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UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington D.C. 20549

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/2006 AND ENDING 12/31/2006
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:

Cambridge BN, Ltd.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

477 Madison Avenue, 16th Floor

(No. and Street)

New York, NY 10022
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Richard Nye (212) 826-3030

(Area Code- Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

Goldstein Golub Kessler LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

1185 Avenue of the Americas, New York, NY 10036
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.

PROCESSED

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* Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

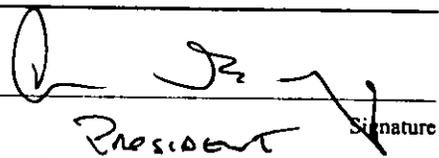
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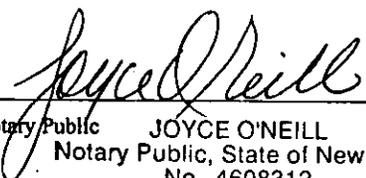
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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Richard Nye swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of Cambridge BN, Ltd., as of December 31, 20 06, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:



President
Signature
Title



Notary Public JOYCE O'NEILL
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 4608312
Qualified in Nassau County
Commission Expires 7/31/09

This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

** For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e) (3).

CAMBRIDGE BN, LTD.

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GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Stockholder of
Cambridge BN, Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Cambridge BN, Ltd. as of December 31, 2006. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the statement of financial condition is free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the statement of financial condition. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall statement of financial condition presentation. We believe that our audit of the statement of financial condition provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the statement of financial condition referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cambridge BN, Ltd. as of December 31, 2006, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Goldstein Golub Kessler LLP

GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

February 4, 2007

CAMBRIDGE BN, LTD.**STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION****December 31, 2006****ASSETS**

Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 276,905
Securities Owned, at market value	159,017
Other Assets	7,185
Total Assets	\$ 443,107

LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

Liabilities - accrued expenses	\$ 19,000
Stockholder's Equity:	
Common stock - \$0.01 par value; authorized, issued and outstanding 100 shares	1
Additional paid-in capital	192,157
Retained earnings	231,949
Total stockholder's equity	424,107
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	\$ 443,107

See Notes to Statement of Financial Condition

CAMBRIDGE BN, LTD.

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION December 31, 2006

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- 1. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:**

Cambridge BN, Ltd. (the "Company") was incorporated under the laws of the State of Delaware. The Company is a registered broker-dealer under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc.

The Company is an introducing broker-dealer and is exempt from the provisions of rule 15c3-3 as all customer accounts, as defined, are carried by the clearing broker.

This financial statement has been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America which require the use of estimates by management.

Securities owned are recorded on a trade-date basis and valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the year with the resulting unrealized gains and losses reflected in income.

This financial statement reflects commissions on customers' securities transactions on a trade-date basis.
 - 2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:**

Cash equivalents consist of a money market fund held at the clearing broker.
 - 3. CLEARING BROKER:**

The clearing and depository operations for the Company's securities transactions are provided by one broker pursuant to a clearance agreement.

The Company has agreed to indemnify its clearing broker for losses that the clearing broker may sustain from the customer accounts introduced by the Company. As of December 31, 2006, no amounts were owed to the clearing broker by these customers in connection with normal margin, cash and delivery against payment transactions.

Also, in the normal course of business, customers may sell securities short. Subsequent market fluctuations may require the clearing broker to obtain additional collateral from the Company's customers. It is the policy of the clearing broker to value the short positions and to obtain additional deposits where deemed appropriate.
 - 4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:**

For the year ended December 31, 2006, substantially all of the Company's commission income was derived from accounts that are managed by related parties.

For the year ended December 31, 2006, the Company paid \$12,000 of overhead expenses to a related entity under an administrative service agreement.

CAMBRIDGE BN, LTD.

**NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
December 31, 2006**

5. **PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES:** The Company has elected to be treated as an S Corporation for federal and state income tax purposes. Therefore, the Company is not liable for federal income tax payments. The Company is subject to state surcharges and local corporate income taxes.
6. **NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS:** Pursuant to the net capital provisions of rule 15c3-1 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Company is required to maintain a minimum net capital, as defined, of the greater of \$5,000 or 6-2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, as defined. Net capital and aggregate indebtedness change from day to day, but as of December 31, 2006, the Company had net capital of \$407,945, which exceeded requirements by \$402,945.
7. **SUBSEQUENT EVENT:** Subsequent to December 31, 2006, the Company changed its clearing broker.

END



GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

Certified Public Accountants and Consultants

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Stockholder of
Cambridge BN, Ltd.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedule of Cambridge BN, Ltd. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons and recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System
3. Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by rule 15c3-3

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.



Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A *control deficiency* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of this report, were adequate at December 31, 2006 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report recognizes that it is not practicable in an organization the size of Cambridge BN, Ltd. to achieve all the divisions of duties and cross-checks generally included in a system of internal control and that, alternatively, greater reliance must be placed on surveillance by management.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and any other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Goldstein Golub Kessler LLP

GOLDSTEIN GOLUB KESSLER LLP

February 4, 2007