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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

Washington, DC
110

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

FACING PAGE

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 44691

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 04/01/08 AND ENDING 03/31/09

MM/DD/YY

MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: TULLY & HOLLAND INCORPORATED

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPLE PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

FIRM I.D. NO.

60 WILLIAM STREET

(No. and Street)

WELLESLEY

MA

02481

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

TIMOTHY TULLY

781-239-2900

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

LARRY D. LIBERFARB, P.C.

(Name - if individual, state first, last, middle name)

11 VANDERBILT AVENUE, SUITE 220

NORWOOD

MA

02062

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its properties

FOR OFFICAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirements that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17-a-8(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (05-01) Persons who respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, TIMOTHY TULLY, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of TULLY & HOLLAND INCORPORATED, as of MARCH 31, 20 09, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principle officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of A customer, except as follows:

Timothy Tully

Signature

PRESIDENT

Title

Elaine M. Goldman

Notary Public

ELAINE M. GOLDMAN
NOTARY PUBLIC
COMMONWEALTH OF MASSACHUSETTS
BY COMMISSION EXPIRES 1/23/11

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control requirements Under Rule 15c2-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation. Including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MARCH 31, 2009

LARRY D. LIBERFARB, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
AND FINANCIAL ADVISORS

11 Vanderbilt Avenue, Suite 220, Norwood, Massachusetts 02062
Tel. (781) 255-8800 Fax (781) 255-9217
E-Mail: Info@Liberfarb.com

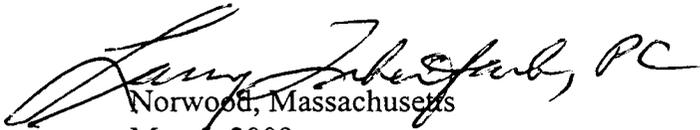
Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Directors of
Tully and Holland Incorporated

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Tully and Holland Incorporated as of March 31, 2009, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Tully and Holland Incorporated as of March 31, 2009, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.


Norwood, Massachusetts
May 5, 2009

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
March 31, 2009

ASSETS

Cash	\$ 101,476
Accounts receivable - non customers	53,361
Property and equipment, at cost, less accumulated depreciation of \$106,315	17,251
Other assets	<u>28,235</u>
	<u>\$ 200,323</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities:	
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities	\$ 34,600
Stockholder's equity:	
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized, 300 shares issued and outstanding	3
Additional paid-in capital	124,198
Retained earnings	140,339
Less 200 shares of common stock in treasury, at cost	<u>(98,817)</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>165,723</u>
	<u>\$ 200,323</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED
STATEMENT OF INCOME
For the year ended March 31, 2009

Revenues:	
Investment banking and consulting	\$ 796,927
Interest and dividends	592
Other income	<u>36,616</u>
	<u>834,135</u>
Expenses:	
Employee compensation and benefits	505,175
Communications and data processing	23,258
Occupancy	107,575
Other expenses	<u>240,394</u>
	<u>876,402</u>
Loss before income taxes	(42,267)
Provision for income taxes	<u>83</u>
Net loss	<u><u>\$ (42,350)</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
For the year ended March 31, 2009

		Common <u>Stock</u>	Additional Paid-In <u>Capital</u>	Retained <u>Earnings</u>	Common Treasury <u>Stock</u>	Total Stockholder's <u>Equity</u>
Balance, April 1, 2008	\$	3	\$ 124,198	\$ 182,689	\$ (98,817)	\$ 208,073
Net loss		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(42,350)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(42,350)</u>
Balance, March 31, 2009	\$	<u>3</u>	<u>\$ 124,198</u>	<u>\$ 140,339</u>	<u>\$ (98,817)</u>	<u>\$ 165,723</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For the year ended March 31, 2009

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (42,350)
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	10,873
Increase in accounts receivable - non customers	(34,724)
Increase in other assets	(1,703)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	17,980
Total adjustments	<u>(7,574)</u>
Net cash used for operating activities	(49,924)
 Cash flows from investing activities	
None	-
 Cash flows from financing activities	
None	<u>-</u>
 Decrease in cash	(49,924)
 Cash at April 1, 2008	<u>151,400</u>
 Cash at March 31, 2009	<u><u>\$ 101,476</u></u>

Disclosure of accounting policy:

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
MARCH 31, 2009

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Nature of Business

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. (FINRA).

Investment Banking and Consulting

Fees are earned from advisory services including merger-and-acquisition advisory services, private placements of debt and equities, and general financial advisory services. Investment banking management fees are generated primarily from retainer payments and success fees which are paid in cash upon the successful completion of a transaction.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Maintenance and repairs are charged to expense as incurred. Major improvements to property and equipment are capitalized. Depreciation is computed using the accelerated method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

Income Taxes

The Company, with the consent of its sole shareholder, has made an election under Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code, not to be subject to federal income taxes at the corporate level. Pursuant to this election, the income or loss of the Company is included in the taxable income of the individual stockholder. Consequently, the statement of income (loss) contains no provision for federal income taxes.

The Company is liable for Massachusetts excise taxes. Accordingly, this tax has been included in the accompanying financial statements.

Advertising

The Company expenses advertising costs as they are incurred.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in these financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED
MARCH 31, 2009

NOTE 2 - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Major classifications of property and equipment are as follows:

Computer equipment	\$ 50,718
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	55,180
Leasehold improvements	<u>17,668</u>
	123,566
Less: Accumulated depreciation	<u>106,315</u>
	<u>\$ 17,251</u>

Depreciation expense for the year ended March 31, 2009 was \$10,873.

NOTE 3 - NET CAPITAL

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At March 31, 2009 the Company had net capital of \$66,876, which was \$61,876 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .52 to 1.

NOTE 4 - LONG TERM LEASES

Office

The Company conducts its operations from offices that were leased at \$9,278 per month. Rent expense for the year ended March 31, 2009 was \$107,480. Future minimum lease payments for this non-cancelable operating lease at March 31, 2009 are as follows.

Year ended March 31,	
2010	\$101,288
2011	<u>93,533</u>
	<u>\$194,821</u>

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, CONTINUED
MARCH 31, 2009

NOTE 5 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company leases a motor vehicle under an operating lease expiring December 2009 to an officer/shareholder of the Company. The lease requires monthly rentals of \$1,350.

Lease expense for the year ended March 31, 2009 amounted to \$16,200. Future minimum rentals under the operating lease agreement for the years ending March 31, are as follows:

2009	\$12,150
------	----------

NOTE 6 - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS

The Company sponsors a profit sharing plan which covers substantially all employees who meet minimum age and service requirements. Funding of the profit sharing plan is discretionary. The Company has elected to make a profit sharing contribution of \$5,828 for 2008.

NOTE 7 - ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOWS INFORMATION

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest	\$	55
Income taxes	\$	456

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED

SUPPLEMENTARY SCHEDULES

MARCH 31, 2009

LARRY D. LIBERFARB, P.C.

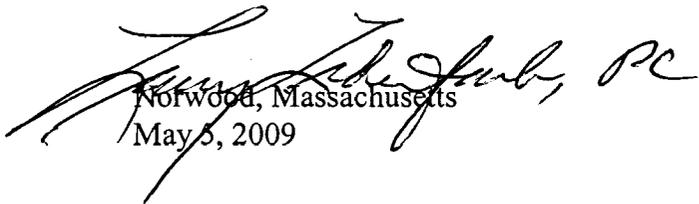
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
AND FINANCIAL ADVISORS

11 Vanderbilt Avenue, Suite 220, Norwood, Massachusetts 02062
Tel. (781) 255-8800 Fax (781) 255-9217
E-Mail: Info@Liberfarb.com

**Independent Auditor's Report on
Supplementary Information Required by Rule 17a-5 of the
Securities and Exchange Commission**

To the Board of Directors of
Tully and Holland Incorporated

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Tully and Holland Incorporated for the year ended March 31, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated May 5, 2009. Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.


Norwood, Massachusetts
May 5, 2009

SCHEDULE I

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS AND NET CAPITAL PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1 MARCH 31, 2009

Aggregate indebtedness:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 34,600
Net capital:	
Common stock	\$ 3
Additional paid-in capital	124,198
Retained earnings	140,339
Treasury stock	<u>(98,817)</u>
	165,723
Adjustments to net capital:	
Accounts receivable - non customers	(53,361)
Property and equipment	(17,251)
Other assets	<u>(28,235)</u>
Net capital, as defined	<u>\$ 66,876</u>
Net capital requirement	\$ 5,000
Net capital in excess of requirement	\$ 61,876
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	0.52 to 1
Reconciliation with Company's computation included in Part IIA of Form 17a-5(a) as of March 31, 2009 as reported in Company's (unaudited) focus report	\$ 91,566
Net audit adjustments	(41,824)
Decrease in non-allowables and haircuts	<u>17,134</u>
Net Capital per above	<u>\$ 66,876</u>

SCHEDULE II

TULLY AND HOLLAND INCORPORATED

**COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF
RESERVE REQUIREMENTS FOR BROKER/DEALERS UNDER
RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

MARCH 31, 2009

Tully and Holland Incorporated is exempt from the reserve requirements of Rule 15c3-3 as its transactions are limited, such that they do not handle customer funds or securities, accordingly, the computation for determination of reserve requirements pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 and information relating to the possession or control requirement pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 are not applicable.

LARRY D. LIBERFARB, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS
AND FINANCIAL ADVISORS

11 Vanderbilt Avenue, Suite 220, Norwood, Massachusetts 02062
Tel. (781) 255-8800 Fax (781) 255-9217
E-Mail: info@Liberfarb.com

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

To the Board of Directors of
Tully and Holland Incorporated

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Tully and Holland Incorporated (the Company), as of and for the year ended March 31, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordations required by rule 17a-13.
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

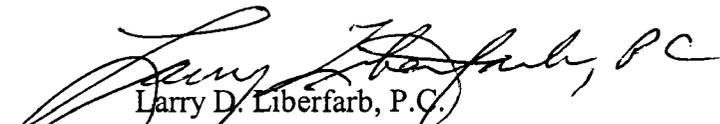
A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we considered to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of the report, were adequate at March 31, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.


Larry D. Liberfarb, P.C.
Norwood, Massachusetts
May 5, 2009