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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT  
FORM X-17A-5  
PART III**

**FACING PAGE**

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the  
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/09 AND ENDING 12/31/09  
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

**A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION**

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:  
**Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated**

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

FIRM ID. NO.

15301 Dallas Parkway, Suite 200

(No. and Street)

Addison

Texas

75001

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

**B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION**

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

**Phillip V. George, PLLC**

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

4421 Wanda Lane

Flower Mound

Texas

SEC  
Mail Processing  
Section 75022

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

FEB 24 2010

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

Washington, DC  
122

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (06-02)

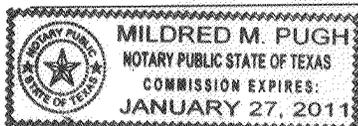
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## OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Jon Christiansen, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated, as of December 31, 2009, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE



[Handwritten Signature]  
Signature  
VP  
Title

Mildred M. Pugh  
Notary Public

This report\*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent auditor's report on the internal control as required by SEC rule 17a-5.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

**DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES  
INCORPORATED**

**FINANCIAL REPORT**

**DECEMBER 31, 2009**

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PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC  
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

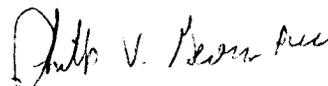
Board of Directors  
Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated as of December 31, 2009, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholders' deficit, changes in liabilities subordinated to the claims of general creditors and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated as of December 31, 2009, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

Flower Mound, Texas  
February 12, 2010

**DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INCORPORATED**  
**Statement of Financial Condition**  
**December 31, 2009**

**ASSETS**

Cash	\$ 172,294
Receivable from clearing broker/dealer	364
Clearing deposit	6,024
Prepaid expenses	<u>100</u>
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b><u><u>\$ 178,782</u></u></b>

**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT**

**Liabilities**

Commissions payable	\$ 54,472
Income taxes payable - federal	5,594
Subordinated notes payable	<u>140,000</u>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>	<b><u>200,066</u></b>

**Stockholders' Deficit**

Common stock, 1,000,000 shares authorized, \$.03 par value, 240,001 shares issued and outstanding	7,200
Additional paid-in capital	73,300
Accumulated deficit	<u>(101,784)</u>
<b>TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>	<b><u>(21,284)</u></b>
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' DEFICIT</b>	<b><u><u>\$ 178,782</u></u></b>

**DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INCORPORATED**  
**Statement of Income**  
**Year Ended December 31, 2009**

**Revenue**

Insurance commissions	\$ 688,122
Securities commissions	11,552
Other revenue	<u>1,052</u>
 TOTAL REVENUE	 <u>700,726</u>

**Expenses**

Compensation and related costs	287,734
Promotion	224,810
Clearing charges	2,007
Communications	1,195
Interest to related party	14,000
Occupancy and equipment	31,550
Regulatory fees and expenses	4,664
Management fees paid to related party	61,500
Other expenses	<u>27,972</u>
 TOTAL EXPENSES	 <u>655,432</u>

Income before provision for income taxes	<u>45,294</u>
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Current tax expense - federal	5,594
Current tax expense - state	<u>8,000</u>

Total current provision for income taxes	<u>13,594</u>
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NET INCOME	<u><u>\$ 31,700</u></u>
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**DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INCORPORATED**  
**Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Deficit**  
**Year Ended December 31, 2009**

	<u>Common Shares</u>	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Additional Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Accumulated Deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balances at December 31, 2008	240,001	\$ 7,200	\$ 73,300	\$ (133,484)	\$ (52,984)
Net income	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,700</u>	<u>31,700</u>
Balances at December 31, 2009	<u>240,001</u>	<u>\$ 7,200</u>	<u>\$ 73,300</u>	<u>\$ (101,784)</u>	<u>\$ (21,284)</u>

**DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INCORPORATED**  
**Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated**  
**to Claims of General Creditors**  
**Year Ended December 31, 2009**

Balance at December 31, 2008	\$ 140,000
Increases	-
Decreases	<u>-</u>
Balance at December 31, 2009	<u><u>\$ 140,000</u></u>

**DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INCORPORATED**  
**Statement of Cash Flows**  
**Year Ended December 31, 2009**

**Cash flows from operating activities:**

Net income	\$ 31,700
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Change in assets and liabilities:	
Increase in receivable from clearing broker/dealer	(140)
Decrease in advances to employees	3,000
Increase in commissions payable	8,297
Decrease in income taxes payable - federal	<u>(3,355)</u>
 Net cash provided by operating activities	 <u>39,502</u>
 Net increase in cash	 39,502
Cash at beginning of year	<u>132,792</u>
 Cash at end of year	 <u><u>\$ 172,294</u></u>

**Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:**

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest	<u><u>\$ 14,000</u></u>
 Income taxes- federal	 <u><u>\$ 8,949</u></u>
Income taxes - state	<u><u>\$ 8,000</u></u>

**DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INCORPORATED**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Nature of Business:

Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated, dba Dillon-Gage Securities, Inc., (the Company) was organized in November 1981 as a Texas corporation and is a subsidiary of D-G Holding, Inc. (Parent). The Company is a broker/dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA). The Company's primary source of revenue is from insurance commissions from the sale of fixed annuity products. The Company's customers are individuals with medium to high net worth, located primarily in the state of Texas.

The Company operates pursuant to section (k)(2)(ii) exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. The Company does not hold customer funds or securities, but as an introducing broker or dealer, will clear all transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis through a clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers and maintains and preserves all related books and records as are customarily kept by a clearing broker/dealer. Under these exemptive provisions, the Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements and Information Relating to the Possession and Control Requirements are not required.

Significant Accounting Policies:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company has a number of financial instruments, none of which are held for trading purposes. The Company estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at December 31, 2009, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

Insurance Commissions

Insurance commissions are recorded when the policies are funded by the customer and upon subsequent renewals.

**DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INCORPORATED**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)**

Securities Transactions

Securities transactions and the related commission revenue and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising production costs as they are incurred and advertising communication costs the first time the advertising takes place.

Income Taxes

The Company has adopted financial reporting rules regarding recognition and measurement of tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. The Company has reviewed all open tax years and concluded that there is no impact on the Company's financial statements and no tax liability resulting from unrecognized tax benefits relating to uncertain income tax positions taken or expected to be taken on a tax return. As of December 31, 2009, open Federal tax years include the tax years ended December 31, 2002 through December 31, 2008.

**Note 2 - Transactions with Clearing Broker/Dealer**

The agreement with the clearing broker/dealer provides for clearing charges at a fixed rate multiplied by the number of tickets traded by the Company. The agreement also requires the Company to maintain a minimum of \$6,000 as a deposit in an account with the clearing broker/dealer.

**Note 3 - Net Capital Requirements**

The Company is subject to the SEC uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2009, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$118,616 and \$5,000, respectively. The Company's net capital ratio is 0.51.

**DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INCORPORATED**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note 4 - Subordinated Notes Payable**

The Company has three subordinated notes payable due to DGI, a minority shareholder and related party, consisting of the following:

Subordinated unsecured note payable with principal due at maturity on June 30, 2011. The note accrues interest at 8.5% per annum payable monthly.	\$ 30,000
Subordinated unsecured note payable with principal due at maturity on July 1, 2013. The note accrues interest at 9.5% per annum payable monthly.	35,000
Subordinated unsecured note payable with principal due at maturity on December 31, 2013. The note accrues interest at 10% per annum payable monthly.	<u>75,000</u>
	<u>\$ 140,000</u>

Maturities of the subordinated notes payable for each of the years ending December 31 are as follows; however each note may be restricted as to repayment subject to regulatory approval:

2011	\$ 30,000
2013	<u>110,000</u>
	<u>\$ 140,000</u>

Interest expense incurred during the year on these related party subordinated notes payable totaled \$14,000.

**Note 5 - Related Party Transactions**

The Company and two other subsidiaries of the Parent, Dillon-Gage Incorporated of Dallas (DGD) and Dillon-Gage Incorporated (DGI), are under common control and the existence of that control creates a financial position and operating results significantly different than if the companies were autonomous.

The Company has three subordinated notes payable due to DGI totaling \$140,000 (See Note 4).

The Company reimburses DGD for expenses incurred on behalf of the Company. Amounts reimbursed to DGD for the year ended December 31, 2009 totaled \$335,238, or approximately 51% of the Company's total expenses.

The Company leases office facilities from DGD on a month-to-month basis. Rent paid to DGD for the year ended December 31, 2009 totaled \$24,000, which is included in occupancy and equipment cost in the accompanying statement of income.

**DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INCORPORATED**  
**Notes to Financial Statements**

**Note 6 - Income Taxes**

The Company is included in the consolidated federal income tax return and the combined Texas franchise report of its Parent. Income taxes are recorded using the separate company method to comply with FASB Statement 109. Any resulting provision or benefit for income taxes is recorded as receivable from or payable to the Parent. Amounts due to the Parent for federal income taxes at December 31, 2009 totaled \$5,594.

**Note 7 - Off-Balance-Sheet Risk**

Off-balance-sheet risk exists with respect to insurance commissions earned by the Company due to the possibility that customers may cancel policies issued within certain predetermined time limits wherein all or a portion of the commissions earned by the Company would be refundable.

As discussed in Note 1, the Company's customers' securities transactions are introduced on a fully disclosed basis with its clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers of the Company and is responsible for execution, collection and payment of funds, and receipt and delivery of securities relative to customer transactions. Off-balance-sheet risk exists with respect to these transactions due to the possibility that customers may be unable to fulfill their contractual commitments wherein the clearing broker/dealer may charge any losses it incurs to the Company. The Company seeks to minimize this risk through procedures designed to monitor the credit worthiness of its customers and that customer transactions are executed properly by the clearing broker/dealer.

**Note 8 - Concentration of Revenue**

One of the Company's registered representatives generated approximately 87% of the Company's revenue for the year ended December 31, 2009.

**Note 9 - Contingencies**

The nature of the Company's business subjects it to various claims, regulatory examinations, and other proceedings in the ordinary course of business. The ultimate outcome of any such action against the Company could have an adverse impact on the financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company.

**Note 10 - Subsequent Events**

The Company has evaluated subsequent events through February 12, 2010, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

## Schedule I

### DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INCORPORATED Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 December 31, 2009

Total stockholder's deficit qualified for net capital	\$ (21,284)
Add:	
Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital	<u>140,000</u>
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	<u>118,716</u>
Deductions and/or charges	
Non-allowable assets:	
Prepaid expenses	<u>100</u>
Total deductions and/or charges	<u>100</u>
Net Capital	<u><u>\$ 118,616</u></u>
Aggregate indebtedness	
Commissions payable	\$ 54,472
Income taxes payable - federal	<u>5,594</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u><u>\$ 60,066</u></u>
Computation of basic net capital requirement	
Minimum net capital required (greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	<u><u>\$ 5,000</u></u>
Net capital in excess of minimum requirement	<u><u>\$ 113,616</u></u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u><u>0.51 to 1</u></u>

Note: The above computation does not differ from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2009 as filed by Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated on Form X-17A-5. Accordingly, no reconciliation is deemed necessary.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY  
SEC RULE 17A-5(G)(1)**

Board of Directors  
Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2009 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

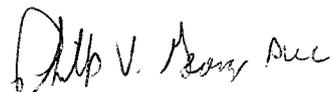
A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

Flower Mound, Texas  
February 12, 2010

**INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANT'S REPORT ON APPLYING AGREED-UPON  
PROCEDURES RELATED TO AN ENTITY'S SIPC ASSESSMENT  
RECONCILIATION**

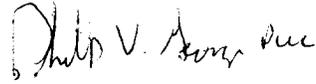
Board of Directors  
Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments [Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T)] to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for the period April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009, which were agreed to by Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated and the Securities and Exchange Commission, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and SIPC, solely to assist you and the other specified parties in evaluating Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated's compliance with the applicable instructions of the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T). Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated's management is responsible for the Dillon-Gage Securities Incorporated's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed and our findings are as follows:

1. Compared the listed assessment payments in Form SIPC-7T with respective cash disbursement record entries noting no differences;
2. Compared the amounts for the period April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009 contained within the report on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended December 31, 2009, with the amounts reported in Form SIPC-7T for the period April 1, 2009 to December 31, 2009 noting no differences;
3. Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers noting no differences;
4. Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments noting no differences; and
5. Compared the amount of any overpayment applied to the current assessment with the Form SIPC-7T on which it was originally computed noting no differences.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Phillip V. George, PLLC". The signature is written in a cursive style.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

Flower Mound, Texas  
February 12, 2010

**SIPC-7T**

(29-REV 12/09)

SECURITIES INVESTOR PROTECTION CORPORATION  
805 15th St. N.W. Suite 800, Washington, D.C. 20005-2215  
202-371-8300

**Transitional Assessment Reconciliation**

(Read carefully the instructions in your Working Copy before completing this Form)

**SIPC-7T**

(29-REV 12/09)

**TO BE FILED BY ALL SIPC MEMBERS WITH FISCAL YEAR ENDINGS**

1. Name of Member, address, Designated Examining Authority, 1934 Act registration no. and month in which fiscal year ends for purposes of the audit requirement of SEC Rule 17a-5:

027126 FINRA DEC  
DILLON-GAGE SECURITIES INC 15\*15  
15301 DALLAS PKWY STE 200  
ADDISON TX 75001-4668

Note: If any of the information shown on the mailing label requires correction, please e-mail any corrections to form@sipc.org and so indicate on the form filed.

Name and telephone number of person to contact respecting this form.

- A. General Assessment [item 2e from page 2 (not less than \$150 minimum)] \$ 150.00
- B. Less payment made with SIPC-6 filed including \$150 paid with 2009 SIPC-4 (exclude interest) (398.00)
- C. Less prior overpayment applied (-0-)
- D. Assessment balance due or (overpayment) ((248.00))
- E. Interest computed on late payment (see instruction E) for 7/10/09 days at 20% per annum
- F. Total assessment balance and interest due (or overpayment carried forward) \$ (248.00)
- G. PAID WITH THIS FORM:  
Check enclosed, payable to SIPC  
Total (must be same as F above) \$ -0-
- H. Overpayment carried forward \$( 248.00 )

3. Subsidiaries (S) and predecessors (P) included in this form (give name and 1934 Act registration number):

The SIPC member submitting this form and the person by whom it is executed represent thereby that all information contained herein is true, correct and complete.

DILLON GAGE SECURITIES, INC.

(Name of Corporation, Partnership or other organization)

[Signature]

(Authorized Signature)

Dated the 12<sup>th</sup> day of February, 2010.

VP

(Title)

This form and the assessment payment is due 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Retain the Working Copy of this form for a period of not less than 6 years, the latest 2 years in an easily accessible place.

**SIPC REVIEWER**

Dates: Postmarked Received Reviewed

Calculations \_\_\_\_\_ Documentation \_\_\_\_\_ Forward Copy \_\_\_\_\_

Exceptions:

Disposition of exceptions:

**DETERMINATION OF "SIPC NET OPERATING REVENUES"  
AND GENERAL ASSESSMENT**

Amounts for the fiscal period  
beginning April 1, 2009  
and ending 12/31, 2009  
Eliminate cents

Item No.

2a. Total revenue (FOCUS Line 12:Part IIA Line 9, Code 4030)

\$ 407,585

2b. Additions:

- (1) Total revenues from the securities business of subsidiaries (except foreign subsidiaries) and predecessors not included above.
- (2) Net loss from principal transactions in securities in trading accounts.
- (3) Net loss from principal transactions in commodities in trading accounts.
- (4) Interest and dividend expense deducted in determining item 2a.
- (5) Net loss from management of or participation in the underwriting or distribution of securities.
- (6) Expenses other than advertising, printing, registration fees and legal fees deducted in determining net profit from management of or participation in underwriting or distribution of securities.
- (7) Net loss from securities in investment accounts.

-0-

Total additions

-0-

2c. Deductions:

- (1) Revenues from the distribution of shares of a registered open end investment company or unit investment trust, from the sale of variable annuities, from the business of insurance, from investment advisory services rendered to registered investment companies or insurance company separate accounts, and from transactions in security futures products.
- (2) Revenues from commodity transactions.
- (3) Commissions, floor brokerage and clearance paid to other SIPC members in connection with securities transactions.
- (4) Reimbursements for postage in connection with proxy solicitation.
- (5) Net gain from securities in investment accounts.
- (6) 100% of commissions and markups earned from transactions in (i) certificates of deposit and (ii) Treasury bills, bankers acceptances or commercial paper that mature nine months or less from issuance date.
- (7) Direct expenses of printing advertising and legal fees incurred in connection with other revenue related to the securities business (revenue defined by Section 16(9)(L) of the Act).
- (8) Other revenue not related either directly or indirectly to the securities business.  
(See Instruction C):

401,240

1,594

(9) (i) Total interest and dividend expense (FOCUS Line 22:PART IIA Line 13, Code 4075 plus line 2b(4) above) but not in excess of total interest and dividend income.

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) 40% of interest earned on customers securities accounts (40% of FOCUS line 5, Code 3960).

\$ \_\_\_\_\_

Enter the greater of line (i) or (ii)

Total deductions

256

403,090

\$ 4,495

\$ 11

2d. SIPC Net Operating Revenues

2e. General Assessment @ .0025

(to page 1 but not less than \$150 minimum)