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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

FORM X-17A

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuantic Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 174-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	01/01/2006	AND ENDING	12/31/2006 <b>4</b>	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY	
A. RI	EGISTRANT IDEN	TIFICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
OTA LLC				
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)			FIRM ID. NO.	
One Manhattanville Road		'		
	(No. and Street)			
Purchase	New York	10577		
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER	SON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS REPO	RT	
James W. Santori	(914) 694-5800			
(Area Code- Telep			lephone Number)	
D AC	CCOUNTANT IDEN	ITIEICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who				
Goldstein Golub Kessler LLP	•			
Ooldstell Goldo Resslei EEI	(Name - if individual, state last, fir.	st, middle name)		
1185 Avenue of the Americas,	New York,	NY	10036	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	ROCESSED**)	
CHECK ONE:  Certified Public Accountant		,	APR 0 4 2007	
Public Accountant	AIR U 9 ZUU/			
Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.		s.	FINANCIAL	
Accountant not resident in United State	•	<b>√</b> F	MANULAL	

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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<sup>\*</sup> Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

## **OATH OR AFFIRMATION**

I, James W	7. Santori			swear (or affirm) that, to the
best of my	knowledge and belief the	accompanying financial state	ment and supporting sche	edules pertaining to the firm of, as of
December 3	20 06	are true and correct. I further s	wear (or affirm) that neither	the company nor any partner, pro-
prietor, prin				t of a customer, except as follows:
	ST	EPHEN J. ROGERS		
~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	^n Qualific	Public, State of New York No. 01RO6111754 ed in Westchester County sion Expires June 28, 2008	Can	2 W Clata
ST 17.0	, G			CFO Signature
夏二	in Land	1 h		Title
<u> </u>	* contains (check all applicable	boxes):		
(a)	Facing Page. Statement of Financial Con	dition		
(c)	Statement of Income (Loss)			
	Statement of Cash Flows.	•		•
☐ (e)		ockholders' Equity or Partners' o	or Sole Proprietor's Capital.	
∏ (n)	_	abilities Subordinated to Claims	<u>-</u>	•
(g)	Computation of Net Capital	l <b>.</b>		
(h)	Computation for Determina	tion of Reserve Requirements P	ursuant to Rule 15c3-3.	
(i)	Information Relating to the	Possession or control Requirem	ents Under Rule 15c3-3.	
☐ (j)	<del>-</del>	appropriate explanation, of the tion of the Reserve Requiremen	-	
(k)	A Reconciliation between t solidation.	he audited and unaudited Statem	ents of Financial Condition	with respect to methods of con-
<b>(</b> l)	An Oath or Affirmation.			•
(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supple	mental Report.		
(n)	A report describing any mate	erial inadequacies found to exist of	or found to have existed since	the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e) (3).



## GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Members of OTA Limited Liability Company

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of OTA Limited Liability Company (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
- 3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2006 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and any other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 16, 2007

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## GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of OTA Limited Liability Company

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of OTA Limited Liability Company (the "Company") as of December 31, 2006. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of OTA Limited Liability Company as of December 31, 2006 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

February 16, 2007

## STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

December 31, 2006	
ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 217,940
Receivable from Broker-Dealers and Clearing Organizations	80,836,100
Securities and Options Owned, at market value	280,467,902
Fixed Assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,891,718	980,915
Other Assets	3,498,847
Total Assets	\$366,001,704
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities: Notes payable Payable to broker-dealers and clearing organizations Securities and options sold, not yet purchased, at market value Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$ 4,059,865 374,092 272,552,599 10,221,309
Total liabilities	287,207,865
Members' Equity	78,793,839
Total Liabilities and Members' Equity	\$366,001,704

### NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2006

#### 1. ORGANIZATION:

OTA Limited Liability Company (the "Company"), a Delaware limited liability company, is a registered broker and dealer in securities under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and trades for its own account as a dealer on the principal United States securities exchanges. The Company also conducts customer agency business, primarily for institutional clients, whose transactions are cleared on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker.

The Company is a nonclearing broker-dealer and is exempt from the provisions of rule 15c3-3 as all customer accounts, as defined, are carried by the clearing broker and cleared on a fully disclosed basis.

# 2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Company records transactions in securities and options and the related revenue, including commissions, and expenses on a trade-date basis.

Securities and options owned or securities and options sold, not yet purchased, by the Company are valued at their prevailing market prices. All resulting unrealized gains and losses are reflected in Members' equity.

In the course of its normal trading activities, the Company is a party to financial instruments which involve, to indeterminable degrees, market risk in excess of that presented in the statement of financial condition. These instruments include puts and calls written on stock, and obligations arising from securities sold, not yet purchased (see Note 7).

The clearing and depository operations for the Company's securities and options transactions are provided primarily by two brokers. At December 31, 2006, substantially all of the securities and options owned and the receivable from brokers reflected in the statement of financial condition are securities and options positions with and amounts due from these clearing brokers. For financial reporting purposes, amounts due to broker have been offset against amounts due from broker for securities sold, not yet purchased, and other items. The securities serve as collateral for the amount due to the broker. Subject to the clearing agreement between the Company and the clearing broker, the clearing broker has the right to sell or repledge this collateral.

Additionally, securities owned and securities sold, not yet purchased, are subject to margin requirements.

The Company has agreed to indemnify its clearing broker for losses that the clearing broker may sustain from the customer accounts introduced by the Company.

The Company has a one-third interest in a joint account that was formed to act as specialists and odd-lot dealers on the American Stock Exchange. The Company's share of the long and short market value, as well as due to or from broker, has been included in the respective categories in the statement of financial condition. The Company's share of any profit or loss has been included in the Members' equity on the statement of financial condition.

# NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2006

This statement has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which require the use of estimates by management.

The Company maintains cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits.

No provision is made in the accompanying statement of financial condition for federal or state income taxes since such liabilities are the responsibility of the individual Members.

Fixed assets are recorded at cost and are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets.

In the normal course of business, the Company is subject to reviews and inquiries by various regulatory authorities arising out of its activities as a broker-dealer in securities. It is the opinion of management that the various reviews and inquiries by regulatory authorities will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

# 3. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

Other assets include \$1,771,376 due from affiliated entities, officers and employees of the Company. Subsequent to year-end, \$641,192 of this amount was repaid.

Notes payable represent loans by employees and related entities to the Company. The notes bear interest at the clearing broker's rate and are due on demand. Accordingly, the fair value of the notes payable approximates the carrying amount.

# 4. REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS:

As a registered broker-dealer and member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., the Company is subject to Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The Company computes its net capital under the alternative method permitted by the rule, which requires that the minimum net capital be equal to the greater of \$250,000 or 2% of aggregate debit items, as defined. At December 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$47,878,881, which exceeded the requirement of \$459,000 by \$47,419,881.



### NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2006

### 5. COMMITMENTS:

The Company occupies office space under several noncancelable leases which expire between 2007 and 2013. The aggregate minimum rental commitments under these leases are as follows:

Year ending December 31,

2007	\$ 813,170
2008	827,382
2009	827,382
2010	827,382
2011	827,382
Thereafter	1,310,022

\$5,432,720

The leases, in addition to base rentals, provide for rent escalations resulting from increased real estate taxes and other charges that are not reflected in the amounts above. Total rent expense for the year ended December 31, 2006 was \$449,642.

# 6. EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLANS:

The Company has an employee benefit plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. Matching contributions made by the Company to the plan are based on a specified percentage of employee contributions. Additionally, the Company has a profit-sharing plan to which it may contribute an amount at its discretion.

### 7. DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

The Company's activities include the purchase and sale of derivative financial instruments in the form of equity options. These derivatives are used for trading purposes and for managing risks associated with the portfolio of securities. The Company's core trading positions involve risk-defined hedged strategies. Accordingly, management believes that any risk is significantly minimized through its hedging strategies. All positions are reported in the accompanying statement of financial condition at market value and any change in market value is reflected in the accompanying statement of income as gain or loss as it occurs. All derivative gain or loss resulting from equity positions is reported in net gains from principal transactions.

# 8. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Subsequent to December 31, 2006, Members effected withdrawals of \$117,476 and contributions of \$3,570,394.

END