

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-4378

**FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2007 AND ENDING December 31, 2007
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: ING PRIVATE WEALTH MANAGEMENT, LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

230 Park Avenue 14th Floor

(No. and Street)

New York

New York

10169

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Steven P. Ruse

(212) 309-8602

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

PROCESSER

KPMG

MAR 24 2008

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

THOMSON
FINANCIAL

345 Park Avenue

New York

New York

(Zip Code)

(Address)

(City)

(State)

SEG

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Section

CHECK ONE:

FEB 29 2008

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

Washington, DC

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

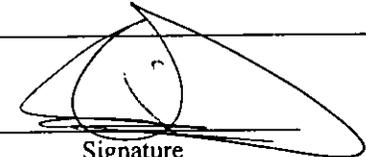
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Handwritten initials

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Jorge Suarez-Velez, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of ING Private Wealth Management, LLC, as of December 31, 2007, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:


Signature

JODI ERLANDSEN
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01ER6023117
Qualified in New York County
Commission Expires April 12, 20 11

Chief Executive Officer _____
Title


Notary Public

This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



KPMG LLP
345 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10154

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Independent Auditors' Report

Washington, DC
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Board of Directors and Member
ING Private Wealth Management, LLC:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of ING Private Wealth Management, LLC (an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.) (the Company) as of December 31, 2007. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ING Private Wealth Management, LLC as of December 31, 2007, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the statement of financial condition. The information contained in Schedule I is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the statement of financial condition, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the statement of financial condition and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the statement of financial condition.

KPMG LLP

February 28, 2008

ING PRIVATE WEALTH MANAGEMENT, LLC
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2007

Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents		\$ 9,944,767
Income taxes receivable from parent		1,741,363
Receivable from customers		337,927
Deposit with clearing organization		<u>100,000</u>
Total assets		<u>\$ 12,124,057</u>
Liabilities and Member's Equity		
Payable to affiliate		\$ 361,474
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities		<u>1,612,290</u>
Total liabilities		1,973,764
Commitments and contingencies		
Member's equity		<u>10,150,293</u>
Total liabilities and member's equity		<u>\$ 12,124,057</u>

See accompanying notes to the statement of financial condition.

ING PRIVATE WEALTH MANAGEMENT, LLC
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2007

(1) Organization

ING Private Wealth Management, LLC (PWM) is a wholly owned subsidiary of ING Financial Holdings Corporation (the Parent). The Parent is an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of ING Groep N.V. PWM is a Delaware limited liability company and is part of the ING Private Banking business line. PWM is a registered broker dealer with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority (FINRA), as well as an Investment Advisor with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC). The services provided by PWM to its clients are primarily account management and advisory/discretionary portfolio management.

PWM clears and settles all products through an unaffiliated securities clearing firm on a fully disclosed basis.

Since PWM is a broker dealer that is exempt from SEC Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii), the schedules entitled "Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3" and "Information for Possession or Control Requirements Under 15c3 3" are not applicable.

(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Basis of Presentation

PWM prepares its statement of financial condition in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. In preparing the statement of financial condition, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the statement of financial condition. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and money market instruments with original maturities of 90 days or less.

(c) Investment Advisory Fees and Commissions

Investment advisory fees are received quarterly and are recognized in arrears based on the assets under management at the end of the billable quarter. The related receivable is included in receivable from customers in the Statement of Financial Condition. Commissions are recorded on a trade date basis as securities transactions occur.

(3) Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) 107, *Disclosure about Fair Value of Financial Instruments*, requires PWM to report the fair value of financial instruments, as defined. Substantially all of PWM's assets and liabilities are carried at fair value or contracted amounts, which approximate fair value.

ING PRIVATE WEALTH MANAGEMENT, LLC
(An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2007

(4) Income Taxes

PWM is a single member LLC which for tax purposes, is treated as a division of its Parent. Based upon a tax sharing agreement, PWM is paid tax based upon its loss before income tax at statutory rates. Total tax benefits are settled currently with its Parent through cash payments. PWM has no deferred tax assets or liabilities at December 31, 2007. The company adopted FIN No. 48 *Accounting for Uncertainty in Income Taxes - an Interpretation of FASB Statement No. 109*, which had no transitional impact or impact on the tax position at December 31, 2007.

(5) Defined Benefit and Defined Contribution Plan

The Parent sponsors a defined plan (the Plan) which covers substantially all full time employees of the Parent and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All employees meeting certain eligibility requirements participate in defined benefit and defined contribution plans administered by an affiliate.

(6) Net Capital Requirements

PWM is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1(a)(2)(vi)), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital of \$5,000, or 6.67% of aggregate indebtedness. PWM operates pursuant to the exemptive provisions of SEC Rule 15c3-3(k)(2)(ii) (the Customer Protection Rule), clearing all transactions on a fully disclosed basis through an unaffiliated securities clearing firm. PWM does not hold customer funds or safekeep customer securities.

At December 31, 2007, PWM had net capital of \$7,842,107 of which \$7,710,523 was in excess of the required net capital of \$131,584.

ING PRIVATE WEALTH MANAGEMENT, LLC
 (An Indirect Wholly Owned Subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.)

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2007

Total member's equity	\$	10,150,293
Deductions and/or charges:		
Nonallowable assets:		
Income taxes receivable from parent		1,741,363
Receivable from customers		<u>337,927</u>
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions		8,071,003
Haircuts on securities (money market instruments)		<u>228,896</u>
Net capital		<u>7,842,107</u>
Aggregate indebtedness		
Items included in statement of financial condition:		
Payable to affiliate		361,474
Accounts payable, accrued expenses and other liabilities		<u>1,612,290</u>
Total aggregate indebtedness		<u>1,973,764</u>
Computation of basic net capital requirement		
The greater of 6.67% of aggregate indebtedness as shown in the formula for reserve requirements or \$5,000 pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 prepared as of date of net capital computation		<u>131,584</u>
Excess net capital	\$	<u>7,710,523</u>
Excess net capital at 1,000 percent		<u>7,644,730</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital		<u>.25 to 1</u>

Statement Pursuant to Paragraph(d)(4) of Rule 17a-5

Note: The above computation does not differ materially from the computation of net capital under Rule 15c3-1 as of December 31, 2007 filed by ING Private Wealth Management, LLC in its Form X-17A-5, as amended on February 26, 2008.

See accompanying independent auditors' report.



KPMG LLP
345 Park Avenue
New York, NY 10154

Independent Auditors' report on Internal Control Pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5

Board of Directors and Member of
ING Private Wealth Management, LLC:

In planning and performing our audit of the statement of financial condition of ING Private Wealth Management, LLC (the Company) (an indirect wholly owned subsidiary of ING Groep N.V.), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the statement of financial condition, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KPMG LLP

February 28, 2008

END