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# lenovo联想

# Lenovo Group Limited 聯想集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 0992)

## FY2005/06 ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT

ANIS <u>3910</u>6

### ANNUAL RESULTS

The board of directors (the "Board") of Lenovo Group Limited (the "Company") is pleased to announce the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended March 31, 2006 together with comparative figures of last year, as follows:

### CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

	Note	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
Turnover	2	103,550,857	22,554,678
Earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation, amortization, impairment charge, gain/loss on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets and restructuring costs		2,978,519	1,173,616
Depreciation expenses and amortization of prepaid lease payments		(492,469)	(184,490)
Restructuring costs	3	(542,756)	_
Amortization of intangible assets		(779,664)	(58,078)
Amortization of share-based compensation		(232,013)	_
Impairment of assets		(22,785)	(51,364)
(Loss)/gain on disposal of investments and available-for-sale financial assets		(4,913)	156,958
Finance income		188,986	105,677
Profit from operations	4	1,092,905	1,142,319
Finance costs	5	(438,126)	(6,667)
*		654,779	1,135,652
Share of profits/(losses) of jointly controlled entities		1,073	(12,327)
Share of profits of associated companies		3,627	4,182
Profit before taxation		659,479	1,127,507
Taxation	6	(443,667)	(35,184)
Profit for the year		215,812	1,092,323

## Profit attributable to:

Shareholders of the Company		173,236	1,120,146
Minority interests		42,576	(27,823)
		215,812	1,092,323
Dividends	7	461,741	388,806
Earnings per share  - Basic	8	1.97 HK cent	14.99 HK cents
- Diluted	8	1.93 HK cent	14.97 HK cents
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET			
		2006	2005
		2006	2005
	3.7 .	111/01000	As restated
	Note	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment		1,734,440	827,876
Prepaid lease payments		50,018	50,268
Construction-in-progress		218,127	257,159
Intangible assets		14,896,476	513,078
Investments in jointly controlled entities		14,020,470	191,523
Investments in associated companies		70,672	52,067
Deferred tax assets		486,290	53,498
Available-for-sale financial assets		235,949	33,470
Investment securities		233,777	62,970
Other non-current assets		287,163	569,673
Other hon-current assets			309,073
		17,979,135	2,578,112
J		1,3,7,7,100	
Current assets			
Inventories		2,832,454	878,900
Trade receivables	9	3,781,230	851,337
Notes receivable		721,668	1,137,174
Deposits, prepayments and		,	, ,
other receivables		6,163,015	567,046
Cash and cash equivalents		7,838,854	3,019,385
,			<del></del>
		21,337,221	6,453,842
Current liabilities			100 116
Amounts due to jointly controlled entities	^	-	108,446
Trade payables	9	13,128,737	2,276,070
Notes payable	7.0	385,576	195,032
Accruals and other payables	10	9,827,844	716,906
Tax payable		308,914	493
Short-term bank loans	1.0	1,001,196	-
Current portion of long-term liabilities	12	169,880	175,866
		24,822,147	3,472,813
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(3,484,926)	2,981,029
Total assets less current liabilities		14,494,209	5,559,141

Share capital Reserves	11	222,330 7,920,109	186,870 5,017,528
Shareholders' funds		8,142,439	5,204,398
Minority interests		5,803	23,609
Total equity		8,148,242	5,228,007
Non-current liabilities	12	6,345,967	331,134
		14,494,209	5,559,141
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMEN	Т		
	•		
		2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net cash generated from operations		8,832,287	1,214,223
Finance income		188,986	105,677
Tax paid		(575,312)	(53,688)
Net cash generated from operating activities		8,445,961	1,266,212
Coch flows from investing activities			
Cash flows from investing activities		(501-217)	(71 (11)
Purchase of tangible fixed assets		(591,317)	(74,611)
Sale of tangible fixed assets		23,542	20,352
Payment for construction-in-progress		(201,556)	(102,159)
Payment for internal use software		(177,189)	_
Purchase of investment securities		_	(80,500)
(Payment)/Net proceeds from disposal of inve	stments	(3,278)	91,075
Payment for acquisition of business		(5,082,572)	(411,022)
Capital contribution to an associated company		(11,538)	(6,399)
Dividends received from an associated compar			3,813
Settlement of loan from a jointly controlled er		10,000	10,000
Payment for acquiring minority shareholder's		-0,000	
in a subsidiary	incres.	(69,231)	_
Proceeds from disposal of an associated comp	anv	79,936	63,669
•	,		,
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,023,203)	(485,782)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Issue of convertible preferred shares and warr	ants	2,730,000	_
Exercise of share options and issue of new sha		271,724	15,233
Repurchase of shares		(1,195,729)	(16,093)
Contributions to employee share trusts		(398,132)	
Dividends paid		(457,897)	(403,570)
Bank loans		1,781,196	_
Finance costs paid		(350,322)	(6,667)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing acti	vities	2,380,840	(411,097)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents		4,803,598	369,333
Effect of foreign exchange rate changes		15,871	(19)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of th	e vear	3,019,385	2,650,071
	•		
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		7,838,854	3,019,385

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HKS'000	Convertible rights in respect of convertible preferred shares HKS'000	Surplus arising on consolidation HKS'000	Exchange reserve HKS:000	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Share redemption reserve HK\$'000	Employee share trusts HK\$'000	Share-based compensation reserve HKS'000	Retained earnings/ (accumulated losses) HKS'000	Minority interests HKS'000	Total HKS'000
As at April 1, 2005	186,870	4.761,498	-	27.871	2,093	(3,530)	3,086	-	_	226,510	23,609	5,228,007
Adoption of HKFRS 3				(27.871)				-		27,871		_
As restated	186.870	4,761,498	_	-	2,093	(3.530)	3,086	-	-	254,381	23,609	5,228,007
Fair value loss on available-for-sale												
financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	(24.173)	-	-	-	-	-	(24,173)
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	(27,933)	-	-	-	-	-	600	(27,333)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	173,236	42,576	215,812
Acquisition of minority shareholder's interests												
in a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(60.787)	(60,787)
Disposal of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(195)	(195)
Reserves realized on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets	_	_	_	_	_	(215)	_	_	_	_	_	(215)
Issue of ordinary shares	43.572	4.291,820	_	_	_	(*10)	_	_		_	_	4,335,392
Issue of convertible preferred shares		-	84.000	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	84.000
Exercise of share options	2.781	268.943	-	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	271.724
Share-based compensation	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	177.768	_	_	177.768
Repurchase of shares Contributions to employee	(10,893)	(1,184,836)	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	(1,195,729)
share trusts	-	_	_	_	-	_	-	(398,132)	) _	_	-	(398,132)
Dividends paid	-		-		_		_		-	(457,897)	-	(457,897)
As at March 31, 2006	222.330	8.137,425	84.000		(25.840)	(27,918)	3,086	(398,132)	177.768	(30,280)	5,803	8,148,242
Company and subsidiaries Associated companies	222,330	8,137,425	84,000	-	(25.840)	(27,918)	3.086	(398.132)	177.768	(52.863) 22.583	5,803	8,125,659 22,583
As at March 31, 2006	222,330	8,137,425	84,000	_	(25,840)	(27.918)	3,086	(398.132)	177.768	(30.280)	5,803	8,148,242

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

			Convertible									
			rights in									
			respect of							Retained		
			convertible	Surplus		Investment	Share		Share-based	earnings/		
: :	Share	Share	preferred	arising on	Exchange	revaluation	redemption	Employee	compensation	(accumulated	Minority	
	capital	premium	shares	consolidation	reserve	reserve	reserve	share trusts	reserve	losses)	interests	Total
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HKS:000	HKS:000	HK\$'000	HKS:000
As at April 1, 2004	186,890	4,762.526	-	27,871	4,581	(5,976)	2,898	-	-	(490,066)	29.330	4,518,054
Deficit in fair market value of												
investment securities	_	-	-	-	-	(4,247)	-	-	-	-	-	(4.247)
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	(111)	=	-		-	-	-	(111)
Profit for the year	-	-	_	-		-	-	-	-	1.120.146	(27,823)	1,092.323
Disposal of business											22,102	22,102
Reserves written off on												
disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	_	-	(2,377)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,377)
Reserves realized on disposal of												
investment securities	-	-	-	-	-	(12,908)	-	-	_	_	-	(12.908)
Impairment of investments	=	-	_	-	-	19,601	-	-	-	-	-	19.601
Exercise of share options	168	15,065	_	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	-	15,233
Repurchase of shares	(188)	(16.093)	-	-	-	-	188	-	-	-	-	(16.093)
Dividends paid										(403,570)		(403,570)
As at March 31, 2005	186.870	4.761.498		27.871	2.093	(3,530)	3,086			226,510	23,609	5.228.007
AS at Match 31, 2003	100,870	4.701,470		71,011	2,073	(2,230)	3,000			220,310	23,009	3.220.001
Companies and subsidiaries	186,870	4.761.498	-	27.871	2,093	(3.530)	3,086	-	-	212,794	23,609	5.214,291
Jointly controlled entities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(5,279)	-	(5,279)
Associated companies	-		-		_			-	_	18,995		18.995
As at March 31, 2005	186.870	4.761,498	-	27,871	2,093	(3.530)	3,086	: _	_	226,510	23.609	5,228,007
and the second s												

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1 Basis of preparation

The Board is responsible for the preparation of the Group's audited financial statements. These audited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Appendix 16 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that available-for-sale financial assets are stated at fair value.

The principal accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these audited financial statements are consistent with those used in the annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2005 except that the Group has changed certain of its accounting policies following its adoption of new/revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") commencing on April 1, 2005.

The significant changes to the Group's accounting policies and the material effect of adopting these new policies are set out in the annual report to be distributed to shareholders in due course.

### 2 Turnover, revenue and segment information

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting, the Group has adopted geographical segments as the primary reporting format and business segments as the secondary reporting format.

### (a) Primary reporting format – geographical segments

The segment results for the year ended March 31, 2006 are as follows:

	Americas HK\$'000	Europe, Middle East and Africa HK\$'000	Asia Pacific (excluding Greater China) HK\$'000	Greater China HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$</i> '000
Turnover	30,899,631	21,615,023	13,037,997	<u>37,998,206</u>	103,550,857
Segment operating results	197,451	( 353,794)	(86,435)	2,176,473	1,933,695
Amortization of marketing rights and intangible assets Amortization of share-based					(770,065)
compensation					(232,013)
Impairment of assets Loss on disposal of investments and					(22,785)
available-for-sale financial assets Finance income					(4,913) 188,986
Finance costs					(438,126)
Contribution to operating profit Share of profits of jointly controlled					654,779
entities					1,073
Share of profits of associated compani	es				3,627
Profit before taxation					659,479
Taxation					(443,667)
Profit for the year					215,812

### Note:

Segment operating profits/(losses) of Americas, Europe, Middle East and Africa and Asia Pacific (excluding Greater China) presented above include the impact of restructuring costs of HK\$542,756,000. The segment operating profits/(losses) before restructuring costs are: Americas HK\$408,380,000; Europe, Middle East and Africa (HK\$100,881,000); and Asia Pacific (excluding Greater China) (HK\$7,521,000) respectively.

The segment results for the year ended March 31, 2005 are as follows:

		Americas HK\$'000	Europe, Middle East and Africa HK\$'000	Asia Pacific (excluding Greater China) HK\$'000	Greater China HK\$'000	Total <i>HK\$</i> '000
Turnover			_		22,554,678	22,554,678
Segment operating resu	lts				979,653	979,653
Amortization of market and intangible assets Impairment of assets Gains on disposal of in- available-for-sale fin Finance income Finance costs	vestments and					(48,605) (51,364) 156,958 105,677 (6,667)
Contribution to operating Share of losses of joints entities Share of profits of asso	ly controlled	ies				1,135,652 (12,327) 4,182
Profit before taxation Taxation						1,127,507 (35,184)
Profit for the year						1,092,323
Secondary reporting	format – busi	iness segmen	ets			
For the year ended M	1arch 31, 200	96				
	Per	rsonal compu		Mobile		7D 4 1
	Desktop HK\$'000	Notebook <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$'000</i>	handset HK\$'000	Others HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
Turnover						
Turnover  Capital expenditure	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
	HK\$'000 46,344,734	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 97,013,444	4,602,197	HK\$'000	HK\$'000 103,550,857
Capital expenditure  Total segment assets	HK\$'000 46,344,734	HK\$'000 50,668,710	HK\$'000 97,013,444 742,817	HK\$'000 4,602,197 35,238	HK\$'000 1,935,216 192,007	HK\$'000 103,550,857 970,062
Capital expenditure  Total segment assets as at March 31, 2006	HK\$'000 46,344,734 March 31, 200	HK\$'000 50,668,710	HK\$'000 97,013,444 742,817 6,426,235	HK\$'000 4,602,197 35,238	HK\$'000 1,935,216 192,007	HK\$'000 103,550,857 970,062
Capital expenditure  Total segment assets as at March 31, 2006	HK\$'000  46,344,734  March 31, 200  Per Desktop	HK\$'000  50,668,710  25  ersonal compu Notebook	HK\$'000  97,013,444  742,817  6,426,235  ter  Total	#K\$'000 4,602,197 35,238 582,911 Mobile handset	HK\$'000  1,935,216  192,007  326,206  Others	HK\$'000  103,550,857  970,062  7,335,352
Capital expenditure  Total segment assets as at March 31, 2006  For the year ended M	HK\$'000  46,344,734  Aarch 31, 200  Pe Desktop HK\$'000	HK\$'000  50,668,710  25  ersonal compu  Notebook  HK\$'000	HK\$'000  97,013,444  742,817  6,426,235  ter  Total  HK\$'000	#K\$'000 4,602,197 35,238 582,911 Mobile handset #K\$'000	1,935,216 192,007 326,206 Others HK\$'000	HK\$'000  103,550,857  970,062  7,335,352  Total HK\$'000

(b)

### 3 Restructuring costs

Provision for restructuring costs of HK\$543 million was made pursuant to an announcement dated March 16, 2006 whereby the Group announced the restructuring plan to enhance responsiveness to customers, strengthen global competitiveness and increase operational efficiency. The estimated total restructuring costs is US\$100 million (HK\$780 million), and HK\$543 million was quantified as eligible for recognition at year end in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 37 "Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets". For those costs of HK\$237 million not eligible for provision be made at the year end, these will be charged to the income statement as incurred during the fiscal year 2006/07.

### 4 Profit from operations

		2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
	Surnover Cost of sales	103,550,857 (89,054,996)	22,554,678 (19,644,580)
F	Gross profit Finance income	14,495,861 188,986	2,910,098 105,677
·	Losses)/Gains on disposal of investments and available-for-sale financial assets mpairment of assets	(4,913) (22,785)	156,958 (51,364)
		14,657,149	3,121,369
II A C A	Operating expenses Distribution expenses Administrative expenses Other operating expenses Amortization of intangible assets and share-based compensation Restructuring costs	(7,640,834) (2,750,337) (1,618,640) (1,011,677) (542,756)	(1,233,476) (328,580) (358,916) (58,078)
		(13,564,244)	(1,979,050)
F	Profit from operations	1,092,905	1,142,319
5 F	Finance costs		
		2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
	nterest payable on bank loans and overdrafts Dividend and relevant finance costs on convertible	176,410	6,203
(	preferred shares not wholly repayable within five years and fair value change on warrants Others	170,378 91,338	464
		438,126	6,667

### 6 Taxation

The amount of taxation in the consolidated income statement represents:

2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
920	-
874,457	53,964
(431,710)	(18,780)
443,667	35,184
2006	2005
HK\$'000	HK\$'000
212,690	179,378
249,051	209,428
461,741	388,806
	920 874,457 (431,710) 443,667 2006 HK\$'000

At a board meeting held on May 25, 2006, the directors recommended a final dividend of 2.8 HK cents per ordinary share. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these financial statements, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained earnings for the year ending March 31, 2007.

### 8 Earnings per share

### (a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2006	2005
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company (HK\$'000) Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of	173,236	1,120,146
basic earnings per share	8,814,015,717	7,475,070,185

### (b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding due to the effect of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company has four categories of dilutive potential ordinary shares: convertible preferred shares, share options, long-term incentive awards and warrants.

The convertible preferred shares are antidilutive as the amount of the dividend and related finance costs for the year per ordinary share attainable on conversion exceeds basic earnings per share and they are excluded from the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for calculation of diluted earnings per share.

For the share options and warrants, a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average periodic market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options and warrants. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise in full of the share options and warrants.

For the long-term incentive awards, a calculation is done to determine whether the long-term incentive awards are dilutive, and the number of shares that are deemed to be issued.

	2006	2005
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company (HK\$'000)	173,236	1,120,146
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	8,814,015,717	7,475,070,185
Adjustments for share options and long-term incentive awards	134,222,758	9,417,271
Adjustments for warrants	26,809,094	<u></u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for calculation of diluted earnings per share	8,975,047,569	7,484,487,456

### 9 Aging analysis

(a) Aging analysis of trade receivables at March 31, 2006 is as follows:

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
0-30 days	2,724,707	588,389
31-60 days	639,298	56,966
61-90 days	184,613	40,702
Over 90 days	232,612	165,280
·	3,781,230	851,337

Customers are generally granted credit terms of 30 days. Credit terms for customers of the systems integration business normally range from 30 days to 180 days.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables and notes receivable approximate their fair value.

(b) Aging analysis of trade payables at March 31, 2006 is as follows:

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
0-30 days	11,133,500	1,954,188
31-60 days	1,695,242	149,691
61-90 days	154,412	59,383
Over 90 days	145,583	112,808
	13,128,737	2,276,070

### 10 Accruals and other payables

11

Included in the accruals and other payables are warranty provision and restructuring costs provision as follows:

1 1 2 1				2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
	Provision ginning of the year			188,997	168,977
	is made during the year			3,195,763	214,634
	ounts utilized			(840,996)	(194,614)
; ;				2,543,764	188,997
	n portion classified g-term liabilities			(1,160,475)	_
At the en	d of the year			1,383,289	188,997
(b) Restructu	uring costs (Note 3)				
	made during and at th	e end of the year		542,756	_
Share capital					
; ;		2006		2005	
:		Number of ordinary shares	HK\$'000	Number of ordinary shares	HK\$'000
Authorized:					
At the beginning	and the end of the year	20,000,000,000	500,000	20,000,000,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid	d:				
Voting shares:					
At the beginning		7,474,796,108	186,870	7,475,594,108	186,890
Issued during the		821,234,569	20,531	-	-
Conversion from Exercise of share		110,635,946 111,254,000	2,766 2,781	6,702,000	168
Repurchase of share		-		(7,500,000)	(188)
At the end of the	year	8,517,920,623	212,948	7,474,796,108	186,870
Non-voting shares:					
Issued during the	year	921,636,459	23,041	_	-
Conversion into v		(110,635,946)	(2,766)		-
Repurchase of sha	ares	(435,717,757)	(10,893)		
At the end of the	year	375,282,756	9,382		
Total issued and ful	ly paid ordinary shares	8,893,203,379	222,330	7,474,796,108	186,870

### 12 Non-current liabilities

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
Amount payable for marketing right payable within five years	396,094	507,000
Interest-bearing bank loans repayable within five years	780,000	, 
Share-based compensation	109,249	_
Convertible preferred shares not wholly repayable within five years	,	
and warrants	2,705,446	_
Warranty provision (Note 10 (a))	1,160,475	_
Pension liabilities not wholly repayable within five years	1,138,695	_
Other non-current liabilities repayable within five years	225,888	_
	C 515 045	507.000
	6,515,847	507,000
Current portion payable within one year	(169,880)	(175,866)
	6,345,967	331,134
	0,573,707	221,124

The convertible preferred shares bear a fixed cumulative preferential cash dividend, payable quarterly at the last day of each quarter, at the rate of 4.5 percent per annum on the stated value of HK\$1,000 per convertible preferred share.

### 13 Business Combination

On April 30, 2005, the Group completed the acquisition of IBM PC Business under an assets purchase agreement dated December 7, 2004.

The estimated total consideration for acquiring the IBM PC Business is approximately HK\$10,400 million, including cash, the Company's shares and related transaction costs.

Set forth below is a preliminary calculation of goodwill:

	HK\$'000
Purchase consideration:	
- Cash	5,411,075
<ul> <li>Direct costs related to the acquisition</li> </ul>	546,759
- Fair value of shares issued	4,335,392
- Net working capital "true up"	106,317
Total purchase consideration	10,399,543
Less: Fair value of net assets acquired	162,878
Goodwill	10,236,665
Notë:	
	HK\$'000
Liabilities assumed	(4,608,765)
Step-up in tangible assets	37,043
Identifiable intangible assets	4,734,600
Net assets acquired	162,878

The goodwill is attributable to the significant synergies expected to arise after the integration of the Group's existing business and the IBM PC Business acquired.

Intangible assets acquired that have indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization. Certain acquired intangible assets are expected to be amortized over their useful lives. Preliminary estimates indicate that the useful lives of these acquired intangible assets are expected to range from three to five years.

The acquired tangible assets primarily comprised trade receivables, inventories and plant and equipment. The liabilities assumed primarily comprised trade payables and other current liabilities.

The asset purchase agreement contains provisions that may require miscellaneous "true up" adjustments which are expected to result in cash payments between the Company and IBM. Such adjustments have not been finalized, but estimates have been recorded as part of the purchase price allocation, as indicated above. This process is expected to be finalized in the financial year 2006/2007.

### 14 Comparative figures

Effective from April 1, 2005, the Group has included non-based manufacturing cost in cost of sales. Non-based manufacturing cost composed of warranty, inventory loss, technical support, warehousing fee as well as outbound freight and shipment. The Board considers that it is appropriate for the Group to present its gross profit after such charge.

The adoption of revised HKAS 17 has resulted in a change in the accounting policy relating to the reclassification of prepaid lease payments from property, plant and equipment to operating leases. The up-front prepayments made for the prepaid lease payments are expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or where there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in the income statement. In prior years, the prepaid lease payments were accounted for at cost less accumulated depreciation.

As a result, certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

### **BUSINĖSS REVIEW**

During the 2005/06 fiscal year, Lenovo met its first-year objectives for a smooth transition, business stability and operational profitability during the integration of the acquired IBM personal computer business.

Lenovo continued its significant profitable growth in the China PC business and reached new height in market share. Its efficient business model effectively addressed a broad range of customers - from large enterprises to consumers - with the products, sales channels, and support they preferred.

In contrast, the focus of the PC business acquired from IBM had traditionally been on large enterprise customers, with continued success from its premium ThinkPad notebooks. In February 2006, the company launched the Lenovo brand outside of China, along with products and sales channels to address the faster-growing markets for Small- and Medium-sized Businesses (SMB) and emerging markets such as India. These initiatives, together with the measures taken to improve operational efficiency, were designed to build on Lenovo's existing regional strengths so as to compete more effectively in the market and improve its profitability on a worldwide basis.

With 11 months of contribution from the acquired PC business, the Group's consolidated turnover surged 359 percent year-on-year to HK\$103,551 million. And despite the significant challenges of this transition, Lenovo's profit before taxation, excluding the cost of the strategic restructuring action, increased approximately 7 percent year-on-year.

### **Integration of IBM's Personal Computer Business**

To ensure a successful integration of the IBM Personal Computing Division, Lenovo initiated a strategic, phased plan, with sustained, profitable growth as its ultimate goal.

- The first phase of the plan focused on ensuring a smooth transition and delivering on its commitments to PC customers worldwide. Importantly, Lenovo retained key customers.
- In October 2005, Lenovo combined the strengths of the two PC businesses by integrating the separate product groups, supply and sales structures into unified global organizations in October 2005.

- With this integration, Lenovo could begin the second phase of its development plan at the end of the fiscal year by bringing more innovative products and services to its customers worldwide, particularly in the high-growth segments of SMB and emerging markets.
- To address expense and cost issues and improve responsiveness to customers, Lenovo announced a restructuring program in March 2006. Benefits of the restructuring are expected to come later during the 2006/07 fiscal year.

### Performance of Geographies

The worldwide PC market enjoyed a strong unit growth of 16 percent in the 2005/06 fiscal year, mainly driven by the growth of SMB and emerging markets. Lenovo's worldwide PC shipment grew 11 percent year-on-year during the year, ranking third with approximately 7.4 percent market share.

- Greater China Accounted for approximately 37 percent of Lenovo's overall revenue during the 2005/06 fiscal year. Lenovo's leadership position in China PC market was further strengthened with significant PC shipments increase of 32 percent year-on-year during the 2005/06 fiscal year, exceeding the market growth of 16 percent excluding Lenovo. Lenovo's market share in China reached a new height of 34 percent in the 2005/06 fiscal year with a gain of about 2.7 percentage points year-on-year. The transaction and relationship model led to strong business growth by allowing Lenovo to specifically design new product models that customers prefer, and building up a focused sales and service system to serve customers better.
- The Americas Lenovo's second-largest geography, accounting for approximately 30 percent of total revenue and delivered steady profitability during the 2005/06 fiscal year. In the United States, Lenovo maintained a stable market position during the transition. However, it proved to be more challenging in Canada and Latin America where market growth was driven by the home computing segment and lower-cost desktop segment respectively, where Lenovo did not compete.
- EMEA (Europe, Middle East and Africa) Accounted for 21 percent of Lenovo's total revenue during the 2005/06 fiscal year. The slowdown in commercial desktop growth in the region and, as in the Americas, the lack of suitable product offerings to address the fast-growing SMB segment affected Lenovo's overall performance in EMEA. However, in regions like the Nordics countries where Think-brand products are an excellent match for customer needs, Lenovo delivered better results.
- Asia Pacific (excluding Greater China) Contributed 12 percent of Lenovo's total revenue. Lenovo's financial performance in this region was affected by the need to pursue business opportunities in Japan more aggressively. However, despite weakness in Japan, Lenovo held the number-one market position for commercial notebooks in a number of key Asian countries, including Singapore, the Philippines and Vietnam. In India, a fast-growing emerging market, Lenovo saw improvement in market position with strong shipment growth and market share gain.

### **Performance of Product Groups**

During the 2005/06 fiscal year, Lenovo further strengthened its PC product portfolio with award-winning notebook and desktop computers as well as ThinkVantage Technologies software tools. In February 2006, Lenovo launched the new Lenovo 3000 series of notebook and desktop computers to address the needs of small businesses outside of China.

• Notebook Computer – Accounted for approximately 49 percent of Lenovo's total revenue during the 2005/06 fiscal year. Lenovo ranked third in worldwide commercial notebook market. In China, Lenovo had a strong position in notebook market with approximately 31.7 percent market share during the 2005/06 fiscal year.

- **Desktop Computer** About 45 percent of Lenovo's total revenue came from desktop computer. The growth of Lenovo's desktop computer shipment was also driven by strong growth in China where it accounted for 35.4 percent of the market during the 2005/06 fiscal year. Lenovo ranked third in worldwide commercial desktop market.
- Mobile Handset During the year, shipments of Lenovo's mobile handset more than doubled from a year ago in China, the largest mobile handset market in the world. Lenovo successfully moved up its ranking in China from ninth place in March 2005 to fourth with an overall market share of approximately 7 percent by the fiscal year end. Mobile handset accounted for approximately 4 percent of Lenovo's total revenue with strong profitability. During the year, Lenovo acquired the remaining 19.2 percent equity interest in the mobile handset joint venture at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$68 million. Upon completion of the acquisition in 2006, the joint venture became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Lenovo.

### FINANCIAL REVIEW

### Results

For the year ended March 31, 2006, the Group achieved a turnover of approximately HK\$103,551 million. Profit attributable to shareholders was approximately HK\$173 million during the year, representing a decrease of HK\$947 million against HK\$1,120 million recorded last year. Basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share were 1.97 HK cents and 1.93 HK cents, representing decreases of 13.02 HK cents and 13.04 HK cents respectively as compared with last year.

### **Segment Results**

During the year, geographical turnover covered the Americas, EMEA (Europe, Middle East and Africa) and Asia Pacific excluding Greater China, due to the newly acquired IBM PC Business.

In Greater China, the results comprised both the results arose from Legacy Lenovo and Greater China segment of newly acquired IBM PC Business.

### Capital Expenditure

Apart from the acquisition of the IBM PC Business, the Group incurred capital expenditures of HK\$970 million during the year ended March 31, 2006, mainly for acquisition of fixed assets, injection into construction-in-progress and optimization of the Group's information technology systems.

### Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at March 31, 2006, total assets of the Group amounted to HK\$39,316 million, which was financed by shareholders' funds of HK\$8,142 million, minority interests of HK\$6 million, long-term and current liabilities of HK\$31,168 million. The current ratio of the Group was 0.86.

The Group had a solid financial position and maintained a strong and steady cash inflow from its operating activities. As at March 31, 2006, cash and cash equivalents of the Group totaled at HK\$7.84 billion, of which 33 percent were denominated in US dollars, 36.7 percent in Renminbi, 7.3 percent in Euros, 5.5 percent in Japanese Yen, and 17.5 percent in other currencies.

On March 13, 2006, the Group concluded a US\$400 million (approximately HK\$3,120 million) 5-Year Revolving and Term Loan Facility with certain reputable banks, bearing interest at the London Interbank Offered Rate plus 0.52 percent per annum. The Group also arranged a US\$100 million (approximately HK\$780 million) 5 Year Fixed Rate Loan Facility with a policy bank in China in March 2006. The purpose of these facilities was to replace the acquisition facility with which the Group funded the acquisition of IBM's PC Business in April 2005.

The Group has also arranged other short term credit facilities for contingency purposes. As at March 31, 2006, the Group's total available credit facilities amounted to HK\$12,287 million, of which HK\$2,138 million was in trade lines, HK\$1,327 million in short term and revolving money market facilities and HK\$8,822 million in currency forward contracts.

As at March 31, 2006, the Group's outstanding bank loan represented the term loan of HK\$780 million and short-term bank loans of HK\$1,001 million. When compared with total equity of HK\$8,148 million, the Group's gearing ratio was 0.22.

The net cash position of the Group as at March 31, 2006:	2006 HK\$ million	2005 HK\$ million
Cash Less: Bank loans	7,839 1,781	3,019
Net cash position	6,058	3,019

The Group consistently adopted a hedging policy for business transactions to reduce the risk of currency fluctuation arising from daily operations. As at March 31, 2006, the Group had commitments in respect of outstanding currency forward contracts amounting to HK\$4,368 million.

Our forward contracts are used to hedge a percentage of future intercompany transactions which are highly probable. Any gain or loss on these contracts is more than offset by movements in the value of the underlying transactions.

The Group issued 2,730,000 convertible preferred shares at an issue price of HK\$1,000 per share and unlisted warrants to subscribe for 237,417,474 shares for an aggregated cash consideration of approximately HK\$2,730 million. The convertible preferred shares bear a fixed cumulative preferential cash dividend, payable quarterly, at the rate of 4.5 percent per annum on the issue price of each convertible preferred share. The convertible preferred shares are redeemable, in whole or in part, at a price equal to the issue price together with accrued and unpaid dividends at the option of the Group or the convertible preferred shareholders at any time after the maturity date at May 17, 2012. The fair value of the liability component and equity component of the convertible preferred shares as at March 31, 2006 amounted to approximately HK\$84 million and HK\$2,433 million respectively. The warrants will expire on May 17, 2010.

### **Contingent Liabilities**

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2006.

### **Human Resources**

As at March 31, 2006, the Group had a total of approximately 19,500 employees, 14,200 of whom were employed on the Chinese mainland, 2,200 in the U.S. and 3,100 in other countries. The annualized global payroll at that date was approximately HK\$450 million.

The Group implements remuneration policy, bonus and share options schemes with reference to the performance of the Group and individual employees. The Group also provides benefits such as insurance, medical and retirement funds to employees to sustain competitiveness of the Group.

### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

With the integration of the acquired PC business progressing steadily, Lenovo will continue to take the necessary actions that enable sustained, profitable growth that is faster than the industry. As indicated by industry analysis, growth in the worldwide PC market in the coming few years will be driven by notebook computers, the SMB segment and emerging markets such as China and India. Lenovo is positioning itself to competitively address these segments while it builds on its large enterprise customer business. In line with this goal, Lenovo has newly established a business unit for service, software and peripherals to focus on customers experience and their ability to use computing tools. Lenovo's demonstrated strengths in China market and strong notebook market leadership should enable it to successfully pursue these market opportunities.

- Improve Operational Efficiency Lenovo will integrate its sales, services, support and fulfillment operations into one highly responsive customer-service unit in the Americas, EMEA and Asia Pacific. It will also streamline its global sales and marketing by reducing layers in the structure to empower sales leaders and bring decision-making closer to customers. To ensure that teams are centralized for better performance and efficiency wherever appropriate, Lenovo will centralize the desktop team in China and move corporate functions currently located in Purchase, New York to Raleigh, North Carolina.
- **Drive Product Competitiveness** In late February 2006, Lenovo announced its Lenovo 3000 family of desktop and notebook computers outside of China to meet the needs of the high-growth customer segments. These Lenovo-brand products complement the existing Think-brand products targeted at large enterprises worldwide. In the 2006/07 fiscal year, Lenovo will be focused on the success of Lenovo 3000 series.
- Fully Implement the Transaction/Relationship Model During the 2006/07 fiscal year, Lenovo will implement this globally to enhance its competitiveness in worldwide PC market. Lenovo took a major step in its implementation of transaction model by launching a new business partner program the Lenovo Partner Network in March 2006 to complement with the roll-out of Lenovo 3000 products. The new program covers the entire lifecycle of the partner relationship and features a simplified framework with two levels of membership.
- Develop Emerging Markets According to industry analysis, the India market currently accounting for about 2 percent of worldwide shipment in the 2005/06 fiscal year will grow more than 20 percent compounded annually over the next few years. Lenovo will attempt to replicate its China business model in India. It has already established a large channel presence in the market, ranking second in the notebook computer market during the year. It will also address the consumer market opportunity by increasing retail coverage.

### Sustainable Growth in Mobile Handset Business

During the 2006/07 fiscal year, Lenovo's mobile handset business will emphasize user experience from product development to sales to after-sales services. At the same time, its research and development team will develop products that respond to increasing demand for MP3 and MP4 multimedia and other trends in features. Lenovo has been actively preparing for the burgeoning 3G market and has completed the construction of its platform for 3G phone development.

### **Building on Existing Strengths**

Lenovo has proven success in complementary parts of its newly formed company. Lenovo's plan is straight forward - to combine and build on the best of these successful models with increasing operational efficiency on a global basis. Lenovo will take the necessary steps to achieve sustained, profitable growth.

### PROPOSED DIVIDEND

The Directors recommended the payment of a final dividend of 2.8 HK cents per ordinary share (2004/05: 2.8 HK cents). Subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the final dividend will be payable on Friday, September 8, 2006 to the shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of ordinary shares of the Company on Tuesday, August 29, 2006.

### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The Register of Members of ordinary shares of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, August 23, 2006 to Tuesday, August 29, 2006, both dates inclusive, during which period, no transfer of ordinary shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar not later than 4:00 p.m. on Tuesday, August 22, 2006.

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, of the Company's listed securities during the year.

### Off-market repurchase of the Company's unlisted non-voting shares

On August 2, 2005, the Company repurchased 435,717,757 unlisted non-voting ordinary shares, which were issued to International Business Machines Corporation as partial consideration for the acquisition of its global personal computer business, at a total cash consideration of HK\$1,187,330,887.82, representing HK\$2.725 per share.

The repurchased shares were cancelled and accordingly, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value thereof. The premium payable on repurchase was debited to the share premium of the Company.

### CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") has come into effect on January 1, 2005 and become effective for accounting periods commencing on or after the same date.

The Company believes maximizing shareholder's returns should have the backing of sound and well-established corporate governance practices and has applied the principles and complied with all code provisions in the CG Code throughout the year ended March 31, 2006, save for those stated in the interim report of the Company for the six months ended September 30, 2005 and the below-mentioned:

### **Code A.4.2**

The code stipulates that all directors appointed to fill a causal vacancy should be subject to election by shareholders at the first general meeting after their appointment.

Mr. William J. Amelio who was appointed executive director of the Company to replace the executive director, Mr. Stephen M. Ward, Jr on December 20, 2005 will retire and be eligible for re-election in the forthcoming annual general meeting (to be held after the first extraordinary general meeting of the Company on May 24, 2006) in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company which conforms Appendix 3 of the Listing Rules.

### REVIEW BY AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company has been established since 1999 with responsibility of assisting the Board in providing an independent review of the accounts and internal control system. It acts in accordance with the Terms of Reference which clearly deal with its membership, authority, duties and frequency of meetings. The Audit Committee is chaired by an independent non-executive director, Mr. Wai Ming Wong, and currently comprises five members including Mr. Wong, the other three independent non-executive directors, Professor Chia-Wei Woo, Mr. Lee Sen Ting and Mr. John W. Barter III, and the non-executive director, Mr. Weijian Shan.

The Audit Committee of the Company has reviewed the annual results for the year ended March 31, 2006. It meets regularly with the management, the external auditors and the internal audit personnel to discuss the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and internal control and financial reporting matters.

By order of the Board Yuanqing Yang Chairman

Hong Kong, May 25, 2006

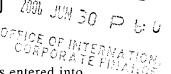
As of the date of this announcement, the Executive Directors are Mr. Yuanqing Yang, Mr. William J. Amelio and Ms. Xuezheng Ma; the Non-executive Directors are Mr. Chuanzhi Liu, Mr. Linan Zhu, Mr. James G. Coulter, Mr. William O. Grabe, Mr. Weijian Shan, Mr. Justin T. Chang (alternate Director to Mr. James G. Coulter), Mr. Vince Feng (alternate Director to Mr. William O. Grabe) and Mr. Daniel A. Carroll (alternate Director to Mr. Weijian Shan); and the Independent Non-executive Directors are Mr. Wai Ming Wong, Professor Chia-Wei Woo, Mr. Lee Sen Ting and Mr. John W. Barter III.

"Please also refer to the published version of this announcement in the South China Morning Post"

# lenovo联想

# Lenovo Group Limited 聯想集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 0992)



The directors of Lenovo Group Limited (the "Company") announce that the Company has entered into an Amendment Agreement with International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM") on May 25, 2006 (the "Amendment Agreement") to amend the Company Agreement entered into between them on December 7, 2004 (the "Company Agreement"). The Company also announce that it has on May 25, 2006 released its financial results for the year ended March 31, 2006. Details of the terms and conditions of the Company Agreement were set out in the circular to the shareholders of the Company dated December 31, 2004 (the "Circular"). Terms defined in the Circular have the same meaning in this announcement.

The Company Agreement contains, inter alia, lock-up restrictions on IBM pursuant to which, subject to certain exemptions, IBM was restricted from disposing of the Base Consideration Shares. Pursuant to the lock-up provisions, IBM was entitled to transfer one-third of the Base Consideration Shares from May 1, 2006, being the day after the first anniversary of the Initial Closing, two-thirds of the Base Consideration Shares from May 1, 2007, being the day after the second anniversary of the Initial Closing and 100% of the Base Consideration Shares from May 1, 2008, being the day after the third anniversary of the Initial Closing. As at May 25, 2006, IBM was interested in 931,870,515 Shares and 375,282,756 Non-voting Shares of the Company, the aggregate of which being the Base Consideration Shares subject to the lock-up provisions as stated above.

Pursuant to the Amendment Agreement, IBM is entitled under the lock-up provisions of the Company Agreement (including transfers already permitted under the Company Agreement) to transfer from May 25, 2006 up to two-thirds of the Base Consideration Shares, and from November 1, 2007 to transfer all of the Base Consideration Shares, subject to certain additional conditions regarding offmarket sales and timing of sales through the Stock Exchange.

The entering into of the Amendment Agreement by the Company will allow IBM to reduce its shareholding in the Company in an orderly manner, so that IBM is no longer a connected person of the Company and the Company can minimize the regulatory burdens associated with adapting the relationship to meet the Company's evolving needs.

By order of the Board Yuanqing Yang Chairman

Hong Kong, May 26, 2006

As of the date of this announcement, the Executive Directors are Mr. Yuanqing Yang, Mr. William J Amelio and Ms Xuezheng Ma, the Non-executive Directors are Mr. Chuanzhi Liu, Mr. Linan Zhu, Mr. James G Coulter, Mr. William O Grabe, Mr. Weijian Shan, Mr. Justin T Chang (alternate Director to Mr. James G Coulter), Mr. Vince Feng (alternate Director to Mr. William O Grabe) and Mr Daniel A Carroll (alternate Director to Mr. Weijian Shan); and the Independent Non-executive Directors are Mr. Wai Ming Wong, Professor Chia-Wei Woo, Mr. Lee Sen Ting and Mr. John W. Barter III.

"Please also refer to the published version of this announcement in the South China Morning Post"

# lenovo联想

# Lenovo Group Limited 聯想集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 0992)

# APPROVAL OF A DIRECTOR'S SERVICE CONTRACT CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

# POLL RESULTS OF THE EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETINGS HELD ON MAY 24, 2006

At the extraordinary general meetings of Lenovo Group Limited held today at 9:30 a.m. (the "First EGM") and 10:00 a.m. (the "Second EGM") (collectively the "EGMs"), the resolutions to approve, among others, (i) a Director's Service Contract and (ii) the Supplemental Master Purchases Agreement in respect of continuing connected transactions respectively were duly passed.

### (i) First EGM - A Director's Service Contract

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated December 21, 2005, the shareholders' circular of the Company (the "April Circular") and the notice of the First EGM of the Company both dated April 11, 2006 relating to the service contract between the Company and Mr. William J. Amelio, an executive Director, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, dated December 20, 2005, including the Continuing Term and the Relevant Provisions. Unless otherwise defined herein, terms used in this section shall have the same meanings as defined in the April Circular.

### Poll Results of the First EGM

At the First EGM held today, voting of the proposed ordinary resolution as set out in the notice of the First EGM and contained in the April Circular was taken on a poll. Mr. Amelio and his associates abstained from voting on this resolution in connection with the Service Contract.

The Board is pleased to announce that at the First EGM, the ordinary resolution was duly passed by the independent shareholders and the poll results are as follows:

Ordinary Resolution	Number of and percenta	Total number of votes cast	
	For	Against	7
To approve Mr. Amelio's Service Contract, including the Continuing Term and the Relevant Provisions		Nil (0%)	5,846,307,826

### (ii) Second EGM - Continuing Connected Transactions

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated March 27, 2006, the shareholders' circular of the Company (the "May Circular") and the notice of the Second EGM of the Company both dated May 4, 2006 relating to the continuing connected transactions contemplated under the Supplemental Master Purchases Agreement between the Company and Digital China Holdings Limited dated March 27, 2006 and the Revised Annual Purchase Caps. Unless otherwise defined herein, terms used in this section shall have the same meanings as defined in the May Circular.

### Poll Results of the Second EGM

At the Second EGM held today, voting of the proposed ordinary resolution as set out in the notice of the Second EGM and contained in the May Circular was taken on a poll. Legend Holdings Limited, being the controlling shareholder of the Company, was also the controlling shareholder of Digital China Holdings Limited. Therefore, Legend Holdings Limited and its associates abstained from voting on this resolution in connection with the Supplemental Master Purchases Agreement and the Revised Annual Purchase Caps.

The Board is pleased to announce that at the Second EGM, the ordinary resolution was duly passed by the independent shareholders and the poll results are as follows:

Ordinary Resolution	Number of and percent number of	Total number of votes cast	
	For	Against	1
To approve the Supplemental Master Purchases Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder and the Revised Annual Purchase Caps in respect of the continuing connected transactions		Nil (0%)	1,007,147,529

Please refer to the relevant notices of the EGMs for the full version of the ordinary resolutions.

- (1) The total number of shares entitling the holder to attend and vote for or against the ordinary resolution at the First EGM: 8,516,384,623 ordinary voting shares and 2,730,000 Convertible Preferred Shares, which entitled holders thereof to 1,001,834,862 votes.
- (2) The total number of shares entitling the holder to attend and vote for or against the ordinary resolution at the Second EGM: 4,370,836,652 ordinary voting shares and 2,730,000 Convertible Preferred Shares, which entitled holders thereof to 1,001,834,862 votes.
- (3) There were no shares of the Company entitling the holders to attend and vote only against the resolutions at the EGMs.
- (4) As disclosed in the April Circular, Mr. Amelio has a material interest in the Service Contract and therefore abstained from voting on the ordinary resolution at the First EGM. As at the date of the First EGM, Mr. Amelio was interested in 3,000,000 ordinary voting shares. Mr. Amelio and his associates abstained from voting on the ordinary resolution at the First EGM.

- (5) As disclosed in the May Circular, Legend Holdings Limited, being the controlling shareholder of the Company, was also the controlling shareholder of Digital China Holdings Limited and therefore abstained from voting on the ordinary resolution at the Second EGM. As at the date of the Second EGM, Legend Holdings Limited together with its associates was interested in 4,148,547,971 ordinary voting shares. Legend Holdings Limited and its associates abstained from voting on the ordinary resolution at the Second EGM.
- (6) Abacus Share Registrars Limited, the share registrar of the Company, was appointed as scrutineer for the purpose of the poll taken at the EGMs.

By order of the Board Yuanqing Yang Chairman

Hong Kong, May 24, 2006

As at the date of this announcement, the Executive Directors are Mr. Yuanqing Yang, Mr. William J. Amelio and Ms. Xuezheng Ma; the Non-executive Directors are Mr. Chuanzhi Liu, Mr. Linan Zhu, Mr. James G. Coulter, Mr. William O. Grabe, Mr. Weijian Shan, Mr. Justin T. Chang (alternate Director to Mr. James G. Coulter), Mr. Vince Feng (alternate Director to Mr. William O. Grabe) and Mr. Daniel A. Carroll (alternate Director to Mr. Weijian Shan); and Independent Non-executive Directors are Mr. Wai Ming Wong, Professor Chia-Wei Woo, Mr. Lee Sen Ting and Mr. John W. Barter III.

"Please also refer to the published version of this announcement in the South China Morning Post"

# lenovo联想

# Lenovo Group Limited 聯想集團有限公司

(Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability)
(Stock Code: 0992)

### FY2005/06 ANNUAL RESULTS ANNOUNCEMENT

### ANNUAL RESULTS

The board of directors (the "Board") of Lenovo Group Limited (the "Company") is pleased to announce the audited consolidated results of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") for the year ended March 31, 2006 together with comparative figures of last year, as follows:

### CONSOLIDATED INCOME STATEMENT

	Note	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
Turnover	2	103,550,857	22,554,678
Earnings before interest, taxation, depreciation, amortization, impairment charge, gain/loss on disposal of available-for-sale financial assets and restructuring costs		2,978,519	1,173,616
Depreciation expenses and amortization of prepaid lease payments		(492,469)	(184,490)
Restructuring costs	3	(542,756)	_
Amortization of intangible assets		(779,664)	(58,078)
Amortization of share-based compensation		(232,013)	
Impairment of assets		(22,785)	(51,364)
(Loss)/gain on disposal of investments and available-for-sale financial assets		(4,913)	156,958
Finance income		188,986	105,677
Profit from operations	4	1,092,905	1,142,319
Finance costs	5	(438,126)	(6,667)
:		654,779	1,135,652
Share of profits/(losses) of jointly controlled entities		1,073	(12,327)
Share of profits of associated companies		3,627	4,182
Profit before taxation		659,479	1,127,507
Taxation	6	(443,667)	(35,184)
Profit for the year		215,812	1,092,323

## Profit attributable to:

Shareholders of the Company		173,236	1,120,146
Minority interests		42,576	(27,823)
		215,812	1,092,323
Dividends	7	461,741	388,806
	•		
Earnings per share  - Basic	8	1.97 HK cent	14.99 HK cents
– Diluted	8	1.93 HK cent	14.97 HK cents
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET			
		2006	2007
		2006	2005
	Note	HK\$'000	As restated HK\$'000
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment		1,734,440	827,876
Prepaid lease payments		50,018	50,268
Construction-in-progress		218,127	257,159
Intangible assets		14,896,476	513,078
Investments in jointly controlled entities		- 1,050,170	191,523
Investments in associated companies		70,672	52,067
Deferred tax assets		486,290	53,498
Available-for-sale financial assets		235,949	-
Investment securities			62,970
Other non-current assets		287,163	569,673
		17,979,135	2,578,112
Current assets			
Inventories		2,832,454	878,900
Trade receivables	9	3,781,230	851,337
Notes receivable		721,668	1,137,174
Deposits, prepayments and		,	, ,
other receivables		6,163,015	567,046
Cash and cash equivalents		7,838,854	3,019,385
		21,337,221	6,453,842
Current liabilities			
Amounts due to jointly controlled entities		_	108,446
Trade payables	9	13,128,737	2,276,070
Notes payable		385,576	195,032
Accruals and other payables	10	9,827,844	716,906
Tax payable		308,914	493
Short-term bank loans		1,001,196	_
Current portion of long-term liabilities	12	169,880	175,866
			-
		24,822,147	3,472,813
Nick comment (Nick 1994) and		(3.404.00	0.001.000
Net current (liabilities)/assets		(3,484,926)	2,981,029
Total assets less current liabilities		14,494,209	5,559,141

Share capital Reserves	11	222,330 7,920,109	186,870 5,017,528
Shareholders' funds		8,142,439	5,204,398
Minority interests		5,803	23,609
Total equity		8,148,242	5,228,007
Non-current liabilities	12	6,345,967	331,134
		14,494,209	5,559,141
CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMEN	T		
		2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities Net cash generated from operations Finance income Tax paid		8,832,287 188,986 (575,312)	1,214,223 105,677 (53,688)
Net cash generated from operating activities		8,445,961	1,266,212
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible fixed assets Sale of tangible fixed assets Payment for construction-in-progress Payment for internal use software Purchase of investment securities (Payment)/Net proceeds from disposal of inve Payment for acquisition of business Capital contribution to an associated company Dividends received from an associated compa Settlement of loan from a jointly controlled en Payment for acquiring minority shareholder's in a subsidiary Proceeds from disposal of an associated comp	ny ntity interest	(591,317) 23,542 (201,556) (177,189) (3,278) (5,082,572) (11,538) - 10,000 (69,231) 79,936	(74,611) 20,352 (102,159) - (80,500) 91,075 (411,022) (6,399) 3,813 10,000
Net cash used in investing activities	•	(6,023,203)	(485,782)
Cash flows from financing activities Issue of convertible preferred shares and warr Exercise of share options and issue of new sha Repurchase of shares Contributions to employee share trusts Dividends paid Bank loans Finance costs paid		2,730,000 271,724 (1,195,729) (398,132) (457,897) 1,781,196 (350,322)	15,233 (16,093) — (403,570) — (6,667)
Net cash generated from/(used in) financing acti	vities	2,380,840	(411,097)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents Effect of foreign exchange rate changes Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of th	e year	4,803,598 15,871 3,019,385	369,333 (19) 2,650,071
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	•	7,838,854	3,019,385

# CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2006

	Share capital HK\$'000	Share premium HK\$'000	Convertible rights in respect of convertible preferred shares HK\$'000	Surplus arising on consolidation HK\$'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserve HK\$'000	Share redemption reserve HK\$'000	Employee share trusts HK\$'000	Share-based compensation reserve HK\$'000	Retained earnings/ (accumulated losses) HK\$'000	Minority interests HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000
As at April 1, 2005	186,870	4,761,498	=	27.871	2,093	(3,530)	3,086	_	-	226.510	23,609	5,228,007
Adoption of HKFRS 3 <sup>*</sup>				(27,871)						27.871	-	
As restated Fair value loss on available-for-sale	186,870	4,761,498	-	-	2,093	(3,530)	3,086	-	-	254.381	23,609	5,228.007
financial assets	_	-	-	-	-	(24,173)	-	-	-	-	-	(24,173)
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	(27,933)	-	-	-	-	-	600	(27,333)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	173,236	42.576	215,812
Acquisition of minority shareholder's interests												
in a subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(60,787)	(60.787)
Disposal of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(195)	(195)
Reserves realized on disposal of												
available-for-sale financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	(215)	-	-	-	-	-	(215)
Issue of ordinary shares	43,572	4,291,820	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,335,392
Issue of convertible preferred shares	-	-	84,000	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	84,000
Exercise of share options	2,781	268,943	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	271,724
Share-based compensation	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	177,768	-	-	177,768
Repurchase of shares	(10,893)	(1,184,836)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,195,729)
Contributions to employee								.202.422				(400 100)
share trusts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(398,132)	) -		-	(398,132)
Dividends paid						-				(457.897)		(457,897)
As at March 31, 2006	222,330	8,137,425	84.000	WELVE BUILDING	(25,840)	(27,918)	3,086	(398,132)	177,768	(30.280)	5,803	8,148,242
Company and subsidiaries	222,330	8,137,425	84,000	_	(25,840)	(27,918)	3,086	(398,132)	) 177.768	(52.863)	5.803	8,125,659
Associated companies	-	- visoli473	- 0.000	-	(23,040)	(27,710)	-	(220,124)	, 177,700	22.583	2,003	22,583
2				<del></del> -								
As at March 31, 2006	222,330	8,137,425	84,000		(25,840)	(27,918)	3,086	(398.132)	177,768	(30,280)	5.803	8,148,242

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2005

	Share capital HKS'000	Share premium HKS'000	Convertible rights in respect of convertible preferred shares HKS'000	Surplus arising on consolidation HKS'000	Exchange reserve HK\$'000	Investment revaluation reserve HKS'000	Share redemption reserve HKS:000	Employee share trusts HK\$'000	Share-based compensation reserve HKS '000	Retained earnings/ (accumulated losses) HKS'000	Minority interests HK\$'000	Total HKS'000
As at April 1, 2004	186,890	4,762,526	_	27,871	4,581	(5,976)	2,898	-	-	(490,066)	29,330	4,518,054
Deficit in fair market value of												
investment securities	-	-	-	-	-	(4,247)	-	-	-	-	-	(4,247)
Exchange differences	-	-	-	-	(111)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(111)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	1,120.146	(27,823)	1.092.323
Disposal of business											22,102	22.102
Reserves written off on												
disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	(2,377)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,377)
Reserves realized on disposal of												
investment securities	-	-	-	-	-	(12,908)	-	-	-	-	-	(12.908)
Impairment of investments	-	-	-	-	-	19.601	-	-	-	-	-	19.601
Exercise of share options	168	15,065	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.233
Repurchase of shares	(188)	(16,093)	-	-	-	-	188	-	-	-	-	(16,093)
Dividends paid	-						_			(403,570)		(403.570)
As at March 31, 2005	186,870	4,761,498		27,871	2,093	(3,530)	3.086		-	226,510	23,609	5,228.007
Companies and subsidiaries	186,870	4,761,498	-	27,871	2,093	(3,530)	3,086	-	-	212,794	23,609	5,214,291
Jointly controlled entities	-	-	-	-	_	_	-	-	-	(5,279)	_	(5.279)
Associated companies	<del>-</del>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	18,995	-	18,995
	10/ 0=0	. 7/1 /00		25.021		(0.500)	2.007				22 (00	- 220 002
As at March 31, 2005	186,870	4,761,498		27,871	2,093	(3,530)	3,086			226,510	23,609	5.228.007

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### 1 Basis of preparation

The Board is responsible for the preparation of the Group's audited financial statements. These audited financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and Appendix 16 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited. They have been prepared under the historical cost convention except that available-for-sale financial assets are stated at fair value.

The principal accounting policies and methods of computation used in the preparation of these audited financial statements are consistent with those used in the annual financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2005 except that the Group has changed certain of its accounting policies following its adoption of new/revised Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRSs") and Hong Kong Accounting Standards ("HKASs") commencing on April 1, 2005.

The significant changes to the Group's accounting policies and the material effect of adopting these new policies are set out in the annual report to be distributed to shareholders in due course.

### 2 Turnover, revenue and segment information

In accordance with the Group's internal financial reporting, the Group has adopted geographical segments as the primary reporting format and business segments as the secondary reporting format.

### (a) Primary reporting format – geographical segments

The segment results for the year ended March 31, 2006 are as follows:

	Americas HK\$'000	Europe, Middle East and Africa HK\$'000	Asia Pacific (excluding Greater China) HK\$'000	Greater China HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
Turnover	30,899,631	<u>21,615,023</u>	13,037,997	37,998,206	103,550,857
Segment operating results	197,451	( 353,794)	(86,435)	2,176,473	1,933,695
Amortization of marketing rights and intangible assets Amortization of share-based					(770,065)
compensation					(232,013)
Impairment of assets Loss on disposal of investments and					(22,785)
available-for-sale financial assets					(4,913)
Finance income					188,986
Finance costs					(438,126)
Contribution to operating profit Share of profits of jointly controlled					654,779
entities					1,073
Share of profits of associated compani	es		i		3,627
Profit before taxation					659,479
Taxation					(443,667)
Profit for the year					215,812

### Note:

Segment operating profits/(losses) of Americas, Europe, Middle East and Africa and Asia Pacific (excluding Greater China) presented above include the impact of restructuring costs of HK\$542,756,000. The segment operating profits/(losses) before restructuring costs are: Americas HK\$408,380,000; Europe, Middle East and Africa (HK\$100,881,000); and Asia Pacific (excluding Greater China) (HK\$7,521,000) respectively.

The segment results for the year ended March 31, 2005 are as follows:

		Americas HK\$'000	Europe, Middle East and Africa HK\$'000	Asia Pacific (excluding Greater China) HK\$'000	Greater China HK\$'000	Total <i>HK</i> \$'000
Turnover					22,554,678	22,554,678
Segment operating resu	lts	_			979,653	979,653
Amortization of market and intangible assets Impairment of assets Gains on disposal of in available-for-sale fin Finance income Finance costs	vestments and					(48,605) (51,364) 156,958 105,677 (6,667)
Contribution to operation						1,135,652
Share of losses of joint entities Share of profits of asso		ies				(12,327) 4,182
Profit before taxation Taxation						1,127,507 (35,184)
Profit for the year						1,092,323
Secondary reporting	format – busi	iness segmen	ts			
For the year ended M						
101 the year ended h	1arch 31, 200	16				
Tor the year ended in		rsonal compu Notebook <i>HK\$'000</i>	ter Total <i>HK\$'000</i>	Mobile handset HK\$'000	Others <i>HK\$'000</i>	Total <i>HK\$</i> '000
Turnover	Pe Desktop	rsonal compu Notebook	Total	handset		
	Pe Desktop HK\$'000	rsonal compu Notebook <i>HK</i> \$'000	Total <i>HK\$</i> '000	handset HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Turnover	Pe Desktop <i>HK\$'000</i> 46,344,734	rsonal compu Notebook <i>HK</i> \$'000	Total HK\$'000	handset HK\$'000 4,602,197	HK\$'000 1,935,216	HK\$'000 103,550,857
Turnover  Capital expenditure  Total segment assets	Pe Desktop HK\$'000	rsonal compu Notebook <i>HK\$'000</i> <u>50,668,710</u>	Total HK\$'000  97,013,444  742,817	handset HK\$'000 4,602,197 35,238	HK\$'000 1,935,216 192,007	HK\$'000 103,550,857 970,062
Turnover  Capital expenditure  Total segment assets as at March 31, 2006	Pe Desktop HK\$'000 46,344,734	rsonal compu Notebook <i>HK\$'000</i> <u>50,668,710</u>	Total HK\$'000  97,013,444  742,817  6,426,235	handset HK\$'000 4,602,197 35,238	HK\$'000 1,935,216 192,007	HK\$'000 103,550,857 970,062
Turnover  Capital expenditure  Total segment assets as at March 31, 2006	Pe Desktop HK\$'000 46,344,734 March 31, 200 Pe Desktop	Notebook HK\$'000  50,668,710  ersonal compu	Total HK\$'000  97,013,444  742,817  6,426,235	handset HK\$'000 4,602,197 35,238 582,911 Mobile handset	HK\$'000  1,935,216  192,007  326,206  Others	HK\$'000  103,550,857  970,062  7,335,352  Total
Turnover  Capital expenditure  Total segment assets as at March 31, 2006  For the year ended M	Pe Desktop HK\$'000 46,344,734 March 31, 200 Pe Desktop HK\$'000	Notebook HK\$'000  50,668,710  ersonal compu Notebook HK\$'000	Total HK\$'000  97,013,444  742,817  6,426,235  ter Total HK\$'000	handset HK\$'000 4,602,197 35,238 582,911 Mobile handset HK\$'000	HK\$'000  1,935,216  192,007  326,206  Others HK\$'000	HK\$'000  103,550,857  970,062  7,335,352  Total HK\$'000

*(b)* 

### 3 Restructuring costs

Provision for restructuring costs of HK\$543 million was made pursuant to an announcement dated March 16, 2006 whereby the Group announced the restructuring plan to enhance responsiveness to customers, strengthen global competitiveness and increase operational efficiency. The estimated total restructuring costs is US\$100 million (HK\$780 million), and HK\$543 million was quantified as eligible for recognition at year end in accordance with the requirements of HKAS 37 "Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets". For those costs of HK\$237 million not eligible for provision be made at the year end, these will be charged to the income statement as incurred during the fiscal year 2006/07.

### 4 Profit from operations

5

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
Turnover	103,550,857	22,554,678
Cost of sales	(89,054,996)	(19,644,580)
Gross profit	14,495,861	2,910,098
Finance income	188,986	105,677
(Losses)/Gains on disposal of investments and	(4.012)	154.050
available-for-sale financial assets	(4,913) (22,785)	156,958
Impairment of assets	(22,785)	(51,364)
} 	14,657,149	3,121,369
Operating expenses		
Distribution expenses	(7,640,834)	(1,233,476)
Administrative expenses	(2,750,337)	(328,580)
Other operating expenses	(1,618,640)	(358,916)
Amortization of intangible assets and share-based		
compensation	(1,011,677)	(58,078)
Restructuring costs	(542,756)	_
·	(13,564,244)	(1,979,050)
Profit from operations	1,092,905	1,142,319
Finance costs		
Thanke costs		***
	2006	2005
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Interest payable on bank loans and overdrafts	176,410	6,203
Dividend and relevant finance costs on convertible preferred shares not wholly repayable within five years and		
fair value change on warrants	170,378	_
Others	91,338	464
	438,126	6,667

### 6 Taxation

The amount of taxation in the consolidated income statement represents:

		2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
	Current Taxation  - Hong Kong profits tax  - Taxation outside Hong Kong Deferred taxation	920 874,457 (431,710)	53,964 (18,780)
		443,667	35,184
7	Dividends		
		2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
	Interim dividend of 2.4 HK cents per ordinary share (2005: 2.4 HK cents) Proposed final dividend of 2.8 HK cents per	212,690	179,378
	ordinary share (2005: 2.8 HK cents)	249,051	209,428
		461,741	388,806

At a board meeting held on May 25, 2006, the directors recommended a final dividend of 2.8 HK cents per ordinary share. This proposed dividend is not reflected as a dividend payable in these financial statements, but will be reflected as an appropriation of retained earnings for the year ending March 31, 2007.

### 8 Earnings per share

### (a) Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

	2006	2005
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company (HK\$'000) Weighted average number of shares for the purpose of	173,236	1,120,146
basic earnings per share	8,814,015,717	7,475,070,185

### (b) Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding due to the effect of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company has four categories of dilutive potential ordinary shares: convertible preferred shares, share options, long-term incentive awards and warrants.

The convertible preferred shares are antidilutive as the amount of the dividend and related finance costs for the year per ordinary share attainable on conversion exceeds basic earnings per share and they are excluded from the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for calculation of diluted earnings per share.

For the share options and warrants, a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average periodic market share price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options and warrants. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise in full of the share options and warrants.

For the long-term incentive awards, a calculation is done to determine whether the long-term incentive awards are dilutive, and the number of shares that are deemed to be issued.

	2006	2005
Profit attributable to shareholders of the Company (HK\$'000)	173,236	1,120,146
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue	8,814,015,717	7,475,070,185
Adjustments for share options and long-term incentive awards	134,222,758	9,417,271
Adjustments for warrants	26,809,094	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue for calculation of diluted earnings per share	8,975,047,569	7,484,487,456

### 9 Aging analysis

(a) Aging analysis of trade receivables at March 31, 2006 is as follows:

	2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
0-30 days	2,724,707	588,389
31-60 days	639,298	56,966
61-90 days	184,613	40,702
Over 90 days	232,612	165,280
	3,781,230	851,337

Customers are generally granted credit terms of 30 days. Credit terms for customers of the systems integration business normally range from 30 days to 180 days.

The carrying amounts of trade receivables and notes receivable approximate their fair value.

(b) Aging analysis of trade payables at March 31, 2006 is as follows:

	2006	2005
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
0-30 days	11,133,500	1,954,188
31-60 days	1,695,242	149,691
61-90 days	154,412	59,383
Over 90 days	145,583	112,808
	13,128,737	2,276,070

### 10 Accruals and other payables

11

Included in the accruals and other payables are warranty provision and restructuring costs provision as follows:

			2006 HK\$'000	2005 HK\$'000
(a) Warranty Provision			100 007	160.077
At the beginning of the year Provisions made during the year	_		188,997	168,977 214,634
Less: Amounts utilized			3,195,763 (840,996)	(194,614)
Ecss. Amounts diffized				·
Long-term portion classified			2,543,764	188,997
as long-term liabilities			(1,160,475)	
At the end of the year			1,383,289	188,997
(b) Restructuring costs (Note 3)				
Provision made during and at th	e end of the year	<u> </u>	542,756	
Share capital				
1	2006		2005	
i i	Number of ordinary shares	HK\$'000	Number of ordinary shares	HK\$'000
Authorized:				
At the beginning and the end of the year	20,000,000,000	500,000	20,000,000,000	500,000
Issued and fully paid:				
Voting shares:				
At the beginning of the year	7,474,796,108	186,870	7,475,594,108	186,890
Issued during the year	821,234,569	20,531	_	_
Conversion from non-voting shares	110,635,946 111,254,000	2,766	6,702,000	160
Exercise of share options Repurchase of shares	111,234,000	2,781 -	(7,500,000)	168 (188)
At the end of the year	8,517,920,623	212,948	7,474,796,108	186,870
Non-voting shares:				
Issued during the year	921,636,459	23,041	-	-
Conversion into voting shares	(110,635,946)	(2,766)	-	_
Repurchase of shares	(435,717,757)	(10,893)		
At the end of the year	375,282,756	9,382	<del></del>	-
*		<del></del>		

### 12 Non-current liabilities

	2006	2005
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Amount payable for marketing right payable within five years	396,094	507,000
Interest-bearing bank loans repayable within five years	780,000	507,000
Share-based compensation	109,249	
Convertible preferred shares not wholly repayable within five years	,	
and warrants	2,705,446	_
Warranty provision (Note 10 (a))	1,160,475	_
Pension liabilities not wholly repayable within five years	1,138,695	_
Other non-current liabilities repayable within five years	225,888	_
	6,515,847	507,000
Current portion payable within one year	(169,880)	(175,866)
	6 345 067	331,134
<u> </u>	6,345,967	331,134

The convertible preferred shares bear a fixed cumulative preferential cash dividend, payable quarterly at the last day of each quarter, at the rate of 4.5 percent per annum on the stated value of HK\$1,000 per convertible preferred share.

### 13 Business Combination

On April 30, 2005, the Group completed the acquisition of IBM PC Business under an assets purchase agreement dated December 7, 2004.

The estimated total consideration for acquiring the IBM PC Business is approximately HK\$10,400 million, including cash, the Company's shares and related transaction costs.

Set forth below is a preliminary calculation of goodwill:

	HK\$'000
Purchase consideration:	
- Cash	5,411,075
<ul> <li>Direct costs related to the acquisition</li> </ul>	546,759
<ul> <li>Fair value of shares issued</li> </ul>	4,335,392
- Net working capital "true up"	106,317
Total purchase consideration	10,399,543
Less: Fair value of net assets acquired	162,878
Goodwill	10,236,665
Note;	
	HK\$'000
Liabilities assumed	(4,608,765)
Step-up in tangible assets	37,043
Identifiable intangible assets	4,734,600
Net assets acquired	162,878

The goodwill is attributable to the significant synergies expected to arise after the integration of the Group's existing business and the IBM PC Business acquired.

Intangible assets acquired that have indefinite useful life are not subject to amortization. Certain acquired intangible assets are expected to be amortized over their useful lives. Preliminary estimates indicate that the useful lives of these acquired intangible assets are expected to range from three to five years.

The acquired tangible assets primarily comprised trade receivables, inventories and plant and equipment. The liabilities assumed primarily comprised trade payables and other current liabilities.

The asset purchase agreement contains provisions that may require miscellaneous "true up" adjustments which are expected to result in cash payments between the Company and IBM. Such adjustments have not been finalized, but estimates have been recorded as part of the purchase price allocation, as indicated above. This process is expected to be finalized in the financial year 2006/2007.

### 14 Comparative figures

Effective from April 1, 2005, the Group has included non-based manufacturing cost in cost of sales. Non-based manufacturing cost composed of warranty, inventory loss, technical support, warehousing fee as well as outbound freight and shipment. The Board considers that it is appropriate for the Group to present its gross profit after such charge.

The adoption of revised HKAS 17 has resulted in a change in the accounting policy relating to the reclassification of prepaid lease payments from property, plant and equipment to operating leases. The up-front prepayments made for the prepaid lease payments are expensed in the income statement on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease or where there is impairment, the impairment is expensed in the income statement. In prior years, the prepaid lease payments were accounted for at cost less accumulated depreciation.

As a result, certain comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.

### **BUSINESS REVIEW**

During the 2005/06 fiscal year, Lenovo met its first-year objectives for a smooth transition, business stability and operational profitability during the integration of the acquired IBM personal computer business.

Lenovo continued its significant profitable growth in the China PC business and reached new height in market share. Its efficient business model effectively addressed a broad range of customers - from large enterprises to consumers - with the products, sales channels, and support they preferred.

In contrast, the focus of the PC business acquired from IBM had traditionally been on large enterprise customers, with continued success from its premium ThinkPad notebooks. In February 2006, the company launched the Lenovo brand outside of China, along with products and sales channels to address the faster-growing markets for Small- and Medium-sized Businesses (SMB) and emerging markets such as India. These initiatives, together with the measures taken to improve operational efficiency, were designed to build on Lenovo's existing regional strengths so as to compete more effectively in the market and improve its profitability on a worldwide basis.

With 11 months of contribution from the acquired PC business, the Group's consolidated turnover surged 359 percent year-on-year to HK\$103,551 million. And despite the significant challenges of this transition, Lenovo's profit before taxation, excluding the cost of the strategic restructuring action, increased approximately 7 percent year-on-year.

### **Integration of IBM's Personal Computer Business**

To ensure a successful integration of the IBM Personal Computing Division, Lenovo initiated a strategic, phased plan, with sustained, profitable growth as its ultimate goal.

- The first phase of the plan focused on ensuring a smooth transition and delivering on its commitments to PC customers worldwide. Importantly, Lenovo retained key customers.
- In October 2005, Lenovo combined the strengths of the two PC businesses by integrating the separate product groups, supply and sales structures into unified global organizations in October 2005.

- With this integration, Lenovo could begin the second phase of its development plan at the end of the fiscal year by bringing more innovative products and services to its customers worldwide, particularly in the high-growth segments of SMB and emerging markets.
- To address expense and cost issues and improve responsiveness to customers, Lenovo announced a restructuring program in March 2006. Benefits of the restructuring are expected to come later during the 2006/07 fiscal year.

### Performance of Geographies

The worldwide PC market enjoyed a strong unit growth of 16 percent in the 2005/06 fiscal year, mainly driven by the growth of SMB and emerging markets. Lenovo's worldwide PC shipment grew 11 percent year-on-year during the year, ranking third with approximately 7.4 percent market share.

- Greater China Accounted for approximately 37 percent of Lenovo's overall revenue during the 2005/06 fiscal year. Lenovo's leadership position in China PC market was further strengthened with significant PC shipments increase of 32 percent year-on-year during the 2005/06 fiscal year, exceeding the market growth of 16 percent excluding Lenovo. Lenovo's market share in China reached a new height of 34 percent in the 2005/06 fiscal year with a gain of about 2.7 percentage points year-on-year. The transaction and relationship model led to strong business growth by allowing Lenovo to specifically design new product models that customers prefer, and building up a focused sales and service system to serve customers better.
- The Americas Lenovo's second-largest geography, accounting for approximately 30 percent of total revenue and delivered steady profitability during the 2005/06 fiscal year. In the United States, Lenovo maintained a stable market position during the transition. However, it proved to be more challenging in Canada and Latin America where market growth was driven by the home computing segment and lower-cost desktop segment respectively, where Lenovo did not compete.
- EMEA (Europe, Middle East and Africa) Accounted for 21 percent of Lenovo's total revenue during the 2005/06 fiscal year. The slowdown in commercial desktop growth in the region and, as in the Americas, the lack of suitable product offerings to address the fast-growing SMB segment affected Lenovo's overall performance in EMEA. However, in regions like the Nordics countries where Think-brand products are an excellent match for customer needs. Lenovo delivered better results.
- Asia Pacific (excluding Greater China) Contributed 12 percent of Lenovo's total revenue. Lenovo's financial performance in this region was affected by the need to pursue business opportunities in Japan more aggressively. However, despite weakness in Japan, Lenovo held the number-one market position for commercial notebooks in a number of key Asian countries, including Singapore, the Philippines and Vietnam. In India, a fast-growing emerging market, Lenovo saw improvement in market position with strong shipment growth and market share gain.

### **Performance of Product Groups**

During the 2005/06 fiscal year, Lenovo further strengthened its PC product portfolio with award-winning notebook and desktop computers as well as ThinkVantage Technologies software tools. In February 2006, Lenovo launched the new Lenovo 3000 series of notebook and desktop computers to address the needs of small businesses outside of China.

• Notebook Computer – Accounted for approximately 49 percent of Lenovo's total revenue during the 2005/06 fiscal year. Lenovo ranked third in worldwide commercial notebook market. In China, Lenovo had a strong position in notebook market with approximately 31.7 percent market share during the 2005/06 fiscal year.

- **Desktop Computer** About 45 percent of Lenovo's total revenue came from desktop computer. The growth of Lenovo's desktop computer shipment was also driven by strong growth in China where it accounted for 35.4 percent of the market during the 2005/06 fiscal year. Lenovo ranked third in worldwide commercial desktop market.
- Mobile Handset During the year, shipments of Lenovo's mobile handset more than doubled from a year ago in China, the largest mobile handset market in the world. Lenovo successfully moved up its ranking in China from ninth place in March 2005 to fourth with an overall market share of approximately 7 percent by the fiscal year end. Mobile handset accounted for approximately 4 percent of Lenovo's total revenue with strong profitability. During the year, Lenovo acquired the remaining 19.2 percent equity interest in the mobile handset joint venture at a cash consideration of approximately HK\$68 million. Upon completion of the acquisition in 2006, the joint venture became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Lenovo.

### FINANCIAL REVIEW

### Results

For the year ended March 31, 2006, the Group achieved a turnover of approximately HK\$103,551 million. Profit attributable to shareholders was approximately HK\$173 million during the year, representing a decrease of HK\$947 million against HK\$1,120 million recorded last year. Basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share were 1.97 HK cents and 1.93 HK cents, representing decreases of 13.02 HK cents and 13.04 HK cents respectively as compared with last year.

### Segment Results

During the year, geographical turnover covered the Americas, EMEA (Europe, Middle East and Africa) and Asia Pacific excluding Greater China, due to the newly acquired IBM PC Business.

In Greater China, the results comprised both the results arose from Legacy Lenovo and Greater China segment of newly acquired IBM PC Business.

### Capital Expenditure

Apart from the acquisition of the IBM PC Business, the Group incurred capital expenditures of HK\$970 million during the year ended March 31, 2006, mainly for acquisition of fixed assets, injection into construction-in-progress and optimization of the Group's information technology systems.

### Liquidity and Financial Resources

As at March 31, 2006, total assets of the Group amounted to HK\$39,316 million, which was financed by shareholders' funds of HK\$8,142 million, minority interests of HK\$6 million, long-term and current liabilities of HK\$31,168 million. The current ratio of the Group was 0.86.

The Group had a solid financial position and maintained a strong and steady cash inflow from its operating activities. As at March 31, 2006, cash and cash equivalents of the Group totaled at HK\$7.84 billion, of which 33 percent were denominated in US dollars, 36.7 percent in Renminbi, 7.3 percent in Euros, 5.5 percent in Japanese Yen, and 17.5 percent in other currencies.

On March 13, 2006, the Group concluded a US\$400 million (approximately HK\$3,120 million) 5-Year Revolving and Term Loan Facility with certain reputable banks, bearing interest at the London Interbank Offered Rate plus 0.52 percent per annum. The Group also arranged a US\$100 million (approximately HK\$780 million) 5 Year Fixed Rate Loan Facility with a policy bank in China in March 2006. The purpose of these facilities was to replace the acquisition facility with which the Group funded the acquisition of IBM's PC Business in April 2005.

The Group has also arranged other short term credit facilities for contingency purposes. As at March 31, 2006, the Group's total available credit facilities amounted to HK\$12,287 million, of which HK\$2,138 million was in trade lines, HK\$1,327 million in short term and revolving money market facilities and HK\$8,822 million in currency forward contracts.

As at March 31, 2006, the Group's outstanding bank loan represented the term loan of HK\$780 million and short-term bank loans of HK\$1,001 million. When compared with total equity of HK\$8,148 million, the Group's gearing ratio was 0.22.

The net cash position of the Group as at March 31, 2006:	2006 HK\$ million	2005 HK\$ million
Cash Less: Bank loans	7,839 1,781	3,019
Net cash position	6,058	3,019

The Group consistently adopted a hedging policy for business transactions to reduce the risk of currency fluctuation arising from daily operations. As at March 31, 2006, the Group had commitments in respect of outstanding currency forward contracts amounting to HK\$4,368 million.

Our forward contracts are used to hedge a percentage of future intercompany transactions which are highly probable. Any gain or loss on these contracts is more than offset by movements in the value of the underlying transactions.

The Group issued 2,730,000 convertible preferred shares at an issue price of HK\$1,000 per share and unlisted warrants to subscribe for 237,417,474 shares for an aggregated cash consideration of approximately HK\$2,730 million. The convertible preferred shares bear a fixed cumulative preferential cash dividend, payable quarterly, at the rate of 4.5 percent per annum on the issue price of each convertible preferred share. The convertible preferred shares are redeemable, in whole or in part, at a price equal to the issue price together with accrued and unpaid dividends at the option of the Group or the convertible preferred shareholders at any time after the maturity date at May 17, 2012. The fair value of the liability component and equity component of the convertible preferred shares as at March 31, 2006 amounted to approximately HK\$84 million and HK\$2,433 million respectively. The warrants will expire on May 17, 2010.

### **Contingent Liabilities**

The Group had no material contingent liabilities as at March 31, 2006.

### **Human Resources**

As at March 31, 2006, the Group had a total of approximately 19,500 employees, 14,200 of whom were employed on the Chinese mainland, 2,200 in the U.S. and 3,100 in other countries. The annualized global payroll at that date was approximately HK\$450 million.

The Group implements remuneration policy, bonus and share options schemes with reference to the performance of the Group and individual employees. The Group also provides benefits such as insurance, medical and retirement funds to employees to sustain competitiveness of the Group.

### **FUTURE PROSPECTS**

With the integration of the acquired PC business progressing steadily, Lenovo will continue to take the necessary actions that enable sustained, profitable growth that is faster than the industry. As indicated by industry analysis, growth in the worldwide PC market in the coming few years will be driven by notebook computers, the SMB segment and emerging markets such as China and India. Lenovo is positioning itself to competitively address these segments while it builds on its large enterprise customer business. In line with this goal, Lenovo has newly established a business unit for service, software and peripherals to focus on customers experience and their ability to use computing tools. Lenovo's demonstrated strengths in China market and strong notebook market leadership should enable it to successfully pursue these market opportunities.

- Improve Operational Efficiency Lenovo will integrate its sales, services, support and fulfillment operations into one highly responsive customer-service unit in the Americas, EMEA and Asia Pacific. It will also streamline its global sales and marketing by reducing layers in the structure to empower sales leaders and bring decision-making closer to customers. To ensure that teams are centralized for better performance and efficiency wherever appropriate, Lenovo will centralize the desktop team in China and move corporate functions currently located in Purchase, New York to Raleigh, North Carolina.
- **Drive Product Competitiveness** In late February 2006, Lenovo announced its Lenovo 3000 family of desktop and notebook computers outside of China to meet the needs of the high-growth customer segments. These Lenovo-brand products complement the existing Think-brand products targeted at large enterprises worldwide. In the 2006/07 fiscal year, Lenovo will be focused on the success of Lenovo 3000 series.
- Fully Implement the Transaction/Relationship Model During the 2006/07 fiscal year, Lenovo will implement this globally to enhance its competitiveness in worldwide PC market. Lenovo took a major step in its implementation of transaction model by launching a new business partner program the Lenovo Partner Network in March 2006 to complement with the roll-out of Lenovo 3000 products. The new program covers the entire lifecycle of the partner relationship and features a simplified framework with two levels of membership.
- Develop Emerging Markets According to industry analysis, the India market currently accounting for about 2 percent of worldwide shipment in the 2005/06 fiscal year will grow more than 20 percent compounded annually over the next few years. Lenovo will attempt to replicate its China business model in India. It has already established a large channel presence in the market, ranking second in the notebook computer market during the year. It will also address the consumer market opportunity by increasing retail coverage.

### Sustainable Growth in Mobile Handset Business

During the 2006/07 fiscal year, Lenovo's mobile handset business will emphasize user experience from product development to sales to after-sales services. At the same time, its research and development team will develop products that respond to increasing demand for MP3 and MP4 multimedia and other trends in features. Lenovo has been actively preparing for the burgeoning 3G market and has completed the construction of its platform for 3G phone development.

### **Building on Existing Strengths**

Lenovo has proven success in complementary parts of its newly formed company. Lenovo's plan is straight forward - to combine and build on the best of these successful models with increasing operational efficiency on a global basis. Lenovo will take the necessary steps to achieve sustained, profitable growth.

### PROPOSED DIVIDEND

The Directors recommended the payment of a final dividend of 2.8 HK cents per ordinary share (2004/05: 2.8 HK cents). Subject to shareholders' approval at the forthcoming annual general meeting, the final dividend will be payable on Friday, September 8, 2006 to the shareholders whose names appear on the Register of Members of ordinary shares of the Company on Tuesday, August 29, 2006.

### **CLOSURE OF REGISTER OF MEMBERS**

The Register of Members of ordinary shares of the Company will be closed from Wednesday, August 23, 2006 to Tuesday, August 29, 2006, both dates inclusive, during which period, no transfer of ordinary shares will be registered. In order to qualify for the proposed final dividend, all properly completed transfer forms accompanied by the relevant share certificates must be lodged with the Company's share registrar not later than 4:00 p.m. on Tuesday, August 22, 2006.

### PURCHASE, SALE OR REDEMPTION OF THE COMPANY'S SECURITIES

There was no purchase, sale or redemption by the Company or any of its subsidiaries, of the Company's listed securities during the year.

### Off-market repurchase of the Company's unlisted non-voting shares

On August 2, 2005, the Company repurchased 435,717,757 unlisted non-voting ordinary shares, which were issued to International Business Machines Corporation as partial consideration for the acquisition of its global personal computer business, at a total cash consideration of HK\$1,187,330,887.82, representing HK\$2.725 per share.

The repurchased shares were cancelled and accordingly, the issued share capital of the Company was reduced by the nominal value thereof. The premium payable on repurchase was debited to the share premium of the Company.

### CODE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRACTICES

Code on Corporate Governance Practices (the "CG Code") set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") has come into effect on January 1, 2005 and become effective for accounting periods commencing on or after the same date.

The Company believes maximizing shareholder's returns should have the backing of sound and well-established corporate governance practices and has applied the principles and complied with all code provisions in the CG Code throughout the year ended March 31, 2006, save for those stated in the interim report of the Company for the six months ended September 30, 2005 and the below-mentioned:

### **Code A.4.2**

The code stipulates that all directors appointed to fill a causal vacancy should be subject to election by shareholders at the first general meeting after their appointment.

Mr. William J. Amelio who was appointed executive director of the Company to replace the executive director, Mr. Stephen M. Ward, Jr on December 20, 2005 will retire and be eligible for re-election in the forthcoming annual general meeting (to be held after the first extraordinary general meeting of the Company on May 24, 2006) in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company which conforms Appendix 3 of the Listing Rules.

### REVIEW BY AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company has been established since 1999 with responsibility of assisting the Board in providing an independent review of the accounts and internal control system. It acts in accordance with the Terms of Reference which clearly deal with its membership, authority, duties and frequency of meetings. The Audit Committee is chaired by an independent non-executive director, Mr. Wai Ming Wong, and currently comprises five members including Mr. Wong, the other three independent non-executive directors, Professor Chia-Wei Woo, Mr. Lee Sen Ting and Mr. John W. Barter III, and the non-executive director, Mr. Weijian Shan.

The Audit Committee of the Company has reviewed the annual results for the year ended March 31, 2006. It meets regularly with the management, the external auditors and the internal audit personnel to discuss the accounting principles and practices adopted by the Group and internal control and financial reporting matters.

By order of the Board
Yuanqing Yang
Chairman

Hong Kong, May 25, 2006

As of the date of this announcement, the Executive Directors are Mr. Yuanqing Yang, Mr. William J. Amelio and Ms. Xuezheng Ma; the Non-executive Directors are Mr. Chuanzhi Liu, Mr. Linan Zhu, Mr. James G. Coulter, Mr. William O. Grabe, Mr. Weijian Shan, Mr. Justin T. Chang (alternate Director to Mr. James G. Coulter), Mr. Vince Feng (alternate Director to Mr. William O. Grabe) and Mr. Daniel A. Carroll (alternate Director to Mr. Weijian Shan); and the Independent Non-executive Directors are Mr. Wai Ming Wong, Professor Chia-Wei Woo, Mr. Lee Sen Ting and Mr. John W. Barter III.

"Please also refer to the published version of this announcement in the South China Morning Post"

# Lenovo 联想 Lenovo Group Limited 聯想集團有限公司。 (Incorporated in Hong Kong with limited liability) (Stock Code: 0992) RECEIVED RECEIVED RECEIVED RECEIVED RECEIVED RECEIVED RECEIVED RECEIVED RECEIVED CORPORATEMATIONAL

The directors of Lenovo Group Limited (the "Company") announce that the Company has entered into AMC an Amendment Agreement with International Business Machines Corporation ("IBM") on May 25, 2006 (the "Amendment Agreement") to amend the Company Agreement entered into between them on December 7, 2004 (the "Company Agreement"). The Company also announce that it has on May 25, 2006 released its financial results for the year ended March 31, 2006. Details of the terms and conditions of the Company Agreement were set out in the circular to the shareholders of the Company dated December 31, 2004 (the "Circular"). Terms defined in the Circular have the same meaning in this announcement.

The Company Agreement contains, inter alia, lock-up restrictions on IBM pursuant to which, subject to certain exemptions, IBM was restricted from disposing of the Base Consideration Shares. Pursuant to the lock-up provisions, IBM was entitled to transfer one-third of the Base Consideration Shares from May 1, 2006, being the day after the first anniversary of the Initial Closing, two-thirds of the Base Consideration Shares from May 1, 2007, being the day after the second anniversary of the Initial Closing and 100% of the Base Consideration Shares from May 1, 2008, being the day after the third anniversary of the Initial Closing. As at May 25, 2006, IBM was interested in 931,870,515 Shares and 375,282,756 Non-voting Shares of the Company, the aggregate of which being the Base Consideration Shares subject to the lock-up provisions as stated above.

Pursuant to the Amendment Agreement, IBM is entitled under the lock-up provisions of the Company Agreement (including transfers already permitted under the Company Agreement) to transfer from May 25, 2006 up to two-thirds of the Base Consideration Shares, and from November 1, 2007 to transfer all of the Base Consideration Shares, subject to certain additional conditions regarding offmarket sales and timing of sales through the Stock Exchange.

The entering into of the Amendment Agreement by the Company will allow IBM to reduce its shareholding in the Company in an orderly manner, so that IBM is no longer a connected person of the Company and the Company can minimize the regulatory burdens associated with adapting the relationship to meet the Company's evolving needs.

> By order of the Board Yuanqing Yang Chairman

Hong Kong, May 26, 2006

As of the date of this announcement, the Executive Directors are Mr. Yuanging Yang, Mr. William J Amelio and Ms Xuezheng Ma, the Non-executive Directors are Mr. Chuanzhi Liu, Mr. Linan Zhu, Mr. James G Coulter, Mr. William O Grabe, Mr. Weijian Shan, Mr. Justin T Chang (alternate Director to Mr. James G Coulter), Mr. Vince Feng (alternate Director to Mr. William O Grabe) and Mr Daniel A Carroll (alternate Director to Mr. Weijian Shan); and the Independent Non-executive Directors are Mr. Wai Ming Wong, Professor Chia-Wei Woo, Mr. Lee Sen Ting and Mr. John W. Barter III.

"Please also refer to the published version of this announcement in the South China Morning Post"

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(Stock Code: 0992)

### APPROVAL OF A DIRECTOR'S SERVICE CONTRACT CONTINUING CONNECTED TRANSACTIONS

### POLL RESULTS OF THE EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETINGS **HELD ON MAY 24, 2006**

At the extraordinary general meetings of Lenovo Group Limited held today at 9:30 a.m. (the "First EGM") and 10:00 a.m. (the "Second EGM") (collectively the "EGMs"), the resolutions to approve, among others, (i) a Director's Service Contract and (ii) the Supplemental Master Purchases Agreement in respect of continuing connected transactions respectively were duly passed.

### (i) First EGM - A Director's Service Contract

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated December 21, 2005, the shareholders' circular of the Company (the "April Circular") and the notice of the First EGM of the Company both dated April 11, 2006 relating to the service contract between the Company and Mr. William J. Amelio, an executive Director, President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company, dated December 20, 2005, including the Continuing Term and the Relevant Provisions. Unless otherwise defined herein, terms used in this section shall have the same meanings as defined in the April Circular.

### Poll Results of the First EGM

At the First EGM held today, voting of the proposed ordinary resolution as set out in the notice of the First EGM and contained in the April Circular was taken on a poll. Mr. Amelio and his associates abstained from voting on this resolution in connection with the Service Contract.

The Board is pleased to announce that at the First EGM, the ordinary resolution was duly passed by the independent shareholders and the poll results are as follows:

Ordinary Resolution	Number of votes cast and percentage of total number of votes cast		Total number of votes cast
	For	Against	
To approve Mr. Amelio's Service Contract, including the Continuing Term and the Relevant Provisions		Nil (0%)	5,846,307,826

### (ii) Second EGM - Continuing Connected Transactions

Reference is made to the announcement of the Company dated March 27, 2006, the shareholders' circular of the Company (the "May Circular") and the notice of the Second EGM of the Company both dated May 4, 2006 relating to the continuing connected transactions contemplated under the Supplemental Master Purchases Agreement between the Company and Digital China Holdings Limited dated March 27, 2006 and the Revised Annual Purchase Caps. Unless otherwise defined herein, terms used in this section shall have the same meanings as defined in the May Circular.

### Poll Results of the Second EGM

At the Second EGM held today, voting of the proposed ordinary resolution as set out in the notice of the Second EGM and contained in the May Circular was taken on a poll. Legend Holdings Limited, being the controlling shareholder of the Company, was also the controlling shareholder of Digital China Holdings Limited. Therefore, Legend Holdings Limited and its associates abstained from voting on this resolution in connection with the Supplemental Master Purchases Agreement and the Revised Annual Purchase Caps.

The Board is pleased to announce that at the Second EGM, the ordinary resolution was duly passed by the independent shareholders and the poll results are as follows:

Ordinary Resolution	Number of votes cast and percentage of total number of votes cast		Total number of votes cast
	For	Against	
To approve the Supplemental Master Purchases Agreement and the transactions contemplated thereunder and the Revised Annual Purchase Caps in respect of the continuing connected transactions	1,007,147,529 (100%)	Nil (0%)	1,007,147,529

Please refer to the relevant notices of the EGMs for the full version of the ordinary resolutions.

- (1) The total number of shares entitling the holder to attend and vote for or against the ordinary resolution at the First EGM: 8,516,384,623 ordinary voting shares and 2,730,000 Convertible Preferred Shares, which entitled holders thereof to 1,001,834,862 votes.
- (2) The total number of shares entitling the holder to attend and vote for or against the ordinary resolution at the Second EGM: 4,370,836,652 ordinary voting shares and 2,730,000 Convertible Preferred Shares, which entitled holders thereof to 1,001,834,862 votes.
- (3) There were no shares of the Company entitling the holders to attend and vote only against the resolutions at the EGMs.
- (4) As disclosed in the April Circular, Mr. Amelio has a material interest in the Service Contract and therefore abstained from voting on the ordinary resolution at the First EGM. As at the date of the First EGM, Mr. Amelio was interested in 3,000,000 ordinary voting shares. Mr. Amelio and his associates abstained from voting on the ordinary resolution at the First EGM.

- (5) As disclosed in the May Circular, Legend Holdings Limited, being the controlling shareholder of the Company, was also the controlling shareholder of Digital China Holdings Limited and therefore abstained from voting on the ordinary resolution at the Second EGM. As at the date of the Second EGM, Legend Holdings Limited together with its associates was interested in 4,148,547,971 ordinary voting shares. Legend Holdings Limited and its associates abstained from voting on the ordinary resolution at the Second EGM.
- (6) Abacus Share Registrars Limited, the share registrar of the Company, was appointed as scrutineer for the purpose of the poll taken at the EGMs.

By order of the Board Yuanqing Yang Chairman

Hong Kong, May 24, 2006

As at the date of this announcement, the Executive Directors are Mr. Yuanqing Yang, Mr. William J. Amelio and Ms. Xuezheng Ma; the Non-executive Directors are Mr. Chuanzhi Liu, Mr. Linan Zhu, Mr. James G. Coulter, Mr. William O. Grabe, Mr. Weijian Shan, Mr. Justin T. Chang (alternate Director to Mr. James G. Coulter), Mr. Vince Feng (alternate Director to Mr. William O. Grabe) and Mr. Daniel A. Carroll (alternate Director to Mr. Weijian Shan); and Independent Non-executive Directors are Mr. Wai Ming Wong, Professor Chia-Wei Woo, Mr. Lee Sen Ting and Mr. John W. Barter III.

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