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UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER 8-53496

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2006 AND ENDING December 31, 2006 MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: PFM Fund Distributors, Inc.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) One Keystone Plaza, Suite 300, North Front & Market Streets

Harrisburg Pennsylvania 17101 (City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT (717) 231-6200 Debra J. Goodnight (Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report\*

Kreischer Miller

200 Gibraltar Road, Suite 200 Horsham Pennsylvania 19044 (Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

PROCESSED

MAR 14 2007

SEC MAIL RECEIVED FEB 27 2007 WASH. DC 210 SECTION

CHECK ONE:

- [X] Certified Public Accountant [ ] Public Accountant [ ] Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

THOMSON FINANCIAL

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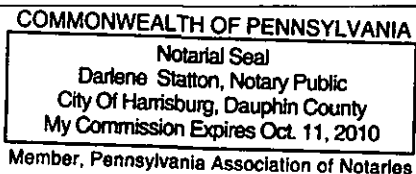
\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Debra J. Goodnight, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of PFM Fund Distributors, Inc., as of December 31, 2006, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



Debra J. Goodnight  
Signature  
Financial and Operations Principal  
Title

Darlene Statton  
Notary Public

This report \*\* contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

\*\*For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

**PFM FUND DISTRIBUTORS, INC.**  
**(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of PFM Asset Management LLC)**  
**December 31, 2006**

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## Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors  
PFM Fund Distributors, Inc.  
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of  
PFM Asset Management LLC)  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of PFM Fund Distributors, Inc. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of PFM Asset Management LLC) as of December 31, 2006, and the related statements of operations, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of PFM Fund Distributors, Inc.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of PFM Fund Distributors, Inc. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of PFM Asset Management LLC) as of December 31, 2006 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information on page 8 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

*Kreischer Miller*

Horsham, Pennsylvania  
February 23, 2007

**PFM FUND DISTRIBUTORS, INC.**  
**(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of PFM Asset Management LLC)**

**Statement of Financial Condition**  
**December 31, 2006**

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**ASSETS**

Cash	\$ 105,962
Due from parent, net	7,398
Prepaid expenses	<u>28,341</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 141,701</u>

**LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY**

Accounts payable	<u>\$ 10,350</u>
Stockholder's equity:	
Common stock, \$10 par value; 100 shares authorized, issued, and outstanding	1,000
Additional paid-in capital	129,000
Retained earnings	<u>1,351</u>
Total stockholder's equity	<u>131,351</u>
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	<u>\$ 141,701</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

PFM FUND DISTRIBUTORS, INC.  
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of PFM Asset Management LLC)

Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity  
Year Ended December 31, 2006

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-In Capital	Retained Earnings	Total Stockholder's Equity
Balance, December 31, 2005	\$ 1,000	\$ 129,000	\$ 1,351	\$ 131,351
Net income	-	-	-	-
Balance, December 31, 2006	\$ 1,000	\$ 129,000	\$ 1,351	\$ 131,351

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

**PFM FUND DISTRIBUTORS, INC.**  
**(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of PFM Asset Management LLC)**

Notes to Financial Statements  
December 31, 2006

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**(1) Organization and Nature of Business**

PFM Fund Distributors, Inc. (the Company) was formed as PFMAM, Inc. on July 16, 2001, to operate as a broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. On September 10, 2004, the Company changed its legal name to PFM Fund Distributors, Inc. The Company's sole purpose is to serve as the distributor or marketing agent for local government investment pools and registered investment companies for which the Company's Parent serves as investment adviser and/or administrator and/or transfer agent. Shares in these local government investment pools and registered investment companies are offered and sold only to institutional investors, the majority of which are state and local governmental entities. The Company has no present plans to buy, sell, or trade securities.

PFM Asset Management LLC (the Parent) is the sole stockholder of the Company. To date and in the foreseeable future, the Company will be dependent on its Parent for capital infusions and administrative support.

**(2) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

*Revenue Recognition*

The Company generally bills in arrears for marketing agent and distribution services performed. Typically, such fees are calculated as a percentage of the underlying fund's net assets and are collected by the Parent.

In addition, the Company bills the Parent for marketing activities related to the Parent's investment advisory and administrative contracts. Amounts billed to the Parent by the Company represents the excess of expenses incurred by the Company over the amount of revenues recognized by the Company in servicing such contracts, as well as its own marketing agent and distribution services contracts. In 2006, the Company billed the Parent \$1,121,812 for activities related to the Parent's investment advisory and administrative contracts, which is included as "other income" in the accompanying financial statements.

*Income Taxes*

The Company recognizes deferred tax assets on deductible temporary differences and deferred tax liabilities on taxable temporary differences. Temporary differences are the differences between the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and their tax bases. As those differences reverse, they will enter into the determination of future taxable income. Deferred tax assets are reduced by a valuation allowance when, in the opinion of management, it is more likely than not that some portion or all of the deferred tax assets will not be realized. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are adjusted for the effects of changes in tax laws and rates on the date of enactment.

*Continued...*

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



PFM FUND DISTRIBUTORS, INC.  
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of PFM Asset Management LLC)

Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 of the  
Securities and Exchange Commission  
December 31, 2006

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Net capital:

Total stockholder's equity \$ 131,351

Deductions from and/or changes to stockholder's equity:

Total nonallowable assets (35,739)

Net capital 95,612

Computation of basic net capital requirement:

Minimum net capital required 25,000

Net capital in excess of minimum requirement \$ 70,612

Net capital as reported on the  
Company's FOCUS report - Part IIA \$ 95,612

Computation of aggregate indebtedness:

Aggregate indebtedness \$ 10,350

Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital 10.8%

Statement Pursuant to Rule 17a-5(d)(4)

Since there are no differences between the net capital computation on Part II A of the Company's Form X-17A-5 and the net capital computed above, a reconciliation is not necessary.

## Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors  
PFM Fund Distributors, Inc.  
(A Wholly-Owned Subsidiary of  
PFM Asset Management LLC)  
Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of PFM Fund Distributors, Inc. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of PFM Asset Management LLC) (the Company) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of any customer, as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2006 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

*Kreischer Miller*

Horsham, Pennsylvania  
February 23, 2007

*END*