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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 27208

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING April 1, 2006 AND ENDING March 31, 2007
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:
Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
2570 West El Camino Real, Suite 520

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

(No. and Street)

Mountain View **California** **94040**
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
Helen A. Dietz **(650) 941-1717**
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

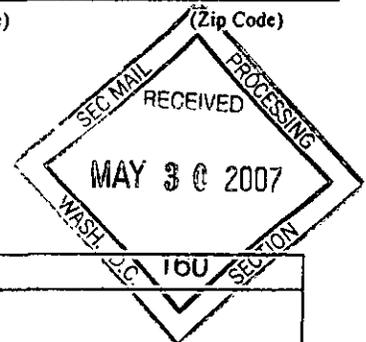
Johnson & Kurn, LLP
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1232 Belmont Avenue **San Carlos,** **California** **94070**
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions

PROCESSED
JUN 07 2007
THOMSON FINANCIAL



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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

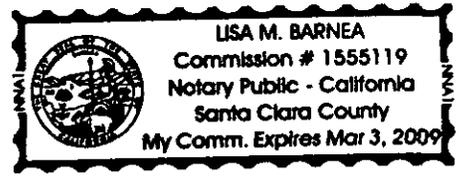
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Helen A. Dietz, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Stanford Investment Group, Inc., as of March 31,, 20 07, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Helen A Dietz
Signature
President
Title

Lisa M Barnea
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Operations.
- (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

STANFORD INVESTMENT GROUP, INC.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
TOGETHER WITH SUPPORTING
SCHEDULES AND AUDITORS' REPORT

MARCH 31, 2007

Johnson & Kurn, LLP

1232 BELMONT AVENUE • SAN CARLOS, CA 94070

TELEPHONE (650) 592-2967

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Independent Auditors' Report

Board of Directors
Stanford Investment Group, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Stanford Investment Group, Inc. as of March 31, 2007, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Stanford Investment Group, Inc. as of March 31, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, and IV is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

San Carlos, California
April 25, 2007

Johnson & Kurn, LLP

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Statement of Financial Condition
March 31, 2007

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$208,413
Commissions receivable	126,010
Deposits	3,233
Office equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$94,532	<u>62,865</u>
	<u>\$400,521</u>

Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity

Liabilities:

Wages and commissions payable	\$ 63,005
Accounts payable	15,866
Income taxes payable	3,424
Deferred income taxes	<u>22,500</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>104,795</u>

Stockholders' Equity:

Common stock, no par value:	
Authorized - 500,000 shares;	
Issued and outstanding – 265,000 shares	9,800
Retained earnings	<u>285,926</u>
Total Stockholders' Equity	<u>295,726</u>
	<u>\$400,521</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Statement of Operations
For the Year Ended March 31, 2007

Revenues:

Commissions	\$ 1,324,732
Insurance, planning and investment advisory services	3,143,260
Other income	16,424
Interest income	<u>7,671</u>
Total Revenues	4,492,087

Expenses:

Salaries and employee benefits	3,685,001
Rent	175,237
Commissions	120,880
Other operating expenses	<u>459,038</u>
Total Expenses	<u>4,440,156</u>

Income Before Income Taxes	51,931
Provision For Income Taxes	<u>13,761</u>
Net Income	<u>\$ 38,170</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Statement of Stockholders' Equity
For the Year Ended March 31, 2007

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balances, Beginning of Year	\$ 9,800	\$247,756	\$257,556
Net Income	<u>-</u>	<u>38,170</u>	<u>38,170</u>
Balances, End of Year	<u>\$ 9,800</u>	<u>\$285,926</u>	<u>\$295,726</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended March 31, 2007

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:

Net income	\$ 38,170
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation	29,889
Increase in commissions receivable	(17,158)
Decrease in income taxes receivable	5,471
Increase in deposits	(3,233)
Increase in wages and commissions payable	7,789
Increase in accounts payable	15,866
Increase in income taxes payable	3,424
Increase in deferred income taxes	<u>2,735</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>82,953</u>

Cash Flows From Investing Activities:

Purchase of office equipment	<u>(44,074)</u>
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	<u>(44,074)</u>

Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	38,879
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Year	<u>169,534</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Year	<u>\$208,413</u>

See Accompanying Notes to Financial Statements

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
March 31, 2007

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of the Business

Stanford Investment Group, Inc. was incorporated in the state of California in 1981. It is registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) as an introducing broker-dealer and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers. The Company is also registered with the SEC under the Investment Advisory Act of 1940.

Method of Accounting

The Company uses the accrual method of accounting for financial reporting and the cash method of accounting for income tax purposes.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Some of the Company's cash is held in deposit accounts, which at times may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts, and it believes it is not exposed to any significant credit risk.

Deferred Taxes on Income

Deferred taxes on income have been provided on differences between book and taxable income. These differences arise primarily from the use of the cash method of accounting for tax purposes and the excess of depreciation for tax purposes over the amount for financial reporting purposes.

Office Equipment

Office equipment is stated at cost and is depreciated using accelerated and straight-line methods over 5 to 7 years.

Use of Estimates

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
March 31, 2007

2. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rules (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At March 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$162,055, which was \$156,569 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,486. The Company's net capital ratio was .51 to 1.

3. Retirement Plan

The Company adopted a 401 (k) Plan comprised of a salary reduction provision and an employer contribution component, which covers substantially all employees. Employer contributions to the plan consist of a matching provision on employee's contributions and a discretionary company contribution. Employer contributions made to the plan totaled \$72,163 for the year.

4. Lease Commitments

The Company leases its office facilities under an operating lease which expires on September 30, 2011. Included in lease expense is the Company's pro-rata share of the building's operating expenses.

At March 31, 2007, future minimum payments under the operating lease are as follows:

<u>Years Ending March 31,</u>	
2008	\$ 203,000
2009	209,000
2010	215,000
2011	222,000
2012	<u>113,000</u>
	<u>\$ 962,000</u>

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Notes to Financial Statements
March 31, 2007

5. Income Taxes

The provision for income taxes represents both federal income tax and California franchise tax as follows:

	<u>Current Expense</u>	<u>Deferred Tax Expense</u>	<u>Income Tax Expense</u>
Federal	\$ 6,369	\$ 2,231	\$ 8,600
California	<u>4,657</u>	<u>504</u>	<u>5,161</u>
Total	<u>\$11,026</u>	<u>\$ 2,735</u>	<u>\$13,761</u>

6. Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information

Cash paid during the year for income taxes was \$2,131.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT

PART IIA

Schedule I Page 1 Of 2

BROKER OR DEALER

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.

as of 3/31/2007

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

1. Total ownership equity from Statement of Financial Condition	\$	295,726		3480
2. Deduct ownership equity not allowable for Net Capital)	3490
3. Total ownership equity qualified for Net Capital		295,726		3500
4. Add:				
A. Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital				3520
B. Other (deductions) or allowable credits (List)				3525
5. Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	\$	295,726		3530
6. Deductions and/or charges:				
A. Total non-allowable assets from				
Statement of Financial Condition (Notes B and C)	\$	129,103		3540
B. Secured demand note delinquency				3590
C. Commodity futures contracts and spot commodities -				
proprietary capital charges				3600
D. Other deductions and/or charges				3610
		(129,103)		3620
7. Other additions and/or allowable credits (List)				3630
8. Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	\$	166,623		3640
9. Haircuts on securities (computed, where applicable, pursuant to 15c3-1(f)):				
A. Contractual securities commitments	\$			3660
B. Subordinated securities borrowings				3670
C. Trading and investment securities:				
1. Exempted securities				3735
2. Debt securities				3733
3. Options				3730
4. Other securities		4,568		3734
D. Undue Concentration				3650
E. Other (List)				3736
		(4,568)		3740
10. Net Capital	\$	162,055		3750

OMIT PENNIES

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Computation for Determination of Reserve
Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
March 31, 2007

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(K)(2)(ii) and is therefore not subject to the reserve requirements of Rule 15c3-3.

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
Information Relating to the Possession
or Control Requirements under Rule 15c3-3
March 31, 2007

The Company claims an exemption under Rule 15c3-3(K)(2)(ii) and therefore is not subject to the possession and control provisions of Rule 15c3-3.

Stanford Investment Group, Inc.
 Reconciliations Pursuant to Rules 15c3-1 and 15c3-3
 March 31, 2007

1. Reconciliation of Computation of Net Capital
 to Respondent's Computation

The reconciliation between the computation per Schedule I and the respondent's computation is as follows:

	<u>Net Capital</u>	<u>Indebtedness</u>
Computation per respondent	\$184,079	\$ 63,005
Computation per Schedule I	<u>162,055</u>	<u>82,295</u>
Differences	<u>\$ 22,024</u>	<u>\$ 19,290</u>

The differences were the result of various audit adjustments and income tax accruals.

2. Reconciliation of Computation of Reserve Requirements
 to Respondent's Computation

The reconciliation between the computation per Schedule II and the respondent's computations is as follows:

Calculation per respondent	\$ 0
Calculation per Schedule II	\$ 0

Johnson & Kurn, LLP

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Board of Directors
Stanford Investment Group, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Stanford Investment Group, Inc. (the Company), for the year ended March 31, 2007, we considered its internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparison
2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or irregularities may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or irregularities in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control structure, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at March 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and should not be used for any other purpose.

San Carlos, California
April 25, 2007

Johnson & Kurn, LLP

END