

Washington, D.C. 20549

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FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder 01/01/06 AND ENDING REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING. MM/DD/YY A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

s.

CCIVED

OFFICIAL USE ONLY

FIRM I.D. NO.

320 Park Ave		<u> </u>	
New York	(No. and Street)	10022	
(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER Thomas F Flynn	OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGAR	D TO THIS REPORT 732-842-9450	

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report* O'Connor Davies Munns & Dobbins

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

60 East 42nd St.

New York

NY 10165

(Address)

(City)

(State)

(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

Certified Public Accountant

Goldman Capital Management Inc.

☐ Public Accountant

Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

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-THOMSON FINANCIAL

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid DMB control number.

SEC 1410 (06-02)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

Neal I Goldman	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supp	porting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Goldman Capital Management Inc.	, as
of	true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or dire	ctor has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:	
None	
	ind I. Led
	Signature
	President
THOMAS F. FLYNN	Title
NOTARY PUBLIC OF NEW JERSEY	••••
MY COMMISSION EXPIRES FEB 1, 2002	8
Notary Public	
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or St	ole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of C	creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	ant to Bule 15o2 2
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursu	ant to Kule 1903-9.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements	wastion of Not Capital Under Rule 1503-1 and the
(i) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Comp	ndar Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements U (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements	of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
	of Financial Condition with respect to memore of
consolidation. (1) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A conv of the SIPC Supplemental Report.	
(iii) A copy of the 3110 supplemental responsibility (iii) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or fo	und to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this fil	ing, see section 270.174-7(e)(s).



Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Directors and Stockholder Goldman Capital Management, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Goldman Capital Management, Inc. as of December 31, 2006, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements enumerated above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Goldman Capital Management, Inc. as of December 31, 2006, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained on page 9 and 10 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

O'Common Davies Munno & Dobbins, LAP

New York, New York January 29, 2007



Financial Statements

Statement of Financial Condition

ASSETS Cash Receivable from clearing broker Other fees receivable Other assets	\$ 163,252 134,504 142,000 15,000 \$ 454,756
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Liabilities	42.236
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	12,230
Total Liabilities	42,236
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Common stock, no par value, 200 shares authorized,	
100 shares issued and outstanding	100
Additional paid-in capital	129,900
Retained earnings	282,520
Total Stockholder's Equity	412,520
	<u>\$ 454,756</u>

Statement of Income

Year Ended December 31, 2006

REVENUE Commissions Advisory fees Other fees	\$ 1,477,170 1,045,529 527,275
Total Revenue	3,049,974
EXPENSES Employee compensation and benefits Clearance fees Professional fees Travel and entertainment Occupancy Other operating expenses Local taxes Total Expenses	1,656,589 235,681 66,250 159,550 112,904 106,200 63,000
Net Income	\$ 649,800

Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity

	Additional Common Stock Paid-in							
	Shares	An	nount	_	Capital	 		Total
Balance, beginning of year	100	\$	100	\$	129,900	\$ 586,725	\$	716,725
Stockholder distributions						(954,005)		(954,005)
Net income				_		 649,800		649,800
Balance, end of year	100	\$	100	\$	129,900	\$ 282,520	<u>\$</u>	412,520

Statement of Cash Flows

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Net income	\$ 649,800
Adjustments to reconcile net income to	
net cash provided by operating activities	
Receivable from clearing broker	3,912
Other fees receivable	(25,700)
Prepaid expenses	(2,864)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	 (10,421)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	 614,727
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Shareholder distributions Net Cash (Used by) Financing Activities Net change in cash and cash equivalents	 (954,005) (954,005) (347,101)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	510.252
Beginning of year	 510,353
End of year	\$ 163,252

Notes to Financial Statements

1. Significant Accounting Policies

General

Goldman Capital Management, Inc. (the "Company") is a registered investment adviser and registered broker-dealer that introduces its brokerage accounts on a fully disclosed basis to a self-clearing broker. The Company manages securities portfolios for its customers on a discretionary or nondiscretionary basis.

Revenue Recognition

Commission revenues and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis. Fees for advisory services are based on assets managed and are recognized as earned.

Income Tax Status

The Company is qualified as an "S" corporation for Federal and New York State income tax purposes; accordingly, income earned is taxable to the shareholder on his individual income tax returns.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Net Capital Requirements

As a registered broker-dealer and member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc., the Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission's Uniform Net Capital Rule which requires that the Company maintain minimum net capital, as defined, of one-fifteenth of aggregate indebtedness, as defined, or \$5,000, whichever is greater. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change from day to day. As of December 31, 2006 the Company had net capital of \$146,169 which exceeded requirements by \$141,169.

Notes to Financial Statements

3. Defined Contribution Pension Plan

The Company has a defined contribution pension plan (the "Plan") covering substantially all of its employees. Plan expense for the year ended December 31, 2006 totalled \$85,000.

4. Concentration of Credit Risk and Financial Instruments With Off-Balance Sheet Risk

The Company introduces its customers' transactions to its clearing broker with whom it has a correspondent relationship for execution, clearance, and depository operations in accordance with the terms of a clearance agreement. In connection therewith, the Company has agreed to indemnify the clearing broker for losses that the clearing broker may sustain. As of December 31, 2006, amounts owed to the clearing broker by these customers were collateralized by securities with a market value in excess of the receivable. Nonperformance by its customers in fulfilling their contractual obligations pursuant to securities transactions with the clearing broker may expose the Company to risk of potential loss.

The Company utilizes a clearing broker that is highly capitalized and is a member of major securities exchanges.

5. Related Party Transactions

The president and sole shareholder of the Company is a managing member of a limited liability company which is a general partner of an investment partnership. For the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company received fees of \$526,000 from the aforementioned limited liability company, \$142,000 of which was receivable at year end.

6. Commitments

The Company has a month to month lease for occupancy of its office space. Total occupancy expense was \$112,904 for the year ended December 31, 2006.

Supplemental Information

Schedule of Computation of Net Capital Under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15C3-1

December 31, 2006

Shareholder's equity per statement of financial condition	\$ 412,520
Deductions - nonallowable assets:	
Other fees receivable	(142,000)
Other assets	(15,000)
Net capital	\$ 255,520
Minimum net capital requirement of 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, or \$5,000, whichever is greater	5,000
Excess of net capital over minimum requirement	250,520
Aggregate indebtedness Accrued expenses and other liabilities	42,236
Percentage of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	16.52%

RECONCILITAION OF COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RULE 15C3-1

There is no material difference between the above calculation included in the Company's unaudited FOCUS report as of December 31, 2006.

Schedule of Computation of Reserve Requirements under Exhibit A of Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c-3

December 31, 2006

The firm is engaged in a general securities business and carried no customer accounts on its books. All customer transactions are cleared through another stock brokerage firm on a fully disclosed basis.

Schedule Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements under Securities and Exchange Commission Rule 15c-3

December 31, 2006

The firm is engaged in a general securities business and carried no customer accounts on its books. All customer transactions are cleared through another stock brokerage firm on a fully disclosed basis and the firm does not have possession of customer securities.

Supplementary Report of Independent Auditors

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure Required by Sec Rule 17a-5

The Board of Directors and Shareholder Goldman Capital Management, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Goldman Capital Management, Inc. (the "Company"), for the year ended December 31, 2006, we considered its internal control structure, including control activities safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control structure policies and procedures and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of an internal control structure and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded

properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control structure or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2006 to meet the SEC's objectives.

Our opinion recognizes that it is not practicable in a company the size of Goldman Capital Management, Inc. to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal accounting control, and alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management. This report is intended solely for the use of management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

O'Common Davies Munno & Dobbins, LAP

New York, New York January 29, 2007

END