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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

FACING PAGE

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
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AND EXAMINATIONS
05

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/08 AND ENDING 12/31/08
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Mismi, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM ID. NO. 147058

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

17 State Street

New York

NY

(No. and Street)

10004

(City)

(state)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Parente Randolph, LLC

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

444 Liberty Avenue, Suite 1800

Pittsburgh

PA

15222

(Address)

(City)

(state)

Zip Code

CHECK ONE:

Certified Public Accountant

Public Accountant

Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240-17a-5(e)(2).

SEC 1410 (3-91)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I Lawrence K. Kinsella swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Mismi, Inc. as of December 31 2008, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

SWORN TO AND SUBSCRIBED BEFORE ME THIS 27th DAY OF Feb, 2009

Lawrence K. Kinsella
Signature

Chief Financial Officer
Title

Marcus M. Lim
Notary Public



This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

MISMI, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008
&
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
&
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
&
INTERNAL CONTROL REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors and Stockholders
Mismi, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Mismi, Inc. (a development stage company), (the "Company"), as of December 31, 2008, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended and for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008 that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Mismi, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended and for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1, the Company has incurred recurring operating losses and has an accumulated deficit. These conditions raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding those matters also are described in Note 1. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information, as listed in the accompanying table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Parente Randolph, LLC

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
February 27, 2009

MISMI, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
December 31, 2008

ASSETS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$ 1,964,761
PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEPOSITS	28,413
FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT, net	333,177
OTHER ASSETS	<u>18,039</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 2,344,390</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

LIABILITIES:	
Line of credit, net	\$ 982,500
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	211,024
Other liabilities	<u>188,365</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,381,889</u>
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:	
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value; (liquidation preference \$4,624,315); 10,000,000 shares authorized; 4,140,930 issued and outstanding	4,141
Common stock, \$0.001 par value; 20,000,000 shares authorized; 8,193,437 shares issued and outstanding	8,193
Paid-in capital	4,258,147
Deficit accumulated during development stage	<u>(3,307,980)</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>962,501</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$ 2,344,390</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

MISMI, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008	CUMULATIVE FOR THE PERIOD DECEMBER 21, 2006 (INCEPTION) THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2008
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -
EXPENSES:		
Employee compensation and benefits	1,660,020	1,858,576
Other operating	1,216,936	1,337,713
Occupancy	96,858	96,858
Communications and data processing	42,620	43,342
Interest	<u>20,646</u>	<u>31,292</u>
Total expenses	<u>3,037,080</u>	<u>3,367,781</u>
OTHER INCOME,		
Interest	<u>59,006</u>	<u>59,801</u>
LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAXES	(2,978,074)	(3,307,980)
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
NET LOSS	<u>\$ (2,978,074)</u>	<u>\$ (3,307,980)</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

MISMI, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
FOR THE PERIOD DECEMBER 21, 2006 (INCEPTION) THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2008**

		COMMON STOCK		PREFERRED STOCK		PAID-IN CAPITAL	DEFICIT ACCUMULATED DURING DEVELOPMENT STAGE	TOTAL
		SHARES	AMOUNT	SHARES	AMOUNT			
COMMON STOCK ISSUED TO AXIOMA, INC. (AT INCEPTION)	12/21/06	5,784,133	\$ 5,784	-	\$ -	\$ (5,784)	\$ -	\$ -
ISSUANCE OF RESTRICTED STOCK	4/1/07	1,361,496	1,361			70,993		72,354
NET LOSS FOR THE PERIOD FROM DECEMBER 21, 2006 (INCEPTION) THROUGH DECEMBER 21, 2007		-	-	-	-	-	(329,906)	(329,906)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2007		7,145,629	7,146	-	-	65,209	(329,906)	(257,552)
ISSUANCE OF PREFERRED STOCK	1/31/08			4,140,930	4,141	4,316,505		4,320,646
ISSUANCE OF WARRANTS ON PREFERRED STOCK	1/31/08					(188,365)		(188,365)
ISSUANCE OF WARRANTS ON COMMON STOCK	8/11/08					30,000		30,000
ISSUANCE OF RESTRICTED STOCK	5/30/08 to 7/10/08	1,047,808	1,048			33,655		34,703
ISSUANCE OF STOCK OPTIONS	7/22/08 to 11/7/08					1,143		1,143
NET LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008		-	-	-	-	-	(2,978,074)	(2,978,074)
BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2008		<u>8,193,437</u>	<u>\$ 8,193</u>	<u>4,140,930</u>	<u>\$ 4,141</u>	<u>\$ 4,258,147</u>	<u>\$ (3,307,980)</u>	<u>\$ 962,501</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

MISMI, INC.

(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

	YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008	CUMULATIVE FOR THE PERIOD DECEMBER 21, 2006 (INCEPTION) THROUGH DECEMBER 31, 2008
CASH FLOWS USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net loss	\$ (2,978,074)	\$ (3,307,980)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used by operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortization	60,360	60,360
Stock based compensation	35,846	108,200
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(28,413)	(28,413)
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities	<u>202,769</u>	<u>211,024</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(2,707,512)</u>	<u>(2,956,809)</u>
CASH FLOWS USED IN INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Purchase of furniture and equipment	(354,846)	(381,037)
Development of patents	<u>(18,039)</u>	<u>(18,039)</u>
Net cash used in investing activities	<u>(372,885)</u>	<u>(399,076)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from line of credit and long-term debt	1,000,000	1,480,000
Issuance of preferred stock	<u>3,840,646</u>	<u>3,840,646</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>4,840,646</u>	<u>5,320,646</u>
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	1,760,249	1,964,761
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF PERIOD	<u>204,512</u>	<u>-</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF PERIOD	<u>\$ 1,964,761</u>	<u>\$ 1,964,761</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION,		
Interest paid	\$ 8,146	\$ 8,146
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Conversion of debt to preferred stock	\$ 480,000	\$ 480,000
Issuance of warrants on preferred stock	188,365	188,365

See Notes to Financial Statements

MISMI, INC.
(A DEVELOPMENT STAGE COMPANY)
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**1. NATURE OF OPERATIONS, BASIS OF PRESENTATION
AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT RISKS**

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Mismi, Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer in New York, New York, registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority ("FINRA") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC"). The Company was formed to provide value added technology services in the investment trading process through an alternative system that will provide traders with greater control over trading outcomes.

The Company is considered an introducing broker, whereby the Company can accept customer orders but elects to clear through an unrelated third-party broker. In this arrangement, the Company accepts the customers' orders and the clearing brokers clear the trades. Either party may initiate the execution of a trade. The clearing broker processes and settles the customer transactions for the Company and maintains customer records. The Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The Company was incorporated in the state of Delaware on December 21, 2006 as a subsidiary of Axioma, Inc. ("Axioma"), a company that develops portfolio optimization software. At the Company's inception, Axioma contributed partially developed technology for 5,784,133 shares of Company common stock at a \$0.001 par value. The Company's current operations are devoted to financial planning, research and development, acquiring equipment, developing markets, and commencing production.

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 7, *Accounting and Reporting by Development Stage Enterprises*, to recognize the fact that through December 31, 2008, the Company has devoted substantially all of its efforts to establishing a new business and planned principal operations has not commenced.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT RISKS

The Company is subject to the risks associated with emerging technology-oriented companies. Primary among these risks are competition from substitute products, competitors with substantially greater financial, technical and marketing resources, and the ability to successfully develop and market its products and services. Through December 31, 2008, the Company has incurred losses since inception aggregating approximately \$3,308,000. Absent additional funding, these factors raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. The accompanying financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty. The continued existence of the Company depends on a number of factors, including but not limited to, its ability to secure adequate sources of capital. Management believes the Company will be able to raise additional capital in the debt or equity markets sufficient to support future operations until principal operations commence.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The Company considers all short-term investments with an initial maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. At times, the Company maintains more than \$250,000 in cash at a financial institution. Account balances are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation to \$250,000.

FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

Furniture and equipment are recorded at cost, including expenditures for additions and major improvements. Maintenance and repairs, which are not considered to extend the useful lives of assets, are charged to operations as incurred.

Depreciation of furniture and equipment is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets ranging from 3 to 40 years.

OTHER ASSETS

Other assets consist of capitalized patent costs. These costs will be subject to amortization upon approval of such patents.

CARRYING VALUE OF LONG-LIVED ASSETS

Long-lived assets to be held and used are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of such assets may not be recoverable. Determination of recoverability is based on an estimate of undiscounted future cash flows resulting from the use of the asset and its eventual disposition. Measurement of an impairment loss for long-lived assets that management expects to hold and use is based on the fair value of the long-lived asset. No impairment loss was recorded for the year ended December 31, 2008 or for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008.

INCOME TAXES

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets and liabilities for the differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized.

The Company applies the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 5, *Accounting for Contingencies*, for recognition of uncertain tax benefits. Accordingly, a provision for uncertain tax positions and related penalties and interest is recognized when it is probable that a liability was incurred and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Critical estimates with respect to income taxes are disclosed when it is at least reasonably possible that a change in estimates will occur in the near term.

STOCK BASED COMPENSATION

The Company applies the fair value recognition provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R) *Share Based Payment* to stock-based compensation. Under these provisions, stock based compensation expense is measured at the grant date based on the fair value of the award and is generally recognized as expense over the requisite service period.

DEVELOPMENT STAGE COSTS

Cost incurred during the development stage, such as expenses associated with research and development, establishing markets, and developing sources of supply, are expensed as incurred.

FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

On January 1, 2008, the Company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 157, *Fair Value Measurements*, ("FAS No. 157") as it relates to financial assets and liabilities that are remeasured and reported at least annually. In February 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued FASB Staff Position 157-2, *Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157*, which delayed the effective date of FAS No. 157 for all nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are recognized and disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a nonrecurring basis until years beginning after November 15, 2008.

FAS No. 157 defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, and expands disclosures about fair value measurements. The provisions of this standard apply to other accounting pronouncements that require or permit fair value measurements and are to be applied prospectively with limited exceptions. The Company's adoption of FAS No. 157, as it relates to financial assets and liabilities that are remeasured and reported at least annually, had no impact on the Company's statement of financial condition or statement of operations. The Company is currently evaluating the potential impact of FAS No. 157, as it relates to nonfinancial assets and liabilities that are recognized and disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a nonrecurring basis.

In 2008, the valuation methodologies used to measure financial assets and liabilities within the scope of FAS No. 157 were limited to the financial instruments described in Notes 3 and 4. We estimate the fair value of these financial instruments based upon a valuation model with inputs that generally can be verified by observable market conditions and do not involve significant management judgment. Accordingly, the fair value of these financial instruments, consisting of warrants to purchase the Company's preferred stock, is classified within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In June 2006, the FASB issued FASB Interpretation No. 48, *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes – an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109* (“FIN 48”). FIN 48 clarifies the accounting for uncertainty in income taxes recognized in a company’s financial statements and prescribes a recognition threshold of more-likely-than-not to be sustained upon examination by the appropriate taxing authority. Measurement of the tax uncertainty occurs if the recognition threshold has been met. FIN 48 also provides guidance on derecognition, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, and disclosure.

FIN 48 was generally effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2007 for nonpublic entities. However in accordance with FASB Staff Position No. FIN 48-3, *Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Enterprises*, the Company elected to defer the application of FIN 48 until its fiscal year beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company is evaluating the effect, if any, the adoption of FIN 48 will have on its financial statements.

3. COMMON STOCK TRANSACTIONS

At the Company’s inception, Axioma contributed partially developed technology valued at \$462,731 in exchange for 5,784,133 shares of the Company’s common stock. The common stock included a liquidation preference of \$0.02 per share plus any unpaid dividends.

In connection with the preferred stock issuance (Note 4), certain common shareholders received warrants to purchase 162,477 shares of the Company’s preferred stock at \$0.01 per share. These warrants expire on January 29, 2018, and are considered exercised in the event of a deemed liquidation or upon the sale of the Company’s common stock in a public offering, subject to a required level of proceeds to be generated from the public offering. The fair value of these warrants is \$167,904 and is recorded as a liability in the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2008.

4. PREFERRED STOCK TRANSACTIONS

On January 31, 2008, the Company issued 4,140,930 shares of preferred stock to accredited investors for \$4,320,646, of which \$480,000 was in exchange for the conversion of former debt holders. These preferred shares are convertible, at the option of the holder, into common shares at a rate of \$1.0434 per common share, subject to certain anti-dilution provisions. The preferred shares will automatically be converted into common shares upon vote or consent of the majority of these preferred shareholders, or upon the sale of the Company's common stock in a public offering, subject to a required level of proceeds to be generated from the public offering. The value of this conversion feature on the preferred stock is approximately \$12,433,700 at December 31, 2008. The preferred shares accrue dividends at an annual rate of 8%. No dividends have been declared since inception (December 21, 2006). Voting rights are conveyed to preferred shareholders on an as-if-converted to common stock basis. As the dividends are subject to payment based upon the Company's financial position, no dividend payable has been recorded as of December 31, 2008. Each holder of preferred stock may elect, at any time after the date six years from issuance, and upon consent of the majority of preferred shareholders, to have the Company redeem some or all of such holder's preferred stock, for a price per share equal to the per share purchase price plus all accrued but unpaid dividends. As of December 31, 2008, preferred dividends in arrears were approximately \$304,000.

In connection with the preferred stock issuance, former convertible debt holders received warrants to purchase 47,024 shares of the Company's preferred stock at \$1.0434 per share. These warrants expire on September 19, 2017. The fair value of these warrants is \$20,461 and is recorded as a liability in the statement of financial condition as of December 31, 2008.

5. FURNITURE AND EQUIPMENT

Furniture and equipment consist of the following at December 31, 2008:

Furniture and equipment	\$381,037
Less accumulated depreciation	<u>(47,860)</u>
Furniture and equipment, net	<u>\$333,177</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 and for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008 was approximately \$47,860.

6. INCOME TAXES

The Company has no provision for income taxes for the year ended December 31, 2008 or for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008 as the Company has federal and state net operating losses which are being carried forward.

Gross deferred tax assets, consisting primarily of net operating loss carryforwards were approximately \$1,100,000 at December 31, 2008. A valuation allowance equal to this amount was established as these deferred tax assets will not be realized until the Company produces taxable income.

Federal and state net operating losses of approximately \$3,100,000 begin to expire in 2027. There were no income tax payments made during the year ended December 31, 2008 or for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008.

7. LINE OF CREDIT

On August 11, 2008, the Company entered into a \$1,500,000 revolving line of credit agreement with a bank. The agreement calls for advances up to \$500,000 to bear interest at 1.0% above the bank's prime rate (4.25% at December 31, 2008), with the remaining \$1,000,000 in advances to bear interest at 1.25% above the bank's prime rate (4.50% at December 31, 2008). The line of credit has an expiration date of August 10, 2009. The line of credit is collateralized by substantially all assets of the Company.

In connection with the revolving line of credit agreement, the bank received warrants to purchase 28,752 shares of the Company's common stock at \$1.0434 per share. These warrants expire on August 11, 2015. The relative fair values of the line of credit borrowings and the associated warrants at December 31, 2008 were determined to be \$982,500 and \$30,000, respectively. Amortization of the discount on the line of credit borrowings recorded as interest expense in the accompanying statement of operations was \$12,500 for the year ended December 31, 2008 and for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008.

8. STOCK PLAN

In 2007, the Company approved the Mismi, Inc. 2007 Stock Incentive Plan (the "Plan"). Under the terms of the Plan, the Company may issue 3,114,533 shares of common stock to selected non-employees and designated employees of the Company. The Company may issue shares of common stock from either authorized and unissued shares of common stock or from treasury shares. Grants issued under the Plan are subject to certain vesting conditions as determined by the Plan's award committee as designated by the Company's Board of Directors. Generally, stock options issued under the Plan vest over a four year period, and have a 10 year life. Restricted stock awards generally vest over a period of four to six years.

The Company awarded 1,047,808 shares of restricted stock to certain executives of the Company in 2008 and 2,409,304 shares of restricted stock for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008. The fair value of the awards issued in 2008 was \$0.08 per share as determined by the fair value estimate of the Company's common stock. The restricted stock awards are subject to certain conditions surrounding termination of employment and change in control events as defined by the Plan.

The Company granted stock options to certain employees and non-employees of the Company in 2008 at exercise prices which approximated fair value at the date of grant. Options granted under the Plan expire ten years from the dates of grant. The weighted average grant date fair value of options granted during 2008 was \$0.03. The fair value of the options is estimated using the Black-Scholes options pricing model with the following assumptions for 2008: dividend yield of 0.0%, volatility of 40%, an expected term of seven years, and a risk-free interest rate of 1.87%.

A summary of the Company's stock option activity is as follows:

	<u>Options Outstanding</u>	<u>Weighted Average Exercise Price</u>
Balance, December 31, 2007	-	
Options granted	419,300	\$0.08
Options exercised	-	
Options forfeited	-	
Balance, December 31, 2008	419,300	\$0.08

No options are exercisable at December 31, 2008. Compensation expense related to the Company's stock based compensation expense under the restricted stock and stock option arrangements was \$35,846 for the year ended December 31, 2008 and \$108,200 for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008.

9. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company has a lease agreement for office space with Axioma. Rent expense was \$89,827 for the year ended December 31, 2008 and for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008.

Certain administrative functions of the Company are performed by officers or employees of related entities for which no fees are charged.

10. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") Uniform Net Capital Rule ("Rule 15c3-1"), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined by Rule 15c3-1, shall not exceed a ratio of 15 to 1. The Company has net capital of \$582,872 at December 31, 2008, which is in excess of \$149,190 as required by Rule 15c3-1. The Company's net capital ratio was 2.05 to 1 at December 31, 2008.

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS WITH OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISK

Upon commencement of the Company's principal operations, and in the normal course of its planned business activities, the Company's customer and correspondent clearance activities will involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may subject the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

12. EXEMPTIVE PROVISIONS OF RULE 15c3-3

The Company is exempt from the reporting requirements of SEC Rule 15c3-3 under section (k)(2)(ii), which states that the provisions of the rule are not applicable to a broker or dealer who, as an introducing broker and dealer, clears all transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker or dealer, and who promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker or dealer which carries all of the accounts of such customers and maintains and preserves such books and records pertaining thereto pursuant to the requirements of Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4, as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker or dealer. Accordingly, disclosure is not required of the "Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements" and the schedule of "Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements."

MISMI, INC.

**COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2008**

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$ 962,501
DEDUCTIONS AND/OR CHARGES:	
Non-allowable assets:	
Prepaid expenses and deposits	28,413
Furniture and equipment, net	333,177
Other assets	<u>18,039</u>
Deductions and/or charges	<u>379,629</u>
NET CAPITAL	\$ <u>582,872</u>

COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT

MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIRED (12-1/2% OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS)	\$ <u>149,190</u>
MINIMUM DOLLAR NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	\$ <u>100,000</u>
NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT	\$ <u>149,190</u>
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	\$ <u>433,683</u>
EXCESS NET CAPITAL AT 1000%	\$ <u>463,519</u>

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

TOTAL AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS:	
Line of credit	\$ 982,500
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	211,024
OTHER ITEMS	<u>-</u>
TOTAL AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	\$ <u>1,193,524</u>
PERCENTAGE OF AGGREGATED INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	<u>205%</u>

MISMI, INC.
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2008

RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION

INCLUDED IN PART II OF FORM X-17A-5 AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2008:

Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II	
FOCUS report (unaudited)	\$ 734,637
Net post-closing adjustments	<u>(151,765)</u>
 NET CAPITAL PER ABOVE	 <u>\$ 582,872</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5
FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION
FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3**

Board of Directors and Stockholders
Mismi, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Mismi, Inc. (a development stage company), (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008 and for the period December 21, 2006 (inception) through December 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Paronite Randolph, LLC

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
February 27, 2009