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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17 A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 44166

DIVISION OF MARKET REGULATION

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2008 AND ENDING 12/31/2008
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: **GLOBAL INVESTOR SERVICES, L.C.**

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

777 Brickell Avenue, Suite 1010

(No. and Street)

Miami

(City)

FL

(State)

33131

(Zip Code)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM I.D. NO.

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Raul Henriquez

305-373-9000

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Kaufman Rossin & Co.

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

2699 S. Bayshore Drive

(Address)

Miami

(City)

Florida

(State)

33133

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in the United States or any of its possessions

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17 a-5(e) (2)

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8/4/09

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Raul Henriquez, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of GLOBAL INVESTOR SERVICES, L.C., as of December 31, 2008, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

No exceptions

(Signature)

Managing Director
(Title)

(Notary Public)

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. (Cash Flows)
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (o) Independent auditors' report on internal control required by SEC Rule 17a-5.

*** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing. See section 240.17a-5(e)(3).*

A report containing a statement of financial condition has been included; accordingly it is requested that this report be given confidential treatment.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

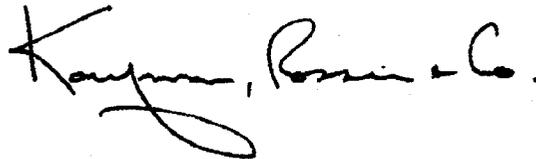
To the Member
Global Investor Services, L.C.
Miami, Florida

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Global Investor Services, L.C. as of December 31, 2008, and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Global Investor Services, L.C. as of December 31, 2008, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information on pages 9 and 10 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Miami, Florida
February 26, 2009

**KAUFMAN
ROSSIN &
CO.** PROFESSIONAL
ASSOCIATION
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

GLOBAL INVESTOR SERVICES, L.C.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2008

ASSETS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (NOTE 2)	\$	1,502,929
DUE FROM BROKER (NOTE 2)		48,902
OTHER RECEIVABLES		35,334
OTHER ASSETS		18,799
	\$	1,605,964

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

LIABILITIES

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities (Note 3)	\$	629,134
CONTINGENCY (NOTE 6)		
MEMBER'S EQUITY		976,830
	\$	1,605,964

See accompanying notes.

GLOBAL INVESTOR SERVICES, L.C.
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

REVENUE

Principal transactions	\$	3,070,452
Commissions		2,573,878
Other		969,889
Revenue from sale of investment company shares		749,965
Revenue from foreign fee based managed accounts		517,760
Interest and dividends		69,127
Total revenue		7,951,071

EXPENSES

Commissions		5,285,408
Management fees (Note 3)		2,272,490
Clearing charges		463,098
Other general and administrative		152,754
Dues and subscriptions		53,592
Professional fees		30,500
Total expenses		8,257,842

NET LOSS \$(306,771)

See accompanying notes.

GLOBAL INVESTOR SERVICES, L.C.
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN MEMBER'S EQUITY
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

	Total
MEMBER'S EQUITY AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2007	\$ 1,283,601
NET LOSS	(306,771)
MEMBER'S EQUITY AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2008	\$ 976,830

See accompanying notes.

GLOBAL INVESTOR SERVICES, L.C.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2008

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

Net loss	\$(306,771)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Due from broker	299,442
Other receivables	(66,046)
Other assets	72,252
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	(41,542)
Total adjustments	264,106
Net cash used in operating activities	(42,665)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(42,665)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING	1,545,594
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - ENDING	\$ 1,502,929

Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information:

Interest paid	\$ 8,384
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See accompanying notes.

GLOBAL INVESTOR SERVICES, L.C.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Description of Business and Organization

Global Investor Services, L.C. (the "Company"), was organized in December 24, 1998 as a Florida Limited Liability Company. The Company, a wholly owned subsidiary of Hencorp Becstone, L.C. (the "Parent"), is a broker and dealer whose primary focus of business is to provide execution, clearing and administrative services to foreign brokers through subclearing arrangements. The Company also sells listed, over the counter equities, options, mutual funds and corporate bonds to retail investors, primarily on a riskless principal basis.

Government and Other Regulation

The Company's business is subject to significant regulation by various governmental agencies and self-regulatory organizations. Such regulation includes, among other things, periodic examinations by these regulatory bodies to determine whether the Company is conducting and reporting its operations in accordance with the applicable requirements of these organizations.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include liquid instruments with a purchased maturity of three months or less. The Company may, during the course of operations, maintain cash balances in excess of federally insured limits.

Securities Transactions

Securities transactions and related commission income and clearing charges are reported on a trade date basis.

Other Receivables

Other receivables are uncollateralized customer obligations due under normal trade terms. The carrying amount of receivables may be reduced by an allowance that reflects management's best estimate of the amounts that will not be collected. Management individually reviews all receivable balances and based on an assessment of current credit worthiness, estimates the portion if any, of the balance that will not be collected. As management believes that the receivables are fully collectible and are therefore stated at net realizable value at December 31, 2008, management has not recorded an allowance for doubtful accounts.

Income Taxes

The Company is not subject to income taxes as it is a disregarded entity for income tax purposes as a single member limited liability company, whose operations are reflected in the tax return of the Parent.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes its revenues as services are provided and collection is reasonably assured.

Use of Estimates in the Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. DUE FROM BROKER

The Company's primary clearing and depository operations are provided by Pershing, a Bank of New York Company, whose principal office is in Jersey City, New Jersey. All amounts due from broker and \$1,120,219 of cash and cash equivalents are due from and held by this broker.

NOTE 3. MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

The Company receives management and administrative services, including office facilities, from an entity affiliated by virtue of common ownership. In this regard, the affiliate incurs significant operating expenses and provides facilities and staff in consideration of a management fee. For the year ended December 31, 2008, the Company incurred \$2,272,490 of management fees of which \$453 was unpaid as of December 31, 2008. This amount is included in accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the accompanying statement of financial condition.

Management fees consisted of the following for the year ended December 31, 2008:

Salaries	\$ 1,152,224
Facilities and office expense	800,458
Professional fees	125,939
Travel and entertainment	63,094
Dues and subscriptions	56,894
Commissions	50,855
Miscellaneous	17,759
Seminars	5,267
	<hr/>
	\$ 2,272,490

NOTE 4. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule of the Securities and Exchange Commission, which requires that "Net Capital", as defined, shall be at least the greater of \$100,000 or one-fifteenth of "Aggregate Indebtedness", as defined. At December 31, 2008, the Company's "Net Capital" was \$809,498, which exceeded requirements by \$709,498 and the ratio of "Aggregate Indebtedness" to "Net Capital" was 0.78 to 1.

NOTE 5. RISK CONCENTRATION

In the normal course of business, the Company's customer activities involve the execution, settlement, and financing of various customer securities transactions. These activities may expose the Company to off-balance-sheet risk in the event the customer or other broker is unable to fulfill its contracted obligations and the Company has to purchase or sell the financial instrument underlying the contract at a loss.

The Company's customer securities activities are transacted on either a cash or margin basis. In margin transactions, the clearing broker extends credit to its customers, subject to various regulatory and internal margin requirements, collateralized by cash and securities in the customers' accounts. In connection with these activities, the Company executes customer transactions involving the sale of securities not yet purchased, all of which are transacted on a margin basis subject to individual exchange regulations. Such transactions may expose the Company to significant off-balance-sheet risk in the event margin requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses that customers may incur. In the event the customer fails to satisfy its obligations, the Company may be required to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices to fulfill the customer's obligations. The Company seeks to control the risks associated with its customer activities by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory and internal guidelines. The Company monitors required margin levels daily and, pursuant to such guidelines, requires the customer to deposit additional collateral or to reduce positions when necessary.

NOTE 6. CONTINGENCY

Litigation Matter

The Company is involved in a legal proceeding arising in the ordinary course of business. While it is not feasible to predict or determine the outcome of the proceeding, in the opinion of management, based on a review with legal counsel, any losses which may result from such legal proceeding is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of operations of the Company.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

GLOBAL INVESTOR SERVICES, L.C.

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL PER UNIFORM NET CAPITAL RULE 15C3-1

DECEMBER 31, 2008

CREDITS	
Member's equity	\$ 976,830
DEBITS	
Due from broker	48,902
Other receivables	35,334
Other assets	18,799
Total debits	103,035
NET CAPITAL BEFORE HAIRCUTS ON MONEY MARKET FUNDS	873,795
HAIRCUTS ON MONEY MARKET FUNDS AND FOREIGN CURRENCIES	64,297
NET CAPITAL	809,498
MINIMUM NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT - GREATER OF \$100,000 OR 6 2/3% OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS OF \$629,134	100,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	\$ 709,498
RATIO OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS TO NET CAPITAL	0.78 to 1
SCHEDULE OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 629,134

There are no material differences that exist between the above computation and the Company's corresponding unaudited Form X-17A-5, Part IIA filing.

See independent auditors' report.

GLOBAL INVESTOR SERVICES, L.C.
STATEMENT ON EXEMPTION FROM THE COMPUTATION OF RESERVE
REQUIREMENTS AND INFORMATION FOR POSSESSION OR CONTROL
REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15C3-3
DECEMBER 31, 2008

In accordance with the exemptive provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3, specifically exemption k(2)(ii), the Company is exempt from the computation of a reserve requirement and the information relating to the possession or control requirements.

See independent auditors' report.

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED
BY SEC RULE 17a-5 FOR A BROKER-DEALER CLAIMING AN EXEMPTION
FROM SEC RULE 15c3-3**

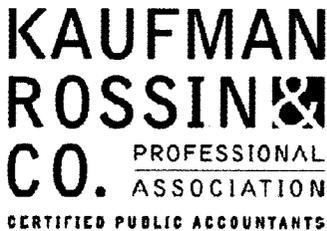
To the Member
Global Investor Services, L.C.
Miami, Florida

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Global Investor Services, L.C. (the Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) list additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

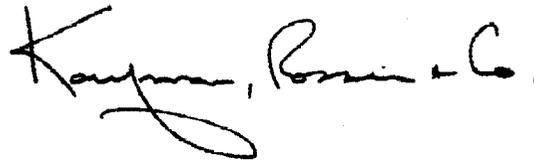
A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board or Directors, management, the SEC, the FINRA, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Miami, Florida
February 26, 2009