

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20549

> ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT . FORM X-17A-5 PART III **FACING PAGE**

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

A.	REGISTRANT IDENTIFICAT	TION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:		OFFICIAL USE ONL		
DIRECT ACCESS PARTNERS, LLC	•	FIRM ID. NO.		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE O	F BUSINESS: (Do not use P. O. I	Box No PROC	ESSED	
14 WALL STREET – 20 TH FLOOR		APR 1 7 2007		
NEW YORK,	NEW YORK	THON FINAL	ASON TOTAL	
(City) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER	(State) COF PERSON TO CONTACT IN	. (2	Zip Code)	
BENITO CHINEA, CEO		(212) – 513 - 0002		
	(,	Area Code – Telep	hone No.)	
В.	ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICA	TION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT.	ANT whose opinion is contained	in this Report*		
LERNER & SIPKIN, CPAs, LLP				
132 Nassau Street, Suite 1023	New York	NY	10038	
X Certified Public Acco	ountant			

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to reunless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RECEIVED

MAR 1 2 2007

BRANCH OF REGISTRATIONS AND EXAMINATIONS

SEC 1410 (06-02)

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, BENITO CHINEA, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of DIRECT ACCESS PARTNERS, LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2006, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, member, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

NON E

DA STÉ RIVERA	X Signature
NOTARY 6 NEW JERSEY No. 2305725 Essex County	CEO
My Commission Expires Sept. 25, 2013	Title
Notary Public	_

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (x) (a) Facing page.
- (x) (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (x) (c) Statement of Income (Loss)...
- (x) (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (x) (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (x) (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (x) (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- () (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- () (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control requirements under rule 15c3-3.
- () (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the reserve requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- () (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (x) (1) An Oath or Affirmation.
- () (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- () (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (x) (o) Independent Auditors' Report.
- ** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

			•	•	
NAME OF ORGANIZATION:	_DIRECT A	CCESS PART	TNERS, LL	C	
ADDRESS:	14 Wall Str	eet, New York, I	NY 10005		 .
DATE:	DEC	CEMBER 31,	2006		
NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE 20 BROAD STREET - 23rd Floor NEW YORK, N.Y. 10005 Att: Member Firms Department Gentlemen: WE, THE UNDERSIGNED me have caused an audit to be made for the prescribed financial repor	embers or allic in accordance v	vith the prescri			
We hereby certify that, to the best report prepared as of DECEMB our organization and that the report members whose signatures do no	pest of our kno ER 31, 2006 re ort will promptl	owledge and b presents a true ly be made ava	and correct f	inancial sta	tement of
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I, BENITO CHINEA, swear that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedule(s) pertaining to the Firm of DIRECT ACCESS PARTNERS, LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2006,

are true and correct. I further swear that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer, director or member has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of customer, except as follows:

No Exceptions

(Signature)

(Title)

Jajda E. (Notary Public)

LOYDA PUBLICE RIVERA
NUTARY P NEW JETSEY
(No. 2305720 - £\$56. County
My Commission Expires Page

DIRECT ACCESS PARTNERS, LLC

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2006

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$1,617,521			
Cash segregated for the exclusive benefit of customers (Note 5)	502,036			
Deposit with clearing broker	100,000			
Securities owned - at market value (Note 3)	135,696			
Commissions receivable	379,185			
Due from customers	888,465			
Other assets	28,550			
Total assets	\$3,651,453			
LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S CAPITAL				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 387,410			
Due to customers (Note 5)	652,913			
Due to clearing broker	70,255			
Total liabilities	1,110,578			
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 4 and 7)	•			
Liabilities subordinated to the claims of general creditors				
Pursuant to subordinated loan agreement (Note 6)	500,000			
Capital (Note 8)	2,040,875			
Total liabilities and capital	\$3,651,453			

DIRECT ACCESS PARTNERS, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Direct Access Partners, LLC, a limited liability company (The "Company") is a New York State company formed in 2002. The Company is a broker-dealer, registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. ("NYSE") and the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD").

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions (and the recognition of related income and expenses) are recorded on a trade date basis. Commission income and related expense are recorded on a settlement date basis. There is no material difference between settlement date and trade date.

b) Income Taxes

Income taxes are not payable by, or provided for, the Company. Instead the Member is liable for taxes on the Company's earnings, for federal, state, and unicorporated business tax, if applicable.

c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers demand deposited money market funds to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash in bank accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits or where no insurance is provided. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

d) Equipment.

Equipment is carried at cost and is depreciated over a useful life of 5-7 years using accelerated methods.

e) Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses.

DIRECT ACCESS PARTNERS, LLC

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Note 3 - Securities Owned – At Market Value

Securities represent shares that were purchased in the Company's Error account, and, had not been liquidated as of December 31, 2006.

Securities owned at quoted market values, are summarized as follows:

Owned

Equities

\$135,696

Note 4 - Commitments

Office Space

The Company leases its premises under a lease expiring July, 2007. Future approximate minimum rental expense for the fiscal years ended December 31, are:

<u>Year</u> <u>Amount</u> 2007 \$51.975

Note 5- Cash Segregated under Federal and other Regulations

Cash has been segregated in a special reserve bank account for the exclusive benefit of customers under Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC. At December 31, 2006, the amount owed customers was \$652.913.

Note 6 - Liabilities Subordinated to the Claims of General Creditors

The subordinated borrowings due to the owner of the Company are covered by agreements approved by the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. and are thus available in computing net capital under the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital rule. To the extent that such borrowings are required for the Company's continued compliance with minimum net capital requirements, they may not be repaid. The subordinated loan automatically renews every year, unless notification to terminate is made thirteen months in advance by the lender. The subordinated loan holder has not made notification to terminate as of February 26, 2007, and as such, the expiration period is October 31, 2008. The borrowings, under subordination agreements, as of December 31, 2006, are as follows:

Subordinated loan; due October 31, 2008 (5% interest)

\$500,000 \$500,000

Note 7 - Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Credit Risk

As a securities broker, the Company is engaged in buying and selling securities for a diverse group of institutional and individual investors. The Company introduces these transactions for clearance to another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

DIRECT ACCESS PARTNERS, LLC NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Note 7 - Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Credit Risk(continued)

The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with non-performance of customers in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to securities transactions can be directly impacted by volatile trading markets which may impair the customer' ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company and the Company's ability to liquidate the collateral at an amount equal to the original contracted amount. The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to such non-performance by its customers. The Company seeks to control the aforementioned risks by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory requirements and the clearing broker's internal guidelines. The Company monitors its customer activity by reviewing information it receives from its clearing broker on a daily basis, and requiring customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions, when necessary.

Note 8 - Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 1500%. At December 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$1,556,874, which was \$1,487,484 in excess of its required net capital of \$69,390. The Company's net capital ratio was 66.82%.

A copy of the Firm's statement of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2006, pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5, is available for examination at the Firm's office and at the regional office of the SEC.



132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074

E-mail: LS@iernerslpkin.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Direct Access Partners, LLC 14 Wall Street – 20th Floor New York, NY 10005

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Direct Access Partners, LLC as of December 31, 2006. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards required that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Direct Access Partners, LLC as of December 31, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP

Certified Public Accountants (NY)

New York, NY February 26, 2007



CERTIFIED BIRLIC ACCOUNTANTS LLD

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS LLP

132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074 E-mail: LS@lernersipkin.com

To the Members of Direct Access Partners, LLC 14 Wall Street – 20th Floor New York, NY 10005

MAR 2 2007

BRANCH OF REGISTRATIONS
AND
EXAMINATIONS

Gentlemen:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Direct Access Partners, LLC as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion of the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5 (g) (1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5 (g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3 (a) (11); and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2006, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of Direct Access Partners, LLC to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control and that alternatively greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, NYSE and other regulatory agencies, that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP

Certified Public Accountants (N.Y.)

New York, NY February 26, 2007

