

09042972

*N.A.
12/4*

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D. C. 20549

OMB Number 3235-0123
Expires February 28, 2010
Estimated average burden
Hours per response 12.00

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5**

**SEC FILE NUMBER
8 - 51118**

**PART III
FACING PAGE**

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING OCTOBER 1, 2008 and ENDING SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: OFFICIAL USE ONLY

DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC. FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P. O. Box No.)

222 MAMARONECK AVENUE

WHITE PLAINS, NEW YORK 10605

(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

DAVID HARRIS, President (914) 683 - 8400

(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

LERNER & SIPKIN, CPAs, LLP

132 Nassau Street, Suite 1023 New York NY 10038

Certified Public Accountant

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number

SEC 1410 (06-02)

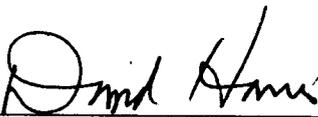
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
RECEIVED
NOV 27 2009
BRANCH OF REGISTRATIONS AND EXAMINATIONS

*N.A.
12/24*

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, **DAVID HARRIS** swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of **DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC., as of SEPTEMBER 30, 2009,** are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, member, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NONE

X 

Signature



Title

X 
LAURENCE DEMASE
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 02DE5023011
Qualified in Westchester County
Term Expires January 24, 2010

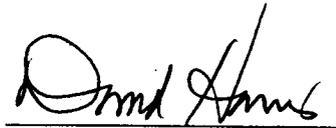
This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Operations.
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control requirements under rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the reserve requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Accounting Control.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

I, **DAVID HARRIS**, swear that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedule(s) pertaining to the Firm of **DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC.**, as of **SEPTEMBER 30, 2009**, are true and correct. I further swear that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer, director or member has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of customer, except as follows:

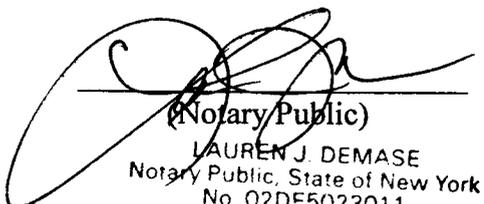
No Exceptions



(Signature)



(Title)



(Notary Public)
LAUREN J. DEMASE
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 02DE5023011
Qualified in Westchester County
Term Expires January 24, 2010

DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

ASSETS

Cash in banks	\$ 29,861
Securities owned, at market value (Notes 2b and 3)	89,415
Due from broker	32,695
Secured demand notes receivable from subordinated lenders (collateralized by securities with a market value of \$553,003)	416,000
Other assets	<u>15,031</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 583,002</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Liabilities

Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 56,974
Related party payable (Note 5)	<u>2,000</u>
Total liabilities	<u>58,974</u>

Commitments and contingencies (Notes 6 and 7)

Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors

Pursuant to subordinated loan agreement (Note 4)	<u>416,000</u>
--	----------------

Stockholders' Equity (Note 8)

Common stock; par value \$.01 per share, authorized issued and outstanding 1,000 shares	10
Paid-in capital	9,990
Retained earnings	<u>98,028</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>108,028</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 583,002</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Note 1- Nature of Business

David Harris & Co., Inc. (The "Company"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of CDH Holdings, Inc., is a Delaware Corporation formed for the purpose of conducting business as a broker-dealer in securities.

The Company operates under the provisions of Paragraph (k) (2) (ii) of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission and, accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that rule. Essentially, the requirements of Paragraph (k) (2) (ii) provide that the Company clears all transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker/dealer, and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers and maintains and preserves all related books and records as are customarily kept by a clearing broker/dealer. The Company also operates pursuant to the (k) (2) (i) exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) *Revenue Recognition*

Securities transactions (and the recognition of related income and expenses) are recorded on a settlement date basis, generally the third business day following the transaction date. The difference between trade and settlement date reporting is not material.

b) *Marketable Securities*

Marketable securities owned by the Company are reflected at market value with the resulting unrealized gains and losses included in income.

c) *Cash and Cash Equivalents*

The Company considers demand deposited money market funds to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash in bank accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits or where no insurance is provided. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

d) *Use of Estimates*

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses.

e) *Income Taxes*

The Company accounts for income taxes under SFAS No. 109, which requires an asset and liability approach to financial accounting and reporting for income taxes.

DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Note 2- Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

e) Income Taxes (continued)

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are computed annually for differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Income tax expense is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

f) Subsequent Events

The Company has evaluated events and transactions that occurred between September 30, 2009 and October 29, 2009, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued, for possible disclosure and recognition in the financial statements.

Note 3- Securities Owned – at Market Value

Securities owned, at quoted market values, are summarized as follows:

Corporate bonds	798
Government bonds	<u>88,617</u>
	<u>\$89,415</u>

Note 4- Liabilities Subordinated to the Claims of General Creditors

Subordinated liabilities, evidenced by secured demand note collateral agreements approved by FINRA, mature on March 31, 2014 and bear interest of 5% to 10%.

All notes are covered by secured demand note collateral agreements.

To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid.

Note 5- Related Party Transactions

The Company's parent company (CDH), Chester Harris & Co., Inc. (Chester) and the Company are owned by substantially the same related shareholders. The Company and Chester share office space, personnel and other administrative expenses. During the year, the Company was allocated \$241,555 of such expenses.

In addition, during the year, the Company paid CDH \$20,000 in consulting fees.

DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Note 6- Lease Commitments

The Company leases its premises under a lease expiring June 30, 2013. Future approximate minimum annual rental expense for the fiscal years ended September 30 is:

2010	\$30,926
2011	\$32,457
2012	\$32,967
2013	\$24,726 (9 months)

The lease contains rent escalation provisions based on increased real estate taxes and other operating expenses. Utilities are included in the minimum rental expense.

Note 7- Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Credit Risk

As a securities broker/dealer, the Company is engaged in buying and selling securities for a diverse group of institutional and individual investors. The Company's transactions are collateralized and are executed with and on behalf of banks, brokers and dealers and other financial institutions. The Company introduces these transactions for clearance to another broker/dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

The Company may be exposed to a risk of loss not reflected on the accompanying statement of financial condition for securities sold, but not yet purchased, should the value of such securities rise. At September 30, 2009, the Company holds no such securities. The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with non-performance of customers in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to securities transactions can be directly impacted by volatile trading markets which may impair customers' ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company and the Company's ability to liquidate the collateral at an amount equal to the original contracted amount.

DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

Note 7- Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Credit Risk (continued)

The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to such non-performance by its customers. The Company seeks to control the aforementioned risks by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory requirements and the clearing brokers internal guidelines.

The Company monitors its customer activity by reviewing information it receives from its clearing broker on a daily basis, and requiring customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions when necessary.

Note 8- Net Capital Requirements

The capital ratio of the Company, as independently computed by our auditors, was 11.67%, versus an allowable maximum of 1500%, under the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company's net capital requirement under SEC Rule 15c3-1 was \$250,000. The net capital as computed was \$505,472 leaving capital in excess of requirements in the amount of \$255,472.

A copy of the Company's Statement of Financial Condition as of September 30, 2009, pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5, is available for examination at the Company's office and at the regional office of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the office of FINRA.



LERNER & SIPKIN
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS LLP

132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074
E-mail: LS@lernerpsipkin.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Officers and Directors of
David Harris & Co., Inc.
222 Mamaroneck Avenue
White Plains, NY 10605

Gentlemen:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of David Harris & Co., Inc. as of September 30, 2009. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of David Harris & Co., Inc. as of September 30, 2009, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lerner & Sipkin CPAs LLP
Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP
Certified Public Accountants (NY)

New York, NY
October 29, 2009

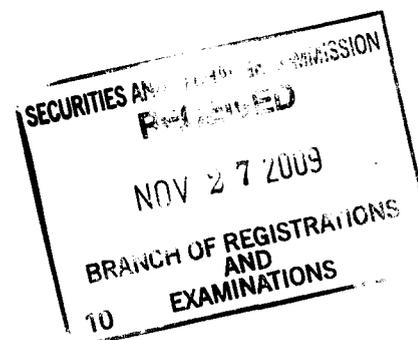
DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

SEPTEMBER 30, 2009

DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC.

**Schedule of the Determination of SIPC Net Operating Revenues and
General Assessment**

For the Period April 1, 2009 through September 30, 2009





LERNER & SIPKIN
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS LLP

132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074
E-mail: LS@lerner-sipkin.com

To the Board of Directors of
David Harris & Co., Inc.
222 Mamaroneck Avenue
White Plains, NY 10605

Gentlemen:

In accordance with Rule 17a-5(e)(4) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have performed the procedures enumerated below with respect to the accompanying Schedule of Assessment and Payments to the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC") for the year ended **September 30, 2009**, which were agreed to by **David Harris & Co., Inc.** ("Company") and the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. ("FINRA") and SIPC., solely to assist you in evaluating the Company's compliance with rule 17a-5(e)(4). The Company's management is responsible for the Company's compliance with those requirements. This agreed-upon procedures engagement was conducted in accordance with attestation standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of these procedures is solely the responsibility of those parties specified in this report. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose. The procedures we performed are as follows:

- 1- Compared the listed assessment payments with respective cash disbursement records entries, noting no exceptions;
- 2- Compared the amounts reported on the audited Form X-17A-5 for the year ended September 30, 2009, with the amounts reported in the Transitional Assessment Reconciliation (Form SIPC-7T) for the year ended September 30, 2009, noting no exceptions;
- 3- Compared any adjustments reported in Form SIPC-7T with supporting schedules and working papers, noting no exceptions;
- 4- Proved the arithmetical accuracy of the calculations reflected in Form SIPC-7T and in the related schedules and working papers supporting the adjustments, noting no exceptions; and
- 5- Compared the amount of any overpayment applied with the Form SIPC-7T on which it was computed, noting no exceptions.

We were not engaged to, and did not conduct an examination, the objective of which would be the expression of an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the specified parties listed above and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP (NY)
November 19, 2009

DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC.

Schedule of the Determination of SIPC Net Operating Revenues and General Assessment
Period April 1, 2009 through September 30, 2009

Determination of SIPC Net Operating Revenues:

Total Revenues (FOCUS line 12/ Part IIA line 9)	\$ 89,214
Additions	-
Deductions	<u>(13,586)</u>
SIPC Net Operating Revenues	<u>\$ 75,628</u>

Determination of General Assessment:

SIPC Net Operating Revenues:	<u>\$ 75,628</u>
General Assessment @ .0025	<u>\$ 189</u>

Assessment Remittance:

Greater of General Assessment or \$150 Minimum	\$ 189
Less: Payment made with Form SIPC-4 in January, February or March, 2009	<u>(150)</u>
Assessment Balance Due	<u>\$ 39</u>

**Reconciliation with the Company's Computation of SIPC Net Operating Revenues for the Period
April 1, 2009 through September 30, 2009:**

SIPC Net Operating Revenues as computed by the Company on Form SIPC-7T	\$ 75,628
SIPC Net Operating Revenues as computed above	<u>75,628</u>
Difference	<u>\$ -</u>

Washington
NOV 17 2009
REC
M

DAVID HARRIS & CO., INC.
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' COMMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2009



LERNER & SIPKIN
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS LLP

132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074
E-mail: LS@lernersipkin.com

To the Officers and Directors of
David Harris & Co., Inc.
222 Mamaroneck Avenue
White Plains, NY 10605

Gentlemen:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of David Harris & Co., Inc. as of and for the year ended September 30, 2009, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion of the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5 (g) (1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5 (g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3 (a) (11); and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at September 30, 2009, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of David Harris & Co., Inc. to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control and that alternatively greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, NYSE and other regulatory agencies, that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lerner & Sipkin CPAs LLP
Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP
Certified Public Accountants (N.Y.)

New York, NY
October 29, 2009