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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III
FEB 27 2008
Washington, DC
110

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-53629

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2007 AND ENDING 12/31/2007
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(Formerly BANKERSBANC CAPITAL CORPORATION)
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
3284 Northside Parkway, N.W.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID NO.

(No. and Street)

Atlanta
(City)

Georgia
(State)

30327
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Brad Jones (770) 805-2000
(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Porter Keadle Moore, LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

235 Peachtree Street, NE

Suite 1800
(Address)

Atlanta
(City)

Georgia
(State)

30303
(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

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THOMSON FINANCIAL

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(3)(2).

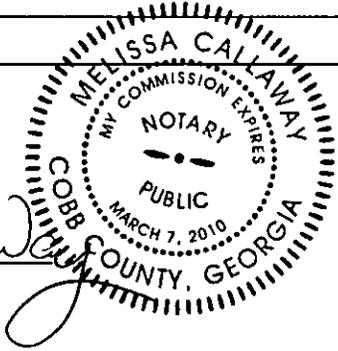
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Frank Brown, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of **Silverton Capital Corporation (formerly BankersBanc Capital Corporation)**, as of **December 31, 2007**, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Melissa Callaway
Notary Public



Frank Brown
Signature

Managing Director
Title

This report** contains (Check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

*Silverton Capital
Corporation
(formerly BankersBanc
Capital Corporation)
(a wholly owned
subsidiary of
Silverton Financial
Services, Inc.)*

Financial Statements
and Supplemental Schedule
December 31, 2007 and 2006
(with Independent
Accountants' Report thereon)





Porter Keadle Moore, LLP

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

To the Stockholder
Silverton Capital Corporation:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Silverton Capital Corporation (formerly BankersBanc Capital Corporation) (a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.) as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related statements of earnings, stockholder's equity, comprehensive income, and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 172-5 under the Securities Exchange Act. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Silverton Capital Corporation as of December 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the Supplemental Schedule is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Porter Keadle Moore, LLP

Atlanta, Georgia
February 20, 2008

Certified Public Accountants

SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.)

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2007 and 2006

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
<u>Assets</u>		
Interest bearing deposits	\$ 1,432,409	825,178
Securities available for sale	501,095	498,750
Furniture and equipment, net	14,359	13,024
Other assets	<u>34,144</u>	<u>12,598</u>
	<u>\$ 1,982,007</u>	<u>1,349,550</u>
<u>Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity</u>		
Commissions and profit sharing payable	\$ 528,146	38,802
Income taxes payable to Parent	120,845	87,502
Accounts payable and other liabilities	<u>39,271</u>	<u>14,134</u>
Total liabilities	<u>688,262</u>	<u>140,438</u>
Stockholder's equity:		
Preferred stock; \$.01 par value, 25,000 shares authorized, no shares issued and outstanding	-	-
Common stock; \$.01 par value, 100,000 shares authorized, 1,000 shares issued and outstanding	10	10
Additional paid-in capital	499,990	499,990
Retained earnings	793,066	709,887
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	<u>679</u>	<u>(775)</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>1,293,745</u>	<u>1,209,112</u>
	<u>\$ 1,982,007</u>	<u>1,349,550</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.)

Statements of Earnings

For the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Revenues:		
Interest income	\$ 23,702	17,850
Investment banking fees	650,625	1,177,625
Advisory fees	1,011,994	45,000
Other	<u>58,214</u>	<u>41,512</u>
Total revenue	<u>1,744,535</u>	<u>1,281,987</u>
Operating expenses:		
Salaries, commissions and employee benefits	1,262,163	853,044
Professional and other fees	10,215	17,495
Occupancy	73,744	64,633
Other operating	<u>260,283</u>	<u>170,134</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>1,606,405</u>	<u>1,105,306</u>
Earnings before income taxes	138,130	176,681
Income tax expense	<u>54,951</u>	<u>70,335</u>
Net earnings	\$ <u>83,179</u>	<u>106,346</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.)

Statements of Stockholder's Equity

For the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

	<u>Common Stock</u>		Additional	Retained	Accumulated	<u>Total</u>
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Paid-In</u>	<u>Earnings</u>	<u>Other</u>	
			<u>Capital</u>		<u>Income (Loss)</u>	
Balance, December 31, 2005	1,000	\$ 10	499,990	603,541	(4,063)	1,099,478
Net earnings	-	-	-	106,346	-	106,346
Change in accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-	-	3,288	3,288
Balance, December 31, 2006	<u>1,000</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>499,990</u>	<u>709,887</u>	<u>(775)</u>	<u>1,209,112</u>
Net earnings	-	-	-	83,179	-	83,179
Change in accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax	-	-	-	-	1,454	1,454
Balance, December 31, 2007	<u>1,000</u>	<u>\$ 10</u>	<u>499,990</u>	<u>793,066</u>	<u>679</u>	<u>1,293,745</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.)

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Net earnings	\$ 83,179	106,346
Other comprehensive gain arising from unrealized gains on securities available for sale, net of tax expense of \$891 and \$1,712	<u>1,454</u>	<u>3,288</u>
Comprehensive Income	\$ <u>84,633</u>	<u>109,634</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.)

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended December 31, 2007 and 2006

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net earnings	\$ 83,179	106,346
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		
Depreciation	7,614	4,865
Provision for deferred taxes	(560)	2,905
Change in:		
Other assets	(21,546)	(5,854)
Commissions and profit sharing payable	489,344	(232,534)
Income taxes payable to Parent	33,012	(14,569)
Accounts payable and other liabilities	<u>25,137</u>	<u>13,133</u>
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	<u>616,180</u>	<u>(125,708)</u>
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchase of securities available for sale	(500,000)	-
Maturities of securities available for sale	500,000	-
Sale (purchases) of furniture and equipment	<u>(8,949)</u>	<u>1,547</u>
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	<u>(8,949)</u>	<u>1,547</u>
Net change in cash	607,231	(124,161)
Cash, beginning of year	<u>825,178</u>	<u>949,339</u>
Cash, end of year	\$ <u>1,432,409</u>	<u>825,178</u>
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:		
Cash paid during the year for income taxes	\$ <u>22,500</u>	<u>77,000</u>
Supplemental schedule of noncash investing activities:		
Change in Accumulated Other Comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	\$ <u>1,454</u>	<u>3,288</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.)

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Description of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Business

Silverton Capital Corporation (the "Company") (formerly BankersBanc Capital Corporation) was incorporated under the laws of the State of Georgia on October 1, 2001 and capitalized on October 31, 2001. The Company is registered as a fully disclosed clearing broker/dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers. The Company operates principally as an investment banker.

Relationship with Affiliate

The Company's operations are integrally dependent on the operations of Silverton Financial Services, Inc., the Company's parent, and Silverton Bank, an affiliate by common ownership. Substantially all income of the Company results directly from these affiliates' activities.

Basis of Presentation

The accounting and reporting policies of the Company conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and to general practices within the broker/dealer industry. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the Company's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Furniture and Equipment

Furniture and equipment are reported at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed primarily by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets (three to seven years).

Revenue Recognition

Investment banking fees and related commission expense are recorded at closing of the securities offerings for which the Company is serving as investment banker.

Advisory fees are recorded as set forth in the engagement letter and upon the execution of a definitive agreement relating to a sale or acquisition transaction and the completion of certain activities as described in the engagement letter.

Income Taxes

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recorded for the future tax consequences attributable to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts of existing assets and liabilities and their respective tax bases. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using enacted tax rates expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which the assets and liabilities are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect on deferred tax assets and liabilities of a change in tax rates is recognized in income tax expense in the period in which the enactment date is included.

In the event the future tax consequences of differences between the financial reporting bases and the tax bases of the Company's assets and liabilities results in deferred tax assets, the Company evaluates the probability of being able to realize the future benefits indicated by such assets. A valuation allowance is provided for a portion of the deferred tax asset when it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax asset will not be realized.

SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.)

Notes to Financial Statements, continued

(2) Investment Securities

Securities available for sale at December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

	December 31, 2007			Estimated Fair Value
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	
U.S. Government agencies	\$ <u>500,000</u>	<u>1,095</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>501,095</u>

	December 31, 2006			Estimated Fair Value
	Amortized Cost	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	
U.S. Government agencies	\$ <u>500,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,250</u>	<u>498,750</u>

There were no securities impaired at December 31, 2007. Securities temporarily impaired at December 31, 2006 are as follows:

2006	Less than 12 Months		12 Months or More	
	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss	Fair Value	Unrealized Loss
U.S. Government agencies	\$ <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>498,750</u>	<u>1,250</u>

The market value of investment securities is based on quoted values and is significantly affected by the interest rate environment. At December 31, 2006, the Company had one security that was considered temporarily impaired. That security had been impaired more than twelve months and represented an unrealized loss of \$1,250. Unrealized losses are a reflection of the current yield curve as compared to the coupon of the security. Additionally, investments are comprised of securities with acceptable investment grades and related lack of credit exposure. Any unrealized losses are considered temporary.

The amortized cost and estimated fair value of securities available for sale at December 31, 2007, by contractual maturity, are shown below. Expected maturities may differ from contractual maturities because borrowers have the right to call or prepay certain obligations with or without call or prepayment penalties.

	Amortized Cost	Estimated Fair Value
U.S. Government agencies:		
Within 5 years	<u>\$500,000</u>	<u>501,095</u>

SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.)

Notes to Financial Statements, continued

(3) Employee Benefit Plan

Subject to certain service requirements, substantially all employees of the Company are covered by a 401(k) defined contribution plan that is sponsored by Silverton Financial Services, Inc. In accordance with the plan description the Company matches 100 percent of the first five percent of employee contributions for 2007. Company contributions to the plan for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 totaled approximately \$26,113 and \$24,731, respectively.

(4) Income Taxes

The components of income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2007 and 2006 are as follows:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Current	\$ 55,512	67,430
Deferred	<u>(560)</u>	<u>2,905</u>
Income tax expense	\$ <u>54,952</u>	<u>70,335</u>

The Company's income tax expense does not differ significantly from the amounts computed by applying the combined federal and state income tax rates to earnings before income taxes.

The following summarizes the components of the net deferred tax asset, which is included in other assets:

	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Deferred tax asset (liability) relating solely to unrealized losses on securities available for sale	\$ (416)	475
Deferred tax liability relating solely to furniture and equipment	<u>(1,419)</u>	<u>(1,979)</u>
Net deferred tax (liability) asset	\$ <u>(1,835)</u>	<u>(1,504)</u>

The Company is included in the consolidated income tax returns of its parent company. Pursuant to a Tax Allocation Agreement with its parent company, the Company computes the income tax effect of its operations on a stand alone basis (except that the income taxes are computed at the blended income tax rates that are expected to apply to the consolidated group), and remits to the parent company the amount, if any, of income taxes that would be currently payable as a result of its operations.

(5) Related Parties

The Company has a Support and Services Agreement with Silverton Bank whereby certain of Silverton Bank's employees provide certain human resources, accounting, internal audit and compliance services to the Company in exchange for a monthly service fee of \$3,200 and also provide systems development and information technology support services, as needed, for a fee based on the estimated cost of providing such services. Total fees paid to Silverton Bank for these services in 2007 and 2006 were \$38,400 per year.

SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.)

Notes to Financial Statements, continued

(5) Related Parties, continued

The Company also subleases from Silverton Bank certain office space pursuant to an operating sublease agreement. During 2007 and 2006, the Company incurred approximately \$23,000 and \$25,000, respectively, in rent expense related to this lease.

(6) Net Capital Requirements

The Company, as a registered broker/dealer in securities, is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule ("Rule 15c3-1") which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2007, the Company had net capital, as defined, of \$1,237,325, which was \$1,187,325 in excess of its required net capital of \$50,000. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .56 to 1.

The Company qualifies for exemption from the Customer Protection Rule (Rule 15c3-3 paragraph (k)(2)).

**SUPPLEMENTAL
SCHEDULE**

SILVERTON CAPITAL CORPORATION
(a wholly owned subsidiary of Silverton Financial Services, Inc.)

Supplemental Schedule

**Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of
the Securities and Exchange Commission**

December 31, 2007

Computation of Net Capital:

Stockholder's equity	\$ 1,293,745
Non allowable assets	(48,504)
Haircuts on securities positions	<u>(7,916)</u>
Net capital	1,237,325
Minimum net capital	<u>50,000</u>
Net capital in excess of requirement	\$ <u>1,187,325</u>

Computation of aggregate indebtedness:

Aggregate indebtedness	\$ <u>688,262</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.56 to 1</u>

**Reconciliation with Company's computation included in Part II of its
FOCUS reports as of December 31, 2007:**

Net capital as reported in Part II (unaudited)	\$ 1,234,819
Corrections to haircut on securities	<u>2,506</u>
Net capital as presented	\$ <u>1,237,325</u>



Porter Keadle Moore, LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Board of Directors
Silverton Capital Corporation
(formerly BankersBanc Capital Corporation)
Atlanta, Georgia

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Silverton Capital Corporation (formerly BankersBanc Capital Corporation) (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2007, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, we considered its internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- (1) Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- (2) Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- (3) Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customer as required by Rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls, and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Certified Public Accountants

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or a combination of significant deficiencies, that results in a more than remote likelihood that a material misstatement will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of the report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Robert Keable Moore, LLP

Atlanta, Georgia
February 20, 2008

END