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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT **FORM X-17A-5**

PART III **FACING PAGE**

UNITED STA

ECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D. C. 20549

BRANCH OF REGISTRATIONS

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

RECEIVED

EXAMINATION Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING **JANUARY 1, 2006** AND ENDING **DECEMBER 31, 2006** A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: **OFFICIAL USE ONLY** HEIGHTS PARTNERS, INC. FIRM ID. NO. ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P. O. Box No.) 7 HUBERT STREET - SUITE #7A NEW YORK, **NEW YORK** 10013 (City) (State) (Zip Code) NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT JOSEPH SOLLAZZO (718) 236-4242 (Area Code - Telephone No.) **B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION** INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* LERNER & SIPKIN, CPAs, LLP 132 Nassau Street, Suite 1023 New York NY 10038 X Certified Public Accountant FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY THOMSON FINANCIAL

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SEC 1410 (06-02)

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

HEIGHTS PARTNERS, INC.STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

DECEMBER 31, 2006

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

1, JAMES T. PAPPAS, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of HEIGHTS PARTNERS, INC., as of DECEMBER 31, 2006, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner

are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, member, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

	NONE
	X Cues Capus Signature President Title
X Juli Marna Notary Public	LINDA MARMORA NOTARY PUBLIC, State of New York No. 01MA5086557 Qualified in Queens County Commission Expires Not. 20, 209

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (x) (a) Facing page.
- (x) (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (x) (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (x) (d) Statement of Cash Flows.
- (x) (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (x) (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (x) (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- () (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- () (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control requirements under rule 15c3-3.
- () (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the reserve requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- () (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (x) (1) An Oath or Affirmation.
- () (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- () (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
- (x) (o) Independent Auditors' Report.
- ** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

I, JAMES T. PAPPAS, swear that to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supporting schedule(s) pertaining to the Firm of HEIGHTS PARTNERS, INC., as of DECEMBER 31, 2006,

are true and correct. I further swear that neither the Company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer, director or member has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of customer, except as follows:

No Exceptions

(Notary Public)

LINDA MARMORA NOTARY PUBLIC, State of New York Qualified in Queens County

Commission Expires Oct. 20,

HEIGHTS PARTNERS, INC.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION DECEMBER 31, 2006

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 147	
Due from broker	82,247	
Commissions receivable	1,071,805 94,627	
Fixed assets, net of accumulated depreciation of \$45,683 (Note 2(d))		
Other assets	67,950	
Total assets	\$1,316,776	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 173,405	
Bank loan payable (Note 3)	150,000	
Total liabilities	323,405	
Commitments and Contingencies (Notes 4 and 5)		
Stockholder's equity (Note 6)		
Common stock, no par value, 500 shares		
authorized, 300 shares issued and outstanding	~	
Additional paid-in capital	325,031	
Retained earnings	1,651,168	
Less: 100 shares treasury stock at cost	(982,828)	
Total stockholder's equity	993,371	
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$1,316,776	

HEIGHTS PARTNERS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Heights Partners, Inc. (The "Company") is a Delaware corporation formed in 1983, for the purpose of conducting business as a broker on the floor of the American Stock Exchange, and, is also an electronic access member of the International Securities Exchange. The Company is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC").

Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

a) Revenue Recognition

Securities transactions (and the recognition of related income and expenses) are recorded on a trade date basis. Commission income and related expense are recorded on a settlement date basis. There is no material difference between settlement date and trade date.

b) Income Taxes

The Company has elected to be treated as an "S" Corporation under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and New York State tax regulations. Under the provisions, the Company does not pay federal or state corporate income taxes on its taxable income. Instead, the stockholder is liable for individual income taxes on his respective share of the Company's taxable income. The Company continues to pay New York City general corporation taxes.

c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company considers demand deposited money market funds to be cash equivalents. The Company maintains cash in bank accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits or where no insurance is provided. The Company has not experienced any losses in such accounts and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

d) Equipment

Equipment is carried at cost and is depreciated over a useful life of 5-7 years using the straight line method. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the life of the lease using the straight line method.

e) Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses.

Note 3- Bank Loan Payable

The Company has a \$150,000 bank line of credit from which was drawn down \$150,000, at December 31, 2006. The loan is payable over three years. Interest is calculated at prime plus one percent and at December 31, 2006, the interest rate was 9.25%. The loan is collateralized by the commission receivables of the Company and guaranteed by the stockholder.

HEIGHTS PARTNERS, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006

Note 4 - Commitments and Contingencies

Seat Lease

The Company leases five seats on the American Stock Exchange. Four leases are for a term of one year, and, one lease is for a term of six months and all expire throughout 2007, and in total call for payments of \$1,975.

Note 5 - Financial Instruments with Off-Balance Sheet Credit Risk

As a securities broker, the Company is engaged in buying and selling securities for a diverse group of institutional and individual investors. The Company introduces these transactions for clearance to another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.

The Company's exposure to credit risk associated with non-performance of customers in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to securities transactions can be directly impacted by volatile trading markets which may impair the customer' ability to satisfy their obligations to the Company and the Company's ability to liquidate the collateral at an amount equal to the original contracted amount. The agreement between the Company and its clearing broker provides that the Company is obligated to assume any exposure related to such non-performance by its customers. The Company seeks to control the aforementioned risks by requiring customers to maintain margin collateral in compliance with various regulatory requirements and the clearing broker's internal guidelines. The Company monitors its customer activity by reviewing information it receives from its clearing broker on a daily basis, and requiring customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions, when necessary.

Note 6 - Net Capital Requirement

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 1500%. At December 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$331,949, which was \$81,949 in excess of its required net capital of \$250,000. The Company's net capital ratio was 97.73%.

A copy of the Firm's statement of Financial Condition as of December 31, 2006, pursuant to SEC Rule 17a-5, is available for examination at the Firm's office and at the regional office of the SEC.



132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074 E-mail: LS@lernersipkin.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Officers and Directors of Heights Partners, Inc. 7 Hubert Street Suite 7A New York, NY 10013

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Heights Partners, Inc. as of December 31, 2006. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the statement of financial condition based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards required that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Heights Partners, Inc. as of December 31, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants (NY)

New York, NY February 26, 2007

HEIGHTS PARTNERS, INC. INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' COMMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006



132 Nassau Street, New York, NY 10038 Tel 212.571.0064 / Fax 212.571.0074 E-mail: LS@lernersipkin.com

To the Officers and Directors of Heights Partners, Inc. 7 Hubert Street – Suite 7A New York, NY 10013

Gentlemen:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Heights Partners, Inc. as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered its internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion of the financial statements but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5 (g) (1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5 (g), in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3 (a) (11); and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons, and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2006, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of Heights Partners, Inc. to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control and that alternatively greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, ASE and other regulatory agencies, that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Lerner & Sipkin, CPAs, LLP Certified Public Accountants (N.Y.)

New York, NY February 26, 2007