



SEC

07001622

SSION

Washington, D.C.

OMB APPROVAL	
OMB Number:	3235-0123
Expires:	February 28, 2010
Estimated average burden hours per response.....	12.00

A/B
2/28

**ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III**

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-47759

**FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder**

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING January 1, 2006 AND ENDING December 31, 2006
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: RD CAPITAL GROUP, INC.

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM I.D. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

MCS PLAZA, SUITE 305, 255 PONCE DE LEON AVENUE
(No. and Street)

SAN JUAN
(City)

PUERTO RICO
(State)

00917-1903
(Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

RAMON DOMINGUEZ

(787) 282-0303

(Area Code - Telephone Number)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

PROCESSED

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

KEVANE GRANT THORNTON LLP

(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

MAR 12 2007

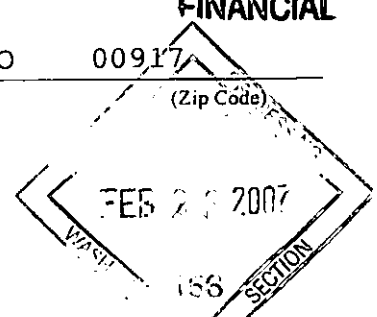
**THOMSON
FINANCIAL**

33 BOLIVIA STREET, 4TH FLOOR, SAN JUAN, PUERTO RICO
(Address) (City) (State)

00917
(Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.



FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

A/B
3/9

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Ramón Domínguez, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of RD Capital Group, Inc., as of December 31, 2006, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, except as follows:

[Signature]
Signature
President & CEO
Title

Affidavit # 9944

[Signature]
Notary Public

My Commission is PERMANENT
This report ** contains: (check all applicable boxes):

- (a) Facing Page.
- (b) Statement of Financial Condition.
- (c) Statement of Income (Loss).
- (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.
- (e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
- (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.
- (g) Computation of Net Capital.
- (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
- (i) Information Relating to the Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
- (j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
- (k) A Reconciliation between the audited and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of consolidation.
- (l) An Oath or Affirmation.
- (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.
- (n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

RD CAPITAL GROUP, INC.

INDEX

	<u>Page</u>
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Balance sheets	2-3
Statements of operations and retained earnings	4
Statements of cash flows	5
Notes to financial statements	6-10
SUPPLEMENTAL DATA:	
Exhibits-	
Schedule I - Computation of net capital under Rule 15C 3-1 of the Securities and Exchange Commission	11
Schedule II - Reconciliation of aggregate indebtedness pursuant to Rule 17A-5 (D)(4) of the Securities and Exchange Commission	12
Schedule III - Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity	13
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17 A-5	14-15



Certified Public Accountants
and Business Advisors
Puerto Rico member firm of
Grant Thornton International

Kevane Grant Thornton LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

**To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of
RD Capital Group, Inc.:**

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of **RD CAPITAL GROUP, INC.** (a Puerto Rico corporation) as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the related statements of operations and retained earnings and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America as established by the Auditing Standards Board of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of **RD Capital Group, Inc.** as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audits were made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements, taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I, II, III, and IV, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by Rule 17A-5 of the Securities and Exchange Commission. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the examination of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Kevane Grant Thornton LLP

San Juan, Puerto Rico,
January 19, 2007.



BALANCE SHEETS -- DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

ASSETS

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
CURRENT ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 281,887	\$ 979,131
Due from related company	5,188	6,000
Due from stockholder	99,284	194,769
Other receivables	6,007	24,900
Prepaid expenses	<u>26,839</u>	<u>28,490</u>
Total current assets	<u>419,205</u>	<u>1,233,290</u>
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT:		
Furniture and fixtures	74,012	74,012
Computers and other office equipment	5,376	5,376
Leasehold improvements	<u>12,998</u>	<u>12,998</u>
	92,386	92,386
Less- Accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(92,386)</u>	<u>(92,386)</u>
Net property and equipment	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
INVESTMENT IN MARKETABLE SECURITIES	<u>-</u>	<u>8,474</u>
OTHER ASSETS:		
Deposit with Clearing House	<u>100,000</u>	<u>100,000</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 519,205</u>	<u>\$ 1,341,764</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these balance sheets.

BALANCE SHEETS -- DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable	\$ 12,277	\$ 30,601
Commissions payable-		
Stockholder	25,000	838,500
Others	14,539	12,079
Accrued payroll taxes and withholdings	18,822	27,255
Other accrued expenses	116,841	41,359
Accrued corporate income taxes	-	46,079
	<u>187,479</u>	<u>995,873</u>
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:		
Common stock, \$1 par value, 1,000,000 shares authorized, 35,000 shares issued and outstanding	35,000	35,000
Additional paid-in capital	231,035	231,035
Retained earnings	65,691	79,856
	<u>331,726</u>	<u>345,891</u>
Total stockholders' equity	<u>331,726</u>	<u>345,891</u>
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	<u>\$ 519,205</u>	<u>\$ 1,341,764</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of these balance sheets.

RD CAPITAL GROUP, INC.

STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND RETAINED EARNINGS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
REVENUES:		
Commissions and fees	\$ 1,177,736	\$ 2,283,754
Interest and other income	183,705	599,312
Total revenues	<u>1,361,441</u>	<u>2,883,066</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Employee compensation, commissions, payroll taxes and benefits	822,983	2,231,490
Travel and entertainment	138,355	216,795
Professional and temporary services	124,888	34,558
Occupancy costs and office expenses	106,196	93,813
Communications and postage	83,552	78,955
Property, municipal and other taxes	32,622	20,531
Auto	16,751	18,480
Advertising	17,789	5,500
Insurance	11,134	17,023
Dues, subscriptions and other registration fees	6,916	42,696
Trainings	4,330	19,011
Depreciation and amortization	-	2,767
Other	10,090	16,462
Total operating expenses	<u>1,375,606</u>	<u>2,798,081</u>
(LOSS) INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	(14,165)	84,985
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAX	-	45,500
NET (LOSS) INCOME	(14,165)	39,485
RETAINED EARNINGS, beginning of year	<u>79,856</u>	<u>40,371</u>
RETAINED EARNINGS, end of year	<u>\$ 65,691</u>	<u>\$ 79,856</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of these statements.

RD CAPITAL GROUP, INC.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Commissions and fees received	\$ 1,380,334	\$ 2,871,258
Operating expenses paid	(2,137,413)	(1,998,750)
Interest paid	-	(624)
Income tax paid	(44,936)	(10,600)
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	<u>(802,015)</u>	<u>861,284</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Collections from related companies	812	3,000
Advances from (payments to) stockholder	95,485	(108,972)
Proceeds from sale of marketable securities	8,474	1,433
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>104,771</u>	<u>(104,539)</u>
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH DURING THE YEAR	(697,244)	756,745
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of year	<u>979,131</u>	<u>222,386</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of year	<u>\$ 281,887</u>	<u>\$ 979,131</u>
RECONCILIATION OF NET (LOSS) INCOME TO NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net (loss) income	<u>\$ (14,165)</u>	<u>\$ 39,485</u>
Adjustments to reconcile net (loss) income to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities-		
Depreciation and amortization	-	2,767
(Increase) decrease in assets-		
Other receivables	18,893	(11,808)
Prepaid expenses	1,651	(16,312)
Increase (decrease) in liabilities-		
Accounts and commissions payable	2,460	(7,057)
Accrued payroll taxes and withholdings	(26,757)	16,061
Commissions payable to stockholder	(813,500)	783,000
Accrued corporate income taxes	(44,936)	34,900
Other accrued expenses	74,339	20,248
Total adjustments	<u>(787,850)</u>	<u>821,799</u>
NET CASH (USED IN) PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u>\$ (802,015)</u>	<u>\$ 861,284</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral
part of these statements.

RD CAPITAL GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

**(1) Organization and summary of
significant accounting policies:**

Organization-

RD Capital Group, Inc. (the Company) is a closely held corporation organized under the laws of the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico on July 26, 1994, and is primarily engaged in rendering brokerage and investment advisory services. The Company does not carry securities accounts for customers nor does it render custodial functions of customer securities. Orders are received from customers and placed via Pershing LLC (Bank of New York Securities Group Company), a correspondent U.S. based firm who maintains all accounts for the customers. The most significant accounting policies followed by the Company are the following:

Summary of significant accounting policies

(a) Revenue recognition -

Commission revenues are recorded on a settlement date basis. Other revenues are recorded following the accrual basis of accounting.

(b) Cash and cash equivalents -

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments, purchased with maturity of three months or less, to be cash and cash equivalents.

(c) Property and equipment -

Property and equipment is recorded at cost. Depreciation and amortization are provided under the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives. Maintenance and repairs are charged to operations when incurred. Betterments and renewals which substantially increase the life of individual assets are capitalized.

<u>Property category</u>	<u>Estimated useful lives</u>
Furniture and fixtures	10 years
Computers and other office equipment	3 - 5 years
Leasehold improvements	5 years

(d) Long-lived assets -

The Company reviews long-lived assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability of assets to be held and used (the fair value) is measured by a comparison of the carrying amount of an asset to future net cash flows expected to be generated by the asset. If such assets are considered to be impaired, the impairment recognized is measured by the amount by which the carrying value of the assets exceeds the fair value of assets.

Assets to be disposed of are reported at the lower of the carrying amount or fair market value less costs to sell.

(e) Income taxes -

Income taxes are accounted for using the asset and liability method under which deferred income taxes are recognized for the tax consequences of "temporary differences" by applying enacted statutory tax rates applicable to future years to differences between the financial statement carrying amounts and the tax bases of existing assets and liabilities and operating losses. The effect on deferred taxes resulting from a change in tax rate is recognized as income in the period that includes the enactment date. Management provides valuation allowances against the deferred tax asset for amounts which are not considered "more likely than not" to be realized.

(f) Investments -

The Company follows the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 115 "Accounting of Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities". Investments in equity securities that have readily determinable fair values and all debt securities are classified as held to maturity, trading, or available-for-sale securities. All investments with readily determinable fair values have been classified as available-for-sale in the accompanying financial statements.

(g) Advertising costs-

The Company expenses the costs of all advertising campaigns and promotions as they are incurred. Total advertising expense for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, amounted to \$14,300 and \$5,500, respectively.

(h) Use of estimates -

In preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the recorded amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

(2) Investment in marketable securities:

As of December 31, 2006 the total investment in securities consisted of US Treasury Notes, bearing interest 4.625% and maturing on November 2008. As of December 31, 2005 the total investment in securities consisted of US Treasury Notes, bearing interest at 2.875% and maturing on November 2006. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, the fair market value of the investment approximates cost.

(3) Deposit with Clearing House:

This constant deposit is a requirement of Pershing LLC, the US based entity providing clearing and custodial services for the Company and which maintains all customer accounts. The amount of the deposit was in turn invested by Pershing. During the years 2006 and 2005, the funds were invested in US Treasury Notes. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, the fair market value of the investments approximates cost. Balances as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

<u>Investment Description</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
4.625 % US Treasury Notes, maturing November 30, 2008.	\$ 100,000	\$ -
2.875% US Treasury Notes, maturing November 30, 2006.	-	100,000
	<u>\$ 100,000</u>	<u>\$ 100,000</u>

(4) Retirement plan:

The Company has a defined employer contribution plan, which covers all of its employees with a minimum of 21 years of age and 12 months of service, with full vesting of benefits after five years of service. Future benefits and contributions to the plan cannot be anticipated since they depend upon investment performance and therefore, cannot be guaranteed. Employer contribution for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 aggregated \$100,000 and \$522,500, respectively.

(5) Income taxes:

The Company's taxable income is subject to Puerto Rico income tax at the 20% to 39% rates provided for by the amended Puerto Rico Internal Revenue Code of 1994.

During the year ended December 31, 2006, Company has an available net operating loss for \$6,000 approximately, which may be used to offset future taxable income, subject to the review of the local tax authorities. The Company's deferred tax asset resulting from the future income tax benefits of this operating loss, at December 31, 2006 is approximately \$1,300. A valuation allowance for the same amount has been established due to the uncertainty as to the utilization of such operating losses.

A reconciliation of the Company's income tax expense for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Income tax expense at statutory rates	\$ -	\$ 19,996
Tax effect of permanent and temporary differences	-	25,504
Total income tax expense	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 45,500</u>

(6) Lease commitments:

The Company operates in premises, comprising 1,892 square feet, occupied under the terms of a lease agreement expiring in July 2010. Total rent expense under this lease agreement amounted to \$53,395 and \$46,807 during 2006 and 2005, respectively.

Future rental commitment under this operating lease, through its expiration are as follows:

<u>Year ending December 31,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2007	\$ 53,274
2008	54,872
2009	56,518
2010	33,539
	<u>\$ 198,203</u>

(7) Related party transactions:

During 2006 and 2005, the Company engaged in transactions (mostly arising from cash advances and commissions paid) with its principal stockholder and a related company in which such stockholder has a substantial investment. The following summarizes pertinent transactions and year-end balances with related parties:

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Commissions expense stockholder	<u>\$ 377,500</u>	<u>\$ 1,284,000</u>
Commissions due to stockholder	<u>\$ 25,000</u>	<u>\$ 838,500</u>
Due from stockholder	<u>\$ 99,284</u>	<u>\$ 194,769</u>
Due from related Company-- San Juan Holdings, Inc.	<u>\$ 5,188</u>	<u>\$ 6,000</u>

(8) Concentration of credit risk:

Financial instruments that potentially expose the Company to concentration of credit risk include bank accounts and money market accounts. The Company maintains these accounts at reputable financial institutions. While the Company attempts to limit any financial exposure, its deposit balances may, at times, exceed federally insured limits. The Company has not experienced any losses on such accounts.

(9) Net capital requirements:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c 3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Furthermore, equity capital may not be withdrawn as cash dividends paid under certain conditions. At December 31, 2006 and 2005 the Company had the following net capital figures:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Ratio</u>	<u>Net Capital</u>	<u>Capital</u>	<u>Capital Account</u>
2006	.38 to 1	\$ 50,000	\$ 187,504	\$ 180,356
2005	2.23 to 1	\$ 50,000	\$ 70,648	\$ 54,911

(10) Supplementary information:

The accompanying Schedules I, II and III have been prepared in accordance with the requirements and general format of FOCUS Form X-17a-5.

Other schedules such as Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of General Creditors, Determination of Reserve Requirements, Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements, and Schedule of Segregation Requirements which are required per SEC Rule 15c3-3 are omitted as being not applicable since, through December 31, 2006 and 2005, the Company has had no activities that would need to be disclosed on such schedules.

(11) Contingencies:

The Company is involved in various legal actions resulting claims on matters arising from its business activities. One particular case is at a very early stage and discovery has not started; however, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, the allegations being stipulated in the case are frivolous and unfounded and do not support a claim. The Company has what they consider to be adequate legal defenses on the matter and a request for dismissal has been filed. No adverse effect on the Company's results of operations or financial position is expected because of these claims.

RD CAPITAL GROUP, INC.COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15C 3-1
OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSIONAS OF DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
NET CAPITAL:		
Total stockholders' equity	\$ 331,726	\$ 345,891
Add- Liabilities subordinated to claims of general creditors allowable in computation of net capital	-	-
Total capital and allowable subordinated liabilities	<u>331,726</u>	<u>345,891</u>
Less- Non-allowable assets-		
Petty cash	600	600
Account receivable from stockholder	99,284	194,769
Account receivable from related companies	5,188	6,000
Other receivables	6,007	24,900
Prepaid expenses	26,839	28,490
Total non-allowable assets	<u>137,918</u>	<u>254,759</u>
Less- Haircuts on securities-		
Money market account	4,809	18,857
Marketable securities	1,495	1,627
Total haircuts on securities	<u>6,304</u>	<u>20,484</u>
Net capital	<u>\$ 187,504</u>	<u>\$ 70,648</u>
AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS:		
Items included in the accompanying balance sheets-		
Accounts payable to suppliers	\$ 12,277	\$ 30,601
Commissions payable	14,539	12,079
Accrued payroll taxes and withholdings	18,822	27,255
Other accrued expenses	25,841	41,359
Accrued corporate income taxes	-	46,079
Total aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 71,479</u>	<u>\$ 157,373</u>
COMPUTATION OF BASIC NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENT:		
Minimum required net capital (aggregate indebtedness + by 15)	<u>\$ 4,765</u>	<u>\$ 10,492</u>
Minimum dollar net capital requirement	<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ 50,000</u>
Highest minimum net capital requirement (highest of above amounts)	<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ 50,000</u>
Excess net capital (net capital -- \$50,000)	<u>\$ 137,504</u>	<u>\$ 20,648</u>
Excess net capital (net capital - 10% of aggregate indebtedness)	<u>\$ 180,356</u>	<u>\$ 54,911</u>
Ratio: Aggregate indebtedness to net capital	<u>.38 to 1</u>	<u>2.23 to 1</u>
RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION (included in Part IIA Form X-17A as of December 31, 2006 and 2005):		
Net capital, as reported in Company's Part IIA (Unaudited) FOCUS report	\$ 187,504	\$ 129,148
Correction of previously reported non-allowable assets	-	-
Net audit adjustments	-	(58,500)
Net capital per above	<u>\$ 187,504</u>	<u>\$ 70,648</u>

RD CAPITAL GROUP, INC.

RECONCILIATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS

PURSUANT TO RULE 17A-5 (D)(4)

OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
RECONCILIATION WITH COMPANY'S COMPUTATION		
(included in Part 11A Form X-17A-5 as of December 31, 2006 and 2005):		
Aggregate indebtedness as reported in		
Company's Part IIA (Unaudited)		
FOCUS report	\$ 71,479	\$ 111,873
Audit adjustments	-	45,500
	<u>\$ 71,479</u>	<u>\$ 157,373</u>
Schedule I		

RD CAPITAL GROUP, INC.STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITYFOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	<u>Common Stock</u>	<u>Paid-in Capital</u>	<u>Retained Earnings</u>	<u>Total</u>
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2004	\$ 35,000	\$ 231,035	\$ 40,371	\$ 306,406
NET INCOME	-	-	39,485	39,485
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2005	35,000	231,035	79,856	345,891
NET LOSS	-	-	(14,165)	(14,165)
BALANCE AT DECEMBER 31, 2006	<u>\$ 35,000</u>	<u>\$ 231,035</u>	<u>\$ 65,691</u>	<u>\$ 331,726</u>



Certified Public Accountants
and Business Advisors
Puerto Rico member firm of
Grant Thornton International

Kevane Grant Thornton LLP

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
ON INTERNAL CONTROL STRUCTURE
REQUIRED BY SEC RULE 17 A-5

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of
RD Capital Group, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audits of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of **RD CAPITAL GROUP, INC.** for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2005, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company, including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11), and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers nor does it perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following areas:

- (1) Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- (2) Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- (3) Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.
- (4) Obtaining and maintaining physical possession or control of all fully paid and excess margin securities of customers as required by Rule 15c3-3.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that errors or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2006 and 2005, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies which rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Kewan Trout Thornton LLP

San Juan, Puerto Rico,
January 19, 2007.



END