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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT
FORM X-17A-5
PART III

SEC FILE NUMBER
8-53395

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING 01/01/05 AND ENDING 12/31/05
MM/DD/YY MM/DD/YY

A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFICATION

NAME OF BROKER - DEALER:

Rohatyn Associates LLC

OFFICIAL USE ONLY
FIRM ID. NO.

ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)

280 Park Avenue, 27th Floor
(No. and Street)

New York, New York 10017
(City) (State) (Zip Code)

NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PERSON TO CONTACT IN REGARD TO THIS REPORT

Gil Ha (212) 984-2985
(Area Code - Telephone No.)

B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIFICATION

PROCESSED

INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT whose opinion is contained in this Report*

JUN 30 2006

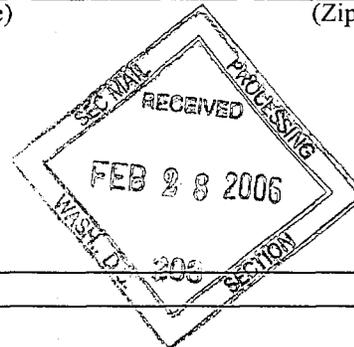
Deloitte & Touche LLP
(Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name)

THOMSON
FINANCIAL

2 World Financial Center New York New York 10281
(Address) (City) (State) (Zip Code)

CHECK ONE:

- Certified Public Accountant
- Public Accountant
- Accountant not resident in United States or any of its possessions.



FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2). SEC 1410 (3-91)

Handwritten signature and date: *GH 6/28/06*

AFFIRMATION

I, Felix Rohatyn, affirm that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, the accompanying financial statements and supplemental schedules pertaining to Rohatyn Associates LLC for the year ended December 31, 2005, are true and correct. I further affirm that neither the Company nor any officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer.

Felix Rohatyn February 27, 2006
Signature Date

President
Title

Subscribed and sworn
to before me this 27th
day of February, 2006

Janet Lafoon

Janet Lafoon
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01LA6121020
Qualified in New York County
Term Expires Jan. 3, 2009

ROHATYN ASSOCIATES LLC
(S.E.C. I.D. No. 8-53395)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005,
AND
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
AND
SUPPLEMENTAL REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

* * * * *

Filed pursuant to Rule 17a-5(e)(3)
under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
as a PUBLIC DOCUMENT.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Member of Rohatyn Associates LLC:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Rohatyn Associates LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2005, that you are filing pursuant to Rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. This financial statement is the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statement is free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, such statement of financial condition presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Rohatyn Associates LLC at December 31, 2005 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Deloitte & Touche LLP

February 27, 2006

ROHATYN ASSOCIATES LLC

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

ASSETS

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$2,585,909
FEES RECEIVABLE	1,449,399
FURNITURE, EQUIPMENT AND LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS— Less accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$202,529	224,774
OTHER ASSETS	<u>57,592</u>
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$4,317,674</u>

LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY

LIABILITIES:

Accounts payable and other liabilities	\$1,338,437
Deferred consulting fees	<u>104,167</u>
Total liabilities	1,442,604
MEMBER'S EQUITY	<u>2,875,070</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND MEMBER'S EQUITY	<u>\$4,317,674</u>

See notes to the statement of financial condition.

ROHATYN ASSOCIATES LLC

NOTES TO STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2005

1. ORGANIZATION

Rohatyn Associates LLC (the "Company") was organized as a limited liability company under the laws of the State of New York. The Company provides investment banking and corporate finance services to domestic and international companies.

The principal business activity of the Company is to provide advisory services to clients engaged in mergers and acquisitions. The Company does not have any trading accounts, nor hold cash or securities for or on behalf of any customers.

The Company is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") and a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and Cash Equivalents—The Company defines cash and cash equivalents as cash and short-term highly liquid investments having maturities of 90 days or less from their acquisition date.

Furniture, Equipment & Leasehold Improvements—Furniture, equipment and leasehold improvements are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation of furniture and equipment is determined using estimated useful lives of seven years. Leasehold improvements are amortized over the economic useful life of the improvement or the term of the lease, whichever is shorter.

Consulting Fees—Consulting fees and the related consulting fees receivable are recorded on an accrual basis. Consulting fees received in advance are deferred until earned.

Income Taxes—The Company is a single member limited liability company which is disregarded for Federal and New York State and City purposes. The income of the entity is reported by the single member on his personal return. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been provided for by the Company.

Use of Estimates—The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates, by their nature, are based on judgment and available information. Management believes that estimates utilized in preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

3. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Leases - The Company leases office space under a noncancelable lease expiring on December 31, 2008. In addition to base rental, the Company is also subject to additional costs incurred by the landlord. The minimum rental commitments under this lease are as follows:

December 31	Minimum Rental Commitments
2006	\$ 155,820
2007	155,820
2008	<u>155,820</u>
Total	<u>\$ 467,460</u>

4. NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2005, the Company had net capital of \$1,381,467, which was \$1,285,293, in excess of its required net capital of \$96,174. The Company's ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital was 1.04 to 1.

* * * * *

February 27, 2006

Rohatyn Associates LLC
280 Park Avenue
New York, New York 10017

Dear Sirs:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Rohatyn Associates LLC (the "Company") as of December 31, 2005 (on which we issued our report dated February 18, 2005), we considered its internal control in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, we have made a study of the practices and procedures (including tests of compliance with such practices and procedures) followed by the Company that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. We did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in making the quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons, and the recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13 or in complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of internal control and of the practices and procedures, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the Securities and Exchange Commission's (the "Commission") above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in any internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal control or of such practices and procedures to future periods are subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the degree of compliance with the practices or procedures may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the Company's internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in the Company's internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted the following condition involving the Company's internal control structure:

The size of the business and resultant limited number of employees imposes practical limitations on the effectiveness of those control policies and procedures that depend on the segregation of duties. Because this condition is inherent in the size of the company, the specific weaknesses are not described herein and no corrective action has been taken or proposed by the Company.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the Commission to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 to meet the Commission's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the member, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Yours truly,

Deloitte + Touche LLP