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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	January 1, 2006	AND ENDING	December 31, 2006 MM/DD/YY		
		047101	MINVOD/ Y		
A. I	REGISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION			
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: IFS Fund Distri	butors, Inc.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS (DO NOT USE P.O. Box No.)		95-4202703		
			Firm I.D. NO.		
303 Broadway - Suite 1100					
	(No. and Street)				
Cincinnati	ОН	y en eur	45202-		
(City)	(State)	*P , *s	(Zip Code)		
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERS	SON TO CONTACT IN RE	EGARD TO THIS REPO	RT:		
Terrie Wiedenheft		(513	3)- 362- 8242		
		(Area	Code - Telephone Number)		
В.	ACCOUNT IDENTIFICA	ATION			
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT whose opinic	on is contained in this Repo				
Ernst & Young, LLP	on the software of the trope	•			
	- if individual, state last, first, m	iddle name)			
1900 Scripps Center		•			
312 Walnut Street	Cincinnati		OH 45202		
(Address)	(City)		State) (Zip Code)		
•	PRO		CESSED		
CHECK ONE:			4		
Certified Public Account		MAF	MAR 1 9 2007		
Public Account		TH	THOMSON FINANCIAL		
Accountant not resident in United Sta	tes or any of its possession	s FIN			
F	OR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY			

information contained in this form are not required to respond SEC1410 (06-02) unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

AB 3/17

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public account must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstanced relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e) (2) Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Te	rrie Wiedenheft		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my kno	owledge and belief the accompanying financial	statement a	and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
IFS F	and Distributors, Inc.		, as
	December 31 , 20	06	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
			of director has any proprietary interest in any account classified
			Signature Signature
			Sr. VP & Chief Financial Officer Title
	BRENDA L. I MOTARY PUBLIC, ST. MET COMMISSION EXP		
	Brenda L Flif Notary Public		
This rep	ort ** contains (check all applicable boxes):		
(a) (b)	Statement of Financial Condition.		
(c) ⊠	Statement of Income (Loss)		
(d)(e)	Statement of Changes in Financial Condition. Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or I	Partners' or S	ole Proprietors' Capital
⊠ (f)	Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated		
⊠ (g)	Computation of Net Capital.		
(h)	•		
	Information Relating to the Possession or Control	-	
□ (j)	A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation Computation for Determination of the Reserve Recomputation for Determination for Determination of the Reserve Recomputation for Determination for Determination of the Reserve Recomputation for Determination for Det		eputation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Inder Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
☐ (k)	A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudite consolidation.	ed Statements	of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
⊠ (1)	An Oath or Affirmation.		
_	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.		
(n)	A report describing any material inadequacies four		found to have existed since the date of the previous audit,

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

Year ended December 31, 2006

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Phone: (513) 612-1400 www.ey.com

Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

The Board of Directors IFS Fund Distributors, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of IFS Fund Distributors, Inc., an indirect wholly-owned subsidiary of Western and Southern Life Insurance Company, as of December 31, 2006, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity and cash flows for the year then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. We were not engaged to perform an audit of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Our audit included consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of IFS Fund Distributors, Inc. at December 31, 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the Untied States.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

February 26, 2007

Ernst + Young LLP

Statement of Financial Condition

December 31, 2006

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 709,708
Unaffiliated accounts receivable	138,425
Affiliated accounts receivable	549
Federal income tax receivable from affiliate	3,574
Deferred income tax asset	4,690
Prepaid expenses	18,501
Total assets	\$ 875,447
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other	\$ 147,732
Total liabilities	147,732
Stockholder's equity:	
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 1,000 shares authorized;	
500 shares issued and outstanding	5
Additional paid-in capital	830,311
Accumulated deficit	(102,601)
Total stockholder's equity	727,715
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ 875,447

Statement of Operations

Year Ended December 31, 2006

Revenue		
Commissions, fees and other income	\$	5,149,629
Expenses		
•		£ 100 500
Commissions		5,109,732
Employee compensation and benefits		63,556
Employee related		3,617
Professional fees		16,332
Office		17,102
Total expenses		5,210,339
Loss before income tax benefit		(60,710)
Income tax benefit		
Current income tax benefit		(17,497)
Deferred income tax benefit		(1,734)
Total income tax benefit		(19,231)
Net loss	<u>\$</u>	(41,479)

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity

Year Ended December 31, 2006

	 nmon ock	 dditional Paid-in Capital	Ac	cumulated Deficit	Sto	Total ckholder's Equity
Balance at January 1, 2006	\$ 5	\$ 530,311	\$	(61,122)	\$	469,194
Capital contribution from parent	-	300,000		-		300,000
Net loss	 -	 -		(41,479)		(41,479)
Balance at December 31, 2006	\$ 5	\$ 830,311	\$	(102,601)	\$	727,715

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2006

Cash flows from operating activities	
Net loss	\$ (41,479)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash	
used in operating activities:	
Deferred income tax benefit	(1,734)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Unaffiliated accounts receivable	(109,307)
Affiliated accounts receivable	88,588
Federal income tax receivable from affiliate	(3,574)
Prepaid expenses	(4,825)
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities and other	41,558
Federal income tax payable to affiliate	(1,043)
Net cash used in operating activities	(31,816)
Cash flows from financing activities	
Capital contribution from parent	300,000
Net cash provided by financing activities	300,000
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	268,184
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	441,524
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 709,708

Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2006

1. Organization and Nature of Business

IFS Fund Distributors, Inc. (the Company) is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Integrated Holdings, Inc. Integrated Holdings, Inc. is a wholly-owned subsidiary of IFS Financial Services, Inc. (IFS). IFS is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Western-Southern Life Assurance Company, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Western and Southern Life Insurance Company (WSLIC). The Company is a registered broker-dealer engaged primarily in asset management, mutual funds and trading in securities.

Effective January 1, 2007, the Company's parent, Integrated Holdings, Inc. dissolved and the Company is now a wholly-owned subsidiary of IFS.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include all cash balances and highly-liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase, including investments in money market funds.

Commission Income

Commission income is recognized for distribution related services when investment contracts are executed and recognized on securities transactions based on the trade date.

Income Taxes

The Company is included in the consolidated federal income tax return with WSLIC. Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 109, Accounting for Income Taxes, requires a systematic and rational allocation of tax expense to members of the consolidated group. Accordingly, the Company records a provision for income taxes under the separate return method as permitted under SFAS No. 109. The benefit from losses of the Company is available to offset income of others within the consolidated group or the Company's future taxable income within the period of limitations, in accordance with the Company's tax sharing agreement.

Notes to Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The net deferred income tax asset recorded at December 31, 2006 is \$4,690, primarily attributable to a net operating loss carryforward from tax year 2006 that expires in 2026. Differences between the effective tax rate and the federal income tax rate are due to adjustments for meals and entertainment. The Company received \$12,880 for income tax reimbursements in the current year. The amount of taxes currently receivable from WSLIC as of December 31, 2006 was \$3,574.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

3. Regulatory Requirements

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule, Rule 15c3-1 (the Rule), which requires that the Company maintains a minimum net capital level of the greater of \$25,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, and a ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not to exceed 15 to 1, as those terms are defined by the Rule. At December 31, 2006, the Company's net capital, as defined, was \$548,038 which was \$523,038 in excess of required net capital, and its ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was .27 to 1.

4. Contingencies

The Company is involved in various legal and regulatory matters arising in the normal course of business. Management of the Company believes that the resolution of these matters will not result in any material adverse impact on the financial position and operations for the Company.

Supplementary Information

Schedule I - Computation of Net Capital Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

December 31, 2006

Computation of net capital	
1 Stockholder's equity	\$ 727,715
Less non-allowable assets:	
2 Receivables and deferred income tax asset	147,238
3 Prepaid assets	18,501
4 Haircuts on securities held	 13,938
5 Net capital	\$ 548,038
Computation of aggregate indebtedness	
6 Total aggregate indebtedness liabilities from statement of	
financial condition	\$ 147,732
7 Add drafts for immediate credit	-
8 Deduct adjustment based on Special Reserve	
Accounts (15c3-1) (c) (1) (VII)	 -
9 Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ 147,732
Computation of basic net capital requirement	
10 Minimum net capital required (6 2/3% of line 9)	\$ 9,848
11 Minimum net capital required of reporting broker	25,000
12 Net capital requirement (greater of line 10 or 11)	25,000
13 Excess net capital (line 5 less line 12)	523,038
14 Excess net capital at 1000% (line 5 less 10% of line 9)	533,265
Computation of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	
15 Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital (line 9/line 5)	27%

There were no material differences between the Computation of Net Capital included in this report and the corresponding schedule included in the Company's unaudited December 31, 2006 FOCUS filing

Schedule II - Statement Regarding Rule 15c3-3

December 31, 2006

The Company carries no customer accounts and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to its clearing brokers. Accordingly, the Company is exempt from the provisions of Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission under paragraph (k)(1) of that Rule.

■ Ernst & Young LLP 1900 Scripps Center 312 Walnut Street Cincinnati, Ohio 45202 ■ Phone: (513) 612-1400 www.ey.com

Supplementary Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Internal Control Required by Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors IFS Fund Distributors, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of IFS Fund Distributors, Inc. (the "Company"), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, we considered its internal control over financial reporting ("internal control"), as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. The study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them

to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2006 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

February 26, 2007

Ernst + Young LLP