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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 052685

FACING PAGE

**Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/06 AND ENDING 12/31/06
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: MIDTOWN PARTNERS & CO., LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)
4920 EISENHOWER BLVD, SUITE 185

TAMPA (No. and Street) FL 33634
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT
BRUCE JORDAN 561-483-6129
(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*
PENDER NEWKIRK & COMPANY LLP

100 SOUTH ASHLEY DRIVE, SUITE 1650 TAMPA FL 33602
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

APR 09 2007

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, BRUCE JORDAN, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of MIDTOWN PARTNERS & CO., LLC, as of DECEMBER 31, 2006, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

[Handwritten Signature]

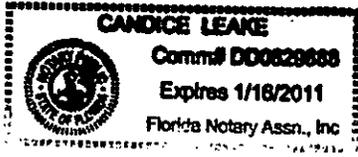
Signature

PRESIDENT

Title

Candice Leake

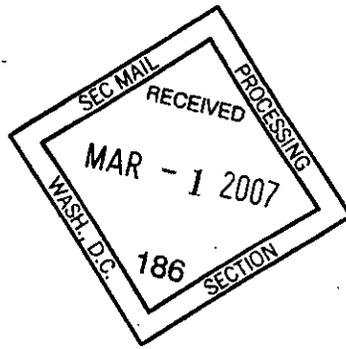
Notary Public



This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Financial Statements

Midtown Partners & Co., LLC

(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)

Year Ended December 31, 2006

Independent Auditors' Report

Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)

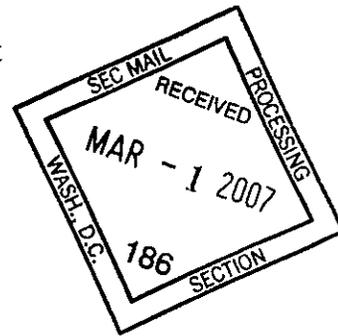
Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2006

Contents

Independent Auditors' Report on Financial Statements	1
Financial Statements:	
Statement of Financial Condition	2
Statement of Operations.....	3
Statement of Changes in Member's Equity	4
Statement of Cash Flows.....	5
Notes to Financial Statements.....	6-7
Supplementary Information:	
Schedule I – Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	9
Schedule II – Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 and Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3.....	10
Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3.....	11-12

Independent Auditors' Report



To the Member
Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)
Boca Raton, Florida

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Midtown Partners & Co., LLC (A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments) as of December 31, 2006 and the related statements of operations, changes in member's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Midtown Partners & Co., LLC as of December 31, 2006 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Pender Newkirk & Company LLP

Pender Newkirk & Company LLP
Certified Public Accountants
Tampa, Florida
February 26, 2007

Pender Newkirk & Company LLP • Certified Public Accountants

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Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2006

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 152,649
Marketable securities, owned, at market value	90,906
Not readily marketable securities, owned, at estimated fair value	21,471
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,977	10,717
Other assets	<u>27,253</u>
	<u>\$ 302,996</u>

Liabilities and Member's Equity

Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities	\$ 32,112
Member's equity	<u>270,884</u>
	<u>\$ 302,996</u>

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)

Statement of Operations

Year Ended December 31, 2006.

Revenues:	
Investment banking	\$ 7,752,922
Interest and dividends	29,284
Other income	67,175
Trading gains and losses, net	850,845
	<u>8,700,226</u>
Operating expenses:	
Commissions and employee compensation	2,459,755
Communications	22,391
Licenses and taxes	24,027
Occupancy	81,553
Other administrative expenses	128,030
Professional fees	120,884
	<u>2,836,640</u>
Net income	<u>\$ 5,863,586</u>

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)

Statement of Changes in Member's Equity

Year Ended December 31, 2006

Balance, December 31, 2005	\$ 333,598
Distributions to member	(5,926,300)
Net income	<u>5,863,586</u>
Balance, December 31, 2006	<u>\$ 270,884</u>

The accompanying notes are integral part of the financial statements.

Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2006

Operating activities	
Net income	<u>\$ 5,863,586</u>
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities:	
Depreciation expense	1,349
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	251,992
Securities owned, net	(4,135,894)
Other assets	2,558
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities	<u>(156,682)</u>
Total adjustments	<u>(4,036,677)</u>
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by operating activities	1,826,909
Investing activities	
Purchase of property and equipment	(8,927)
Financing activities	
Distributions	<u>(1,730,000)</u>
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	87,982
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	<u>64,667</u>
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	<u>\$ 152,649</u>

Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:

During the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company distributed \$4,196,300 of securities owned to its parent. These securities were valued at the date of distribution.

Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2006

1. Background Information and Change in Control

Midtown Partners & Co., LLC (the "Company") was formed on May 30, 2000 as Cross Bow Capital, LLC. The Company changed its name several times, with the latest name change being filed in 2004 from Innovation Capital, LLC to its current name. The Company's headquarters is located in Boca Raton, Florida.

The Company is a broker dealer specializing in investment banking and advisory services, is currently registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), and is a member of NASD, Inc.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies followed are:

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash equivalents consist of all highly liquid investments purchased with a maturity of three months or less, that are not held for sale in the ordinary course of business.

The majority of cash is maintained with a major financial institution in the United States. Deposits with this bank may exceed the amount of insurance provided on such deposits. Generally, these deposits may be redeemed upon demand and, therefore, bear minimal risk.

The Company's trading securities are bought, received, and held principally for the purpose of investments. These proprietary securities are recorded at fair value on the balance sheet with the change in fair value during the period included in earnings. The fair values are based on quoted market prices. The marketable securities owned consist of common stock and convertible preferred stock valued at \$90,906 at December 31, 2006. Not readily marketable securities include equity securities that cannot be offered or sold because of restrictions applicable to the securities or to the Company. These totaled \$21,471 at December 31, 2006.

Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation is calculated by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, generally ranging five to seven years. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments

Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2006

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

and renewals are capitalized. When property and equipment are sold or otherwise disposed of, the asset account and related accumulated depreciation account are relieved, and any gain or loss is included in operations.

Investment banking revenues consist of fees earned from providing advisory services, are contingent upon the success of the services provided, and are recorded upon successful completion of a transaction.

The Company is treated as a partnership for income tax purposes. As a result, the member will report the entire taxable income on his corporate income tax return. Therefore, no provision for income taxes has been made to these financial statements.

3. Economic Dependency – Major Customers

For the year ended December 31, 2006, investment banking revenues from two customers amounted to \$4,777,385, or 62 percent of total revenues for the year ended December 31, 2006.

4. Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rules (SEC Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15-to-1 (and the rule of the “applicable” exchange also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10-to-1). At December 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$188,782, which was \$183,782 in excess of its required net capital of \$5,000. The Company’s net capital ratio was .17-to-1.

5. Related Party Transactions

The Company’s administrative operations are conducted out of the president’s personal residence at no charge to the Company. The value of any such expense would be immaterial to the financial statements taken as a whole. The Company also rents out office space from its sole member on a month-to-month basis at approximately \$1,000 a month.

The above amounts and terms are not necessarily indicative of the amounts and terms that would have been incurred had comparable transactions been entered into with independent parties.

Supplementary Information

Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1
of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2006

Schedule I

Net capital	
Total member's equity	\$ <u>270,884</u>
Total capital and allowable member's equity qualified for net capital	<u>270,884</u>
Deductions and/or charges:	
Non-allowable assets:	
Not readily marketable securities, owned	21,471
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	10,717
Other assets	<u>27,253</u>
Total deductions and/or charges	<u>59,441</u>
Net capital before haircuts on security positions	211,443
Less: Haircuts on security positions	<u>22,661</u>
Net capital	\$ <u>188,782</u>
Aggregate indebtedness	
Items included in statement of financial condition:	
Accounts payable, accrued expenses, and other liabilities	\$ <u>32,112</u>
Computation of basic net capital requirement	
Minimum net capital required (based on 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$ <u>2,141</u>
Minimum net capital required of reporting broker or dealer	\$ <u>5,000</u>
Net capital required (greater of above)	\$ <u>5,000</u>
Excess capital	\$ <u>183,782</u>
Ratio: Aggregated indebtedness to net capital	<u>0.17 to 1.00</u>

Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)(4), no material differences were noted from the Company's computation; therefore, a reconciliation is not considered necessary.

Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)

Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements
Under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 and
Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements
Under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2006

Schedule II

The Company is exempt from the requirements of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c3-3 as it is operating under the k(2)(i) exemption.



Report on Internal Control Required
by SEC Rule 17a-5 for a Broker-Dealer
Claiming an Exemption from SEC Rule 15c3-3

The Board of Directors
Midtown Partners & Co., LLC
(A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments)
Tampa, Florida

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Midtown Partners & Co., LLC (A Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Apogee Financial Investments) (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study includes tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and

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procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weakness, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2006, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, NASD, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pender Newkirk & Company LLP

Pender Newkirk & Company LLP
Certified Public Accountants
Tampa, Florida
February 26, 2007

END