

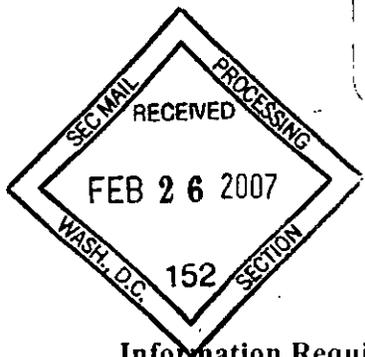
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**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8- 65915

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/06 AND ENDING 12/31/06
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: PLACE TRADE FINANCIAL, INC.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

4030 WAKE FOREST ROAD, SUITE 300

(No. and Street)

RALEIGH

(City)

NC

(State)

27609

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

SARAH M. PLACE

(919) 719-7200

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

BATCHELOR, TILLERY & ROBERTS, LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

P.O. BOX 18068

(Address)

RALEIGH

(City)

NC

(State)

27619

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

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THOMSON FINANCIAL

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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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BACHELOR, TILLERY & ROBERTS, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

POST OFFICE BOX 18068

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27619

RONALD A. BACHELOR
ANN H. TILLERY
FRANKLIN T. ROBERTS
WM. JAMES BLACK, JR.

3105 GLENWOOD AVENUE, SUITE 301
RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27612
TELEPHONE (919) 787-8212
FACSIMILE (919) 783-6724

Independent Auditors' Report

The Stockholders
Place Trade Financial, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Place Trade Financial, Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the related statements of operations, stockholders' equity and cash flows for the years then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules 1 and 2 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the basic financial statements, and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Bachelor, Tillery & Roberts, LLP

February 10, 2007

PLACE TRADE FINANCIAL, INC.

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2006 and 2005

<u>Assets</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Current assets:		
Cash	\$ 4,161	6,244
Accounts receivable	6,989	6,499
Prepaid expenses	<u>265</u>	<u>1,090</u>
Total current assets	11,415	13,833
Other assets-deposits	<u>45</u>	<u>100</u>
Total assets	\$ <u>11,460</u>	<u>13,933</u>
<u>Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity</u>		
Current liabilities - accounts payable	<u>1,004</u>	<u>1,971</u>
Stockholders' equity:		
Common stock; no par value; 1,000 shares authorized; 400 shares issued and outstanding	1,000	1,000
Additional paid-in capital	78,449	74,949
Accumulated deficit	<u>(68,993)</u>	<u>(63,987)</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>10,456</u>	<u>11,962</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ <u>11,460</u>	<u>13,933</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

PLACE TRADE FINANCIAL, INC.

Statements of Operations

Years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Revenues	\$ <u>32,196</u>	<u>19,052</u>
Operating expenses:		
Advertising	7,126	14,572
Regulatory fees	3,085	3,305
Professional fees	5,471	4,917
Contract services	1,944	1,771
Office	9,964	9,180
Dues and subscriptions	4,139	3,452
Travel and entertainment	2,593	1,865
Postage	530	543
Miscellaneous	<u>850</u>	<u>1,175</u>
	<u>35,702</u>	<u>40,780</u>
Net loss	\$ <u>(3,506)</u>	<u>(21,728)</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

PLACE TRADE FINANCIAL, INC.

Statements of Stockholders' Equity

Years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

	Common <u>stock</u>	Additional paid-in <u>capital</u>	Accumulated <u>deficit</u>	<u>Total</u>
Balance, December 31, 2004	\$ 1,000	50,350	(42,259)	9,091
Net loss	-	-	(21,728)	(21,728)
Additional capital contributed	<u>-</u>	<u>24,599</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>24,599</u>
Balance, December 31, 2005	1,000	74,949	(63,987)	11,962
Net loss	-	-	(3,506)	(3,506)
Additional capital contributed	-	3,500	-	3,500
Distributions	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,500)</u>	<u>(1,500)</u>
Balance, December 31, 2006	\$ <u>1,000</u>	<u>78,449</u>	<u>(68,993)</u>	<u>10,456</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

PLACE TRADE FINANCIAL, INC.

Statements of Cash Flows

Years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Net loss	\$ (3,506)	(21,728)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash used in operating activities:		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(490)	(258)
Prepaid expenses	825	(1,090)
Accounts payable	<u>(967)</u>	<u>1,761</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(4,138)</u>	<u>(21,315)</u>
Cash provided by financing activities:		
Proceeds from additional contributed capital	3,500	24,599
Distributions	<u>(1,500)</u>	<u>-</u>
Cash provided by financing activities	<u>2,000</u>	<u>24,599</u>
Cash provided by investing activities- deposits	<u>55</u>	<u>550</u>
Net (decrease) increase in cash	(2,083)	3,834
Cash, beginning of year	<u>6,244</u>	<u>2,410</u>
Cash, end of year	\$ <u>4,161</u>	<u>6,244</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

PLACE TRADE FINANCIAL, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2006 and 2005

(1) Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

Place Trade Financial, Inc. (the "Company") is a full service, discount brokerage firm, incorporated on December 31, 2002, based in Raleigh, North Carolina with two branch offices in Raleigh, North Carolina. The Company is a broker-dealer in securities registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of various exchanges and the National Association of Securities Dealers (NASD). The Company's securities are cleared through a clearing broker-dealer. The Company does not maintain customers' security accounts nor does it perform custodial functions related to customer securities.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue from securities transactions on a trade-date basis.

Basis of Presentation

The Company's policy is to prepare its financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Accounts Receivable

The Company writes off doubtful receivables in amounts equal to the estimated collection losses that will be incurred. No allowance was required for 2006 and 2005.

Income Taxes

The Company has elected S Corporation status under the Internal Revenue Code whereby its income is taxed to the individual stockholders; therefore, there is no provision for income taxes for the Company.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Advertising Costs

Advertising and promotional costs are expensed as incurred.

PLACE TRADE FINANCIAL, INC.

Notes to Financial Statements, Continued

December 31, 2006 and 2005

(2) Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital. The Company has elected to use the basic method, permitted by the Rule, which requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital of \$5,000, as defined, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company had net capital, of \$10,039 and \$10,672 which was \$5,039 and \$5,672 in excess of required net capital, respectively, and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .10 to 1 in 2006 and .19 to 1 in 2005.

PLACE TRADE FINANCIAL, INC.

Supplemental Schedules of Computation and Reconciliation of
Net Capital in Accordance with Rule 15c3-1 of the
Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2006 and 2005

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Total assets	\$ 11,460	13,933
Deduct: Aggregate indebtedness	<u>(1,004)</u>	<u>(1,971)</u>
Net worth	10,456	11,962
Add: Excluded indebtedness	-	-
Add: Subordinated indebtedness	-	-
Deduct: Non-allowable assets	(310)	(1,190)
Deduct: Concessions	-	-
Deduct: Securities haircuts	<u>(107)</u>	<u>-</u>
Net capital	\$ <u>10,039</u>	<u>10,672</u>
Capital requirements:		
Broker-dealer	\$ 5,000	5,000
Net capital in excess of requirements	<u>5,039</u>	<u>5,672</u>
Net capital as above	\$ <u>10,039</u>	<u>10,672</u>
Net capital per December 31 FOCUS report (unaudited)	\$ 10,039	10,536
Adjustments	<u>-</u>	<u>136</u>
Adjusted net capital, December 31	\$ <u>10,039</u>	<u>10,672</u>

PLACE TRADE FINANCIAL, INC.

Supplemental Schedule of Computation for Determination
of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3
of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2006 and 2005

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, in that the Company's activities are limited to those set forth in the conditions for exemption appearing in paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of the Rule.

BATCHELOR, TILLERY & ROBERTS, LLP

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

POST OFFICE BOX 18068

RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27619

RONALD A. BATCHELOR
ANN H. TILLERY
FRANKLIN T. ROBERTS
WM. JAMES BLACK, JR.

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RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27612
TELEPHONE (919) 787-8212
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The Stockholders
Place Trade Financial, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Place Trade Financial, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2006, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure. Among the elements of the internal control structure that we considered are the accounting system and control procedures.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and the reserve required by Rule 15c3-3(e) and the procedures for determining compliance with the exempt provisions of Rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry security accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. The objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of the internal control structure to future periods is subject to the risk that procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of the design and operation of policies and procedures may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control structure that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control structure elements does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. We noted the following matters involving the accounting system and control procedures that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above. These conditions were considered in determining the nature, timing, and extent of the procedures to be performed in our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2006, and this report does not affect our report thereon dated February 10, 2007.

The size of the business and resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties, such as processing of cash receipts, cash disbursements and payroll. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the Company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate as of December 31, 2006 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the stockholders, management, the SEC and any other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Battilora, Tillery & Roberts, LLP

February 10, 2007