciation over a period of 5 to 10 years. Depreciation has been computed using the Modified Accelerated Cost Recovery System (MACRS)

Promotion and Marketing Costs

Promotional and marketing costs are expensed as incurred.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of amounts held in a money market mutual fund.

MALKIN SECURITIES CORP.
(Formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp.)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (cont'd)

Fair Value Measurements

ASC 820, "Fair Value Measurements" ("SFAS 157"), which defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements.

Fair value is based on the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In order to increase consistency and comparability in fair value measurements, ASC 820 establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes observable and unobservable inputs used to measure fair value into three levels, as described in Note 5.

Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated, for potential recognition and disclosure, events subsequent to the date of the balance sheet through February 11, 2010, the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No material events have occurred.

NOTE 3: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS AND CONCENTRATION OF REVENUES

On January 1, 2009, the PLM 1999 Family Trust (The "Purchaser") purchased 6,930 shares of Class B Nonvoting Common Stock of the Corporation from shareholder Peter L. Malkin. These shares represent 69.3% of the Corporation's outstanding Common Stock (including Class A Voting Common Stock and Class B Nonvoting Common Stock.) The shares were purchased for \$381,214, their fair market value as of January 1, 2009. The Purchaser issued a promissory note for the purchase price. Anthony E. Malkin owns 30% of the outstanding shares and Peter L. Malkin now owns 0.7% of the outstanding shares.

Peter L. Malkin is Chairman of Malkin Holdings LLC (formerly Wien & Malkin LLC) which provides or obtains services for the Corporation. Anthony E. Malkin is President of Malkin Holdings LLC.

Professional fees earned by Malkin Holdings LLC for the year ended December 31, 2009 were \$93,302.

In 2009, the Corporation earned syndication fees of \$348,268 for acting as placement agent in connection with the syndication of Malkin Industrial Partners II L.P. (formerly Wien & Malkin Industrial Partners II L.P).

MALKIN SECURITIES CORP.
(Formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp.)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

NOTE 4: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Corporation is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$5,000 and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2009, the Corporation had net capital of \$441,630, which was \$436,630 in excess of minimum net capital required of \$5,000. The Corporation's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 3.86 to 1

NOTE 5: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The fair value hierarchy defines three levels as follows:

Level 1: Valuations based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in an active market that are accessible at the measurement date for identical assets or liabilities. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs.

Level 2: Valuations based on observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in inactive markets; or model-derived valuations in which all significant inputs are observable or can be derived principally from or corroborated with observable market data.

Level 3: Valuations based on unobservable inputs are used when little or no market data is available. The fair value hierarchy gives lowest priority to Level 3 Inputs.

In determining fair value, the Corporation utilizes valuation techniques that maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs to the extent possible in its assessment of fair value.

The Corporation reports its investments in NDAQ shares at fair market value, with unrealized gain or loss included in the attached statement of operations. Based on the criteria stated above, these shares have been categorized as Level 1.

NOTE 6: INCOME TAX BENEFIT

The income tax benefit is comprised of New York City income tax attributable to:

Current year's tax provision	\$ (1,118)
2009 deferred benefit	<u>47,048</u>
	<u>\$ 45,930</u>

MALKIN SECURITIES CORP.
(Formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp.)

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2009

NOTE 7: CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

At December 31, 2009, the Corporation maintained a cash balance in a bank account and a balance of \$147,981 in a single money market mutual fund. The bank account is insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation up to \$250,000, and at December 31, 2009 is fully insured. The money market mutual fund is uninsured. Accordingly, the Corporation is subject to credit risk from this concentration.

The money market fund had participated until September 19, 2009 in the Temporary Guarantee Program for Money Market Funds established by the U.S. Treasury Department under which the U.S. Treasury guaranteed that investors receive \$1 for each money market fund share held up to the amount held as of September 19, 2008 (172,435 shares.) The Temporary Guarantee Program for Money Market Funds expired on September 19, 2009.

MALKIN SECURITIES CORP.
(Formerly Wien & Malkin Securities Corp.)

Schedule of Computation of Net Capital
Under Rule 15c3-1 of The Securities And Exchange Commission

December 31, 2009

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

Total stockholders' equity		\$ 601,010
Less: 15% of investment in NDAQ shares	\$ 57,795	
Furniture and improvements net of accumulated depreciation	5,123	
2% of Money Market accounts	3,208	
Undue concentrations	26,008	
Deferred tax asset	43,268	
Prepaid taxes	22,930	
Other deductions	<u>1,048</u>	
		<u>159,380</u>
 NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1		 <u>\$ 441,630</u>
 AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS		 <u>\$ 17,056</u>

COMPUTATION OF BASIS OF NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

Minimum net capital required or 6 and 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Excess net capital	<u>\$ 436,630</u>
 RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO CAPITAL	 3.86%

No material difference exists between the Corporation's calculation of net capital above and that contained in its unaudited Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2009.

The Corporation is exempt from the provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3 pursuant to section k2i of Rule 15c3-3.

To the Stockholders
Malkin Securities Corp.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Malkin Securities Corp (the "Corporation"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Corporation's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Corporation including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Corporation does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Corporation in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Corporation is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Corporation has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the company's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Corporation's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Stockholders, management, the SEC, *FINRA*, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mark Peneth & Steven LLP

New York, NY

February 9, 2010