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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- ~~61000~~

48092

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/09 AND ENDING 12/31/09
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: FMN Capital Corporation

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

26041 Acero
(No. and Street)
Mission Viejo, CA 92691
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Matthew S. Merwin, President (949) 455-0300
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

BALSER, HOROWITZ, FRANK & WAKELING
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1551 N. Tustin, Ave., Suite 1010 Santa Ana CA 92705
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

SEC
Mail Processing
Section

FEB 26 2010

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Washington, DC
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

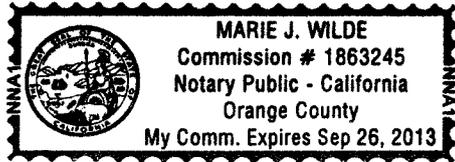
OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Matthew S. Merwin, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of FMN Capital Corporation, as of December 31, 2009, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Matthew S. Merwin
Signature

President
Title

Marie J. Wilde
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
December 31, 2009

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FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION

December 31, 2009

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Balser Horowitz Frank & Wakeling

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors
FMN Capital Corporation
Mission Viejo, California

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of FMN Capital Corporation (the Company) as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, changes in liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of FMN Capital Corporation as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on pages 11 through 14 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Balser, Horowitz, Frank & Wakeling

BALSER, HOROWITZ, FRANK & WAKELING
Santa Ana, California
January 27, 2010

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 258,573
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	50,000
Accounts receivable	25,975
Investments in marketable equity securities	169,501
Prepaid expenses	25,094
Property and equipment, net	<u>11,314</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 540,457</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities

Accounts payable	\$ 5,788
Commissions payable	<u>4,215</u>
Total liabilities	<u>10,003</u>

Stockholder's Equity

Common stock, no par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 93,600 shares issued and outstanding	18,158
Retained earnings	508,998
Accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>3,298</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>530,454</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$ 540,457</u>

See accompanying notes and independent auditors' report

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF INCOME
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Revenue	
Concessions	\$ 1,647,161
Other income	15,214
Investment income	6,647
Gain (loss) on disposition of marketable equity securities	<u>(8,035)</u>
 Total revenue	 <u>1,660,987</u>
 Operating expenses	
Administrative	387,134
Commissions	558,203
Licenses, permits and fees	40,325
Outside services	169,824
Shared office expense	<u>153,526</u>
 Total operating expenses	 <u>1,309,012</u>
 Income before provision for income taxes	 351,975
 Provision for income taxes	 <u>5,112</u>
 Net income	 <u>\$ 346,863</u>

See accompanying notes and independent auditors' report

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

	Common stock	Retained earnings	Accumulated other comprehensive gain (loss)	Total
Balances at January 1, 2009	\$ 18,158	\$ 612,135	\$ (12,215)	\$ 618,078
Net income	-	346,863	-	346,863
Other comprehensive income				
Unrealized gain (loss) on securities	-	-	15,513	15,513
Cash dividends paid	-	(450,000)	-	(450,000)
Balances at December 31, 2009	<u>\$ 18,158</u>	<u>\$ 508,998</u>	<u>\$ 3,298</u>	<u>\$ 530,454</u>

See accompanying notes and independent auditors' report

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN LIABILITIES
SUBORDINATED TO CLAIMS OF CREDITORS
December 31, 2009

As of the audited year ended December 31, 2009, no subordinated liabilities or agreements exist in the financial statements of FMN Capital Corporation.

See accompanying notes and independent auditors' report

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities	
Net income	\$ 346,863
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	6,461
Gain (loss) on disposition of marketable equity securities	(8,035)
(Increase) decrease in:	
Accounts receivable	55,418
Prepaid expenses	(3,840)
Increase (decrease) in:	
Accounts payable	(963)
Commissions payable	<u>(17,582)</u>
Cash provided by operating activities	<u>378,322</u>
 Cash flows from investing activities	
Disposition of marketable equity securities	7,454
Acquisition of equipment	<u>(1,948)</u>
Cash provided by investing activities	<u>5,506</u>
 Cash flows from financing activities	
Cash dividends paid	<u>(450,000)</u>
Cash used in financing activities	<u>(450,000)</u>
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	(66,172)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>374,745</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 308,573</u>

There were no non-cash investing or financing activities for the year ended December 31, 2009.

See accompanying notes and independent auditors' report

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
December 31, 2009

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies

Organization and nature of business

FMN Capital Corporation (the Company), a California corporation, was incorporated January 31, 1995, and adopted a fiscal year of December 31. It maintains its principal and only active office in Mission Viejo, California.

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). Operations are pursuant to the (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provision of SEC Rule 15c3-3 and it does not hold customer funds or securities. The business consists of the offering and sale of investment securities, primarily mutual funds, limited partnership interests, variable products, stocks, bonds and municipal bonds. The Company's client base consists mostly of customers within the Southern California area and, therefore, its operations are affected by the financial position of its major customers and economic conditions within that area.

Basis of recognition

Concession revenue and commission expense of the Company utilizing its clearing firm (see Note 5) are recognized based on the settlement date of the transaction. All other business is recognized on the trade date.

Financial statement estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from these estimates.

Concentrations of credit risk

The Company maintains most of its cash balances at one financial institution located in Orange County, California. From time to time, the Company maintains cash deposits in excess of federally insured limits. Management does not believe that it is exposed to significant credit risk in connection with cash and cash equivalents.

Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all temporary cash investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

Note 1 – Summary of significant accounting policies (continued)

Restricted cash

The Company maintains an account with its clearing house in the amount of \$50,000. These funds are not available for current operations and are listed as cash and cash equivalents – restricted on the statement of financial condition.

Capital requirement

Pursuant to Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) Rule 15c3-1 and as directed by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital of \$50,000.

Accounts receivable

Substantially all of the accounts receivable are considered collectable. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is recorded.

Investments

The Company classifies its marketable equity securities as available for sale. Securities classified as available for sale are carried in the financial statements at fair value. Realized gains and losses, determined using the specific identification method, are included in earnings; unrealized holding gains and losses are reported in other comprehensive income.

Property and equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost of acquisition, and fully depreciated assets are carried on the books until disposal. The Company uses the straight-line method in computing its annual depreciation expense, as computed over the estimated useful lives of the assets. Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2009, was \$6,461 and is recorded as administrative expenses in the statement of income and retained earnings.

Income taxes

Generally, income taxes have not been provided for because the Company's stockholders elected under Section 1362(a) of the Internal Revenue Code and California State law to be taxed as an S corporation effective April 1, 2000. As such, the Company's income or loss and credits are passed through to the shareholders and reported on their individual income tax returns. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes or deferred income taxes has been included in the accompanying financial statements. However, there is a provision for income taxes, which represents a state minimum tax on corporations.

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

Note 2 – Property and equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following:

Computer equipment	\$ 18,437
Equipment	15,814
Furnishings	<u>11,865</u>
Total property and equipment	46,116
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(34,802)</u>
Property and equipment, net	<u>\$ 11,314</u>

Note 3 – Marketable equity securities

At December 31, 2009, the Company held investments in marketable equity securities with a fair value of \$169,501 and a cost basis of \$153,990. The excess of fair value over cost of \$15,511 is reported as accumulated other comprehensive income in the statement of changes in stockholder's equity.

The Company uses the specific identification method to determine the cost of securities sold. Proceeds from sales and maturities of available-for-sale securities and the resulting realized gains (losses) during the year ended December 31, 2009, are as follows:

Realized loss on sales	<u>\$ (8,035)</u>
Gain (loss) on disposition of marketable equity securities	<u>\$ (8,035)</u>

Note 4 – Income taxes

The provision for income taxes for the year ended December 31, 2009, consists of the following:

State	<u>\$ 5,112</u>
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FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2009

Note 5 – Related party transactions

The Company is related through common ownership to Financial Management Network, Inc. (FMNI), a California Corporation, of which the sole stockholder of the Company is the 100% owner.

The Company has entered into an expense sharing agreement with FMNI. After consideration of all expenses borne by both companies and since many services are provided to both firms by the same vendors, it has been determined that FMNI will pay the expenses when invoiced. FMNI will then invoice FMNCC for its portion of the shared expenses when they are incurred. Shared expenses include use of facilities, personnel, utilities, and supplies, and are based on an agreed upon percentage for each applicable expense. During the year ended December 31, 2009, the Company paid \$153,526 under the agreement.

Note 6 – Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information

Cash paid for:

State franchise taxes	<u>\$ 8,450</u>
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Note 7 – Contingency

The Company is contractually obligated to maintain its agreement with its clearing firm for five years, beginning in March 2008. If the Company terminates the agreement before the end of the term it must pay the clearing firm a termination fee, which at December 31, 2009, was \$38,578. Pursuant to Section XIII of the Clearing Agreement, in the event that the Company terminates the Clearing Agreement for any reason during the initial term of the Agreement, the Company agrees to pay the clearing firm a lump sum fee representing the monthly clearing and execution charges due for the remaining length of the Agreement. Such fee will be determined by calculating the average monthly clearing and execution charge for the previous quarter, and shall be due prior to the deconversion of accounts or upon 90 days from notice of termination. Management does not intend to terminate the agreement and, therefore, no liability has been recognized in the financial statements.

Note 8 – Subsequent events

Date of management evaluation

Management has evaluated subsequent events through January 27, 2010, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
December 31, 2009

Computation of net capital

Total stockholder's equity	\$ 530,454
Deduct nonallowable assets	<u>(122,013)</u>
Net capital	<u>\$ 408,441</u>

Aggregate indebtedness

Items included in statement of financial condition:

Accounts and commissions payable	\$ <u>6,045</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 6,045</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	1.48%

Computation of basic net capital requirement

Minimum dollar net capital required:	
Company	\$ 50,000
6-2/3% of total aggregate indebtedness	<u>403</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	<u>50,000</u>
Net capital, as calculated above	<u>408,441</u>
Excess net capital	<u>358,441</u>
Excess net capital at 1,000 percent	<u>407,836</u>
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS report	<u>\$ 408,439</u>

No material differences were noted between the Company's unaudited filing of Part IIA of the Focus Report and the computation of net capital noted above.

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION
STATEMENT UNDER RULE 17a-5(d)(4) OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
December 31, 2009

The audit disclosed no violation of the net capital requirements, financial, and/or record-keeping problems. There were no material variations in the financial data reported on the unaudited Form X-17a-5 Part IIA dated December 31, 2009, with the final audit report attached.

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION
COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS
PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3 OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
December 31, 2009

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act under Section k(2)(ii), since it promptly transmits all funds and delivers all securities received in connection with its activities as a broker or dealer, and does not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers.

FMN CAPITAL CORPORATION
INFORMATION RELATING TO THE POSSESSION OR CONTROL
REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
December 31, 2009

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act under Section k(2)(ii), since it promptly transmits all funds and delivers all securities received in connection with its activities as a broker or dealer, and does not otherwise hold funds or securities for, or owe money or securities to, customers.



Balser Horowitz Frank & Wakeling

Certified Public Accountants

January 27, 2010

To the Board of Directors
FMN Capital Corporation
Mission Viejo, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of FMN Capital Corporation (the Company), as of and for the years ended December 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, New York Stock Exchange, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Balser, Horowitz, Frank & Wakeling

BALSER, HOROWITZ, FRANK & WAKELING
Santa Ana, California
January 27, 2010