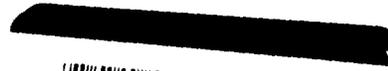


Rule 12g3-2(b) File No. 82-34800

August 3, 2006

By Federal ExpressOffice of International Corporate Finance
Division of Corporate Finance
Securities and Exchange Commission
450 Fifth Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20549
U.S.A.

Attention:



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2006 AUG -8 A 10:05
OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL
CORPORATE FINANCERe: File No. 82-34800/Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd.
Submission of Information Required Under Rule 12g3-2(b) of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Dear Sir/Madame,

On behalf of Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd. (the "Company"), I am furnishing herewith the following information pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b)(1)(iii) (the "Rule") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act").

1. Requirements of Japanese Law

Attached you will find the English translation version.

- (a) Highlight of 2006 1H Results (July 28,2006)
- (b) Consolidated Semi-annual Financial Results (July 28,2006)

PROCESSED

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FINANCIAL

2. Enclosed herewith please find the copy of the following press releases in English:

- (a) J:COM NET Launches "Heartful Pack" In All Service Areas (July 26,2006)
- (b) Jupiter Telecommunications Announces June 2006 Subscriber Figures (July 14,2006)
- (c) J:COM Announces Senior Executive Change (June 28,2006)

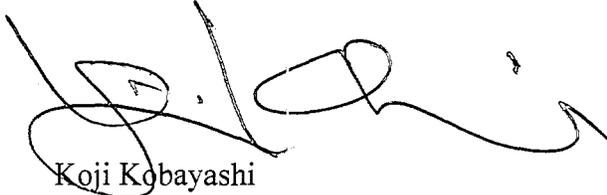
Jw 8/8

This letter shall not be deemed to be "filed" with the Commission or otherwise subject to the liabilities of Section 18 of the Exchange Act, nor shall the submission of this letter constitute an admission for any purpose that the Company is subject to the Exchange Act.

If you have any questions with regard to this information, please do not hesitate to contact the undersigned (direct: +81-3-6765-8158, fax: +81-3-6765-8091).

Kindly acknowledge receipt of this letter and the enclosures by stamping the enclosed copy of this letter and returning it to me via the enclosed pre-paid airmail envelope and label.

Very truly yours,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Koji Kobayashi', written in a cursive style.

Koji Kobayashi
General Manager
Corporate Communications Division, IR Dept.

Unit: Yen in 100 million (rounding in 10 million yen)

P/L	6 months ended June 30, '06	6 months ended June 30, '05	Change		Estimate for the year ending Dec. 31, 2006	Progress (%)	Explanation of changes
			Amount	%			
Revenue:							
Subscription fee	928	779	149	19%			Revenue breakdown: CableTV 480(+72, or +18%), HS Internet 277(+51, or +23%), Telephony 170(+25, or +17%)
Other	105	89	16	19%			
Total	1,033	868	165	19%	2,200	47%	Effect of acquisition (+56)
Operating costs and expenses:							
Operating & programming costs	427	351	76	22%			In line with an increase in RGU, program purchase cost, and others increased. Effect of acquisitions(+9).
Selling, general & administrative	201	183	18	10%			Increase due to effect of acquisitions(+23), however, the growth rate of SGA was less than that of revenue due to lower increase in wages and decrease in advertising expense
Stock compensation	2	20	△ 18	△ 90%			In 2005 under variable accounting, and fair value exceeded exercisable price
Depreciation & amortization	247	206	41	20%			Increase in installation equipments, and the expansion of network. Effect of acquisition(+16)
Operating income	156	109	47	44%	315	50%	
Other income(expense):							
Interest expense, net	19	30	△ 11	△ 37%			Debt repayment of 500 in March 05, significant decrease in interest rates as a result of refinancing in Dec 2005 and reduced bank fee amortization.
Other income(expense), net	2	3	△ 1	△ 32%			
Income before tax, equity, minority	139	82	57	71%			
Equity in earnings of affiliates	1	2	△ 1	△ 40%			
Minority interest in net income	5	2	3	220%			
Income before income taxes	135	82	53	65%	270	50%	
Income taxes & Other	54	△ 21	75	-			Due to reversal of valuation allowance, tax benefit (¥3.9billion) was recognized in 2005.
Net income	81	103	△ 22	△ 21%	185	44%	

OCF *1	405	334	71	21%
Margin	39.2%	38.5%	0.7%	-

*1: OCF (Operating Cash Flow=Revenue - Operating & programming costs - Selling, general & administrative expenses):

Assets and Liabilities	As of June 30, '06	As of Dec. 31, '05	Change
Total Assets	5,238	5,165	73
Equity	2,604	2,514	90
Equity capital ratio to total assets	50%	49%	1%
Debt (including capital lease obligations)	1,818	1,851	△ 33
Net Debt	1,465	1,498	△ 33
D/E Ratio (Net)	0.56	0.60	△ 0.04

Capital Expenditure	6 months ended June 30, '06	6 months ended June 30, '05	Change	
			Amount	%
Capital expenditures	237	156	81	52%
Capital lease expenditure	61	73	△ 12	△ 16%
Total	299	229	70	30%

Cash Flows	6 months ended Jun. 30, '06	6 months ended Jun. 30, '05	Explanation of 2006 amounts
Cash provided by operating activities	377	273	OCF(405)
Cash used in investing activities	△ 254	△ 199	Capital expenditure(237), and Acquisition of new subsidiaries and MI purchases(26)
Free Cash Flow	79	44	(Cash provided by operating activities 377) - (Capital expenditure incl. Capital lease 299)
Cash generated from (used in) financing activities	△ 123	327	Proceed from long-term debt(+403), Principal payment of long-term debt and capital lease(-526)
Increase in cash	1	402	

(Cautionary note regarding future-related information)
The forecasts contained in this report have been prepared on the basis of information that is currently available. Because such estimates are inherently very uncertain, actual results may differ from the forecasts. The Company does not guarantee that it will achieve these estimated results and advises readers to refrain from depending solely on these forecasts. Readers should also note that the Company is under no obligation to revise this information on a regular basis.

Highlight of 2006 1H (2/2)

J:COM Group	As of June 30, '06	As of Dec. 31, '05	Change	Explanation of changes
Consolidated subsidiaries				
Managed systems	17	17	0 (a)	Inclusion of Rokko Island Cable Vision (Jan '06) and Sakura Cable(Apr '06) Merger of KobeAshiya with Rokko, and Urawa with Media saitama Kansai Multimedia Service became subsidiary (Jan '06)
Others	4	3	1	
Total	21	20	1 ①	
Equity method affiliates				
Managed systems	2	2	0 (b)	Kansai Multimedia Service became subsidiary (Jan.06)
Others	4	5	△ 1	
Total	6	7	△ 1 ②	
Group total ①+②	27	27	0	
Managed system operators (a)+(b)	19	19	0	

Consolidated managed systems

Operational Data	As of June 30, '06	As of June 30, '05	Change
RGUs			
CATV	1,734,000	1,546,700	187,300
of which digital service	763,800	406,400	357,400
HS Internet access	920,000	763,600	156,400
Telephony	993,700	807,100	186,600
Total	3,647,700	3,117,400	530,300
Customers connected	2,081,200	1,826,200	255,000
Homes passed	7,503,900	6,616,300	887,600
Average number of RGUs per customer	1.75	1.71	0.04
Rate of customers taking 3 services	23.4%	21.2%	2.2%
ARPU *2 (Average revenue per customer per month)	¥7,718 *3	¥7,422 *4	¥296
Monthly churn rate *5			
CATV	1.2%	1.3%	△ 0.1%
HS Internet access	1.4%	1.4%	0.0%
Telephony	0.8%	0.8%	0.0%

Existing consolidated managed systems *6

As of June 30, '06	As of June 30, '05	Change
1,637,800	1,546,700	91,100
716,200	406,400	309,800
876,900	763,600	113,300
992,500	807,100	185,400
3,507,200	3,117,400	389,800
1,972,600	1,826,200	146,400
6,871,800	6,616,300	255,500
1.78	1.71	0.07
24.6%	21.2%	3.4%
¥7,801 *3	¥7,422 *4	¥379
1.2%	1.3%	△ 0.1%
1.5%	1.4%	0.1%
0.8%	0.8%	0.0%

Newly consolidated managed systems *7

As of June 30, '06
96,300
47,600
43,100
1,100
140,500
108,500
632,100
1.30
0.7%
¥6,039 *3
0.8%
1.2%
0.2%

[Reference]

Total of managed systems

Operational Data	As of June 30, '06	As of June 30, '05	Change
RGUs			
CATV	1,846,000	1,656,400	189,600
of which digital service	802,100	426,000	376,100
HS Internet access	969,300	808,500	160,800
Telephony	1,057,600	859,200	198,400
Total	3,872,900	3,324,100	548,800
Customers connected	2,216,600	1,955,800	260,800
Homes passed	8,103,400	7,198,200	905,200
Average number of RGUs per customer	1.75	1.70	0.05
Rate of customers taking 3 services	23.0%	20.8%	2.2%
ARPU*2 (Average revenue per customer per month)	¥7,692 *3	¥7,370 *4	¥322
Monthly churn rate *5			
CATV	1.2%	1.4%	△ 0.2%
HS Internet access	1.5%	1.4%	0.1%
Telephony	0.8%	0.8%	0.0%

*2: ARPU is determined for any period as total revenue of our managed franchises, excluding revenue attributable to installation charges for new customers and fees paid to us by building owners related to terrestrial blockage, divided by the weighted-average number of connected customers during the period.
 *3: Monthly average for January - June, 2006
 *4: Monthly average for January - June, 2005
 *5: Churn Rate = number of cancellation ÷ average number of customers connected ÷ number of months
 *6: Consolidated managed systems other than *7
 *7: 3 new managed systems that were consolidated after IFO 2005 (i.e. J:COM Setamachi, Cable TV Kobe, Sakura Cable)

(Translation from Japanese disclosure to JASDAQ)

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[U.S. GAAP]

OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL
CORPORATE FINANCE**Consolidated Semi-annual Financial Results Release**

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2006

Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd. (Consolidated)Company code number: 4817 (URL <http://www.jcom.co.jp/>)

Shares traded: JASDAQ

Location of headquarters: Tokyo

Executive position of legal representative: Tomoyuki Moriizumi, Chief Executive Officer

Please address all communications to:

Koji Kobayashi, IR Department Phone: +81-3-6765-8157 E-Mail: KobayashiKo@jupiter.jcom.co.jp

Hiroto Motomiya, Accounting Controlling Phone: +81-3-6765-8140 E-Mail: MotomiyaH@jupiter.jcom.co.jp

Date of Board of Directors' meeting for approval of interim financial results: July 28, 2006

Name of parent companies (Percentage of voting rights held in the Company)

LGI/Sumisho Super Media, LLC (62.64%*)

Liberty Global, Inc. (Listed on the NASDAQ) (62.64%)

*Percentage of shareholdings in LGI/Sumisho Super Media, LLC is 58.66% for Liberty Global, Inc. and 41.34% for Sumitomo Corporation

Adoption of U.S. accounting standards: Yes

1. Consolidated operating results (From January 1, 2006 to June 30, 2006)**(1) Consolidated financial results**

(In millions of yen, with fractional amounts rounded)

	Revenue		Operating income		Income before income taxes	
	(Millions of yen)	%	(Millions of yen)	%	(Millions of yen)	%
June 30, 2006	103,310	19.0	15,602	43.8	13,504	64.6
June 30, 2005	86,831	11.3	10,853	(11.3)	8,206	(3.4)
December 31, 2005	183,144		24,475		16,748	

	Net income		Net income per share	Net income per share, (diluted)
	(Millions of yen)	%	(Yen)	(Yen)
June 30, 2006	8,118	(21.0)	1,275.41	1,274.52
June 30, 2005	10,273	30.7	1,770.93	1,768.08
December 31, 2005	19,333		3,178.95	3,168.81

(Notes)

1. Equity in earnings of affiliates:

For the six month ended June 30, 2006: 130 million yen For the six month ended June 30, 2005: 215 million yen

For the year ended December 31, 2005: 651 million yen

2. Average number of outstanding shares during term (consolidated):

For the six months ended June 30, 2006: 6,365,193 shares (diluted 6,369,633 shares)

For the six months ended June 30, 2005: 5,801,009 shares (diluted 5,810,385 shares)

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005: 6,081,511 shares (diluted 6,100,971 shares)

3. Changes in accounting methods: None

4. The percentages shown next to revenue, operating income, income before income taxes and net income represent year-on-year changes.

(2) Consolidated financial position

	Total assets	Shareholders' equity	Equity capital ratio to total assets	Shareholders' equity per share
	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	%	(Yen)
June 30, 2006	523,835	260,386	49.7	40,905.04
June 30, 2005	493,039	240,960	48.9	37,925.43
December 31, 2005	516,457	251,445	48.7	39,511.48

(Notes)

1. As for comparing figures of balance sheet items, we always compare that of first quarter end with that of last fiscal year end.

2. Number of outstanding shares at end of term (consolidated):

As of June 30, 2006: 6,365,629 shares As of June 30, 2005: 6,353,534 shares
 As of December 31, 2005: 6,363,840 shares

(3) Consolidated cash flow statement

	Cash flows from operating activities	Cash flows from investing activities	Cash flows from financing activities	Balance of cash & cash equivalents
	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)
June 30, 2006	37,735	(25,364)	(12,301)	35,353
June 30, 2005	27,323	(19,914)	32,747	50,576
December 31, 2005	60,763	(57,230)	21,330	35,283

(4) Scope of consolidation and in application of the equity method

Consolidated subsidiaries: 21

Affiliated companies accounted for under equity method: 6

(5) Changes in scope of consolidation and in application of the equity method

Consolidation (New) : 3 elimination : 2

Equity method (New): 0 elimination : 1

2.Consolidated forecasts for December 2006 term (from January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006)

	Revenue	Operating Income	Income before income taxes	Net Income
	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)
Annual	220,000	31,500	27,000	18,500

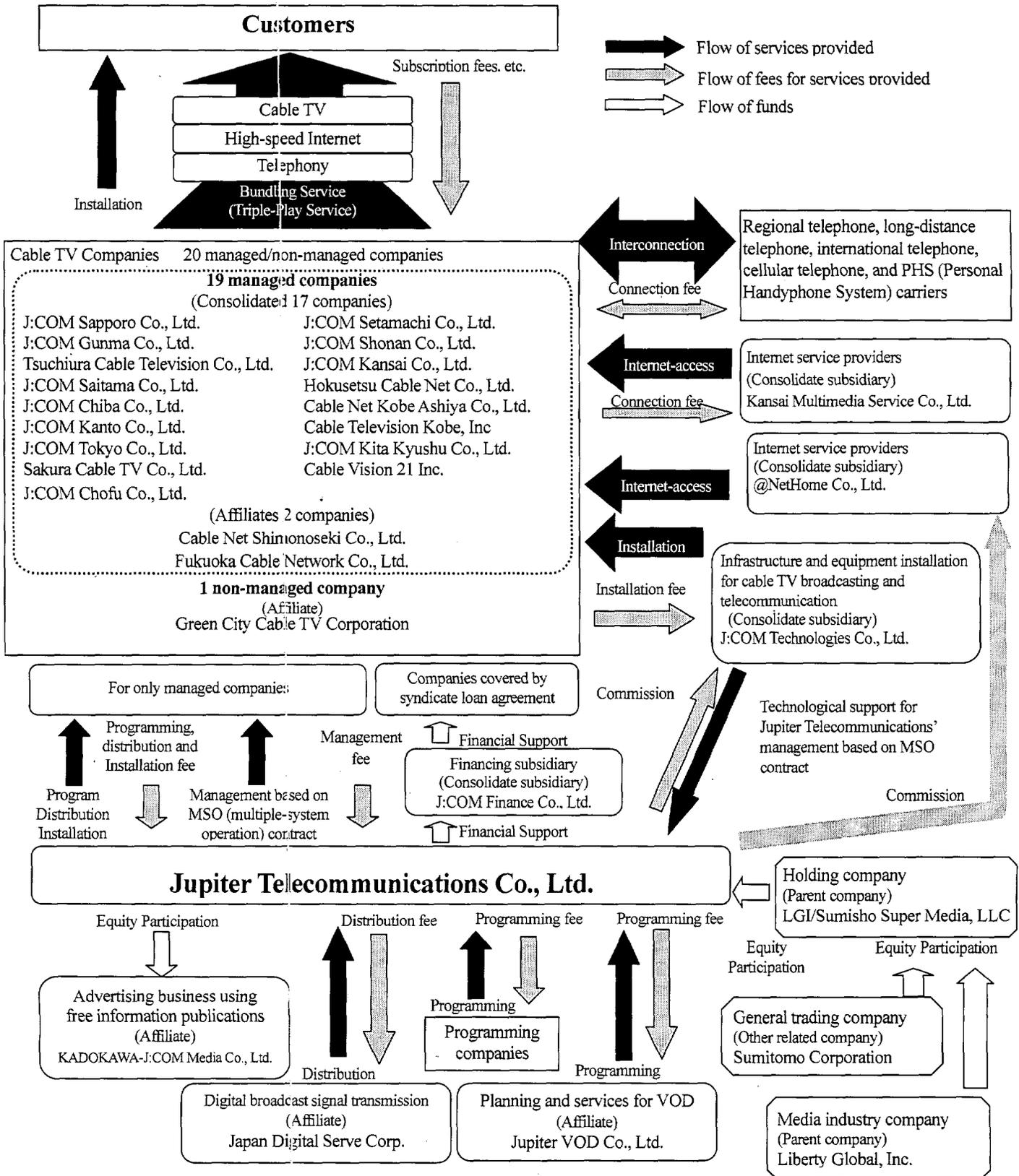
(N.b.) Estimated net income per share (annual) : 2,907.05 yen

(Cautionary note regarding future-related information)

The forecasts contained in this report have been prepared on the basis of information that is currently available. Because such estimates are inherently very uncertain, actual results may differ from the forecasts. The Company does not guarantee that it will achieve these estimated results and advises readers to refrain from depending solely on these forecasts. Readers should also note that the Company is under no obligation to revise this information on a regular basis.

1. Status of the Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd.(J:COM) Group

(as of June 30, 2006)



Bundled services provided by non-managed franchises are different from ours.
Telephony services are not provided at some managed franchises.

2. Management Policy

(1) Fundamental management policy

The basic management philosophy of the Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd. (J:COM) Group's (the J:COM Group)—consists of the Company, consolidated subsidiaries and managed equity method affiliates) defines the Company's mission as enhancing the sense of affluence felt by customers in their daily lives by meeting their needs through state-of-the-art visual, audio and Internet services based on high-quality technologies.

In order to realize its management philosophy, the J:COM Group provides three services as a comprehensive one-stop provider: (1) cable television (J:COM TV), (2) high-speed Internet access (J:COM NET), and (3) telephony services (J:COM PHONE). These services are provided through the Group's managed system operators (listed in the "1. Status of the Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd.(J:COM) Group" chart), which utilizes the J:COM broadband (high speed, large capacity) network. In addition to these services, the J:COM Group launched a new mobile telecommunications service (J:COM MOBILE) in March 2006 with its partner WILLCOM, Inc. The move marks the evolution of the J:COM Group from a triple provider (cable television, Internet, telephone) to a "grand slam" provider with four services.

Through such services, the J:COM Group endeavors each day to build close relationships with customers and local communities. The aim of its efforts is to become the kind of company able to return the benefits of its achievements to its local communities and shareholders.

As a leader in the broadcast telecommunications industry in Japan, J:COM will seek to gain the satisfaction and trust of all stakeholders, including customers, local communities and shareholders. To achieve sustained growth, the Company will expand the range of its services and content hereafter by utilizing the technologies and know-how that it has accumulated, and will carefully explore all opportunities in new areas of business.

(2) Fundamental policy regarding the distribution of profits

The Company will continue to consider an appropriate distribution of profits over the long run, while maintaining and strengthening its financial standing to enable business development that would maximize its corporate value for future growth.

(3) Philosophy and fundamental policy regarding reductions in the size of the investment unit

The Company believes that expanding its base of shareholders and increasing the marketability of its shares are important issues from the standpoint of capital policy. Contingent upon its share price and liquidity moving forward, the Company will consider reducing minimum trading lots for shares.

(4) Target management indices

The target of the J:COM Group's services is the individual subscriber. Hence, the ability of the J:COM Group to bundle services as a one-stop provider and at reasonable prices is its most powerful advantage. J:COM believes that the important benchmarks for measuring the effectiveness of management are revenue, subscriber numbers, number of services per subscribing household (bundling ratio), average monthly revenue per customer (Average Revenue Per Unit, or ARPU), and churn rate.

In terms of profitability, the Company believes that operating cash flow (OCF) and OCF margins are the important indices for measuring its economy of scale against fixed costs including selling, general and administrative expenses.

(5) Medium- and long-term management strategies

The J:COM Group has identified "Volume plus Value" as the core of its management strategy, and will continue to

increase the number of subscribing households (expanding volume) and improve ARPU (increasing value).

In terms of volume strategy, the J:COM Group is endeavoring to increase subscriber numbers in existing markets by taking the following actions: strengthening its sales and marketing capabilities, promoting business with a strong local presence, actively marketing to households that currently receive retransmission services, expanding the customer base by exploiting the increasing visibility of the digital service and the shift from analog to digital terrestrial broadcasting, and tapping into new customer segments. In addition, the J:COM Group will promote other measures to expand existing market areas, including: extending its network, forming strategic alliances with other geographically proximate cable television operators and so forth, or acquiring them. In the rapidly changing broadcast communications industry, the ability to adapt immediately to new technologies and new services is vital; the J:COM Group will work in tandem with other companies in the cable television industry to enhance the competitive advantage of the industry as a whole and provide services to other cable television systems.

In terms of value strategy, the J:COM Group will endeavor to increase the number of services provided per subscribing household (bundling ratio) through bundled transactions in an effort to increase ARPU, while enhancing the added value of its existing services. The Company is also putting its weight behind the development of new services with the launch of a new mobile telecommunications service in March 2006, supplementing the three major services it has offered to date.

As a multiple-system operator (MSO), the Company is also striving to improve business efficiency throughout the J:COM Group including its managed system operators.

(6) Issues requiring action

The paramount issue facing the J:COM Group is sustaining consistent growth hereafter in the face of increasingly harsh competition with satellite operators and telecommunications carriers.

To sustain future growth, the J:COM Group will steadily execute the concrete strategies and measures described in the following paragraphs to increase subscriber numbers and ARPU under the “Volume plus Value” growth strategy.

a. Strengthening sales and marketing capabilities

The J:COM Group currently deploys approximately 1,800 sales representatives that cover the densely populated urban areas of the Kanto, Kansai and Kyushu regions, and also Sapporo. Sales representatives take a consultative sales approach by meeting customers face-to-face and listening to their needs. To enable sales representatives to present information on increasingly complex digital services in a detailed yet easy-to-understand manner, the J:COM Group focuses on two tasks: providing a higher level of training to sales representatives and increasing the percentage of sales representatives employed by managed system operators as full-benefit employees or as contract employees. Moreover, the J:COM Group is using customer centers—three in the Kanto region, and one each in the Kansai, Kyushu and Sapporo regions—to supplement direct sales activity. At these centers, personnel are equipped not only to respond to inquiries from customers but also to explain services over the phone and to schedule installations. The aim is to attract new subscribers and to sell additional services to existing customers. In February 2006, the J:COM Group opened two additional customer centers in the Sapporo and Fukuoka to handle outbound call activities. In addition to providing support for existing customers, the customer centers are positioned to suggest new services according to each customer’s profile, while reintroducing customers to existing service options. The aims are to improve customer satisfaction and increase ARPU by selling additional services, and to lower churn rates.

b. Promoting business based on strong local presence

The principal characteristic—and principal strength—of cable television operators is their strong local flavor and their close ties to the communities they serve. Consequently, the J:COM Group has taken a two-pronged approach in each

market: leveraging its status as an MSO to concentrate functions that contribute to economies of scale; and, at the same time, assigning staff who are intimately familiar with the area to handle local operations at managed system operators, assuring that sales, marketing and customer service suit the conditions and environment of each locale. The managed system operators also produce and broadcast community channels that cover local governmental events and topics relating to the local community. Also, in conjunction with program suppliers, each of the managed system operators organizes various events that target mainly its local customers.

To promote a sales approach that is increasingly locally oriented, the J:COM Group is endeavoring to hire sales representatives locally and to increase the ratio of local hires who become full-benefit employees of its managed system operators. The J:COM Group is also endeavoring to provide more effective and in-depth training programs to sales personnel. In addition, the J:COM Group has established customer centers in each region that can respond efficiently to telephone calls and email inquiries from customers because they are manned by personnel familiar with the social and cultural peculiarities of each locale. The technical support centers deployed in each region also provide prompt responses to requests for new installations or troubleshooting. In May 2006, the J:COM Group launched an initiative that is designed to give seniors (50 years and over, primarily the baby boom generation) a chance to contribute to their communities through community activities, as well as to provide a lifestyle platform for older individuals as they transition into retirement.

The Company also introduced the J:COM NET Heartful Pack, which is designed to promote the independence and social interaction of persons with disabilities, in response to the enactment of Japan's *Law for Independence of Disabled Persons* as of April 1, 2006. Under the plan, qualified subscribers receive J:COM NET Premier (30 Mbps) service for a basic monthly rate of 2,750 yen before taxes, which is half the usual rate. The plan has been launched by the J:COM subsidiary, Cable Vision 21 Inc., and affiliate, Fukuoka Cable Network Co., Ltd. Beginning August, 2006, the plan will be available nationwide, excluding the Sakura Cable TV area. (Sakura Cable TV Co., Ltd. is scheduled to introduce the plan along with J:COM Net service in November 2006.)

The J:COM Group firmly believes that promoting business based on its strong local presence strengthens the Company's ties with its customers, local governments and communities, and enhances customer satisfaction.

c. Actively marketing to households that receive retransmission services

In addition to the J:COM's consolidated 2,081 thousand paying households (at the end of the interim period ended June 30, 2006; 2,217 thousand households on a total managed system operators basis), 3,239 thousand households (as of December 31, 2005; 3,547 thousand on a total managed system operators basis) in multiple dwelling units (MDUs) or in areas affected by signal interference are currently connected to the J:COM Group's network.

The J:COM Group provides these households with retransmission services at no cost to the customer for viewing terrestrial broadcasts on their television sets without using an antenna, in addition to providing local information through community channels. The community channels represent a potential medium for delivering promotional messages or advertisements on the J:COM Group's services. Consequently, the J:COM Group has an edge over its competitors in this segment of the market. Since these households are already connected to the Company's network, initial installation costs can be kept below what they would have otherwise been.

The J:COM Group utilizes these advantages by promoting bulk contracts called "J:COM IN THE ROOM" for MDUs to convert them into a stable revenue source. This represents a different approach from the conventional way of marketing targeted at individual customers, as the J:COM Group's sales staff proposes that the MDUs' owners or management associations subscribe to its services in bulk for all households living in the MDUs. The revenue has been increasing steadily, since we believe it fulfills the owners' needs to raise the MDUs' asset value and increase rent revenue by shortening vacancy periods.

A further impact that the J:COM Group can expect from bulk contracts with MDU owners includes prevention of competitors' entering into the market and reduction of the churn rate at MDUs that were subject to frequent churn. The Company will continue to push forward with the marketing of bulk contracts for MDU owners.

d. Expanding the customer base by exploiting the increasing visibility of the digital service and the shift from analog to digital terrestrial broadcasting

The Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications has mandated that all terrestrial television broadcasting be changed from analog to digital by July 2011. With the announcement of this policy, many terrestrial broadcasters have already begun digital broadcasting. Terrestrial digital broadcasts are expected to be available in all major cities nationwide by the end of 2006.

Ordinarily, those who wish to view terrestrial digital broadcasts must have a special antenna and a digitally adapted television or digital tuner. This is not true of subscribers to the J:COM Group's digital service, who can watch terrestrial digital broadcasts, including a great number of attractive high-definition programs, by using a digital set-top box. As the general public's awareness of terrestrial digital broadcasting increases, the attractiveness of the J:COM Group's digital service will grow in the eyes of potential customers. This is an opportunity that will be vigorously pursued, and the J:COM Group will make the most of this chance to increase subscribers to its digital service. In addition to terrestrial digital broadcasts, J:COM offers other digital services through its single set-top box, including BS (broadcast satellite) digital and cable digital¹ broadcasting—both of which include high-definition channels—electronic programming guides (EPG), and video on demand or VOD (J:COM On Demand) service.

e. Tapping into new customer segments

The J:COM Group continues to base its sales approach around door-to-door visits of individual households by sales representatives assigned to service areas. The face-to-face sales approach enables sales representatives to provide consultative advice as a way to gain subscribers, and is extremely effective in explaining today's increasingly complex digital services and equipment features in a way that customers can easily grasp. Face-to-face contact is also highly critical in building trust in the Company, by enabling customers to put a face to the J:COM Group.

The Company also anticipates tapping into new customer segments by expanding its door-to-door sales approach beyond the scope of individual households, while supplementing direct home-visit sales with new marketing approaches. As part of this initiative, the Company launched a serious push to sell bulk contracts to MDU owners starting in March 2005. (See Section C: *Actively marketing to households that currently receive retransmission service.*) The J:COM Group also launched a bundled service plan that combines telephony and high-speed Internet service starting from January 2006, targeting the roughly 200,000 small office/home office (SOHO) businesses within its service area. In March 2006, the J:COM Group entered into a partnership with AEON Co., Ltd., Japan's largest GMS (General Merchandising Store) chain, to work together on media collaboration, sales and service tie-ins and customer collaboration. Starting from the end of March 2006, select AEON stores have launched bundled sales of J:COM TV Digital services sold with low-priced, basic featured, large-screen TVs without built-in digital tuning. At the same time, the Company has launched J:COM in-store boutiques at select AEON stores to promote its services and gain

¹ As of December 2005, the J:COM Group has implemented changes to the provision of CS (communications satellite) digital broadcasts for all subscribers to the J:COM Group's digital service. The change means that broadcasts previously provided through satellite are now provided through the optical transmission network of equity affiliate, Japan Digital Serve Corp. (JDS), which operates a broad-area distribution network for cable television providers. Accordingly, the J:COM Group now uses the term "cable digital broadcasts" for the service previously referred to as "CS digital broadcasts."

subscribers.

Moving forward, the J:COM Group will implement initiatives to further increase the number of subscribing households and tap into new customer segments.

f. Extending the J:COM network

One of the growth strategies of the J:COM Group is to concentrate resources on extending its network in order to increase the number of serviceable households, or homes passed, in an effort to raise the number of households with potential customers. (“Homes passed” refers to the number of households that can be connected through lines that have been laid for cable television, high-speed Internet access and telephony.)

During the interim period ended June 30, 2006, the J:COM Group made an effort to increase the number of homes passed by extending the network. This initiative was focused on the following areas: Mihara-ku, Sakai City in Osaka; Onga-cho and Mizumaki-cho, Onga-gun in Fukuoka Prefecture; and Jouzaihigashi, Kisarazu City in Chiba Prefecture. In addition, there was a commensurate increase in serviceable households due to new housing construction in areas where cable had already been laid. Moreover, the number of the J:COM Group’s consolidated homes passed expanded with the inclusion of service areas for cable television companies that were made into consolidated subsidiaries during the interim period ended June 30, 2006. Consequently, the number of homes passed on a consolidated basis rose to 7,504 thousand households at the end of the interim period ended June 30, 2006, up 207 thousand households from December 31, 2005.

The J:COM Group will continue to make the extension of its network an important part of its strategy hereafter, and will take vigorous steps to bring these plans to fruition.

g. Forming strategic alliances with other geographically proximate cable television operators and other businesses or acquiring them

The J:COM Group’s managed system operators are concentrated in the Kanto, Kansai and Kyushu regions and Sapporo. Organizing managed system operators by region enables the J:COM Group to reduce network construction costs and to introduce new services rapidly. This in turn allows the J:COM Group to provide service to a larger number of customers on the basis of a common operational infrastructure—an infrastructure comprising station operations, sales, technical support, and customer service. Given the characteristics of the industry—the large number of small companies involved, increasing competitive pressures from both inside and outside the industry and the larger investments demanded by the shift to digital broadcasting, etc.—the J:COM Group believes that smaller cable television operators will begin moving toward mergers or alliances with companies that have larger managerial resources.

Amid this industry environment, on January 10, 2006, the J:COM Group acquired 81.00% of shares outstanding in Rokko Island Cable Vision Co., Ltd., which operates in areas close to the Company’s own service areas in the Kansai region. (Rokko Island Cable Vision was merged into another J:COM subsidiary, Cable Net Kobe Ashiya Co., Ltd., on May 18, 2006.) On April 6, 2006, the J:COM Group also acquired 80.83% of the common stock and all preferred stock in Sakura Cable TV Co., Ltd., which operates cable television services in Sumida Ward, Tokyo.

The J:COM Group will continue to pursue equity-based alliances with cable television operators that are operating in areas close to its own system operators. Alternatively, if the opportunity arises, it will pursue friendly acquisitions of such operators.

Equity-based alliances and acquisitions of companies other than cable television operators are also viewed as an important strategy for the J:COM Group. In the Kansai region, the Company increased its stake of outstanding shares issued by Kansai Multimedia Service Co., Ltd., which provides Internet access service for cable television operators, from 25.75% to 64.0% on January 6, 2006, making Kansai Multimedia Service, a consolidated subsidiary of the

company. Together with the subsidiary @NetHome Co., Ltd. (100% owned subsidiary), the Company has control of two major ISPs for cable system operators. Looking ahead, the Company will seek to increase its synergies for content development and existing businesses, in addition to further strengthening its foundation for business.

h. Strengthening the competitiveness of the entire cable television industry

The J:COM Group recognizes that the ability to adapt immediately to new technologies and services in a rapidly changing broadcast telecommunications industry is important. At the same time, it believes that, in order to resist competitive inroads from other companies, it is vital to collaborate with other cable television companies over broad geographical areas to increase the entire industry's presence. As part of this strategy, in July 2005, the J:COM Group purchased a 25.77% stake in Japan Digital Serve Corp. (JDS). JDS is an operator of a broad-area distribution network for cable television providers. All managed system operators of the J:COM Group have begun using the nationwide optical transmission network developed by JDS that links the Tokyo-Osaka-Fukuoka corridor. As a result of this development, the J:COM Group now provides its digital cable subscribers with cable digital high-definition programming (Discovery HD and FOXlife HD) that are only available via cable television operators, and not via satellite. Starting from August 1, 2006, the J:COM Group will replace its MoviePlus channel, which is currently delivered in Standard Definition format, with the launch of the high-definition upgrade MoviePlus HD channel. The move will bring the number of high-definition channels only available via cable television operators to three channels.

Looking ahead, the J:COM Group will strive to strengthen the competitiveness of the cable television industry by adding attractive content exclusive to cable television operators. This content will range from high-definition broadcasts to programs with local content.

The Company will simultaneously seek to strengthen the competitiveness of independent cable television operators in which it does not hold a stake by providing services to them. These services will include cable television digital distribution and primary IP telephony. In addition to strengthening the competitiveness of cable television operators, the move also benefits the J:COM Group by providing opportunities to increase revenue. In terms of the former, the Company has already begun providing digital broadcasting, pay-per-view (PPV) and other digital services to three operators affiliated with Mediasti Communications, Inc. The Company has also submitted proposals for some cable television companies to start providing video on demand services to other cable television operators.

i. Increasing the number of services provided per household (bundling ratio)

The Company believes that the J:COM Group's bundled service, in which the three services provided by the Group (J:COM TV, J:COM NET, and J:COM PHONE) are combined in a single package, is superior to similar services provided by other companies in terms of service content and quality, level of customer service, pricing structure, and other factors.

The bundling ratio, which indicates the number of services provided per household, improved to 1.75 on a consolidated basis at the end of the interim period ended June 30, 2006, up from 1.73 at the end of the previous fiscal year. (Considering only all managed system operators, the bundling ratio improved to 1.75, up from 1.72 at the same time last year.) The higher bundling ratio contributed to an increase in ARPU. Another factor in this regard is that, as the bundling ratio increases, the churn rate tends to decline. During the interim period under review, the monthly average churn rate of core cable television services declined to 1.2% from 1.3% in the same period of the previous fiscal year, demonstrating the contribution of bundled transactions to reduced churn rate. Consequently, the J:COM Group will continue to promote bundled transactions.

j. Enhancing the added value of existing services

To increase ARPU, the J:COM Group will aim to enhance added value for its three existing services through higher quality and performance.

The following section details the status of current services and the actions being taken to establish new services.

Cable television (J:COM TV)

The J:COM Group began full-fledged marketing of J:COM TV Digital service in April 2004. Subscriber households have grown steadily since the launch of the service, standing at 764 thousand households (44.0% of all cable television subscribing households) at the end of the interim period ended June 30, 2006 on a consolidated basis. The J:COM Group provides this digital service at a monthly rate of 4,980 yen (including rental costs for the set-top box but before taxes), which is 1,000 yen higher than the basic charge for its J:COM TV Analog. Hence, promoting the shift to digital services contributes to a higher average revenue per customer. In the J:COM TV Digital service, subscribers can enjoy a basic package that offers substantial value, including terrestrial digital and BS digital broadcasts, with their large offerings of high-definition programs, as well as cable digital broadcasting, which features carefully selected and highly attractive specialty channels. The Company also offers the J:COM On Demand service, which enables customers to watch the programming they want to, whenever they want to. J:COM On Demand is one example of an interactive digital service that takes maximum advantage of the Company's broadband network yet cannot be duplicated by satellite TV operators.

On April 15, 2006, the J:COM Group rolled out its digital video recording (DVR) service, which utilizes an HDR set-top box that enables recording of high-definition broadcasts to an internal hard drive. The service is available for an additional monthly rate of 800 yen before taxes, added to the monthly rate for J:COM TV Digital service. The HDR service enables up to 20 hours of hard drive recording with no loss of quality for high-definition programming available through terrestrial digital, BS digital and cable digital broadcasts. Other features include the ability to record another program while watching a different program or record two programs in competing time slots. The service also uses electronic programming guide (EPG) service to simplify timer recording and a "time shift"² function to significantly improve convenience for users. The features and strong value of the HDR service have been well received by customers. From March 15, 2006 through the end of the interim period ended June 30, 2006, when the Company began accepting applications for HDR service, the J:COM Group received 32,000 applications with 28,000 installed. In May 2006, the J:COM Group also completed rolling out an interactive TV service that gives users the ability to obtain useful local lifestyle information including that provided by local governments for free on their cable television screens. The service is now available through all managed system operators.

In an effort to strengthen its competitiveness against rival services from companies such as satellite operators and telecommunications carriers, the Company will expand the range of products it offers through cable television service. The strategy will center around the three major digital services of high-definition, video on demand and DVR service.

High-speed Internet access (J:COM NET)

I. Pursuing a non-price competition strategy by improving depth of services

Price competition for high-speed Internet access is possibly the fiercest of any industry. The J:COM Group has managed to steadily increase its customer base by offering 30 Mbps and 8 Mbps high-speed Internet access services at monthly basic rates of 5,500 yen before taxes and 4,980 yen before taxes, respectively, due to a strategy of improving customer satisfaction. For example, the Company offers an extensive range of basic services including generous content for broadband and basic features for e-mail virus scanning, firewall service, website filtering and spam mail filtering. Subscribers also receive up to five e-mail accounts, a generous allotment for personal Web space, and optional wireless LAN services, in addition to being offered discounts for bundling services.

The J:COM Group will continue striving to improve customer satisfaction and stabilize its revenue base.

II. Promoting faster speeds

The Company's efforts to offer faster access speeds have also been a factor in enabling the J:COM Group to continue

² A function that can simultaneously record "live" TV programs and reproduce/pause programs, just like a video player.

expanding its customer base amid fierce competition. J:COM Net Premier, which delivers 30 Mbps download and 2 Mbps upload speeds on a “best effort” basis, has been well-received by customers. However, in response to the needs of customers who require even faster service, the Company has launched the J:COM NET Hikari service for MDUs, which offers speeds up to 100 Mbps. The service provides ultra high-speed Internet access service through the use of optical fiber cables laid to MDUs and utilizing coaxial wiring in buildings. The J:COM Group also plans to test state-of-the-art technologies that will enable it to boost service speeds further, utilizing its existing Hybrid Fiber Coaxial (HFC) network, without requiring significant additional investment.

The Company’s HFC network is capable of providing effective service speeds nearly comparable to FTTH as well as ADSL networks.

Telephony service (J:COM PHONE)

I. Delivering high quality, primary telephony service at affordable prices

The J:COM Group offers the J:COM PHONE service as a primary fixed-line telephony service with comparable quality to the services of Nippon Telegraph and Telephone (NTT) East Corp. and NTT West Corp., but at a lower monthly rate and with lower call charges. The Company is striving to raise customer satisfaction by offering services such as number portability and volume discounts for high usage customers, in addition to discounted rates for calls between subscribers. Other services include affordable optional services and discounts for bundling services. The Company also offers an optional discount plan for calls to or from the J:COM MOBILE telecommunications service, which was launched in March 2006.

II. Expanding telephone service areas and launching IP telephony service with primary quality

As of July 2006, J:COM PHONE service is offered through 18 managed system operators with the exception of Sakura Cable TV Co.,Ltd.. Since 2005, managed system operators launching telephone services for the first time have deployed fixed-line telephony service based on IP technology, which delivers the same quality and features as telephone services based on switchboard technology. The list of managed system operators that offer IP telephony service is as follows: J:COM Sapporo Co., Ltd.; the Minami-Osaka system and part of the Sakai system of J:COM Kansai Co., Ltd.; Chofu Cable Inc.; J:COM Setamachi Co., Ltd., J:COM Gunma Co., Ltd. and Cable Television Kobe, Inc. The IP telephony service is a high quality, primary IP telephony service with number portability and the ability to place emergency calls (110, 118 and 119), making it distinct from the optional telephony services (050 prefix) offered by some ISPs.

During 2006, the J:COM Group will launch primary IP telephony service through Sakura Cable TV Co.,Ltd.. Once the move is complete, telephone services will be available through all managed systems operators of the J:COM Group. Moving forward, the Company also plans to roll out primary IP telephony services in other service areas.

k. Development of new services

Building on its customer base of over two million households and other business resources—its brand strength, marketing, sales and technical capabilities, customer service infrastructure and billing platforms, etc.—the J:COM Group will continue to develop new services. Specifically, the Company launched its mobile telecommunications service in March 2006 in partnership with WILLCOM, Inc. The entry into the mobile business is designed to improve customer satisfaction by strengthening the Company’s overall ability to provide services. The move is also designed to lower churn rates even further and to improve ARPU. As mentioned above, since April 2006 the J:COM Group has been providing a digital video recording (DVR) service, which utilizes an HDR set-top box with a built-in hard drive. Further, the Company also acquired a 50% stake in KADOKAWA-J:COM Media Co., Ltd., in November 2005, making it an equity method affiliate, in order to strengthen regional marketing. In April 2006, the affiliate launched a free monthly coupon magazine, *Clippie*, targeting housewives in Saitama City. The magazine has been distributed to cable television subscribing households in the area along with J:COM TV program information. It sells ad space in *Clippie* magazine to local companies and conducts regional information advertising via cable television programs and the Internet. The Group’s plans for the affiliate include sequential development of regional information advertising activities at each managed system operator. In January 2006, the J:COM Group also launched telephone, high-speed Internet access and mobile telecommunications services aimed at the roughly 200,000 SOHO businesses within its service area. Other new services include the launch of an interactive TV service that gives users the ability to obtain useful lifestyle information on their cable televisions screens. Since May 2006, the service has been available in all service areas. (See

Section J: *Enhancing the added value of existing services.*)

In addition, in August 2006 the J:COM Group will begin providing an innovative Digital Audience Rating Service for digital cable channels to programming providers. This service will utilize the interactive capabilities of the J:COM TV Digital set-top box to calculate average audience ratings for programs seen by all households (with a program monitoring agreement), calculated every 30 minutes using viewing history. This will be the first genuine digital cable channel audience rating data in Japan. Programming providers will use this data when formulating strategies for program scheduling and advertising, and J:COM hopes in this way to contribute to the expansion of the multichannel market.

1. Improving efficiency as a Multiple-System Operator (MSO)

The J:COM Group is striving to further improve the business efficiency of all of its managed system operators by slimming down business structures to reduce overlapping costs at each operator. For example, the Group has taken the respective call center capabilities of managed system operators and condensed them into a network of six comprehensive customer centers spread across the country. In addition, master headend systems, which are deployed and operated by centers for broadcast telecommunication services, have been concentrated in three locations across the country. Each location is positioned to enable neighboring multiple cable television stations within a specific region to operate the master headend systems for maximum economy of scale and operation.

The Company is also improving the efficiency of its operations by transferring certain work to subsidiary, J:COM Technology Co., Ltd., which provides infrastructure and equipment installation on behalf of cable television companies. The subsidiary now handles the task of laying down cable to customer households, which was previously handled by technicians respectively employed by managed system operators.

The J:COM Group also believes that promoting a unified marketing program organized under the J:COM brand will stabilize selling, general and administrative expenses while bringing about more efficient sales promotion activities. Furthermore, with an expanding base of customers as a backdrop, the J:COM Group intends to use its increasing bargaining power with vendors as a means of acquiring programming and equipment on more advantageous terms.

(7) Preparation and operation of internal management structure

a. Fundamental policy to create internal control system

At the Board meeting held on June 28, 2006, the Board of Directors made the decision to adopt a fundamental policy to create an internal control system, in accordance with Article 362 of the Company Act and Article 100 of the Enforcement Regulations for the Company Act.

b. Organization and structure for internal auditing

The Internal Auditing Department, which reports directly to the President, is responsible for internal audits of the entire internal organization and Group companies. The Internal Auditing Department has a staff of approximately 10 employees. Its employees audit internal organizations and Group companies. As a rule, audits are conducted every two years, according to the auditing plan. Audit findings are submitted as reports to the President. After auditing, organizations are routinely monitored to trace the progress of improvements to address deficiencies uncovered by audits.

The Internal Auditing Department and auditors work independently but maintain close communications. The Internal Auditing Department reports the findings of audits to the full-time auditor, in order to contribute to audits by the board of statutory auditors.

c. Internal Control Committee

As a consolidated subsidiary of LGI, whose shares are listed on the U.S. NASDAQ Stock Market, Jupiter

Telecommunications is required to comply with the US Sarbanes-Oxley Act starting by the end of fiscal 2006. The Company is taking steps to strengthen and promote its internal control structure, initially focused on compliance with the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. In May 2005, to support this effort, the Company established the Internal Control Committee and a Internal Control Project Secretariat (later renamed the Internal Control Promotion Dept. in March 2006) to perform concrete planning and execution under the direction of the Internal Control Committee.

d. Preparation of compliance structure

The Compliance Committee at Jupiter Telecommunications is responsible for strengthening and promoting a Company-wide structure for compliance. The Company has prepared a compliance manual that is distributed to all officers and employees of Group companies, and implements compliance training in an effort to secure a solid basis ensuring compliance.

In addition, the Company has been presenting its "Speak Up" initiative for internal reporting at Group companies since May 2005. The initiative provides an avenue for employees to speak out about compliance issues through direct consultation with the Compliance Committee and outside lawyers. The initiative functions as a safeguard against situations that, for whatever reason, make it difficult to deal with or report compliance issues under the normal chain of command. In May 2006, the Company's full-time auditor was added to the list of contact persons for employees to report information.

e. Information management and risk management structure

The Information Security Committee at Jupiter Telecommunications meets regularly to promote stronger measures for information security. The committee's initiatives include implementing security-hole measures for all systems. Jupiter Telecommunications is also taking steps to strengthen its protection of personal information. Almost all Group companies have acquired certification under the Privacy Mark program operated by the Japan Information Processing Development Corporation (JIPDEC). As part of its risk management structure, the Company has established a system for 24/7 monitoring of networks at Group companies. The system is designed to ensure stable provision of broadcast and telecommunications services and swift response to network interruptions.

3. Business Results and Financial Conditions

(1) Business Results (comparisons are year-on-year)

As of June 30, 2006, RGUs of the Jupiter Telecommunications consolidated Group had increased as follows: cable TV, by 187,300 to 1,734,000 households, high-speed Internet access, by 156,400 to 920,000 households and telephony services, by 186,600 to 993,700 households.

The number of customer connected stood at 2,081,200, an increase of 255,000. The average RGU per customer also increased, standing at 1.75 compared to 1.71 as of the end of the six-month period to June 2005. (Note: the data on RGUs are totals for the Group's consolidated subsidiaries excluding affiliated franchise companies.)

During the six-month period ended June 30, 2006, the Company reported revenue of ¥103,310 million, an increase of 19% (or ¥16,479 million). Operating income increased by 44% (or ¥4,749 million) to ¥15,602 million. Net income was ¥8,118 million, a decrease of 21% (or ¥2,155 million).

The following discusses reasons for changes in the major categories of revenues and expenses.

a. Revenue

Total revenue increased by ¥16,479 million, or 19%, to ¥103,310 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. The effect of acquisitions accounted for approximately ¥5,621 million of such increase.

Subscription Fees

Subscription fees increased by ¥14,818 million, or 19%, to ¥92,763 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. Cable television subscription fees increased by ¥7,237 million, or 18%, to ¥48,047 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. High-speed Internet subscription fees increased by ¥5,131 million, or 23%, to ¥27,724 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. Telephony subscription fees increased by ¥2,450 million, or 17%, to ¥16,992 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. These increases were primarily the result of subscriber growth, including acquisition impact, in our consolidated franchises of 12% for cable television, 20% for high-speed Internet and 23% for telephony. The 18% increase in cable television subscription revenue was due in part to the increasing proportion of cable television subscribers who subscribe to our digital service. As of June 30, 2006, 44% of our cable television subscribers were receiving our digital service, compared to 26% as of June 30, 2005. The 23% increase in high-speed Internet subscription fees was attributable in part to increasing penetration of our premium 30Mbps high-speed Internet service. As of June 30, 2006, 40% of our high-speed Internet subscribers were receiving the 30Mbps service, compared to 32% as of June 30, 2005. The 17% increase in telephony subscription fees was attributable to a 23% increase in subscribers that was partially offset by a decrease in the average monthly telephone call revenue per subscriber.

Other

Other revenue increased by ¥1,661 million, or 19%, to ¥10,547 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. The increase was attributable to an increase in poor reception compensation revenue, construction revenue, installation revenue and sales made to our unconsolidated managed franchises for management, programming, construction materials and labor and other services, due primarily to an increase in the number of subscribers in our consolidated and managed equity affiliates.

b. Operating Costs and Expenses

Operating and Programming Costs

Operating and programming costs increased by ¥7,544 million, or 21%, to ¥42,659 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. The effect of acquisitions accounted for approximately ¥874 million of such increase in operating and

programming costs with the remaining increase primarily the result of a ¥2,252 million increase in programming costs associated with the increase in the number of cable television subscribers, ¥432 million increase in maintenance expense, and ¥698 million increase in wages and employee related costs. The remaining of the increase was the result of increases in expenses associated with the expansion of our network and the increase in the number of subscribing customers during the period.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by ¥1,855 million, or 10%, to ¥20,148 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. The effect of acquisitions accounted for approximately ¥2,349 million of such increase with the remaining decrease primarily attributable to a decrease in marketing and advertising and other miscellaneous expenses, partially offset by increased sales related headcount and associated labor costs.

Stock Compensation Expenses

Stock compensation expense decreased by ¥1,782 million, to ¥203 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. In January 2006 the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123(R), Share Based Payment (SFAS No. 123R) applying the modified prospective method. The adoption of SFAS No. 123R primarily resulted in a change in our method of recognizing the fair value of share-based compensation and estimating forfeitures for all unvested awards.

Depreciation and Amortization

Depreciation and amortization expenses increased by ¥4,113 million, or 20%, to ¥24,698 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. The increase was primarily attributable to additions to the fixed assets related to the installation of services to new customers, the expansion and upgrade of our network, and ¥1,592 million of the increase related to acquisitions.

c. Other Costs and Expenses

Interest Expense (Net)

Interest expense, net decreased by ¥1,095 million, or 37%, to ¥1,884 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. This decrease is primarily due to the repayment of our ¥50 billion subordinated loan facility in March 2005, reduced margins under the current bank facility, reduced bank fee amortization, partially offset by an increase in loss on extinguishment of debt.

Other Income (Expense), Net

Other income, net, decreased by ¥90 million, to ¥195 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

Equity in Earnings of Affiliates

Equity in earnings of affiliates decreased by ¥85 million, or 40%, to ¥130 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. The decrease was attributable to a change in the number of affiliates and reduced earnings from remaining affiliates for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

Minority Interest in Net Income

Minority interest in net income increased by ¥371 million, to ¥539 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006.

Income Tax (Expense)/Benefit

Income tax benefit was ¥2,067 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005, as compared to income tax expense of ¥5,386 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006. The income tax benefit in the six months ended June 30, 2005

was primarily due to ¥3,921 million of deferred tax benefit recognized as a result of valuation allowances that were reversed for certain franchises during the second quarter of 2005 as we believe the related deferred tax assets will be realizable in future years.

(2) Financial situation

For the six months ended June 30, 2006, our cash and cash equivalents increased by ¥70 million to ¥35,353 million.

The following is a summary of cash flow during the six-month period ended June 30, 2006.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities was ¥37,735 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, compared to ¥27,323 million the six months ended June 30, 2005, or an increase of ¥10,412 million. The increase was primarily the result of a ¥7,080 million increase in operating income before depreciation, amortization and non-cash stock compensation charges.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was ¥25,364 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, compared to ¥19,914 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005, or an increase of ¥5,450 million. The increase was primarily attributable to a ¥8,108 million increase in capital expenditures, partially offset by a net ¥1,838 million decrease in the amount of acquisition of new subsidiaries and acquisitions of minority interests.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities was ¥12,301 million for the six months ended June 30, 2006, compared to net cash provided by financing activities of ¥32,747 million for the six months ended June 30, 2005. The net cash used in financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2006 primarily consisted of ¥6,346 million in principal payment of capital leases and ¥5,269 million net decrease of debt. The net cash provided by financing activities in the six months ended June 30, 2005 primarily consisted of ¥90,642 million net proceeds from issuance of common stock as a result of our initial public offering, offset by a ¥53,647 million net reduction of long-term and short-term debt, and ¥5,792 million principle payment of capital leases.

(3) Forecasts for the year ending December 2006

There is no change to our forecast in this quarter.

(Cautionary note regarding future-related information)

The forecasts contained in this report have been prepared on the basis of information that is currently available. Because such estimates are inherently very uncertain, actual results may differ from the forecasts. The Company does not guarantee that it will achieve these estimated results and advises readers to refrain from depending solely on these forecasts. Readers should also note that the Company is under no obligation to revise this information on a regular basis.

Consolidated Financial Statements

JUPITER TELECOMMUNICATIONS CO., LTD.
AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(YEN IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

Account	6 months ended June 30, 2006	6 months ended June 30, 2005	Change		12 months ended Dec. 31, 2005
	Amount	Amount	Amount	(%)	Amount
Revenue:					
Subscription fees	92,763	77,945	14,818	19.0	163,378
Other	10,547	8,886	1,661	18.7	19,766
	103,310	86,831	16,479	19.0	183,144
Operating costs and expenses					
Operating and programming costs	(42,659)	(35,115)	(7,544)	(21.5)	(76,133)
Selling, general and administrative	(20,148)	(18,293)	(1,855)	(10.1)	(36,988)
Stock compensation	(203)	(1,985)	1,782	89.8	(2,210)
Depreciation and amortization	(24,698)	(20,585)	(4,113)	(20.0)	(43,338)
	(87,708)	(75,978)	(11,730)	(15.4)	(158,669)
Operating income	15,602	10,853	4,749	43.8	24,475
Other income (expenses) :					
Interest expense, net:					
Related parties	(515)	(488)	(27)	(5.5)	(988)
Other	(1,369)	(2,491)	1,122	45.0	(6,715)
Other income, net	195	285	(90)	(31.7)	322
Income before income taxes and other items	13,913	8,159	5,754	70.5	17,094
Equity in earnings of affiliates (inclusive of YTD stock compensation expense of ¥1 million in June 2006, ¥4 million in June 2005 and ¥6 million in Dec. 2005)	130	215	(85)	(39.6)	651
Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiaries	(539)	(168)	(371)	(220.3)	(997)
Income before income taxes	13,504	8,206	5,298	64.6	16,748
Income tax (expense)/benefit	(5,386)	2,067	(7,453)	-	3,071
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change	8,118	10,273	(2,155)	(21.0)	19,819
Cumulative effect of accounting change	-	-	-	-	(486)
Net income	8,118	10,273	(2,155)	(21.0)	19,333
Per Share data					
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change per share – basic	1,275.41	1,770.93	(495.52)	(28.0)	3,258.96
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change per share – diluted	1,274.52	1,768.08	(493.56)	(27.9)	3,248.57
Cumulative effect of accounting change per share – basic	-	-	-	-	(80.02)
Cumulative effect of accounting change per share – diluted	-	-	-	-	(79.76)
Net income per share – basic	1,275.41	1,770.93	(495.52)	(28.0)	3,178.95
Net income per share – diluted	1,274.52	1,768.08	(493.56)	(27.9)	3,168.81
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding – basic	6,365,193	5,801,009	564,184	9.7	6,081,511
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding – diluted	6,369,633	5,810,385	559,248	9.6	6,100,971

(Note) Percentages are calculated based on amounts before rounded in Change column.

**JUPITER TELECOMMUNICATIONS CO., LTD.
AND SUBSIDIARIES**

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(YEN IN MILLIONS)

Account	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005	Change
	Amount	Amount	Amount
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	35,353	35,283	70
Accounts receivable	8,417	10,754	(2,337)
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(285)	(285)	(0)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	13,796	13,454	342
Total current assets	57,281	59,206	(1,925)
Investments:			
Investments in affiliates	4,216	5,155	(939)
Investments in other securities, at cost	2,892	2,890	2
	7,108	8,045	(937)
Property and equipment, at cost:			
Land	2,652	1,796	856
Distribution system and equipment	420,079	395,738	24,341
Support equipment and buildings	26,144	28,246	(2,102)
	448,875	425,780	23,095
Less accumulated depreciation	(159,705)	(144,080)	(15,625)
	289,170	281,700	7,470
Other assets:			
Goodwill	153,737	150,030	3,707
Other	16,539	17,476	(937)
	170,276	167,506	2,770
	523,835	516,457	7,378

Account	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005	Change
	Amount	Amount	Amount
Current liabilities:			
Short-term loans	2,800	2,000	800
Long-term debt—current portion	14,334	11,508	2,826
Capital lease obligations—current portion			
Related parties	9,711	9,253	458
Other	782	1,299	(517)
Accounts payable	18,648	19,855	(1,207)
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	12,759	10,236	2,523
Total current liabilities	59,034	54,151	4,883
Long-term debt, less current portion	125,642	133,096	(7,454)
Capital lease obligations, less current portion:			
Related parties	25,931	25,292	639
Other	2,610	2,679	(69)
Deferred revenue	43,998	44,346	(348)
Severance and retirement allowance	104	94	10
Redeemable preferred stock of consolidated subsidiary	500	500	-
Other liabilities	1,590	1,564	26
Total liabilities	259,409	261,722	(2,313)
Minority interests	4,040	3,290	750
Shareholders' equity:			
Ordinary shares no par value	114,553	114,481	72
Additional paid-in capital	195,493	195,219	274
Accumulated deficit	(50,235)	(58,353)	8,118
Accumulated other comprehensive income	575	98	477
Treasury stock	(0)	(0)	(0)
Total shareholders' equity	260,386	251,445	8,941
	523,835	516,457	7,378

**JUPITER TELECOMMUNICATIONS CO., LTD.
AND SUBSIDIARIES**

Consolidated Statements of Shareholders' Equity

(YEN IN MILLIONS)

	Ordinary Shares	Additional paid in capital	Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	Accumulated Deficit	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	Treasury Stock	Total Shareholders' Equity
Balance at December 31, 2004	78,133	137,931		(77,686)	(8)	—	138,370
Net income:	—	—	19,333	19,333	—	—	19,333
Other comprehensive income:							
Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments	—	—	106	—	106	—	106
Comprehensive income	—	—	19,439	—	—	—	—
Stock option exercise	466	466		—	—	—	932
Stock compensation	—	2,216		—	—	—	2,216
Treasury stock at cost	—	—		—	—	(0)	(0)
Issuance of shares upon IPO, net of related costs	35,882	54,606		—	—	—	90,488
Balance at December 31, 2005	114,481	195,219		(58,353)	98	(0)	251,445
Net Income	—	—	8,118	8,118	—	—	8,118
Other comprehensive income:							
Changes in the fair value of derivative financial instruments	—	—	477	—	477	—	477
Comprehensive income	—	—	8,595	—	—	—	—
Stock option exercise	72	71		—	—	—	143
Stock compensation	—	203		—	—	—	203
Treasury stock	—	—		—	—	(0)	—
Balance at June 30, 2006	114,553	195,493		(50,235)	575	(0)	260,386

**JUPITER TELECOMMUNICATIONS CO., LTD.
AND SUBSIDIARIES**

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(YEN IN MILLIONS)

Classification	6 months ended June 30, 2006	6 months ended June 30, 2005	12 months ended Dec. 31, 2005
	Amount	Amount	Amount
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net income	8,118	10,273	19,333
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	24,698	20,585	43,338
Equity in earnings of affiliates	(130)	(215)	(651)
Minority interest in net income of consolidated subsidiaries	539	168	997
Stock compensation expenses	203	1,985	2,210
Deferred income taxes	2,771	(3,644)	(5,257)
Cumulative effect of accounting change	-	-	486
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, excluding effects of business combinations:			
(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable, net	3,192	821	(974)
(Increase) in prepaid expenses and other current assets	(2,099)	(1,859)	(1,499)
(Increase)/decrease in other assets	1,288	(167)	2,810
Increase/(decrease) in accounts payable	(870)	(1,813)	4,955
Increase/(decrease) in accrued expenses and other liabilities	1,457	1,628	(335)
Increase/(decrease) in provision for retirement allowance	(13)	154	(2,676)
(Decrease) in deferred revenue	(1,419)	(593)	(1,974)
Net cash provided by operating activities	37,735	27,323	60,763
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(23,732)	(15,624)	(38,405)
Acquisition of new subsidiaries, net of cash acquired	(1,464)	(4,234)	(12,049)
Investments in and advances to affiliates	185	90	140
Acquisition of minority interest in consolidated subsidiaries	(1,147)	(215)	(4,905)
Other investing activities	794	69	(2,011)
Net cash used in investing activities	(25,364)	(19,914)	(57,230)

(YEN IN MILLIONS)

	6 months ended June 30, 2006	6 months ended June 30, 2005	12 months ended Dec. 31, 2005
Classification	Amount	Amount	Amount
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	143	90,642	91,420
Net increase in short-term loans	693	—	1,750
Proceeds from long-term debt	40,339	1,544	126,904
Principal payments of long-term debt	(46,301)	(53,647)	(187,542)
Principal payments under capital lease obligations	(6,346)	(5,792)	(11,970)
Other financing activities	(829)	—	768
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	(12,301)	32,747	21,330
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	70	40,156	24,863
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	35,283	10,420	10,420
Cash and cash equivalents at end of term	35,353	50,576	35,283

Notes to Interim Period Consolidated Financial Statements

1. Scope of consolidation

- (1) Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 21
- (2) The names of the Company's consolidated subsidiaries are shown in "1. Status of the Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd.(J:COM) Group".

2. Scope of application of equity method

- (1) Number of equity method affiliates: 6
- (2) The names of these affiliates are shown in "1. Status of the Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd.(J:COM) Group".

3. Fiscal year end

The fiscal year end for all consolidated subsidiaries is the same as the date of consolidated.

4. Significant accounting policies

(1) Accounting standards used to prepare interim period financial statements

The Company prepares its interim period consolidated financial statements using terminology, forms and methods of preparation required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, however part of descriptions and notes required under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America are omitted.

(2) Securities valuation standards and valuation method

To value its securities, the Company applies Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 115, "Accounting for Certain Investments in Debt and Equity Securities."

Investments in affiliates (excluding loans):	Equity method
Investments in other securities:	Cost method

When investments in affiliates and unmarketable stocks decline in value, the Company considers the possibility of recognizing impairment losses if such declines are deemed to be more than temporary.

(3) Valuation standards and valuation methods for derivatives

The Company accounts for derivatives based on SFAS No.133 "Accounting for Certain Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities" as amended. According to SFAS No. 133, as amended, all derivatives must be fairly valued and recognized on the balance sheet as assets or liabilities.

- Derivative instrument designated and effectively active as a fair value hedge:

Changes in the fair value of derivative instruments and of the assets or liabilities being hedged are recognized as periodic income/loss.

- Derivative instrument designated as cash flow hedge—regarding the portion effectively active as a hedge:

Until income/losses on the assets or liabilities being hedged are recognized on the income statement, they must be recognized as other comprehensive income/loss.

- Derivative instrument designated as cash flow hedge—regarding the portion that is not effectively active as a hedge:

Recognized as periodic income/loss.

- Derivative instruments not designated as hedge:

Changes in fair value recognized as periodic income/loss.

(4) Accounting for long-lived assets

For long-term assets other than goodwill, the Company evaluates the need for impairment losses on the basis of SFAS No. 144 "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" which applies to instances when certain portions of book value are deemed unrecoverable or when changes in a situation result in book value becoming unrecoverable.

(5) Depreciation method for tangible fixed assets

The straight-line method is applied.

Useful lives of major assets:

Distribution equipment: 10~15 years

Buildings: 15~40 years

Support equipment and buildings: 5~15 years

(Assets acquired through capital leases are depreciated over periods ranging from 2-21 years.)

(6) Valuation standards and valuation methods for goodwill

The Company recognizes as goodwill the difference between costs of acquisition of consolidated subsidiaries and the estimated fair value of the net assets of applicable companies.

In accordance with SFAS No. 142, "Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets," the Company conducts an impairment test once each year or whenever an event occurs that suggests the possibility of impairment.

(7) Amortization of software

The Company includes software the Company uses internally in the "Other assets – Other" of consolidated balance sheet.

The Company amortizes using the straight-line method based on estimated useful life within the Company (less than 5 years).

(8) Accounting methods of Asset Retirement Obligation

The company applies FASB Interpretation No. 47 which clarifies that the term asset retirement obligation as used in FASB Statement No.143, Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations. This interpretation requires to specify legal obligation to asset retirements and recognize a liability for the fair value of a conditional asset retirement obligation if the fair value of the liability can be reasonably estimated when incurred.

(9) Standards for recognition of important allowances

1) Bad debt allowance

The Company calculates a bad debt allowance on the basis of actual loss ratios of previous years. It also recognizes estimated uncollectible amounts when such allowances are required.

2) Severance and retirement allowance

The Company has an unfunded defined-benefit pension plan, for which it recognizes retirement allowance expenses in accordance with SFAS No. 87 "Employer's Accounting for Pensions."

(10) Lease transactions

The Company accounts for leases in accordance with SFAS No.13 "Accounting for Leases."

(11) Amortization of intangible assets

Intangible assets consists of customer relationships, which are amortized over the expected lives of our customers.

(12) Stock compensation

The FASB issued SFAS No. 123 (Revised 2004) (SFAS No. 123R) in December 2004. SFAS No. 123R is a revision of SFAS No. 123 *Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation*. SFAS No. 123R requires a public entity to measure the cost of employee services received in exchange for an award of equity instruments based on the grant-date fair value of the award. That cost will be recognized over the period during which an employee is required to provide service in exchange for the award. The company has used the modified prospective method to adopt SFAS No. 123R since January 1, 2006.

5.Manufacturing, Orders and Sales

The Jupiter Telecommunications Group (the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries) is primarily involved in providing cable TV, high-speed Internet access, and telephony services. Accordingly, the Group has nothing to report regarding manufacturing and orders.

The details of revenue—subscription fees are as shown under “3.Business Results and Financial Conditions - (1) a.. Revenue”.

6.Segment Information

(1) Operating segments

The Jupiter Telecommunications Group (the Company and its consolidated subsidiaries) has determined it has one reportable segment “Broadband services”. Therefore, information on operating segments are not applicable in this section.

(2) Segment information by region

Because the Company does not have any overseas subsidiaries or branches, this section is not applicable.

(Translation from Japanese disclosure to JASDAQ)

July 28, 2006

[JAPANESE GAAP]**Semi-annual Financial Results Release**

For the Six Months Ended June 30, 2006

Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd. (Parent Company Only)Company code number: 4817 (URL <http://www.jcom.co.jp/>)

Shares traded: JASDAQ

Location of headquarters: Tokyo

Executive position of legal representative: Tomoyuki Moriizumi, Chief Executive Officer

Please address all communications to:

Koji Kobayashi, IR Department Phone: +81-3-6765-8157 E-Mail: KobayashiKo@jupiter.jcom.co.jp

Toshiyuki Yamamoto General Accounting Phone: +81-3-6765-8180 E-Mail: YamamotoT@jupiter.jcom.co.jp

Date of Board of Directors' meeting for approval of interim financial results: July 28, 2006

Number of shares in unit share system: No

Name of parent companies (Percentage of voting rights held in the Company)

LGI/Sumisho Super Media, LLC (62.64%*)

Liberty Global, Inc. (Listed on the NASDAQ) (62.64%)

*Percentage of shareholdings in LGI/Sumisho Super Media, LLC is 58.66% for Liberty Global Inc. and 41.34% for Sumitomo Corporation

1. Operating results (From January 1, 2006 to June 30, 2006)**(1) Financial results**

(In millions of yen, with fractional amounts rounded)

	Revenue		Operating income		Ordinary income	
	(Millions of yen)	%	(Millions of yen)	%	(Millions of yen)	%
June 30, 2006	47,255	37.0	508	—	2,334	—
June 30, 2005	34,503	15.4	(499)	—	137	(85.6)
December 31, 2005	75,002		1,264		2,109	

	Net income		Net income per share
	(Millions of yen)	%	(yen)
June 30, 2006	2,210	—	347.23
June 30, 2005	(1,594)	—	(274.78)
December 31, 2005	(2,141)		(352.11)

(notes)

1. Average number of outstanding shares during term:

June 2006 interim term: 6,365,193 shares June 2005 interim term: 5,801,009 shares

December 2005 term: 6,081,511 shares

2. Changes in accounting methods: None

3. The percentages shown next to revenue, operating income, income before income taxes and net income represent year-on-year changes.

(2) Financial position

(In millions of yen, with fractional amounts rounded)

	Total assets	Net Assets	Equity capital ratio to total assets	Net Assets per share
	(Millions of yen)	(Millions of yen)	%	(Yen)
June 30, 2006	322,032	188,027	58.4	29,537.89
June 30, 2005	197,127	185,102	93.9	29,133.63
December 31, 2005	320,208	185,332	57.9	29,122.68

*(Notes)**Number of outstanding shares at end of term**June 2006 interim term: 6,365,629 shares**June 2005 interim term: 6,353,534 shares**December 2005 term: 6,363,840 shares***2. Forecasts for December 2006 term****(From January 1, 2006 to December 31, 2006)**

We are a multiple system operator, who supports operational systems (managed franchises). We don't disclose our own forecast since we perform our business management based on the consolidated basis under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

3. Dividend Information

	Dividend per share (Yen)
	Annual
December 31, 2005	—
December 31, 2006 (Actual)	—
December 31, 2006 (Forecast)	

(Translation from Japanese disclosure to JASDAQ)

Semiannual financial Statements

For the 6 Months Ended June 30, 2006

JUPITER TELECOMMUNICATIONS CO., LTD
(Parent Company Only-Japanese GAAP)
STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(YEN IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

Account	6 months ended June 30, 2006	6 months ended June 30, 2005	Change		12 months ended Dec 31, 2005
	Amount	Amount	Amount	(%)	Amount
Sales	47,255	34,503	12,752	37.0	75,002
Cost of sales	40,115	26,439	13,676	51.7	56,327
Gross income	7,140	8,064	(924)	(11.5)	18,675
Selling, general & administrative expenses	6,632	8,563	(1,931)	(22.5)	17,411
Operating income (loss)	508	(499)	1,007	—	1,264
Non-Operating profit	2,697	1,594	1,103	69.2	2,586
Non-Operating charges	871	958	(87)	(9.1)	1,741
Ordinary income	2,334	137	2,197	—	2,109
Extraordinary losses	111	1,720	(1,609)	(93.5)	4,228
Net Income (loss) before taxes	2,223	(1,583)	3,806	—	(2,119)
Income taxes & inhabitant taxes	13	11	2	18.2	22
Net Income (loss) after taxes	2,210	(1,594)	3,804	—	(2,141)
Accumulated loss brought forward from the previous term	—	(16,025)	16,025	—	(16,025)
Accumulated loss as of the term-end	—	(17,619)	17,619	—	(18,166)

- Percentages are calculated based on amounts before rounded in Change column.

- Regarding customer center related expenses

The company placed their group customer center under the direct rule of the company and established two additional outbound centers, therefore accordingly, their operational expense became material. In order to recognize operating expenses for customer center as cost of revenue for customer center, the company reclassified customer center related expenses from "selling, general & administrative expenses" to "cost of sales" from this period. As a result, "Gross income" decreased by ¥4,681 million compared to previous presentation, however, there are no influence on "Operating income", "Ordinary income" and "net income before taxes".

JUPITER TELECOMMUNICATIONS CO., LTD
(Parent Company Only-Japanese GAAP)
BALANCE SHEETS

(YEN IN MILLIONS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

Account	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005	Change	Account	June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005	Change
	Amount	Amount	Amount		Amount	Amount	Amount
Current assets:				Current liabilities:			
Cash and cash equivalents	14,718	22,268	(7,550)	Accounts payable-Trade	9,002	8,235	767
Accounts receivable-Trade	11,115	11,081	34	Other current liabilities	3,134	1,455	1,679
Merchandises	1,654	957	697	Total current liabilities	12,136	9,690	2,446
Other current assets	15,679	644	16,035	Fixed liabilities:			
Total current assets	44,166	34,950	9,216	Long-term debt	121,600	125,000	(3,400)
Fixed assets				Deferred tax liability	234	—	234
Tangible fixed assets	2,587	2,346	241	Other long term liabilities	35	186	(151)
Intangible fixed assets	2,817	2,408	409	Total fixed liabilities	121,869	125,186	(3,317)
Investments to subsidiaries and affiliates	133,096	155,205	(19,109)	Total Liabilities	134,005	134,876	(871)
Long-term loans to related parties	130,500	120,000	10,500	Paid-in Capital	—	114,481	(114,481)
Other assets	5,527	4,834	693	Advance on subscription	—	0	(0)
Total investments and other assets	272,123	280,039	(7,916)	Capital surplus:			
Total fixed assets	277,527	284,793	(7,266)	Additional paid-in capital	—	89,017	(89,017)
Deferred charges	339	465	(126)	Retained earnings:			
				Accumulated losses	—	(18,166)	18,166
				Treasury stock	—	(0)	0
				Total Stockholder's equity	—	185,332	(185,332)
				Total Liabilities & Stockholders' equity	—	320,208	(320,208)
				Stockholders' equity			
				Common stock	114,553	—	114,553
				Capital surplus:			
				Capital reserve	28,692	—	28,692
				Additional paid-in capital	42,230	—	42,230
				Total Capital Surplus	70,922	—	70,922
				Accumulated profit			
				Retained earnings carried forward	2,210	—	2,210
				Total retained earnings	2,210	—	2,210
				Treasury stock	(0)	—	(0)
				Total Stockholder's equity	187,685	—	187,685
				Revaluation surplus			
				Deferred hedge gain (loss)	342	—	342
				Total Net Assets	188,027	—	188,027
Total Assets	322,032	320,208	1,824	Total Liabilities & Net Assets	322,032	—	322,032

(Note)

		June 30, 2006	December 31, 2005	
1. Accumulated depreciation of Tangible fixed assets		¥642 million	¥513 million	
2. Guarantee liabilities (for bank loan)		¥28,704 million	¥30,602million	
3. Increase of capital stock (Issuance of new stock)				
Type of Issue	In number of outstanding shares	Total amount at issue price	Amount received	Amount capitalized
Exercise of stock option	1,789 Share	¥143 million	¥143 million	¥72 million

Statement of stockholders' equity

For the 6 month ended June 30, 2006

(Yen in millions)

	Stockholders' equity							
	Common stock	Capital Surplus			Retained Earnings		Treasury stock	Total Stockholders' equity
		Capital reserve	Additional paid-in capital	Total capital surplus	Accumulated profit Retained earnings carried forward	Total retained earnings		
Balance at December 31, 2005	114,481	89,017	—	89,017	(18,166)	(18,166)	(0)	185,332
Movement for this period								
Covering of deficit due to decrease of capital reserve		(60,396)	42,230	(18,166)	18,166	18,166		—
Net income					2,210	2,210		2,210
Treasury stock							(0)	(0)
Stock option exercise	72	71		71				143
Movement by recognition of hedge gain (loss)								
Total movement	72	(60,325)	42,230	(18,094)	20,376	20,376	(0)	2,353
Balance at June 30, 2006	114,553	28,692	42,230	70,922	2,210	2,210	(0)	187,685

	Revaluation surplus		Total Net assets
	Deferred hedge gain (loss)	Total revaluation surplus	
Balance at December 31, 2005	—	—	185,332
Movement for this period			
Covering of deficit due to decrease of capital reserve			—
Net income			2,210
Treasury stock			(0)
Stock option exercise			143
Movement by recognition of hedge gain (loss)	342	342	342
Total movement	342	342	2,695
Balance at June 30, 2006	342	342	188,027

Significant Accounting Policies

1. Securities Valuation Method

- Investments to subsidiaries
 - Acquisition cost by the moving average method
- Other investments
 - Non-marketable Securities
 - Acquisition cost by the moving average method

2. Inventory Valuation

- Lower of cost or market by the moving average method

3. Depreciation Method of Tangible Fixed Assets

- The straight-line method is applied.

Buildings	15–50 years
Other structures	10–60 years
Machinery and equipment	4–15 years

4. Amortization Method of Intangible Fixed Assets

- Straight-line method
 - With regard to software for in-house use, straight-line method over estimated in-house useful life (5 years).

5. Long term Prepaid Expenses

- Amortized using straight-line method.

6. Deferred Charges

- Stock Issue Charges
 - Amortized equally based on previous Enforcement Regulation of Commercial Code.

7. Allowance and Reserve

(1) Allowance for Bad debts:

Calculate based on historical bad debt ratio approach for general receivables and on debtor's financial evaluation approach for particular doubtful.

(2) Reserve for Retiring Benefits for directors

The Company recorded reserve for retiring benefits for directors at estimated amount required to make payment based on the internal regulations as of term-end, however at the board of directors meeting on February 27, 2006, it was decided that the company would discontinue the retiring benefits for directors upon approval at shareholders' meeting held in March 2006. Accordingly, the Company reversed the entire amount of reserve for retiring benefits for directors for the six month ended June 30, 2006.

8. Important foreign exchange hedge method

(1) Hedge accounting method

Deferred hedge method is applied. Allotment method is used.

(2) Measure and object for hedge

Hedge measure: Foreign exchange reserve, and interest swap

Object for hedge: Account receivables and payables in foreign currency, and interest of debt loans with variable interest rate

(3) Hedge policy

The Company tries to minimize the risks of foreign exchange fluctuations of account receivables and payables in foreign currency as well as the risks of fluctuations of interest rate for debt loans based on the Company's internal regulations.

(4) Valuation of hedge

Valuation is done comparing reserved rates and actual rates at closing dates and settlement dates. With regard to interest swap, valuation is done by the interest risk as object for hedge being diminished.

9. Lease transaction

Except for finance lease where ownership is expected to transfer to the lessee, the accounting method for lease transactions in conformance with accounting policy of general lease transaction is applied.

10. Consumption Taxes

Consumption taxes are excluded from income and expenses in Statement of Operations, and net of payables / receivables of Consumption Taxes are recorded in Balance Sheet.

Additional information**1. Accounting standards for impairment of long-lived assets**

Effective from the six month ended June 30, 2006, the Company adopted the accounting standards for impairment of long-lived assets, "Statement of Opinion on Establishment of Accounting Standards for Impairment of Long-lived Assets" (issued by Business Accounting Council on August 9, 2002) and "Application Guidance on Accounting Standards for Impairment of Long-lived Assets" (Accounting Standard Application Guidance No.6, which was issued on October 31, 2003). The adoption of these standards had no impact on net income for the six month ended June 30, 2006.

2. Accounting standards for presentation of net assets in the balance sheet

Effective from the six month ended June 30, 2006, the Company adopted "Accounting Standard for Presentation of Net Assets in the Balance Sheet" (Accounting Standard No.5, which was issued on December 9, 2005) and "Application Guidance on Accounting Standard for Presentation of Net Assets in the Balance Sheet" (Accounting Standard Application Guidance No.8, which was issued on December 9, 2005). The total amount if calculated as existing Stockholders' equity is ¥187,685 million. Due to the amendment of the Interim Financial Statements Regulations, the Company prepares the presentation of net assets in the balance sheet as of June 30, 2006, based on the amended Interim Financial Statements Regulations.

Valuable securities

The company does not hold marketable securities.

Lease transactions

It will be disclosed on EDINET, and the description is omitted.

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CORPORATE FINANCE

July 26, 2006

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

**J:COM NET Launches "Heartful Pack" In All Service Areas Beginning August 1
Discount High-speed Cable Internet Service To Support Disabled Persons**

Tokyo, Japan -- Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd. (J:COM; JASDAQ: 4817), the largest multiple system operator (MSO) in Japan based on the number of customers served, will begin offering a new J:COM NET package called "Heartful Pack," a specially discounted high-speed cable Internet service package, to persons with disabilities, beginning on August 1 in all of its service areas* . J:COM NET's Heartful Pack offers J:COM NET Premiere Internet connectivity (at data transmission speeds averaging 30 Mbps) available at half the usual monthly fee (2,750 yen, 2,887 yen including tax) with no service installation fees.

* Sakura Cable TV plans to introduce the service when it begins offering J:COM NET services in November 2006.

"The J:COM NET Heartful Pack is our way of assisting disabled individuals to live more independently by making high-speed Internet access, and the benefits of having information and resources at your fingertips, that much more accessible," said Tomoyuki Moriizumi, CEO of J:COM. "J:COM NET provides nearly one million people with a means to participate more fully in social dialog and society through use of the Internet, and our new "Heartful Pack" honors the Service and Support for Person's with Disabilities Act (enacted on April 1, by the Japan's Health, Labor and Welfare Ministry) by helping more people take advantage of this important medium ," Moriizumi added.

The Heartful Pack service has been available since April 2006 through two of J:COM's affiliated systems, Fukuoka Cable Network Co., Inc. and CableVision 21 Co., Inc. The

decision to expand the service to all J:COM service areas was based upon favorable consumer response to the program in both these areas.

With an ongoing commitment to be a community-based business leader that contributes to the well-being of its local residents and customers, J:COM places high importance on corporate social responsibility. The company plans to maintain these efforts well into the future, by integrating J:COM services into communities it serves to help build safe, prosperous and secure communities through the use of media.

About J:COM <http://www.jcom.co.jp/>

Established in 1995, Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd. (J:COM) is Japan's largest multiple system operator based on the number of subscribing customers, serving over 2.2 million subscribing households (as of June 30, 2006) in the Sapporo, Kanto, Kansai, and Kyushu regions. Based in Tokyo, J:COM is a corporate entity that provides cable television, high-speed Internet access, telephony and mobile services to customers through 19 managed franchises (as of June 30, 2006) operating at the local level. The number of serviceable households or "homes passed" in J:COM franchise areas is approximately 8.1 million (as of June 30, 2006). J:COM's principal shareholder is LGI/Sumisho Super Media. J:COM is a public company, trading on the JASDAQ stock exchange under code No. 4817. For more information (available in English and Japanese), visit J:COM's website at <http://www.jcom.co.jp/>.

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Attachment: description of J:COM NET Heartful Pack

Service Launch Date

August 1, 2006 - Applications for service will be accepted beginning August 1, 2006

Target Audience

Disabled residents living in the J:COM service areas of Sapporo, Kanto, Kansai and Kyushu, as well as fellow household members.

Note: See "Qualifications for Application" below for details.

Description of service

30Mbps downstream, 2Mbps upstream ("best-effort" service)

*Note: Transmission speeds vary depending on connection status, and cannot be guaranteed.

E-mail addresses: up to 5 e-mail addresses

Up to 100MB of web space:

Complete Internet security package provided (free of charge)

Fees

(1) Usage Fee: 2,750/ yen per month (2,887 yen per month including consumption tax).

*Note: Standard fee for the same service is 5,500 yen per month.

(2) Free installation

Qualifications for Application

(1) The applicant must be a resident of a J:COM service area and have been issued one of the following types of certification as a disabled person:

- Physical disability certificate (levels 1 or 2)
- Certificate of therapeutic need (types A1-A3)
- Mental disability certificate (level 1)

(2) Subscribers must qualify as a handicapped person (20 years of age or older) or be a caregiver or a family member of a qualified disabled person.

(3) Qualified existing subscribers may switch over to the Heartful Pack upon completion of the necessary application process. Transfer to the new service does not take effect until 30 days after processing. For current subscribers terms are not retroactive.



July 14, 2006
 FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

**JUPITER TELECOMMUNICATIONS ANNOUNCES
 JUNE 2006 SUBSCRIBER FIGURES**

Tokyo, Japan -- Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd. (J:COM; JASDAQ: 4817), the largest multiple system operator (MSO) in Japan based on the number of customers served, has announced that the total subscribing households as of June 30, 2006 served by J:COM's 19 managed franchises increased 13.3% since June 30, 2005. Continuous growth of the subscribing households in existing service areas as well as an addition of newly consolidated managed franchises were attributable to the increase. By June 30, 2006, over 2.2 million subscribing households received at least one of J:COM's services, which include J:COM TV, J:COM NET and J:COM PHONE. Combined revenue generating units (RGUs) for J:COM exceeded 3.8 million overall, up 548,800 units or 16.5% from the year earlier. In addition, as of June 30, J:COM had 32,000 subscriptions in place for J:COM TV Digital's High Definition Recorder (HDR) service, and this contributed to the 802,100 subscribing households to J:COM TV Digital. The bundle ratio (the average number of services received per subscribing household) rose to 1.75 from 1.70 of the year earlier. Details follow in the table below:

Year-On-Year Subscribing Household Comparisons:¹

	Revenue Generating Units				Total Subscribing Households
	J:COM TV	J:COM NET	J:COM PHONE	RGU Total	
As of June 30, 2006	1,846,000	969,300	1,057,600	3,872,900	2,216,600
	Digital: 802,100				
As of June 30, 2005	1,656,400	808,500	859,200	3,324,100	1,955,800
Net year-on-year increase	189,600	160,800	198,400	548,800	260,800
Net increase as percentage	11.4%	19.9%	23.1%	16.5%	13.3%

¹Rounded to the nearest hundred

Note: The table above references subscribing household totals for companies managed by J:COM.

For reference:

Total consolidated subsidiaries: 17² franchises, 33 stations:³

	Revenue Generating Units				Total Subscribing Households
	J:COM TV	J:COM NET	J:COM PHONE	RGU Total	
As of June 30, 2006	1,734,000 Digital: 763,800	920,000	993,700	3,647,700	2,081,200
As of June 30, 2005	1,546,700	763,600	807,100	3,117,400	1,826,200
Net year-on-year increase	187,300	156,400	186,600	530,300	255,000
Net increase as percentage	12.1%	20.5%	23.1%	17.0%	14.0%

² J:COM's consolidated subsidiaries Urawa Cable TV Network and Media Saitama, merged to become J:COM Saitama on June 1, 2006.

³ Rounded to the nearest hundred

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June 28, 2006

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE

J:COM Announces Senior Executive Change

Tokyo, JAPAN – Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd. (J:COM), the largest multiple system operator (MSO) in Japan based on the number of customers served, announced today intended changes to its senior management team. The following change was approved by the J:COM Board of Directors on June 28, 2006.

J:COM Executive	Former Post	New Post	Effective Date
Mineo Fukuda	Executive Vice President	Representative Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer	June 30

In his new appointment as Representative Director, Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer, Mr. Fukuda will replace Gregory Armstrong who will resign that post effective June 30, 2006. Mr. Fukuda will have responsibility for overseeing J:COM operations including sales, marketing, service strategy and engineering. Prior to joining J:COM in March 2006, he held senior management positions at Recruit Co., Ltd. and Kadokawa Holdings Inc.

About J:COM

<http://www.jcom.co.jp>

Established in 1995, Jupiter Telecommunications Co., Ltd. (J:COM) is Japan's largest multiple system operator based on the number of customers served, serving over 2.2 million subscribing households (as of May 31, 2006) in the Sapporo, Kanto, Kansai, and Kyushu regions. Based in Tokyo, J:COM is the corporate entity that provides cable television, high-speed Internet access, telephony and mobile services to customers through 20 managed franchises operating at the local level. The number of serviceable households, or "homes passed," in J:COM franchises is approximately 8.1 million (as of May 31, 2006). J:COM's principal shareholder is LGI/Sumisho Super Media. J:COM is a public company, trading on the JASDAQ stock exchange under code 4817. For more information (available in English and Japanese), visit J:COM's website at <http://www.jcom.co.jp>.

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