



UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

OMB APPROVAL
OMB Number: 3235-0123
Expires: February 28, 2010
Estimated average burden
hours per response... 12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC Mail Processing
Section

FEB 26 2009

Washington, DC
110

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-48898

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/08 AND ENDING 12/31/08
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: WestPark Capital, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

1900 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 310

(No. and Street)

Los Angeles

CA

90067

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Anthony C. Pintsopoulos

310-843-9300

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Spicer Jeffries LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

5251 S. Quebec Street, Suite 200

Greenwood Village

CO

80111

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

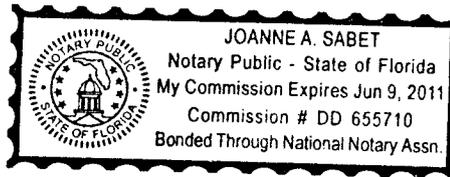
I, Anthony C. Pintsopoulos, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of WestPark Capital, Inc., as of December 31, 2008, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Anthony C. Pintsopoulos
Signature

President

Title

Joanne A. Sabet
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity of Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital (including reconciliation of X-17A-5 Part II filing with this Rule 17a-5(d) report, if applicable).
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independant Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
Independent Auditors' Report	3
Statement of Financial Condition	4
Statement of Operations	5
Statement of Changes in Shareholder's Equity	6
Statement of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8 – 12
Supplementary Schedules:	
Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1	13
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5	14 – 15



SPICER JEFFRIES LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

5251 SOUTH QUEBEC STREET • SUITE 200

GREENWOOD VILLAGE, COLORADO 80111

TELEPHONE: (303) 753-1959

FAX: (303) 753-0338

www.spicerjeffries.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors
WestPark Capital, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of WestPark Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the related statements of operations, changes in shareholder's equity and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of WestPark Capital, Inc. as of December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplemental schedule listed in the accompanying index is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not required for a fair presentation of the financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Greenwood Village, Colorado
February 24, 2009



WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2008

ASSETS

Cash	\$	961,014
Deposit with clearing broker		21,679
Accounts receivable:		
Clearing broker		61,535
Other		65,068
Securities owned, at fair value		802,141
Furniture and equipment, at cost, net of accumulated depreciation of \$58,789		338,563
Income tax receivable		198,362
Other assets		<u>33,942</u>
	\$	<u>2,482,304</u>

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY

LIABILITIES:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	153,146
Due to related party		281,250
Capital lease obligation (Note 3)		121,305
Due to clearing broker		168,327
Commissions payable		<u>52,286</u>

Total liabilities 776,314

COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Notes 3 and 5)

SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY (Note 2):

Preferred stock, no par value; 20,000 shares authorized; none issued		-
Common stock, no par value; 1,000,000 shares authorized; 8,800 shares issued and outstanding		1,624,643
Retained earnings		<u>81,347</u>

Total shareholder's equity 1,705,990

\$ 2,482,304

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

REVENUE:

Commissions	\$ 3,518,511
Investment banking fees	2,724,642
Realized gains from securities transactions	24,470
Unrealized losses from securities	(805,836)
Other	<u>62,492</u>

Total revenue 5,524,279

EXPENSES:

Commissions, salaries, and benefits	3,943,109
General and administrative expenses	1,090,850
Professional fees	<u>503,777</u>

Total expenses 5,537,736

LOSS BEFORE INCOME TAX PROVISION (13,457)

INCOME TAX PROVISION (Note 4) (137,340)

NET LOSS \$ (150,797)

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDER'S EQUITY
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008**

	<u>Common Stock</u> <u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Retained</u> <u>Earnings</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Shareholder's</u> <u>Equity</u>
BALANCES, December 31, 2007	8,800	\$ 1,309,091	\$ 232,144	\$ 1,541,235
Capital contributions	-	315,552	-	315,552
Net loss	-	-	(150,797)	(150,797)
BALANCES, December 31, 2008	<u>8,800</u>	<u>\$ 1,624,643</u>	<u>\$ 81,347</u>	<u>\$ 1,705,990</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net loss	\$	(150,797)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Depreciation		20,806
Increase in receivable from clearing broker		(146)
Decrease in deposit with clearing broker		113,426
Decrease in related party receivable		20,694
Decrease in other accounts receivable		56,170
Increase in securities owned, at fair value		(725,561)
Increase in other assets		(14,547)
Decrease in commissions payable		(85,897)
Increase in due to clearing broker		168,327
Increase in due to related party		281,250
Decrease in income tax receivable		137,340
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses		<u>1,604</u>
<i>Net cash used in operating activities</i>		<u>(177,331)</u>

CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:

Purchase of furniture and equipment		<u>(147,852)</u>
-------------------------------------	--	------------------

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

Capital contributions		315,552
Payments on capital lease obligation		<u>(26,239)</u>

<i>Net cash provided by financing activities</i>		<u>289,313</u>
--	--	----------------

NET DECREASE IN CASH		(35,870)
-----------------------------	--	----------

CASH, BEGINNING OF YEAR		<u>996,884</u>
--------------------------------	--	----------------

CASH, END OF YEAR	\$	<u>961,014</u>
--------------------------	-----------	-----------------------

SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Cash paid during the year for interest	\$	<u>14,246</u>
--	-----------	----------------------

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Organization and Business

WestPark Capital, Inc. (the "Company") is a Colorado corporation formed on October 17, 1995. The Company currently operates as a registered broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of WestPark Holdings, LLC ("Parent").

Securities owned by the Company (substantially common stock) are recorded at fair value and related changes in market value are reflected in income. The Company records securities transactions and related revenue and expenses on a trade date basis.

The Company, under Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) is exempt from the reserve and possession or requirements of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company does not carry or clear customer accounts. Accordingly, all customer transactions are executed and cleared on behalf of the Company by its clearing broker on a fully disclosed basis. The Company's agreement with its clearing broker provides that as clearing broker, that firm will make and keep such records of the transactions effected and cleared in the customer accounts as are customarily made and kept by a clearing broker pursuant to the requirements of Rules 17a-3 and 17a-4 of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Act"). It also performs all services customarily incident thereto, including the preparation and distribution of customer's confirmations and statements and maintenance margin requirements under the Act and the rules of the Self Regulatory Organizations of which the Company is a member.

Valuation of Securities

The Company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 157, "Fair Value Measurements" (SFAS No. 157), effective January 1, 2008. Under SFAS No. 157, fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability (i.e., the "exit price") in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

In determining fair value, the Company uses various valuation approaches. SFAS No. 157 establishes a fair value hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the Company. Unobservable inputs reflect the Company's assumption about the inputs market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The fair value hierarchy is categorized into three levels based on the inputs as follows:

Level 1 - Valuations based on unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Company has the ability to access. Valuation adjustments and blockage discounts are not applied to Level 1 securities. Since valuations are based on quoted prices that are readily and regularly available in an active market, valuation of these securities does not entail a significant degree of judgment.

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Valuation of Securities (concluded)

Level 2 - Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

The availability of valuation techniques and observable inputs can vary from security to security and is affected by a wide variety of factors, including the type of security, whether the security is new and not yet established in the marketplace, and other characteristics particular to the transaction. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more judgment. Those estimated values do not necessarily represent the amounts that may be ultimately realized due to the occurrence of future circumstances that cannot be reasonably determined. Because of the inherent uncertainty of valuation, those estimated values may be materially higher or lower than the values that would have been used had a ready market for the securities existed. Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised by the Company in determining fair value is greatest for securities categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls in its entirety is determined by the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, the Company's own assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. The Company uses prices and inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of market dislocation. In periods of market dislocation, the observability of prices and inputs may be reduced for many securities. This condition could cause a security to be reclassified to a lower level within the fair value hierarchy.

The Company values investments in securities that are freely tradable and are listed on a national securities exchange or reported on the NASDAQ national market at their last sales price as of the last business day of the year.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (concluded)

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers money market funds with maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Financial Instruments

The carrying amounts of cash, deposit and receivable from clearing broker, accounts receivable, other assets, commissions payable and accounts payable are carried at amounts that approximate fair value due to the short-term nature of those instruments. Securities owned are valued at the December 31, 2008 quoted market price.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes". Under the asset and liability method of Statement 109, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for the estimated future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax basis. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled.

On December 30, 2008, the Financial Accounting Standards Board voted on and adopted FSP FIN48-3, ("Effective Date of FASB Interpretation No. 48 for Certain Nonpublic Entities"). FSP FIN 48-3 defers the effective date of FIN 48 for nonpublic enterprises to the annual financial statements for fiscal years that begin after December 15, 2008. This interpretation requires entities to disclose any uncertain tax positions carried on its books for which it may not be sustained upon examination by taxing authorities. In accordance with the guidance listed above, the Company has elected to delay adoption of FIN 48 and furthermore, management feels that it will not have a significant impact on the Company or its financial statements.

NOTE 2 - NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Act, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined under such provisions. At December 31, 2008, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of \$754,744 and \$100,000, respectively. The Company's net capital ratio (aggregate indebtedness to net capital) was 1.03 to 1. According to Rule 15c3-1, the Company's net capital ratio shall not exceed 15 to 1.

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 3 - COMMITMENTS AND RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company leases its facility and certain equipment under operating and capital leases expiring through July 2013. The Company's office lease is in the name of the Parent but will be paid by the Company and is included in the following schedule. Future minimum lease payments under the non-cancelable leases with initial terms greater than one year as of December 31, 2008 are as follows:

		<u>Operating Leases</u>	<u>Capital Leases</u>
Year ended December 31,			
	2009	\$ 267,618	\$ 40,485
	2010	243,597	40,284
	2011	207,492	40,535
	2012	214,754	25,345
	2013	<u>165,257</u>	<u>-</u>
		<u>\$ 1,098,718</u>	146,649
Less amounts representing interest			<u>25,344</u>
Present value of future minimum lease payments			<u>\$ 121,305</u>

As of December 31, 2008, the Company had \$160,313 included in furniture and equipment which was purchased under capital leases. As of December 31, 2008, the accumulated depreciation on furniture and equipment under capital leases was \$18,284 for a net book value of \$142,029. The Parent's sole member has guaranteed the capital leases shown above.

Total rental expense for the year ended December 31, 2008 was \$221,391 for the above leases.

NOTE 4 - INCOME TAXES

The Company's income tax fiscal year end is June 30, 2008, at which time it had a net operating loss carryforward of approximately \$100,000 which has offset future taxable income. This carryforward expires in 2024. Net loss for financial reporting purposes differs from taxable income primarily due to temporary differences relating to depreciation and unrealized losses. The Company has adjusted its income tax receivable for these temporary differences.

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(concluded)

NOTE 5 - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, OFF-BALANCE SHEET RISK AND CONTINGENCIES

In the normal course of business, the Company's activities through its clearing broker involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various clients' securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance sheet risk. In the event a client fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the obligation.

The Company owns securities that are valued at the December 31, 2008 quoted market price. The Company may incur a loss if the market value decreases subsequent to December 31, 2008.

The Company bears the risk of financial failure by its clearing broker. If the clearing broker should cease doing business, the amounts due from this clearing broker could be subject to forfeiture.

The Company is involved in various disputes arising in the normal course of business, some of which are indeterminable in amount. Management, after review and discussion with counsel, believes the Company has meritorious defenses and intends to vigorously defend itself in these matters, but it is not feasible to predict the final outcomes at the present time.

In addition, the Company has cash in financial institutions in excess of the FDIC insurance coverage of \$250,000. At December 31, 2008, the Company had \$503,854 in excess of this requirement which is subject to loss should the financial institution cease operations.

NOTE 6 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Company's assets recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy in accordance with SFAS No. 157. See Note 1 for a discussion of the Company's policies.

The following table presents information about the Company's assets measured at fair value as of December 31, 2008:

	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Balance as of December 31, 2008
Assets:				
Securities, at fair value	<u>\$ 802,141</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 802,141</u>

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

WESTPARK CAPITAL, INC.

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL
PURSUANT TO UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE 15c3-1
DECEMBER 31, 2008

CREDIT:

Shareholder's equity \$ 1,705,990

DEBITS:

Other receivables 65,068

Furniture and equipment 338,563

Income tax receivable 198,362

Non-marketable securities 28,171

Blockage charges 87,234

Other assets 33,942

Total debits 751,340

Net capital before haircuts on securities positions 954,650

Haircuts on securities positions, includes undue concentration of \$81,417 199,906

NET CAPITAL 754,744

Minimum requirements of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness of
\$776,314 or \$100,000, whichever is greater 100,000

Excess net capital \$ 654,744

AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS:

Accounts payable and accrued expenses \$ 153,146

Due to related party 281,250

Capital lease obligation 121,305

Due to clearing broker 168,327

Commissions payable 52,286

TOTAL AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS \$ 776,314

RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL 1.03 to 1

NOTE: There are no material differences between the above computation of net capital and the corresponding computation as submitted by the Company with the unaudited Form X-17A-5 Part II filing as of December 31, 2008.

See the accompanying Independent Auditors' Report.



SPICER JEFFRIES LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

5251 SOUTH QUEBEC STREET • SUITE 200

GREENWOOD VILLAGE, COLORADO 80111

TELEPHONE: (303) 753-1959

FAX: (303) 753-0338

www.spicerjeffries.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL ACCOUNTING CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

The Board of Directors
WestPark Capital, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplementary information of WestPark Capital, Inc. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate. This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of the Company to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control and that alternatively greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, although the Company generates financial statements on a timely basis in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, it does not include footnotes to these statements. Accordingly, this is considered a control deficiency.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

In addition, our review indicated that the Company was in compliance with the conditions of exemption from Rule 15c3-3 pursuant to paragraph k(2)(ii) as of December 31, 2008, and no facts came to our attention to indicate that such conditions had not been complied with during the year.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Greenwood Village, Colorado
February 24, 2009

TEXAKOMA FINANCIAL, INC.
AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
REQUIRED BY RULE 17A-5
DECEMBER 31, 2008 AND 2007

SEC Mail Processing
Section

FEB 26 2009

Washington, DC
111