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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 30266

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 ThereunderREPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 07/01/07 AND ENDING 06/30/08
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Accumulation Planning, INC.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

6172 North 28th Place

(No. and Street)

Phoenix
(City)AZ
(State)85016
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

William J. Fairbank(602) 468-1800

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Semple, Marchal & Cooper, LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

2700 North Central Avenue, Suite 900, Phoenix, AZ 85004

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- ☒ Certified Public Accountant
☐ Public Accountant
☐ Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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10/27

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, William J. Fairbank, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Accumulation Planning, Inc., as of October 13, 20 08, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

WJ Fairbank
Signature
President
Title

Terri L. Mason
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- ☒ (a) Facing Page.
- ☒ (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- ☒ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- ☒ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- ☒ (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- ☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- ☒ (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- ☐ (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- ☐ (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- ☒ (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- ☐ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- ☒ (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**For The Year Ended
June 30, 2008**

Report of Independent Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors of
Accumulation Planning, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Accumulation Planning, Inc. as of June 30, 2008, and the related statements of operations and other comprehensive income, stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that are being filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Accumulation Planning, Inc. at June 30, 2008, and the results of its operations and comprehensive income and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Simple, Marchal + Cooper, LLP

Phoenix, Arizona
September 25, 2008

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
June 30, 2008

ASSETS

Current Assets:

Cash and cash equivalents (Note 1)	\$ 40,513
Prepaid expenses	650
Marketable securities (Notes 1 and 2)	<u>202,594</u>

Total Current Assets	243,757
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Furniture and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation (Notes 1 and 3)	<u>-</u>
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Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 243,757</u></u>
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LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Current Liabilities:

Accounts payable	\$ 2,620
Accounts payable - related parties (Notes 6 and 8)	5,400
Advances from related party (Note 8)	3,233
Income taxes payable (Notes 1 and 5)	6,418
Deferred income taxes payable (Notes 1 and 5)	<u>2,784</u>

Total Liabilities	<u>20,455</u>
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Commitments and contingencies (Notes 4 and 6)	-
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Stockholder's Equity:

Common stock - no par value	
100,000 shares authorized - 20,000 shares issued and outstanding	20,000
Retained earnings	194,894
Accumulated other comprehensive income (Note 2)	<u>8,408</u>

Total Stockholder's Equity	<u>223,302</u>
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Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	<u><u>\$ 243,757</u></u>
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The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part
of the Financial Statements

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Revenues:

Commissions	\$ 43,101
Dividend and other investment income	49,214
Realized loss on sale of marketable securities	<u>(2,446)</u>
Total Revenues	<u>89,869</u>

Expenses:

General and administrative expenses	51,670
Interest expense (Note 8)	<u>635</u>
Total costs and expenses	<u>52,305</u>

Income before income taxes	<u>37,564</u>
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Provision for income taxes: (Notes 1 and 5)

Current	(5,818)
Deferred	<u>(2,000)</u>
	<u>(7,818)</u>

Net Income	29,746
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Other Comprehensive Income, Net of Income Taxes:

Unrealized loss on marketable securities	(13,102)
Reclassification adjustment for marketable securities	<u>(826)</u>
	<u>(13,928)</u>

Comprehensive Income	<u><u>\$ 15,818</u></u>
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The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part
of the Financial Statements

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY
For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

	<u>Common Stock</u>		<u>Retained</u>	<u>Accumulated</u> <u>Other</u> <u>Comprehensive</u>	
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Earnings</u>	<u>Income</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance at June 30, 2007	20,000	\$ 20,000	\$ 165,148	\$ 22,336	\$ 207,484
Net Income	-	-	29,746	-	29,746
Other comprehensive income: Change in unrealized gain on marketable securities	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(13,928)</u>	<u>(13,928)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2008	<u>20,000</u>	<u>\$ 20,000</u>	<u>\$ 194,894</u>	<u>\$ 8,408</u>	<u>\$ 223,302</u>

The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part
of the Financial Statements

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
For The Year Ended June 30, 2008

Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents:

Cash flows from operating activities:

Net Income	\$ 29,746
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	370
Accounts payable - related parties	(12,800)
Accrued expenses	(1,921)
Prepaid expenses	(650)
Income taxes payable	5,818
Deferred income taxes payable	2,000

Net cash provided by operating activities	22,563
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Cash flows from financing activities:

Proceeds from advances from related party	4,000
Repayment of advances from related party	(6,500)

Net cash used by financing activities	(2,500)
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Cash flows from investing activities:

Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	40,068
Payments for purchase of marketable securities	(23,809)

Net cash provided by investing activities	16,259
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Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	36,322
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Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	4,191
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Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 40,513
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Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash paid during the year for:

Interest	\$ 2,556
Income taxes	\$ -

Supplemental non-cash investing and financing activities:

Decrease in unrealized gain on marketable securities	\$ 13,928
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The Accompanying Notes are an Integral Part
of the Financial Statements

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Use of Estimates and Nature of Operations

Operations

Accumulation Planning, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Arizona on July 21, 1983. On August 23, 1983, the Company registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as a broker-dealer under the requirements of Section 15(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company acts as an introducing broker-dealer and forwards client transactions to direct participation plans, real estate limited partnerships and mutual funds, that carry such accounts; therefore, no customer accounts are reflected in the financial statements. The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

Revenues

Commission revenue consists of commissions earned through the sale of units in mutual fund shares and interest in direct participation plans. Commission revenue is recognized on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

Dividend and other investment income are recognized when received.

Commissions Paid

Commissions are recorded as an expense to registered representatives on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

Basis of Presentation

These statements have been prepared in accordance with established standards for securities broker-dealers and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities Transactions

Marketable securities are carried at fair value. Net unrealized gains and losses are not recognized in the period in which they are incurred, but are recorded as an adjustment to stockholder's equity until the underlying securities are disposed of by sale or otherwise. Realized gains and losses are calculated using the average cost at the date of disposal.

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 1

**Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, Use of Estimates and Nature of Operations
(Continued)**

Fair Value of Financial Transactions

The Company has a number of financial instruments, none of which are held for trading purposes. The Company estimates that the fair value of all financial instruments at June 30, 2008 does not materially differ from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying statement of financial condition. The Company, using available market information and appropriate valuation methodologies, has determined the estimated fair value amounts. Considerable judgment is required in interpreting market data to develop the estimates of fair value, and accordingly, the estimates are not necessarily indicative of the amounts that the Company could realize in a current market exchange.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be all highly liquid investments purchased with an initial maturity of three (3) months or less.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost and depreciated over their estimated useful lives of 5 to 7 years, using accelerated methods used for income tax purposes, which management believes is not materially different than methods used in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Maintenance and repairs that neither materially add to the value of the property nor appreciably prolong its life are charged to expense as incurred. Betterments or renewals are capitalized when incurred. As the Company's assets are fully depreciated, no depreciation expense was recorded for the year ended June 30, 2008.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes in accordance with Financial Accounting Standard No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" ("SFAS 109"). SFAS 109 requires the Company to recognize deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been recognized in the Company's financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statements carrying amounts and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect in the years in which the differences are expected to reverse. Deferred income taxes include the estimated income taxes relating to unrealized gains on marketable securities.

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 2
Marketable Securities

At June 30, 2008, the Company had several investments, including four (4) mutual funds, carried as available for sale securities. Available for sale securities are equity securities purchased and held for the purpose of selling over an undetermined period, and are reported at fair value, with unrealized gains and losses reported as a separate component of stockholder's equity.

As of June 30, 2008, the Company had available for sale securities, as follows:

	Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains (Loss)	Fair Value
Mutual Funds	\$ 166,909	\$ (4,140)	\$ 162,769
Common Stock	24,493	15,332	39,825
	<u>\$ 191,402</u>	<u>\$ 11,192</u>	<u>\$ 202,594</u>

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the mutual funds earned \$12,472 in dividend income and \$1,742 of capital gain income. During the year ended June 30, 2008, the common stock had \$35,000 of capital gain income. The Company had \$2,446 in realized losses on sales of marketable securities during the year ended June 30, 2008. Stockholder's equity at June 30, 2008 includes unrealized gains of \$8,408, net of income taxes of \$2,784.

Note 3
Property and Equipment

As of June 30, 2008, property and equipment consists of the following:

Computer equipment	\$ 9,740
Furniture and fixtures	5,000
	<u>14,740</u>
Less: accumulated depreciation	<u>(14,740)</u>
	<u>\$ -</u>

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 4
Net Capital Requirements

As a registered broker/dealer, the Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital shall not exceed 15 to 1. At June 30, 2008, the Company's computed net capital of \$175,604 which exceeded required net capital of \$5,000 by \$170,604. At June 30, 2008, the Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .12 to 1.

Note 5
Provision for Income Taxes

The components of income tax expense are as follows:

Federal deferred income tax expense	\$ (2,000)
Federal income tax expense	(3,001)
State income tax expense	<u>(2,817)</u>
	<u><u>\$ (7,818)</u></u>

Income taxes payable include the following:

Federal income taxes payable	\$ (2,914)
State income taxes payable	<u>(3,504)</u>
	<u><u>\$ (6,418)</u></u>

In addition, unrealized gains on marketable securities as of June 30, 2008 resulted in a deferred income tax liability of \$2,784.

For the year ended June 30, 2008, the Company's effective income tax rate is lower than what would be expected if the Federal and State statutory rates were applied to income from operations, primarily because of Federal exclusions for dividends received from domestic corporations.

Note 6
Commitments and Contingencies

Deferred Compensation

An affiliate of the Company pays a retirement benefit to the president/sole shareholder and a former employee for the present and past services. The retirement benefit is allocated based on several companies owned by the Company's president/sole shareholder, including Accumulation Planning, Inc. The related entity is reimbursed by Accumulation Planning, Inc. for one-half of the total amount of deferred compensation paid by the affiliate to the president/sole shareholder and the former employee.

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 6
Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)

Deferred Compensation (Continued)

Currently, the affiliate pays \$900 per month for the former employee. There is no formal retirement plan or obligation for the past years of service by the employee. However, the Company has agreed to be responsible for 50% of the retirement benefit. Accordingly, management believes that the \$450 monthly amount presently being paid by the Company will continue and has accrued this obligation.

Currently, the affiliate pays \$1,300 per month for the president/sole shareholder. There is no formal retirement plan or obligation for the past years of service by the president/sole shareholder. However, the Company has agreed to be responsible for 50% of the retirement benefit. Accordingly, management believes that the \$650 monthly amount presently being paid by the Company will continue and has accrued this obligation.

As of June 30, 2008, the Company owes the affiliate \$5,400 for previously accrued retirement benefits. However, no additional post employment liability has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for this obligation as the payment is deemed to be voluntary on the part of the Company.

Note 7
Concentrations and Credit Risks

Concentrations and Credit Risks

The Company has a concentration of risk related to its reliance upon the sales of securities. Downturns in the market could severely impact revenues.

Commissions are earned primarily through the personal efforts of the Company's principal stockholder.

The Company is engaged in various trading and brokerage activities in which counter-parties primarily include broker-dealers, banks, and other financial institutions. In the event the counter-parties do not fulfill their obligations, the Company may be exposed to risk. The risk of default depends on the creditworthiness of the counter-party or issuer of the instrument. It is the Company's policy to review, as necessary, the credit standing of each counter-party.

As part of its normal brokerage activities, the Company sells securities not yet purchased for its own account. The establishment of short positions exposes the Company to off-balance sheet market risk in the event prices increase, as the Company may be obligated to acquire the securities at prevailing market prices. As of June 30, 2008, the Company had no exposure to loss in this area as it had no short positions.

The Company does not maintain bank accounts with balances in excess of federally insured limits.

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Note 8
Related Party Transactions

Related Party

The Company is wholly-owned by the William J. Fairbank, Jr., Trust. Mr. Fairbank is the Trustee and is also the President and Treasurer of the Company. Mr. Fairbank acts as a registered representative of the Company and executes transactions on behalf of customers for which the Company is paid commissions. During the year, Mr. Fairbank controls and operates other affiliated businesses. The existence of that control could result in operating results or financial position of the Company significantly different from those that would have been obtained if the entities were autonomous.

Accounts Payable – Related Parties

The Company's operations are conducted from the premises of Mr. Fairbank for which no rental expense is recorded. However, the majority of other incrementally incurred business costs and expenses of the Company incurred by him are recorded, such as telephone, travel, business meals, and automobile. The Company also reimbursed Mr. Fairbank for medical insurance premiums and uninsured medical expenses. Mr. Fairbank was not paid any commissions or other compensation by the Company during the current fiscal year. At June 30, 2008, the Company had accounts payable due to one of his affiliated businesses totaling \$5,400.

Advances from Related Party

At June 30, 2008, a note payable in the amount of \$3,233 was owed to William J. Fairbank, Jr. The note payable is due on demand and has an interest rate of 10%.

During the year ended June 30, 2008, interest expense was incurred on the advances from related party in the amount of \$635. As of June 30, 2008, there is no accrued interest payable in relation to the advances from related party.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

SCHEDULE I

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC. COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION June 30, 2008

	Per Audited Financial Statements	Per Unaudited X-17A-5 Part IIA
Net Capital:		
Total Stockholder's Equity	\$ 223,302	
Non-Allowable Assets	(650)	
Net Capital Before Haircuts on Securities Position	222,652	256,157
Other additions and or credits	-	(30,105)
Haircuts Computed Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1		
Mutual Funds and common stock	31,196	-
Undue Concentration	15,852	-
Total Haircuts on Securities	47,048	-
Net Capital	<u>\$ 175,604</u>	<u>\$ 226,052</u>
Aggregate Indebtedness		
Items included in statement of financial condition:		
Accounts payable	2,620	
Accounts payable - related parties	5,400	
Income taxes payable	6,418	
Deferred income taxes payable	2,784	
Advances from related party	3,233	
Total Aggregate Indebtedness	<u>\$ 20,455</u>	<u>\$ 370</u>
Minimum Net Capital Requirement (6 2/3% of Aggregate Indebtedness)	<u>\$ 1,364</u>	<u>\$ 25</u>
Minimum Dollar Net Capital Requirement	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Net Capital Requirement (Greater of Above)	<u>\$ 5,000</u>	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Net Capital in Excess of Requirement	<u>\$ 170,604</u>	<u>\$ 221,052</u>
Amount in Excess of Minimum Net Capital at 1000%	<u>\$ 173,559</u>	<u>\$ 226,015</u>
Ratio: Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	<u>\$.12 to 1</u>	<u>\$ 0 to 1</u>

SCHEDULE I (Continued)

**ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC.
COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (Continued)
June 30, 2008**

**Reconciliation of the computation of net capital with the computations included in Part II
of X-17A-5 as of June 30, 2008**

Net Capital Per Focus Report	\$ 226,052
Changes resulting from audit adjustments:	
Increase in accounts payable	(2,250)
Increase in accrued liabilities	(8,633)
Increase in income taxes payable	(9,202)
Decrease in unrealized gain on marketable securities	(13,420)
Increase in haircuts for mutual funds and common stock	(31,196)
Increase in haircuts for undue concentrations	(15,852)
Increase in other additions and/or credits	<u>30,105</u>
Total audit adjustments	<u>(50,448)</u>
Net Capital Per Audit Report	<u><u>\$ 175,604</u></u>

SCHEDULE II

ACCUMULATION PLANNING, INC. COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS UNDER RULE 15c3-3 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION June 30, 2008

The Company's transactions with clients consist exclusively of acting as an introducing broker-dealer to a clearing broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis. The Company transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker-dealer who, in turn, carries all the accounts of such customers. The Company therefore meets the requirements of paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 and is exempt from the computation of cash reserve requirements for brokers and dealers.

SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Independent Auditors' Supplementary Report on Internal Control

To the Board of Directors
Accumulation Planning, Inc.
Phoenix, Arizona

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and the supplemental schedules of Accumulation Planning, Inc. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of the differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to it in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of its design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. However, we identified the following deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures performed in our audit of the financial statements of Accumulation Planning, Inc. as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated September 25, 2008. The material weaknesses noted during our audit consisted of various accounts not being adjusted on a monthly basis, and therefore the financial statements were not properly prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, the quarterly FOCUS Reports submitted to the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA) are also inaccurate. Based on our audit, we also noted that unrealized gains and losses on marketable securities, accounts payable and accrued income taxes were not properly accrued on a monthly basis in the financial statements.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at June 30, 2008, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Sample, Marshal & Cooper, LLP

Certified Public Accountants

Phoenix, Arizona
September 25, 2008

END