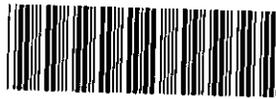


SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
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AND
EXAMINATIONS
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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

OMB APPROVAL
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FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/06 AND ENDING 12/31/06
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Wyser-Pratte & Co., Inc.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

410 Park Avenue Suite 1510

(No. and Street)

New York New York 10022
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Sharon O'Shea 646-735-5066

(Area Code- Telephone Number)

PROCESSED

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

APR 09 2007

Goldstein Golub Kessler, LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1185 Avenue of the Americas New York NY 10036
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

E THOMSON FINANCIAL

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

MM 2/2

MM

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Sharon O'Shea swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Wyser-Pratte & Co, Inc., as of December 31, 2006, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

Sharon O'Shea
Signature
CFO.
Title

Cynthia Gorgoretti
Notary Public

CYNTHIA GORGORETTI
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01GO6043884
Qualified in New York County
My Commission Expires June 26, 2009

- This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):
- (a) Facing Page.
 - (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
 - (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
 - (d) Statement of Changes in cash flows.
 - (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
 - (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
 - (g) Computation of Net Capital.
 - (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
 - (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
 - (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
 - (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
 - (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
 - (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
 - (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e) (3).



GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Stockholder
Wyser-Pratte & Co., Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Wyser-Pratte & Co., Inc. (the "Company") as of December 31, 2006. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Wyser-Pratte & Co., Inc. as of December 31, 2006 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Goldstein Golub Kessler LLP

GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

February 28, 2007

WYSER-PRATTE & CO., INC.**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION****December 31, 2006****ASSETS**

Cash	\$ 661,981
Due from Broker	759,791
Due from Affiliate	116,336
Furniture, Equipment and Leasehold Improvements, at cost (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$187,285)	43,164
Other Assets	78,812
Total Assets	\$1,660,084

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities:	
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	\$ 93,412
Deferred income taxes payable	43,632
Total liabilities	137,044

Commitments

Stockholder's Equity:	
Common stock - \$1 par value; authorized, issued and outstanding 1,000 shares	1,000
Additional paid-in capital	382,790
Retained earnings	1,139,250
Total stockholder's equity	1,523,040
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	\$1,660,084

See Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

WYSER-PRATTE & CO., INC.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2006

**1. ORGANIZATION
AND SIGNIFICANT
ACCOUNTING
POLICIES:**

Wyser-Pratte & Co., Inc. (the "Company") is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (the "NASD"). The Company acts as an introducing broker for which it earns commissions. All transactions for its customers are cleared through and carried by a New York Stock Exchange member firm on a fully disclosed basis.

Deferred income taxes arise primarily from the Company's policy of reporting on the cash basis for income tax purposes.

This financial statement has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States which require the use of estimates by management.

The Company maintains cash in bank deposit accounts which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses on these accounts.

The Company has elected to be treated as a Subchapter S Corporation for federal and New York State income tax purposes. As an S Corporation, the Company is subject to New York City general corporation tax and a New York State tax surcharge, while the stockholder is liable for federal and state income taxes on the Company's taxable income.

**2. DUE FROM
BROKER:**

The clearing and depository operations for the Company's transactions are provided by a broker pursuant to a clearance agreement. At December 31, 2006, the receivable from clearing broker represents commissions receivable earned as an introducing broker for the transactions of its customers. The Company has agreed to indemnify its clearing broker for losses that the clearing broker may sustain from the customer accounts introduced by the Company. Also, in the normal course of business, customers may sell securities short. Subsequent market fluctuations may require the clearing firm to value the short positions and to obtain additional deposits where deemed appropriate.

**3. NET CAPITAL
REQUIREMENT:**

As a broker-dealer and member organization of the NASD, the Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule 15c3-1 of the SEC. The rule requires the Company to maintain minimum net capital, as defined, of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, or \$50,000, whichever is greater. At December 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$1,280,728, which exceeded its requirement of \$50,000 by \$1,230,728.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
December 31, 2006

4. **COMMITMENTS:** In December 2005, the Company amended its agreement to lease office space. The amendment provides for an extension of the lease until March 2007 and provides for minimum annual rentals through the lease expiration date. The office lease rentals are subject to escalations based upon increases in specified operating expenses. The rental commitments for the Company amount to \$51,150 for the year ending December 31, 2007.

The Company and a related affiliate share the rent expense.

5. **RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:** All direct expenses are paid by the Company. The Company charges Wyser-Pratte Management Company, Inc. ("Management"), an affiliate, for 50% of the expenses that Management and the Company have in common. Compensation expenses are paid by Management. Management charges the Company for 50% of the compensation expenses that they have in common. As of December 31, 2006, the Company has an outstanding receivable of \$116,336 from Management.

The above intercompany receivable is noninterest-bearing and has no scheduled repayment terms.



GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Stockholder of
Wyser-Pratte & Co., Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Wyser-Pratte & Co., Inc. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or



disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control and the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2006 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and any other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Goldstein Golub Kessler LLP
GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

February 28, 2007

END