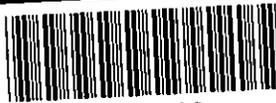


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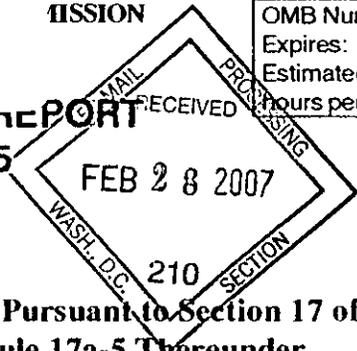
MISSION

BB 3/13

OMB APPROVAL	
OMB Number:	3235-0123
Expires:	January 31, 2007
Estimated average burden	
hours per response.....	12.00

ANNUAL REPORT

FORM X-17A-5
PART III



SEC FILE NUMBER
8-33719

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/06 AND ENDING 12/31/06
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: First Dominion Capital Corp.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

8730 Stoney Point Parkway

(No. and Street)

Richmond

(City)

VA

(State)

23235

(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

John Pasco, III

(804) 285-8211

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Tait, Weller & Baker LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1818 Market Street, Suite 2400

(Address)

Philadelphia

(City)

PA

(State)

19103

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

MAR 14 2007

THOMSON FINANCIAL

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

KA 3/14

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

**To the Board of Directors and Shareholder
First Dominion Capital Corp.
Richmond, Virginia**

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of First Dominion Capital Corp. as of December 31, 2006, and the related statements of income (loss), changes in ownership equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of First Dominion Capital Corp. as of December 31, 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements, taken as a whole. The information contained in pages 3, 4, 6 and 7 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Tait, Weller & Baker

**Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
February 23, 2007**

FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE REPORT PART IIA

BROKER OR DEALER **First Dominion Capital Corp.**

as of 12/31/06

EXEMPTIVE PROVISION UNDER RULE 15c3-3

24. If an exemption from Rule 15c3-1 is claimed, identify below the section upon which such exemption is based (check one only)

- | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------|
| A. (k)(1) — \$2,500 capital category as per Rule 15c3-1 | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | 4550 |
| B. (k)(2)(A) — "Special Account for the Exclusive Benefit of customers" maintained | | 4560 |
| C. (k)(2)(B) — All customer transactions cleared through another broker-dealer on a fully disclosed basis.
Name of clearing firm ³⁰ | | 4570 |
| D. (k)(3) — Exempted by order of the Commission (include copy of letter) | | 4580 |

Ownership Equity and Subordinated Liabilities maturing or proposed to be withdrawn within the next six months and accruals, (as defined below), which have not been deducted in the computation of Net Capital.

Type of Proposed Withdrawal or Accrual (See below for code)	Name of Lender or Contributor	Insider or Outsider? (In or Out)	Amount to be Withdrawn (cash amount and/or Net Capital Value of Securities)	(MMDDYY) Withdrawal or Maturity Date	Expect to Renew (Yes or No)
31 4600	4601	4602	4603	4604	4605
32 4610	4611	4612	4613	4614	4615
33 4620	4621	4622	4623	4624	4625
34 4630	4631	4632	4633	4634	4635
35 4640	4641	4642	4643	4644	4645
			Total \$ ³⁶	4699	

OMIT PENNIES

Instructions: Detail Listing must include the total of items maturing during the six month period following the report date, regardless of whether or not the capital contribution is expected to be renewed. The schedule must also include proposed capital withdrawals scheduled within the six month period following the report date including the proposed redemption of stock and anticipated accruals which would cause a reduction of Net Capital. These anticipated accruals would include amounts of bonuses, partners' drawing accounts, taxes, and interest on capital, voluntary contributions to pension or profit sharing plans, etc., which have not been deducted in the computation of Net Capital, but which you anticipate will be paid within the next six months.

WITHDRAWAL CODE:	DESCRIPTIONS
1.	Equity Capital
2.	Subordinated Liabilities
3.	Accruals

FIRST DOMINION CAPITAL CORP.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year ended December 31, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities

Net income (loss)	\$ 388,258
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	
Decrease in receivable from non-customer	65,749
Increase in accrued expenses	<u>17,902</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>471,909</u>

Cash flows from investing activities

Increase in receivables from non-customers	<u>(368,536)</u>
Net cash used by investing activities	<u>(368,536)</u>

NET INCREASE IN CASH 103,373

Cash

Beginning of year	<u>109,975</u>
End of year	<u>\$ 213,348</u>

FIRST DOMINION CAPITAL CORP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2006

(1) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

ORGANIZATION

First Dominion Capital Corp. (the "*Company*") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers.

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

The Company serves as the principal underwriter for the mutual funds of The World Funds, Inc. The Company also markets other mutual funds for which it is paid a commission and may also receive contingent deferred sales charges on certain redemptions and derives principally all of its revenues from these sources. It does not execute investment transactions recommended by any investment manager for The World Funds, Inc. or Vontobel Funds, Inc.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that may affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

OFF-BALANCE-SHEET RISK AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Company introduces customers' securities transactions on a fully-disclosed basis to its clearing broker/dealer. Off-balance-sheet risk exists with respect to these transactions due to the possibility that customers may be unable to fulfill their contractual commitments wherein the clearing broker/dealer may charge any losses it incurs to the Company. The Company seeks to minimize this risk through procedures designed to monitor the credit worthiness of its customers and that customer transactions are executed properly by the clearing broker/dealer.

CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash equivalents include all highly liquid short-term instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less.

FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of cash, commissions receivable, and accrued expenses approximate fair value because of the short maturity of these items.

REVENUE RECOGNITION

The Company receives income from distribution fees on the trading of mutual fund shares. Income is recorded on a settlement date basis; however, all transactions are reviewed and adjusted on a trade date basis if significant.

FIRST DOMINION CAPITAL CORP.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - (Continued)

Year ended December 31, 2006

INCOME TAXES

The liability method is used to calculate deferred income taxes. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized on temporary differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using applicable enacted rates. The principal types of differences between assets and liabilities for financial statements and tax return purposes relate to the recording of income and expenses for tax purposes when cash is received and paid. The deferred tax liability is reduced by any net operating losses being carried forward for tax purposes.

(2) RELATED PARTIES

One of the Company's directors serves on the Board of Directors of The World Funds, Inc.

A director and officer of the Company is also a director of another corporation that provides the Company with certain administrative services. Billings during 2006 totaled \$301,700.

(3) REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

The Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c-3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (reserve requirement for brokers and dealers) in that it does not hold funds or securities for customers and it promptly transmits all funds and delivers all securities in connection with its activities as a broker or dealer.

Pursuant to the net capital provisions of Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined, equal to the greater of \$25,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness. Net capital and the related net capital ratio may fluctuate on a daily basis. At December 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$192,943, which exceeded its net capital requirement of \$25,000 by \$167,943. The percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 11%.

(4) BENEFIT PLAN

The Company participates in a contributory Simplified Employee Pension Individual Retirement Accounts plan that was available to officers and directors of the Company. Contributions to the plan are discretionary and in no event will exceed the amount permitted under the Internal Revenue Code. No contributions were made for 2006.

(5) SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES

There were no liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors at any time during the year ended December 31, 2006.

TAIT, WELLER & BAKER LLP

Certified Public Accountants

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS ON INTERNAL CONTROL REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17a-5

**To the Board of Directors and Shareholder
First Dominion Capital Corp.
Richmond, Virginia**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of First Dominion Capital Corp. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2006, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Commission's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

**To the Board of Directors and Shareholder
First Dominion Capital Corp.
Page Two**

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of internal control does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including procedures for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2006, to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Securities and Exchange Commission, and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Tait, Weller & Baker LLP

**Philadelphia, Pennsylvania
February 23, 2007**

END