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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8 - 01838 44373

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 1/1/2007 AND ENDING 12/31/2007
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
Seaboard Securities, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
18 Columbia Turnpike

Florham Park NJ 07932
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Anthony DiGiovanni 973-514-1500
(Area Code -- Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

J.H. Cohn LLP

(Name -- if individual, state last, first, middle name)

4 Becker Farm Road Roseland NJ
(Address) (City) (State)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions

PROCESSED
APR 16 2008
THOMSON FINANCIAL
REC PROCESSING
MAR 31 2008
Washington, DC
101

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

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AK-115

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Anthony DiGiovanni, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Seaboard Securities, Inc., as of December 31, 2007, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



[Handwritten Signature]
Signature

President

Title

Lorraine E. Noack 3/24/08
Notary Public

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

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Report of Independent Public Accountants

To the Board of Directors
Seaboard Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Seaboard Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholders' equity, changes in subordinated borrowings and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Seaboard Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2007, and its results of operations and cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared assuming that the Company will continue as a going concern. As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the Company's significant operating loss, cash deficiency from operating activities and other matters raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plans regarding those matters are also discussed in Note 1. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might result from the outcome of this uncertainty.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.



Roseland, New Jersey
March 27, 2008

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
DECEMBER 31, 2007

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 60,119
Receivables from clearing organizations	1,600,393
Securities owned	351,729
Arbitration awards receivable	35,000
Other assets	<u>622,499</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,669,740</u>

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

Liabilities:	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 968,021
Securities sold but not yet purchased	20,932
Other liabilities	<u>155,317</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,144,270</u>
Subordinated borrowings	<u>1,000,000</u>
Commitments and contingencies	
Stockholders' equity:	
Preferred stock, various series; at aggregate redemption value and liquidation preference	2,403,000
Common stock, at stated value; 15,000 shares authorized; 300 shares issued	65,200
Additional paid-in capital	1,457,746
Accumulated deficit	(3,251,276)
Less treasury stock, 200 shares of common stock, at cost	<u>(149,200)</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>525,470</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,669,740</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Revenue:	
Commissions	\$ 22,797,156
Gain on principal transactions	952,468
Arbitration award income	241,949
Other income	127,351
Total	<u>24,118,924</u>
Expenses:	
Compensation and benefits	21,746,794
Clearing and floor brokerage	1,129,681
Regulatory fees and expenses	109,414
Communications	624,751
Interest expense	91,470
Occupancy and equipment rental	417,415
General and administrative	679,570
Total	<u>24,799,095</u>
Net loss	<u>\$ (680,171)</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

	Series B		Series D		Series E		Series F		Series G		Series H		Series I		Series J		Common Stock		Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings		Treasury Stock		Total		
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount			
Balance, January 1, 2007	128,80	\$ 1,288,000	20	\$ 200,000	12	\$ 120,000												300	\$ 450,000	\$ 1,457,748	\$ (2,571,095)	(100)	\$ (110,200)	\$ 1,117,441			
Issuance of preferred stock																									120,000		
Redemption of preferred stock																											
Purchase of common stock for treasury																											
Net Issuance																											
Balance, December 31, 2007	128,80	\$ 1,288,000	20	\$ 200,000	12	\$ 120,000												300	\$ 450,000	\$ 1,457,748	\$ (2,571,228)	(100)	\$ (110,200)	\$ 826,171			

(A) Corrected number of shares which had previously been presented as 200.
 See Notes to Financial Statements.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SUBORDINATED BORROWINGS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Subordinated borrowings, January 1, 2007	\$ 1,000,000
Issuance of subordinated notes	<u>-</u>
Subordinated borrowings, December 31, 2007	<u>\$ 1,000,000</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2007

Operating activities:	
Net loss	\$ (680,171)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:	
Depreciation and amortization	41,598
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Receivables from clearing organizations	854,720
Securities owned	(41,832)
Arbitration awards receivable	7,500
Other assets	(5,726)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	(324,809)
Securities sold but not yet purchased	(8,088)
Other liabilities	<u>(313,487)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(470,295)</u>
Investing activities - purchase of equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements	<u>(45,902)</u>
Financing activities:	
Issuance of preferred stock	120,000
Redemption of preferred stock	(2,000)
Purchase of common stock for treasury	<u>(30,000)</u>
Net cash provided by financing activities	<u>88,000</u>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(428,197)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>488,316</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 60,119</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow data:	
Interest paid	<u>\$ 90,220</u>

See Notes to Financial Statements.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Business and summary of significant accounting policies:

Business:

Seaboard Securities, Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and is a member of the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., successor to the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

The Company has an agreement with another broker-dealer (the "clearing broker") to clear transactions, carry customers' accounts on a fully-disclosed basis and perform record keeping functions and, consequently, operates under the exemptive provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3k(2)(ii).

Basis of presentation:

As shown in the accompanying financial statements, the Company incurred a net loss of \$680,171 and a cash deficiency from operating activities of \$470,295 during the year ended December 31, 2007 and, as of that date, had an accumulated deficit of \$3,251,276. In addition, subordinated borrowings are needed in order for the Company to meet its required minimum net capital (see Note 10). A net loss for 2008 similar to the loss incurred for 2007 would reduce the Company's net capital (including subordinated borrowings) to below its required minimum capital. The Company is party to various legal actions and while the Company is vigorously defending itself against these actions, an unfavorable outcome of any of these actions could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Those factors create an uncertainty about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. Management's plan with respect to these matters is to issue preferred stock to its current or future stockholders, maintain its current level of subordinated borrowing and, if needed, obtain additional subordinated borrowings in 2008. The ability of the Company to continue as a going concern is dependent on the plan's success. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that might be necessary if the Company is unable to continue as a going concern.

Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Securities transactions and valuations:

Securities transactions, commission income and related commission expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis.

The Company's securities owned and the securities sold but not yet purchased positions are concentrated in marketable equity securities. Those securities positions and its deposits in money market accounts are valued at market value and unrealized gains and losses are included in results of operations. Realized gains and losses are determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Business and summary of significant accounting policies (concluded):

Cash equivalents:

Cash equivalents are investments in money market funds.

Equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements:

Equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements are carried at cost. Depreciation and amortization are provided using straight-line and accelerated methods over the estimated useful lives of the assets or term of the lease.

Income taxes:

The Company accounts for income taxes pursuant to the asset and liability method which requires deferred income tax assets and liabilities to be computed for temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities that will result in taxable or deductible amounts in the future based on enacted tax laws and rates applicable to the periods in which the temporary differences are expected to affect taxable income. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. The income tax provision is the tax payable or refundable for the period plus or minus the change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Concentrations of credit risk:

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to concentrations of credit risk consist principally of cash and cash equivalents and receivables from clearing organizations. The Company maintains its cash and temporary cash investments in bank deposit and other accounts, the balances of which, at times, may exceed Federally insured limits. Amounts receivable from clearing organizations consist predominately of commissions receivable and unsettled trades. Exposure to credit risk is reduced by establishing its banking and brokerage relationships with high credit quality financial institutions. In addition, the clearing broker maintains insurance for amounts in excess of the Federal limits.

Note 2 - Securities owned and securities sold but not yet purchased:

Securities owned (other than money market account shares) and securities sold but not yet purchased represent positions in marketable securities, all common stocks, taken primarily for trading purposes in the ordinary course of business.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 3 - Equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements:

Equipment, furniture and leasehold improvements are included in other assets as of December 31, 2007 and consist of the following:

	<u>Estimated Useful Life</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Computer equipment	5 years	\$405,713
Furniture and fixtures	5 years	13,678
Leasehold improvements	Term of lease	<u>45,208</u>
		464,599
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization		<u>339,516</u>
Total		<u>\$125,083</u>

Note 4 - Income taxes:

At December 31, 2007, deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to the Company's temporary differences, and a related valuation allowance, were as follows:

Deferred tax assets:	
Federal net operating loss carryforwards	\$ 759,000
State and city net operating loss carryforwards	273,000
Accounts receivable reserve	<u>40,000</u>
Total gross deferred tax assets	<u>1,072,000</u>
Deferred tax liabilities	
Fixed assets	(1,000)
State taxes	<u>(86,000)</u>
Total	<u>(87,000)</u>
Net	985,000
Valuation allowance	<u>(985,000)</u>
Net deferred tax assets	<u>\$ -</u>

As of December 31, 2007, the Company had net operating loss carryforwards of approximately \$2,230,000 for Federal income tax reporting purposes and \$3,036,000 for state and local income tax reporting purposes that expire at various dates through 2026. Due to the significant uncertainties related to, among other things, the extent and timing of future taxable income, the Company recorded an equivalent valuation allowance. As a result of the increase in the valuation allowance of \$233,000 during 2007, there are no deferred income taxes reflected in the accompanying statement of operations.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 5 - Savings plan:

The Company maintains a savings plan pursuant to Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "Code") under which all employees meeting eligibility requirements qualify for membership. Subject to certain limits set forth in the Code, employees are permitted to make contributions to the plan on a pre-tax salary reduction basis, and the Company may make voluntary contributions. No contributions were made by the Company in 2007.

Note 6 - Commitments and contingencies:

Operating leases:

The Company leases its office space under operating leases that expire through September 2014. Office leases generally require the Company to pay real estate taxes and maintenance costs. The Company had a sublease for one of its office locations which expired on the same date as the related lease in October 2007. Minimum future rental commitments under noncancelable leases in each of the five years subsequent to December 31, 2007 and thereafter are as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31,</u>	<u>Total</u>
2008	\$ 276,556
2009	248,374
2010	192,912
2011	196,026
2012	199,140
Thereafter	<u>348,495</u>
Total	<u>\$1,461,503</u>

Rent expense under noncancelable operating leases was \$389,270 in 2007. Rental income under noncancelable operating leases was \$61,685 in 2007.

Litigation:

The Company is a party to various legal actions arising in the ordinary course of business related to the Company's brokerage activities. The Company is vigorously defending itself against these actions. The amount of the loss or a range of a possible loss related to these actions cannot be reasonably estimated. In the opinion of management, an unfavorable outcome of any of these actions could have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, results of operations or cash flows of the Company.

During 2007, the Company settled various legal actions in their favor in the amount of \$241,949, of which \$35,000 is due the Company as of December 31, 2007. These amounts are included in arbitration award income and arbitration awards receivable, respectively.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 6 - Commitments and contingencies (concluded):

Litigation (concluded):

Included in other liabilities at December 31, 2007 is \$108,147 relating to accrued losses from legal actions that were not settled in the Company's favor. Included in general and administrative expenses is \$240,170 related to legal awards that were not settled in the Company's favor.

Indemnifications:

In the normal course of its business, the Company indemnifies and guarantees certain service providers, such as clearing and custody agents, trustees and administrators, against specified potential losses in connection with their acting as an agent of, or providing services to, the Company or its affiliates. The Company also indemnifies some clients against potential losses incurred in the event specified third-party service providers, including subcustodians and third-party brokers, improperly execute transactions. The maximum potential amount of future payments that the Company could be required to make under these indemnifications cannot be estimated. However, the Company believes that it is unlikely it will have to make material payments under these arrangements and has not recorded any contingent liability in the financial statements for these indemnifications.

Note 7 - Financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk:

The Company's customer securities activities are transacted on either a cash or margin basis. In margin transactions, the Company's clearing broker extends credit to the customer, subject to various regulatory and internal margin requirements, collateralized by cash and securities in the customer's account. As a result of guaranteeing customer margin balances carried by the clearing broker, the Company may be exposed to off-balance-sheet risk in the event margin requirements are not sufficient to fully cover losses which the customer may incur. Margin accounts guaranteed by the Company at December 31, 2007 amounted to \$127,869.

Securities sold but not yet purchased represent obligations of the Company to deliver the specified security at the contracted price and thereby create a liability to repurchase the security in the market at prevailing prices. Accordingly, these transactions result in off-balance-sheet risk as the Company's ultimate obligation to satisfy the sale of securities sold but not yet purchased may exceed the amount recognized in the statement of financial condition.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 7 - Financial instruments with off-balance-sheet risk (concluded):

Additionally, the Company is exposed to off-balance-sheet risk of loss on transactions during the period from the trade date to the settlement date, which is generally three business days. If the customer fails to satisfy its contractual obligations to the clearing broker, the Company may have to purchase or sell financial instruments at prevailing market prices in order to fulfill the customer's obligations. Settlement of these transactions is not expected to have a material effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or cash flows.

The Company seeks to control the risks associated with its customer activities by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory and clearing broker guidelines. The Company monitors required margin levels daily and, pursuant to such guidelines, requires the customers to deposit additional collateral or to reduce positions when necessary.

Note 8 - Net capital requirements:

The Company is subject to the SEC Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$751,510, which was \$526,510 in excess of its required net capital of \$225,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 1.49 to 1.

Note 9 - Preferred stock:

The Company may issue preferred stock in one or more series with the terms and preferences to be determined by the Company's Board of Directors. As of December 31, 2007, the Company was authorized to issue 2,500 shares of Series A preferred stock and 10,000 shares of other preferred stock in various series (B, C, D, E, P, S, T, U and Z). During 2007, the Company issued 12 shares of Series E preferred stock and redeemed .20 shares of Series Z preferred stock. Each share of Series A, Series B, Series C, Series D, Series E, Series P, Series S, Series T, Series U and Series Z preferred stock is without par value; is nonvoting; has a redemption price (which is subject to certain adjustments) of \$10,000 per share which is solely at the option of the Company at any time; has a liquidation preference of \$10,000 per share; and does not earn any dividends unless declared by the Company's Board of Directors.

At December 31, 2007, there are no Series A, Series C or Series U shares issued or outstanding.

During 2007, the Company purchased 100 shares of common stock from a stockholder for the treasury for \$30,000.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10- Subordinated borrowings:

At December 31, 2007, the Company has borrowings under a subordination agreement in the amount of \$1,000,000 due on March 30, 2008 with interest at 6.75%. Interest is due at maturity but may be prepaid. Interest expense on subordinated borrowings was \$68,250 in 2007.

The subordinated borrowings, which are unsecured, are available in computing net capital under the SEC's uniform net capital rule. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid. The Company sent a letter to FINRA dated February 26, 2008 stating that the Company has determined not to repay the subordinated loan at its maturity date of March 30, 2008. Prior to repayment, the Company will request written approval from FINRA when its net capital position would not be impaired by the repayment of this loan.

Note 11- Related party transactions:

Included in other assets on the accompanying statement of financial condition is a receivable from a stockholder of \$182,492, which resulted from noninterest bearing cash advances.

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

**SCHEDULE I - COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
DECEMBER 31, 2007**

Net capital:		
Total stockholders' equity	\$	525,470
Add subordinated borrowings allowable in the computation of net capital		1,000,000
Deduct nonallowable assets and charges:		
Receivable from clearing organizations	\$ 44,414	
Arbitration awards receivable	35,000	
Other assets	622,499	(701,913)
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		<u>823,557</u>
Haircuts on securities positions:		
Other - trading and investment securities	52,759	
Other - undue concentration	19,288	72,047
Net capital		<u>\$ 751,510</u>
Aggregate indebtedness:		
Items included in statement of financial condition:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	968,021
Other liabilities		<u>155,317</u>
Aggregate indebtedness		<u>\$ 1,123,338</u>
Computation of basic net capital requirement:		
Minimum net capital required (greater of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness or \$225,000 minimum dollar net capital requirement)	\$	<u>225,000</u>
Excess net capital	\$	<u>526,510</u>
Excess net capital at 1,000%	\$	<u>639,176</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		<u>1.49</u>

SEABOARD SECURITIES, INC.

SCHEDULE I - COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION (Concluded)
DECEMBER 31, 2007

Reconciliation with the Company's computation (included in Part IIA
of Form X-17A-5) as of December 31, 2007:

Net capital as reported in the Company's Part IIA (Unaudited) FOCUS Report, as amended, filed on February 19, 2008		\$ 694,599
Increase in net capital resulting from changes in:		
Haircuts on securities positions	\$ 1,782	
Audit adjustments, net:		
Statement of financial condition adjustments and reclassifications	500	
Statement of operations changes	<u>54,629</u>	<u>56,911</u>
Net capital per above		<u>\$ 751,510</u>
Aggregate indebtedness as reported in the Company's Part IIA (Unaudited) FOCUS report, as amended, filed on February 19, 2008		\$ 1,135,480
Decrease in aggregate indebtedness resulting from audit adjust- ments relating to accounts payable and accrued expenses and statement of financial condition reclassifications		<u>(12,142)</u>
Aggregate indebtedness per above		<u>\$ 1,123,338</u>

See Report of Independent Public Accountants.

Report of Independent Public Accountants on Internal Control

To the Board of Directors
Seaboard Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Seaboard Securities, Inc. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11), and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures as described in the second paragraph of this report were adequate at December 31, 2007 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.



Roseland, New Jersey
March 27, 2008

END