

UNITEDSTATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REP **FORM X-17A-5 PART III**

Mar 2 🤋 2007

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-35791

FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Rursuant to Section 37 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

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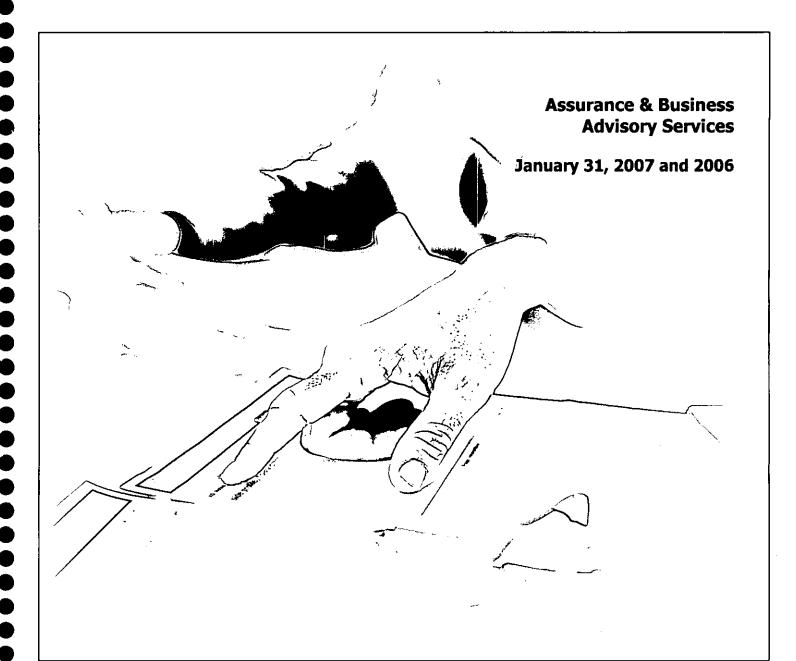
*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Douglas Sheffield	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
	financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
PPC Equities, Inc. of January 31	, as , 2007 , are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that etor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except	
NONE	
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NOTARY PUBLIC, STATE OF OHIO	
This repolvin Comminsion Continue	boxes):
(a) Facing Page. (b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	Pot an
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial C (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholder	ondition. rs' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities S	subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Re	eserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
M (i) Information Relating to the Possessic	on or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(i) A Reconciliation including appropria	ate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 1363-1 and the
Computation for Determination of th (k) A Reconciliation between the audited	e Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3. I and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	A Mild distraction Distriction of Comments
(1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
 (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Re (n) A report describing any material inade 	port. quacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
•	certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



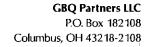
PPC Equities, Inc.

Financial Statements with Supplementary Information



CONTENTS

	Page
Independent Auditors' Report	3
Financial Statements:	
Statements of Financial Condition	4
Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income	5
Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity and Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors	6
Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Financial Statements	8
Supplementary Information:	
Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	14
Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	15
Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	16
Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation for Customers' Regulated Commodity Futures and Options Accounts	17
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3	18





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To the Board of Directors PPC Equities, Inc. Columbus, Ohio

Independent Auditors' Report

We have audited the accompanying statements of financial condition of PPC Equities, Inc. (a subsidiary of Professional Planning Consultants, Inc.) as of January 31, 2007 and 2006, and the related statements of income and comprehensive income, changes in stockholders' equity and liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors and cash flows for the years then ended that are being filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of PPC Equities, Inc.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of PPC Equities, Inc. as of January 31, 2007 and 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The accompanying supplementary financial information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

3BQ PH uc

Columbus, Ohio March 23, 2007

50 Years of Excellence

Statements of Financial Condition

January 31, 2007 and 2006

ASSETS

	2007	2006
Current Assets Cash Commissions receivable Total current assets	\$ 101,010 6,262 107,272	\$ 27,842 3,659 31,501
Other Assets Intercompany accounts receivable Marketable securities Total other assets TOTAL ASSETS	68,000 68,000 \$ 175,272	61,000 83,820 144,820 \$ 176,321
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLD	ERS' EQUITY	
Current Liabilities Income taxes payable	\$ 1,429	\$ 1,429
Deferred Tax Liability	6,300	8,673
Total liabilities	7,729	10,102
Stockholders' Equity Common stock Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings Accumulated other comprehensive income Total stockholders' equity	500 27,000 104,343 35,700 167,543	500 27,000 89,572 49,147 166,219
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	<u>\$ 175.272</u>	<u>\$ 176,321</u>

Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income

For the Years Ended January 31, 2007 and 2006

	2007	2006
Revenues:		
Commissions - insurance	\$ 14,344	\$ 9,401
Commissions - securities	119,784	93,498
Commissions - syndication fees	280,000	188,105
Interest and other	1,283	1,445
Total revenues	415,411	292,449
Expenses:		
Administrative fees	386,600	274,000
Professional fees	12,227	11,733
Other expenses	[,] 518	254
Total expenses	399,345	<u>28</u> 5,987
Net Income Before Income Taxes	16,066	6,462
Income Taxes	1,295	926
Net Income	14,771	5,536
Other Comprehensive (Loss) Income:		1
Unrealized (loss) gain on marketable securities,		
net of deferred taxes	(13,447)	58,027
Total Comprehensive Income	\$ 1,324	\$ 63,563

Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity and Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors

For the Years Ended January 31, 2007 and 2006

	 mmon Stock	dditional Paid-in Capital	•	etained arnings	Com	umulated Other orehensive me (Loss)
Balance at January 31, 2005	\$ 500	\$ 27,000	\$	84,036	\$(8,880)
Net income	-	· -		5,536		•
Unrealized gain on marketable securities, net of deferred tax of \$8,673	 -	 <u> </u>				58,027
Balance at January 31, 2006	500	27,000		89,572		49,147
Net income	-	-		14,771		<u>.</u>
Unrealized loss on marketable securities, net of deferred tax benefit of \$2,373	 	 		·		13,447)
Balance at January 31, 2007	\$ 500_	\$ 27,000	<u>\$</u>	104,343	\$	35,700

Statements of Cash Flows

For the Years Ended January 31, 2007 and 2006

		2007		2006
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	\$	14,771	\$	5,536
provided by (used in) operating activities: (Increase) decrease in commissions receivable Decrease in operating liabilities:		2,603)		2,127
Accounts payable Income taxes payable		-	(570) 8,000)
Total adjustments		2,603)		6,443)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		12,168	(907)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Decrease in intercompany accounts receivable		61,000		2,000
Net increase in cash		73,168		1,093
Cash - Beginning of Year		27,842		26,749
Cash - End of Year	<u>\$</u>	101.010	<u>\$</u>	27,842
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information: Cash paid during the year for: Income taxes	\$	1,295	\$	8,926

Notes to Financial Statements

January 31, 2007 and 2006

Nature and Scope of Business

FPC Equities, Inc. was incorporated in the State of Ohio in 1985 as Pro-Tax Investments, Inc., and in 1986 changed names to First Columbus Equities, Inc. The name was changed to PPC Equities, Inc. during 2003.

The Company operates as a registered broker and dealer in securities in Ohio and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD). The Company participates in underwriting on a "best efforts" basis. In addition, the Company added sales of annuities and life insurance to its business activities.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Commissions Receivable and Revenue

The Company receives commissions from the sale of securities. Commission revenue is recognized when the sale of the security is consummated. The Company utilizes the allowance method in accounting for commissions receivable. No allowance was recorded for the years ended January 31, 2007 and 2006 due to management's belief that all amounts are collectible.

Marketable Securities

The Company's marketable securities are equity securities that have a readily determinable fair market value. Securities are classified into three categories: held-to-maturity, available-for-sale and trading. Securities classified as available-for-sale may be sold in response to changes in interest rates and the stock market, liquidity needs and for other purposes.

Available-for-sale securities are reported at fair value and include securities not classified as held-to-maturity or trading. Management determines the appropriate classification of its investments at the time of purchase and re-evaluates such determination at each balance sheet date.

Notes to Financial Statements

January 31, 2007 and 2006

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Marketable Securities (continued)

Unrealized holding gains and losses for available-for-sale securities are excluded from earnings and reported, net of any income tax effect, as a separate component of stockholders' equity, as Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income. Realized gains and losses are reported as earnings based on the adjusted cost of the specific security sold.

Income Taxes

Provision has been made in the financial statements for federal, state and local income taxes by applying statutory income tax rates to income before income taxes. The Company files a consolidated federal income tax return as a subsidiary of Professional Planning Consultants, Inc. (PPC). Income taxes are not allocated to each company by PPC.

Income taxes are accounted for on the liability method. Under this method, deferred income taxes are recognized based on the estimated future tax effects of differences between the financial and tax basis of assets and liabilities under the provisions of enacted tax laws. The effect on deferred taxes of a change in tax rates is recognized in the period that includes the enactment date. Valuation allowances are established when necessary to reduce deferred tax assets to the amount expected to be realized. Income tax expense represents the taxes currently payable and the net change during the period in deferred tax assets and liabilities.

Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the Company considers all cash in checking accounts, money market accounts, certificates of deposit and petty cash to be cash equivalents.

Cash

The Company has two cash accounts in two financial institutions, which may at times exceed federally insured limits.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities consist of equities that are classified as available-for-sale:

	2007	2006
Cost Unrealized income	\$ 26,000 <u>42,000</u>	\$ 26,000 <u>57,820</u>
Fair market value	<u>\$ 68,000</u>	\$ 83,820

Notes to Financial Statements

January 31, 2007 and 2006

Net Capital Requirements

As a registered broker, PPC Equities, Inc., is subject to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission which specifies uniform minimum net capital requirements for its registrants. Accordingly, the Company is required to maintain net capital as defined, equal to the greater of \$5,000 or 6 3/3% of aggregate debt items. At January 31, 2007, the Company had net capital of \$171,922, which exceeded the requirements of \$5,000 by \$166,922. At January 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$20,864, which exceeded the requirements of \$5,000 by \$15,864.

Common Stock

The Company has issued Class A and Class B common stock, each with no par value. There are 375 shares authorized for each class and 100 shares of each class are outstanding. Class A shares, which are owned by an individual, have voting rights, but no dividend and liquidation rights. Class B shares, which are owned by PPC, have no voting rights, but do have dividend and liquidation rights.

Related Party Transactions

The Company has an agreement with PPC whereby all management, office rent and utilities are provided by PPC. As such, the Company has no employees but utilizes the resources of PPC. At January 31, 2007 and 2006, the accompanying financial statements include \$386,600 and \$274,000, respectively, in administrative fees that were paid to PPC. At times, PPC Equities, Inc. advances cash to PPC. As of January 31, 2007, there was no outstanding receivable due from PPC Equities, Inc. At January 31, 2006, PPC Equities, Inc. was owed \$61,000 by the parent company.

Income Taxes

The components of the provision for corporate income taxes at January 31 is as follows:

1	2007	2006
Current: Federal State and local	\$ 599 <u>696</u>	\$ 467 459
	<u>\$ 1,295</u>	<u>\$ 926</u>

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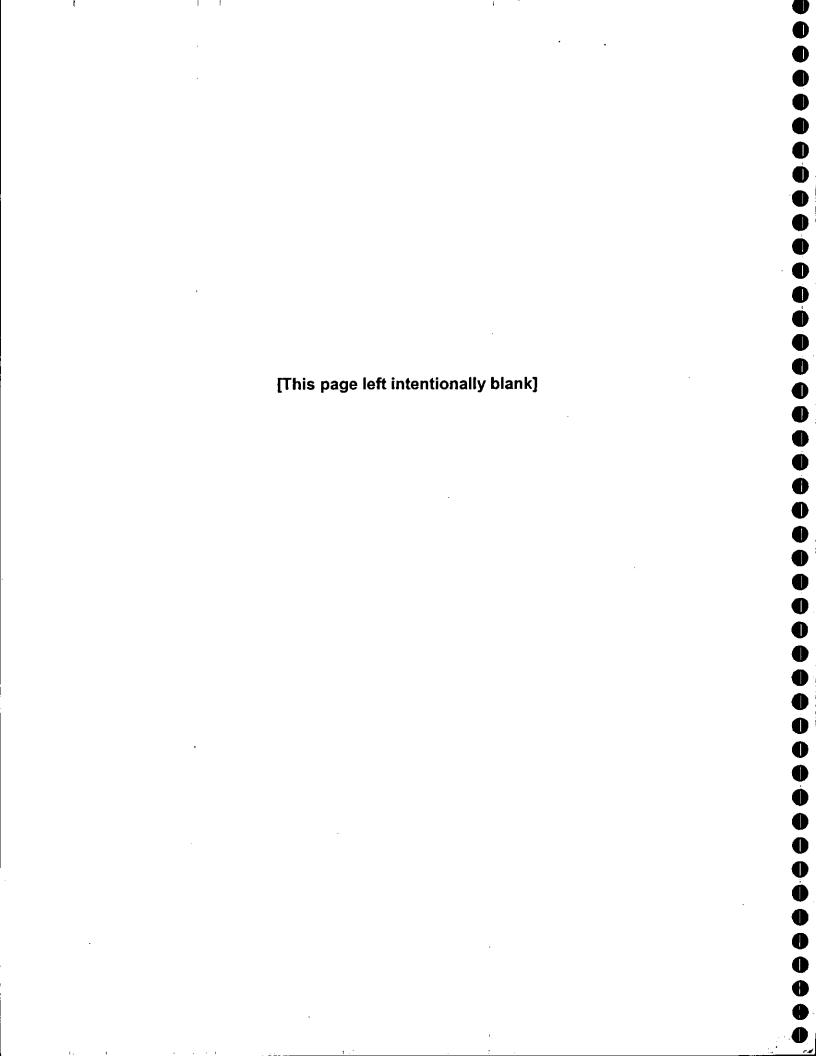
Notes to Financial Statements

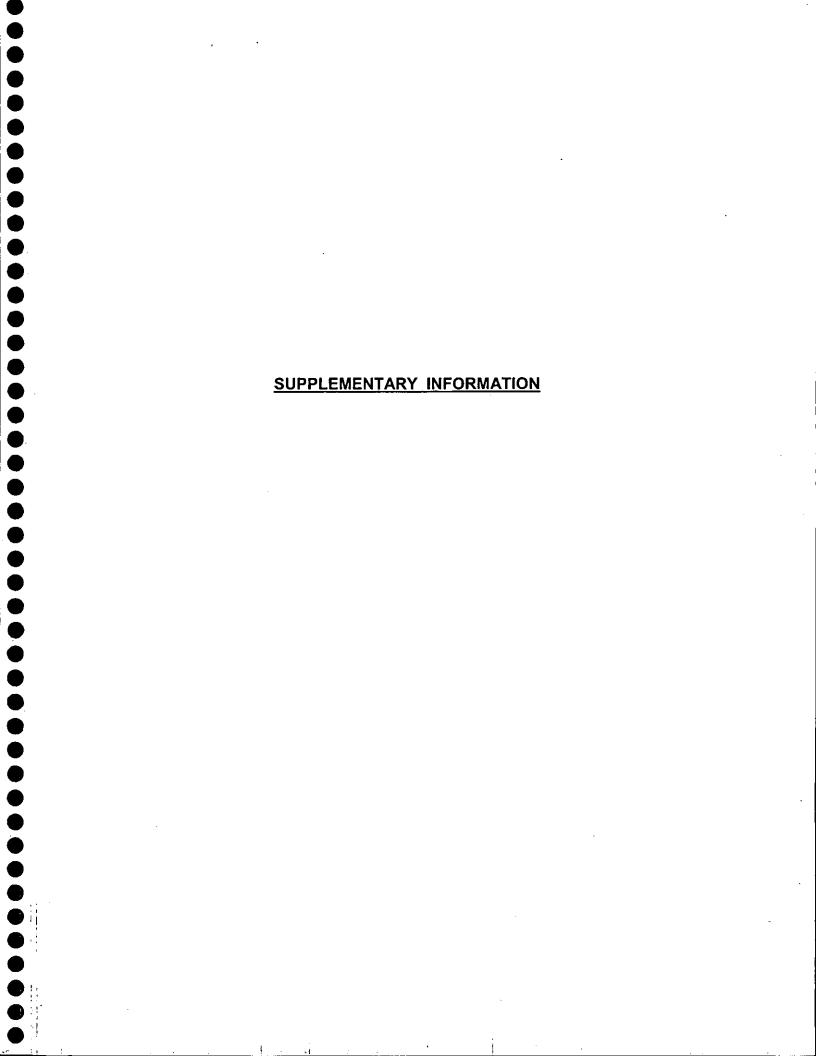
January 31, 2007 and 2006

Income Taxes (continued)

A reconciliation of the income tax expense in the accompanying financial statements to the amount of income tax expense that would result from applying the Federal statutory rate to pretax income is as follows:

	2007	2006
Expected income tax at the Federal statutory rate Surtax exemption	\$ 2,410 (3,053)	\$ 969 (1,228)
Adjust for state and local taxes	1,140	459
Other	<u> 798</u>	<u>726</u>
	<u>\$.1,295</u>	\$ 926





SCHEDULE I - Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

January 31, 2007

Net Capital: Total stockholders' equity	\$ 167,543
Additions: Deferred tax liability	6,300_
Net Capital Before Haircuts on Securities Positions Haircut on Securities, 2% of money market account	173,843 (1,921)
Net Capital	\$ 171,922
Total Aggregate Indebtedness	<u>\$ 1,429</u>
Computation of Basic Net Capital Requirement: Minimum net capital required	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Excess net capital	\$ 166,922
Excess net capital @ 1000%	<u>\$ 171,779</u>
Ratio: Aggregate Indebtedness to Net Capital	0.008 to 1.00
Reconciliation with Company's Computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of January 31, 2007): Net capital as reported in Company's Part II (unaudited) FOCUS report	\$ 171,922
(<u> </u>

SCHEDULE II - Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

January 31, 2007

Not Flequired

SCHEDULE III - Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

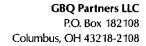
January 31, 2007

Not Required

SCHEDULE IV - Schedule of Segregation Requirements and Funds in Segregation for Customers' Regulated Commodity Futures and Options Accounts

January 31, 2007

Not Required





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To the Board of Directors PPC Equities, Inc. Columbus, Ohio

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required By SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of PPC Equities, Inc., for the year ended January 31, 2007, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



To the Board of Directors PPC Equities, Inc. Page 2

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Company's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Company's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Company's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the company's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects inclicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at January 31, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

To the Board of Directors PPC Equities, Inc. Page 3

This report is intended solely for the use of the Board of Directors, management, the Securities and Exchange Commission and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

SBD Offer Luc

Columbus, Ohio

March 23, 2007

END