



UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

BB 3/9

OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: February 28, 2010
Estimated average burden
hours per response . . . 12.00

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC Mail Processing
Section

MAR 02 2009

SEC FILE NUMBER
8 - 67130

FACING PAGE
**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

Washington, DC

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/08 AND ENDING 12/31/08
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
Patriot Charter, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

1120 W. Campbell Road, Suite 103

(No. and Street)

Richardson
(City)

Texas
(State)

75080
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Phillip V. George, PLLC

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

2300 Honey Locust Drive
(Address)

Irving
(City)

Texas
(State)

75063
(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

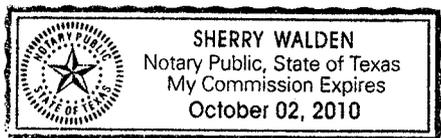
FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, James C. Allen, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Patriot Charter, LLC, as of December 31, 2008, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE



Signature: [Handwritten Signature]
Title: CEO

Notary Public: Sherry Walden 2-18-09

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).
(d) Statement of Cash Flows.
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
(l) An Oath or Affirmation.
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
(o) Independent auditor's report on the internal control as required by SEC rule 17a-5.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

PATRIOT CHARTER LLC

FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2008

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PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

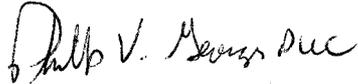
To the Member
Patriot Charter LLC

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Patriot Charter LLC dba The Patriot Group Securities as of December 31, 2008, and the related statements of income, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2008, that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Patriot Charter LLC as of December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows and the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.


PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

Irving, Texas
February 17, 2009

PATRIOT CHARTER LLC
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2008

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 17,163
Certificate of deposit	6,896
Advances to employees	2,813
Receivable from IRS	1,160
Prepaid expenses	<u>160</u>

TOTAL ASSETS \$ 28,192

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u>\$ 1,192</u>
Member's Equity	<u>27,000</u>

TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY \$ 28,192

PATRIOT CHARTER LLC
Statement of Income
Year Ended December 31, 2008

Revenue	
Private placement revenue	\$ 464,385
Other income	<u>431</u>
 TOTAL REVENUE	 <u>464,816</u>
 Expenses	
Compensation and related costs	378,134
Regulatory fees	22,664
Occupancy and equipment	33,000
Professional fees	28,505
Promotion	5,000
Other expenses	<u>3,876</u>
 TOTAL EXPENSES	 <u>471,179</u>
 Loss before provision for income taxes	 <u>(6,363)</u>
 Income tax benefit - federal	 (836)
Income tax expense - state	<u>1,114</u>
 Net provision for income taxes	 <u>278</u>
 NET LOSS	 <u><u>\$ (6,641)</u></u>

PATRIOT CHARTER LLC
Statement of Changes in Member's Equity
Year Ended December 31, 2008

Member's equity, December 31, 2007	\$ 33,641
Net loss	<u>(6,641)</u>
Member's equity, December 31, 2008	<u><u>\$ 27,000</u></u>

PATRIOT CHARTER LLC
Statement of Cash Flows
Year Ended December 31, 2008

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (6,641)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Change in assets and liabilities	
Increase in certificate of deposit	(297)
Decrease in advances to officers	7,725
Increase in advances to employees	(2,813)
Increase in receivable from IRS	(1,160)
Decrease in prepaid expenses	1,088
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	448
Decrease in income taxes payable	<u>(1,533)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(3,183)</u>
Net decrease in cash	(3,183)
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>20,346</u>
CASH AT END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 17,163</u></u>

Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:

There was no cash paid during the year for interest or income taxes.

PATRIOT CHARTER LLC
Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business:

Patriot Charter LLC dba The Patriot Group Securities (Company) was organized in October 2002 as a Texas limited liability company. The Company is a broker/dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA).

The Company's securities business consists of the sale of interests in oil and gas related private placement offerings of related parties only on a best effort subscription basis. The Company's customers are high net worth individuals located throughout the United States and Canada.

The Partnership operates pursuant to section (k)(2)(i) exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. The Partnership does not hold customer funds or securities, but will limit its business to the selling of direct participation programs and maintain a special account for the exclusive benefit of its customers. Under these exemptive provisions, the Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements and Information Relating to the Possession and Control Requirements are not required.

Significant Accounting Policies:

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Private Placement Revenue

The Company recognizes revenue on the sale of interests in private placement offerings in the period in which customer subscriptions to such offerings are funded.

Advertising Costs

The Company expenses advertising production costs as they are incurred and advertising communication costs the first time the advertising takes place.

PATRIOT CHARTER LLC
Notes to Financial Statements

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be taxed as a corporation for federal income tax purposes.

In December 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued FASB Staff Position (FSP) FIN 48-3, "Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Enterprises." FSP FIN 48-3 permits an entity within its scope to defer the effective date of FASB Interpretation 48 (Interpretation 48), *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes*, to its annual financial statements for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company has elected to defer the application of Interpretation 48 for the year ending December 31, 2008. The Company evaluates its uncertain tax positions using the provisions of FASB Statement 5, *Accounting for Contingencies*. Accordingly, a loss contingency is recognized when it is probable that a liability has been incurred as of the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. The amount recognized is subject to estimate and management judgment with respect to the likely outcome of each uncertain tax position. The amount that is ultimately sustained for an individual uncertain tax position or for all uncertain tax positions in the aggregate could differ from the amount recognized. The Company has no loss contingency recognized at December 31, 2008.

Note 2 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 8 to 1 during the first year of operations and 15 to 1 thereafter. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2008, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$22,857 and \$5,000, respectively. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.05 to 1.

Note 3 - Related Party Transactions/ Concentration of Revenue

The Company earned all of its revenue from the sale of interests in private placement offerings of related parties.

One of the Company's registered representatives generated approximately 49% of the Company's revenue for the year ended December 31, 2008.

The Company paid \$5,000 to a related party as a reimbursement of marketing expenses in 2008.

PATRIOT CHARTER LLC
Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3 - Related Party Transactions/ Concentration of Revenue (continued)

The Company entered into a services/management agreement effective February 2006 with a related party under which the related party will provide the Company with office space, marketing support, research analysis, and compliance services. The agreement automatically renews for successive one-year terms unless changed or terminated in writing by either party prior to the anniversary date of the agreement. An amended agreement became effective January 1, 2008 requiring the Company to submit rental payments of \$3,000 per month to the related party. The amount incurred under this agreement totaled \$33,000 for the year ending December 31, 2008 as reflected in the accompanying income statement as occupancy and equipment expenses.

Schedule I

PATRIOT CHARTER LLC
Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness
Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 and
Reconciliation of the Computation of Net Capital
with that of the Registrant as
Filed in Part IIA of Form X-17a-5
December 31, 2008

Total member's equity qualified for net capital	<u>\$ 27,000</u>
Deductions and/or charges	
Non-allowable assets:	
Advances to employees	2,813
Receivable from IRS	1,160
Prepaid expenses	<u>160</u>
Total deductions and/or charges	<u>4,133</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities	<u>22,867</u>
Haircuts on securities:	
Certificate of deposit	<u>10</u>
Net Capital	<u><u>\$ 22,857</u></u>
Aggregate indebtedness	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	<u><u>\$ 1,192</u></u>
Computation of basic net capital requirement	
Minimum net capital required (greater of \$5,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	<u><u>\$ 5,000</u></u>
Net capital in excess of minimum requirement	<u><u>\$ 17,857</u></u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u><u>0.05 to 1</u></u>

Note: The above computation does not differ from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2008 as filed by Patriot Charter LLC on Form X-17A-5. Accordingly, no reconciliation is deemed necessary.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY
SEC RULE 17A-5(G)(1)**

To the Member
Patriot Charter LLC

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Patriot Charter LLC (the Company), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008 in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

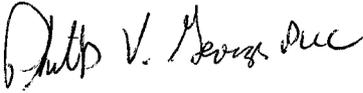
A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.


PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

Irving, Texas
February 17, 2009